

# Category-Specific CNN for Visual-aware CTR Prediction at JD.com

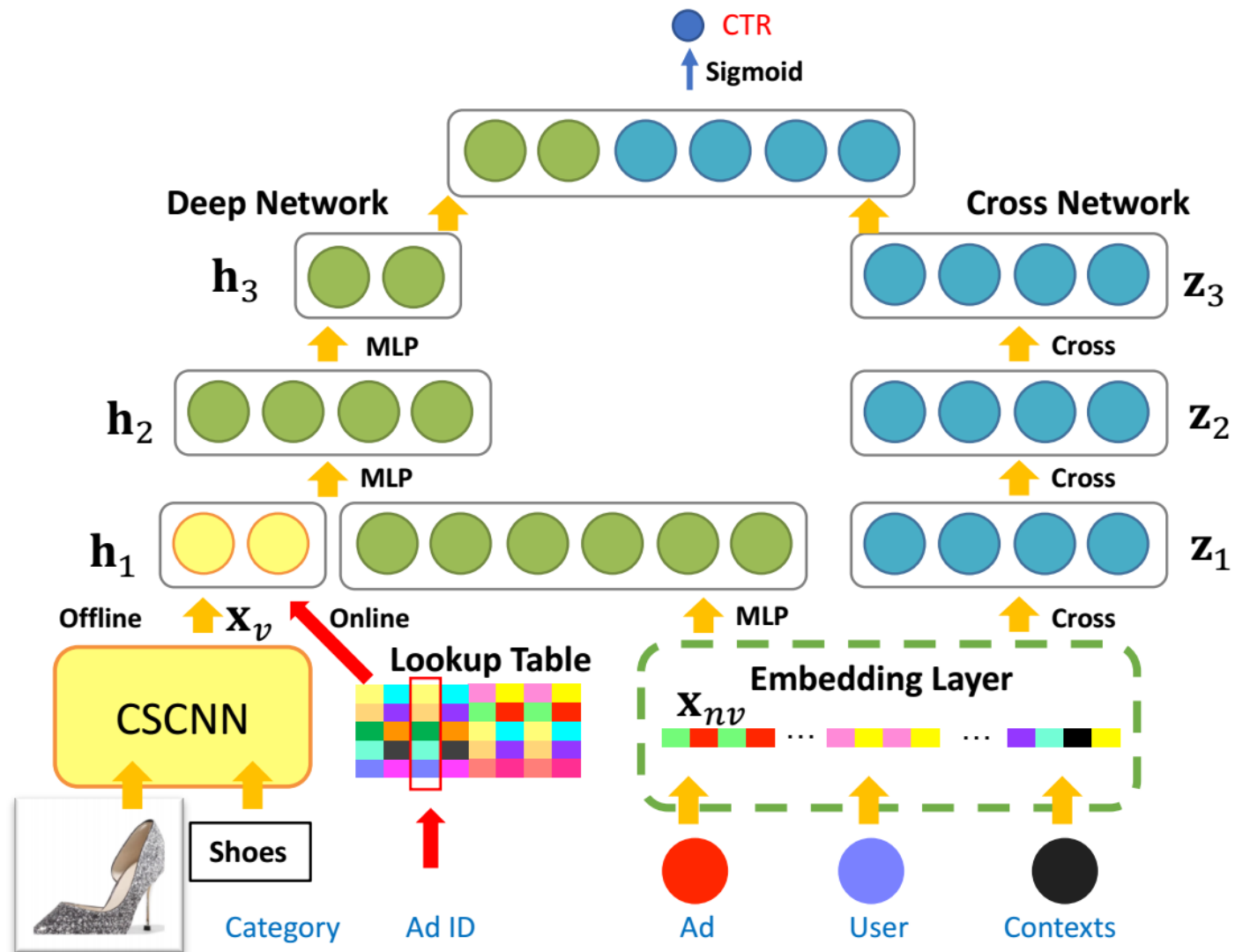
KDD '20, August 23–27, 2020,

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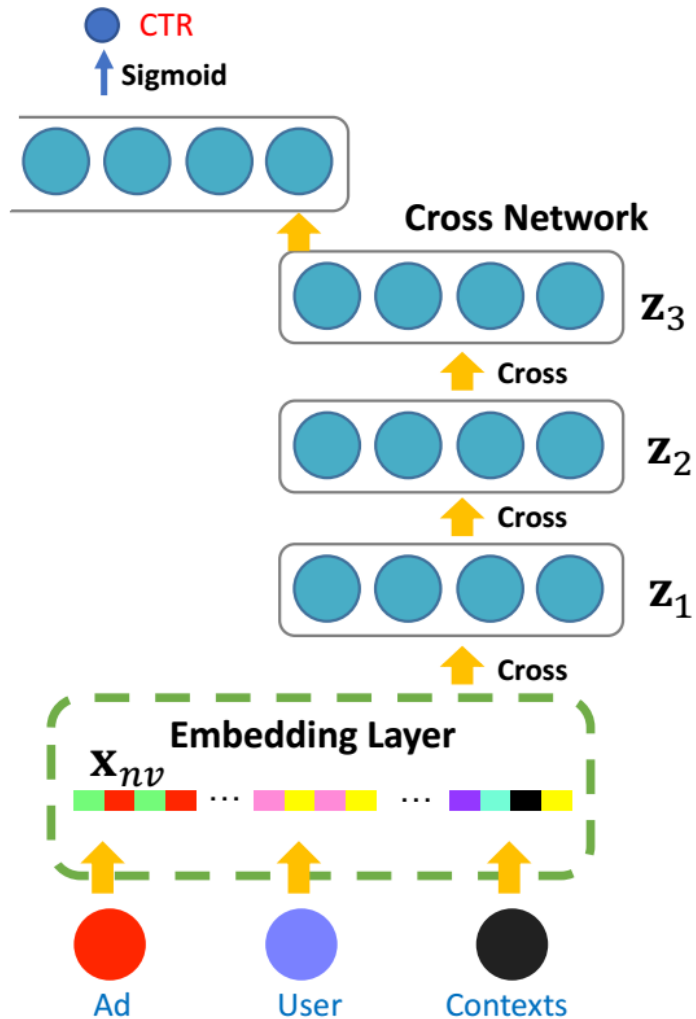
# problem

- the strict requirements for efficient **end-to-end training** and **low-latency online serving**.
- the off-the-shelf CNNs and late fusion architectures are **suboptimal**.
- off-the-shelf CNNs were designed for classification thus **never take categories as input features**.

# CTR Prediction System



# Cross Network



*The cross net is used to process non-visual feature*

$$z_{l+1} = z_0 z_l^T w_l + b_l + z_l$$

$$z_0 = \mathbf{X}_{nv}$$

$$\mathbf{X}_{nv} = \mathbb{R}^{380}$$

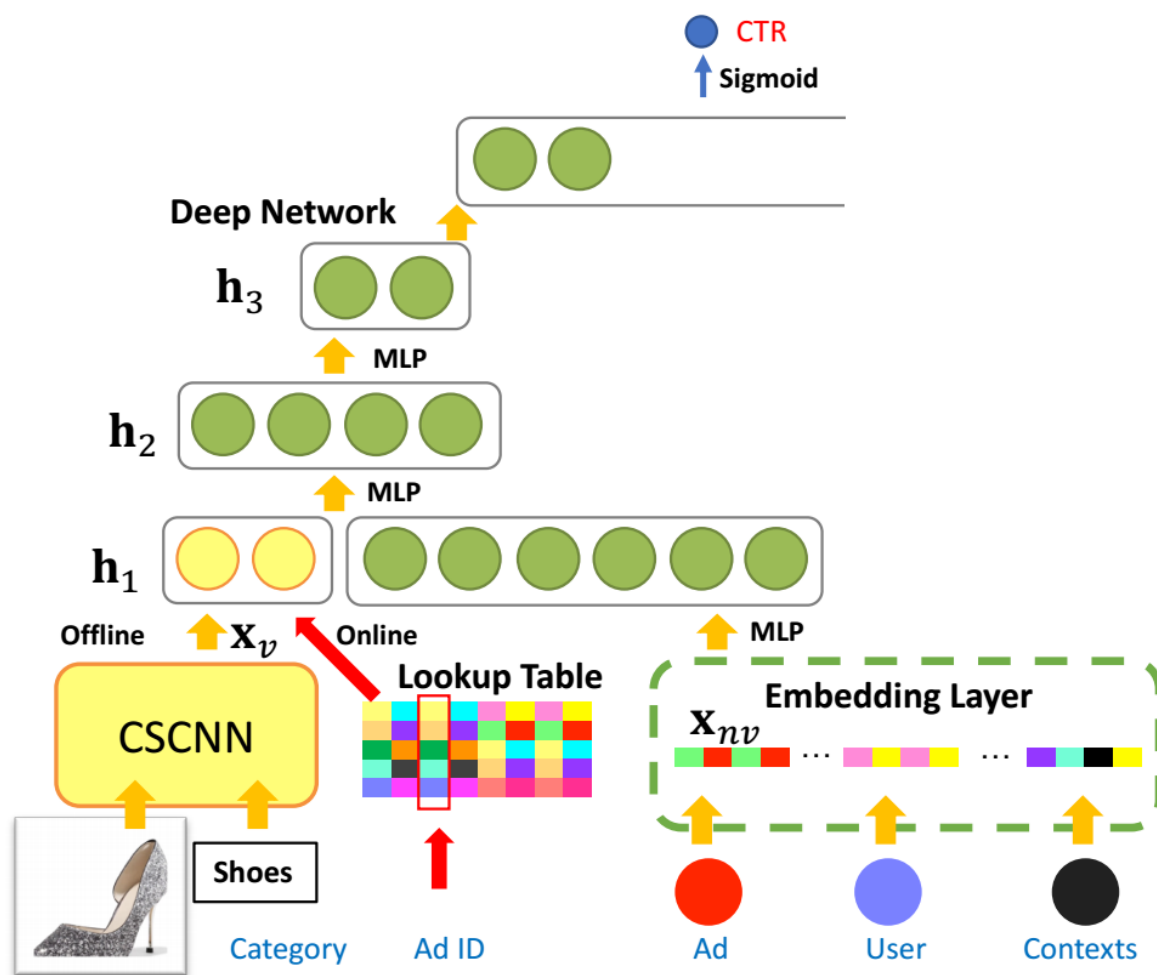
Why is 380?

$$x_{emb} = E x_{hot}$$

where  $E \in \mathbb{R}^{d_e \times v}$  is the embedding dictionary for this specific feature and  $d_e$  is the embedding size. We then concatenate the  $x_{emb}$ 's of all features to build  $x_{nv}$ .

Setting  $d_e = 4$ , the total dimension is  $95 \times 4 = 380$ .

# Deep Network



*In layer 1, we transform the non-visual feature to 1024 dimension and concatenate it with the visual feature,*

$$h_1 = [x_v, \text{ReLU} - \text{MLP}(x_{nv})] \in \mathbb{R}^{150+1024}$$

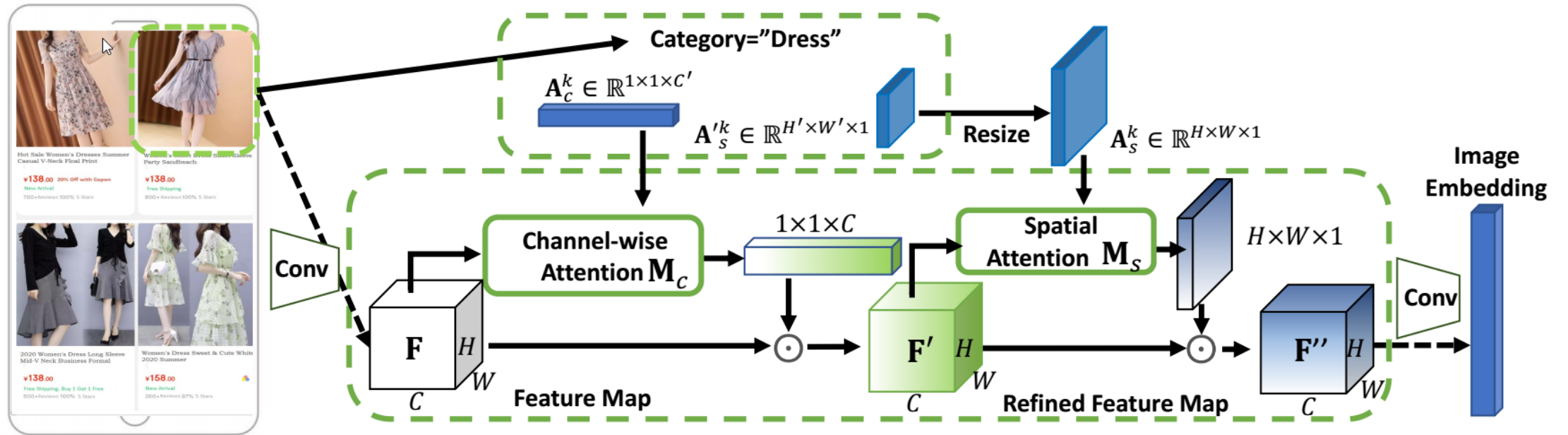
Two deep layers follows,

$$h_{l+1} = \text{ReLU} - \text{MLP}(h_l), l \in \{1, 2\}, h_2 \in \mathbb{R}^{512}, h_3 \in \mathbb{R}^{256}$$

Finally, we combine the outputs for the predicted CTR,

$$\hat{y} = \sigma(\text{ReLU} - \text{MLP}[h_3, z_3])$$

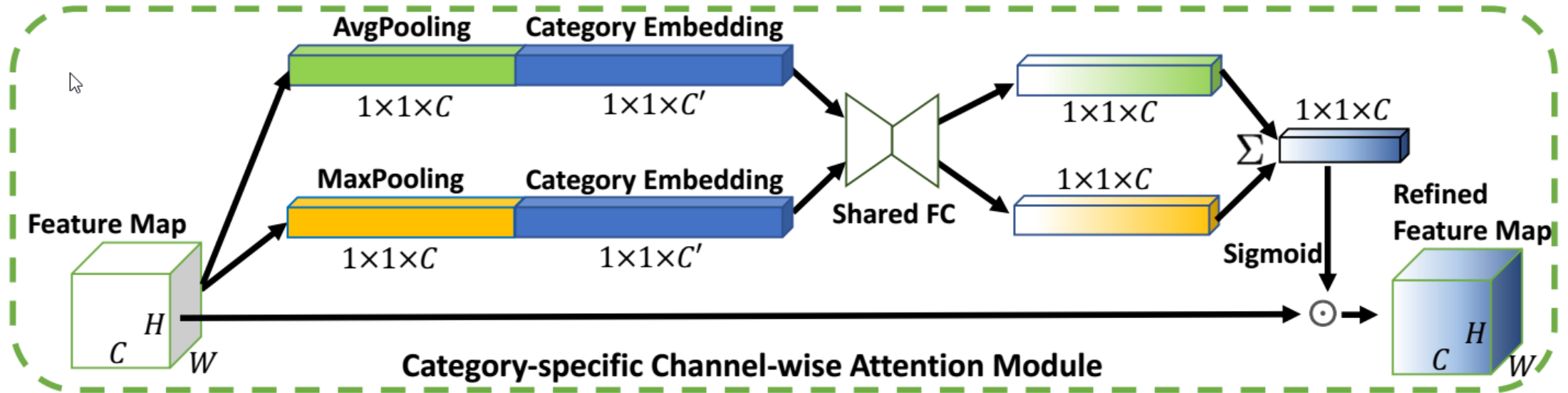
# Category-Specific CNN(CSCNN)



$$F' = M_c(F, A_c^k) \odot F$$

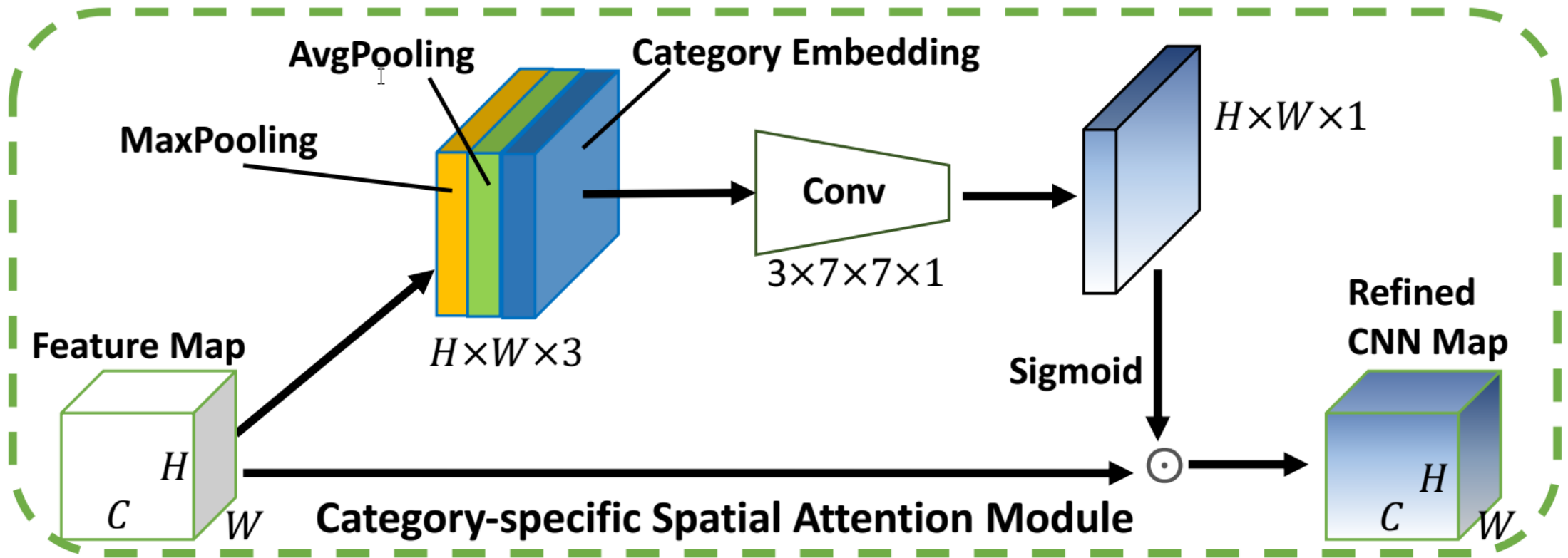
$$F'' = M_s(F', A_s^k) \odot F'$$

# Category-specific Channel-wise Attention



$$M_c(F, A_c^k) = \sigma(MLP[AvgP(F), A_c^k] + MLP[MaxP(F), A_c^k]),$$

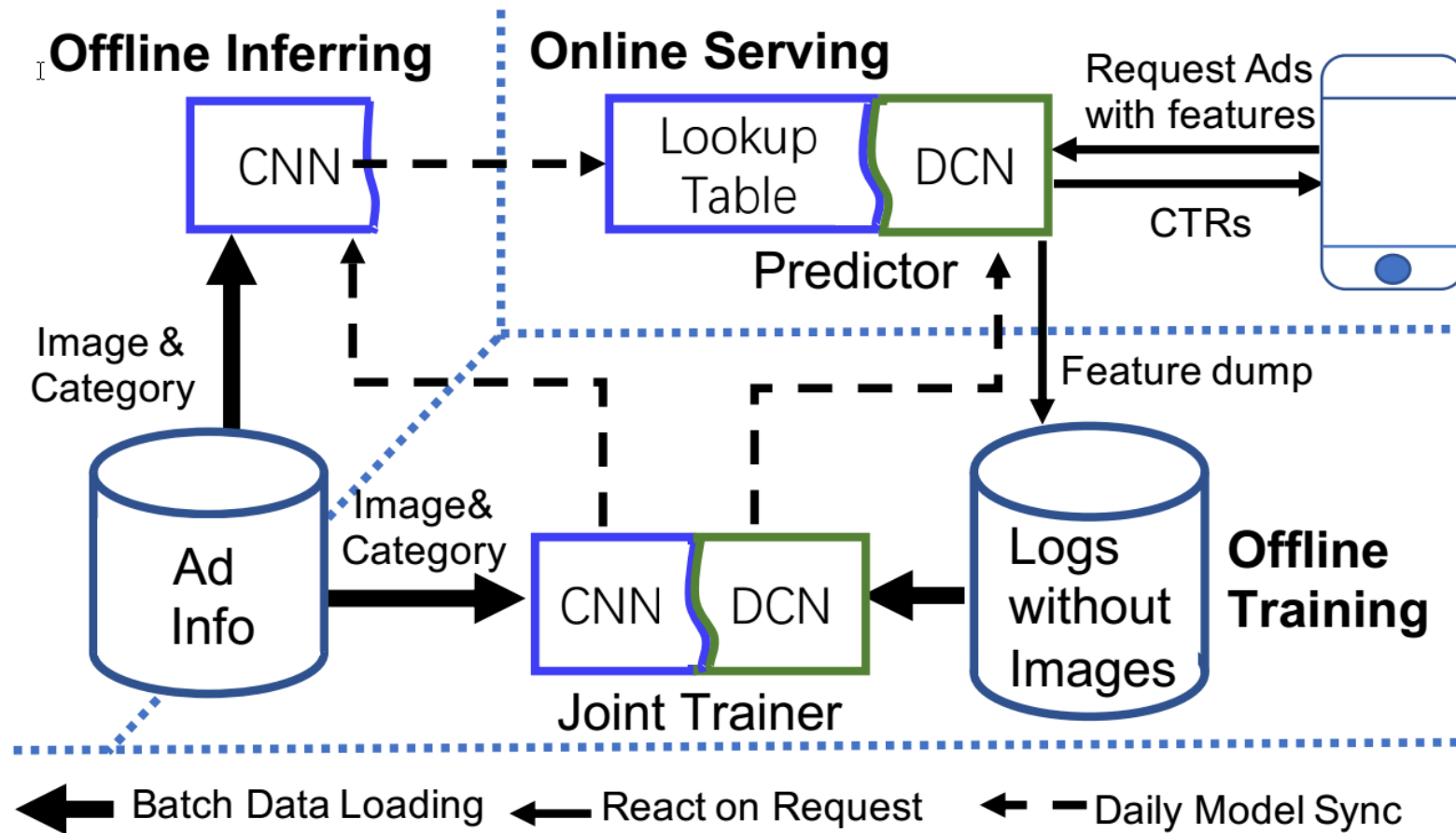
# Category-specific Spatial Attention



$$M_s(F', A_s^k) = \sigma(\text{Conv}_{7 \times 7}(\text{MaxP}(F'), \text{AvgP}(F'), A_s^k))$$



# Online model system



# Datasets

- The ablation study is conducted on 3 widely used benchmark datasets about products on Amazon.com introduced in [16].

## **New: Amazon 2018 dataset**

We've put together a new version of our Amazon data, including more reviews and additional metadata

## **New: Advice to Prospective Students**

If you are considering internships, PhD applications, or project work, please read this advice first before contacting me about joining my lab

## **New: Advice to Students Requesting Reference Letters**

## **New: Repository of Recommender Systems Datasets**

A collection of datasets for recommender systems research is now available on our lab's [dataset webpage](#)

# Datasets

Dataset	#Users	#Items	# Interact	#Category
Fashion <sup>I</sup>	64,583	234,892	513,367	49
Women	97,678	347,591	827,678	87
Men	34,244	110,636	254,870	62

# Evaluation Metrics

- AUC measures the probability that a randomly sampled positive item has higher preference than a sampled negative one,

$$AUC = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{U}|} \sum_{u \in \mathcal{U}} \frac{1}{|\mathcal{D}_u|} \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathcal{D}_u} \mathbb{I}(\hat{y}_{u,i} > \hat{y}_{u,j})$$

$$\mathcal{D}_u = \{(i,j) | (u,i) \in \mathcal{T}_u \text{ and } (u,j) \notin (\mathcal{P}_u \cup \mathcal{V}_u \cup \mathcal{T}_u)\}$$

- In JD.com, every 1% increase in off-line AUC brings 6 million dollars lift in the overall advertising income.

# Experimental

Datasets		No Image	With Image		With Image + Category				
		BPR-MF	VBPR	DVBPR	DVBPR-C	Sherlock	DeepStyle	DVBPR-SCA	Ours
Fashion	All	0.6147	0.7557	0.8011	0.8022	0.7640	0.7530	0.8032	<b>0.8156</b>
	Cold	0.5334	0.7476	0.7712	0.7703	0.7427	0.7465	0.7694	<b>0.7882</b>
Women	All	0.6506	0.7238	0.7624	0.7645	0.7265	0.7232	0.7772	<b>0.7931</b>
	Cold	0.5198	0.7086	0.7078	0.7099	0.6945	0.7120	0.7273	<b>0.7523</b>
Men	All	0.6321	0.7079	0.7491	0.7549	0.7239	0.7279	0.7547	<b>0.7749</b>
	Cold	0.5331	0.6880	0.6985	0.7018	0.6910	0.7210	0.7048	<b>0.7315</b>

When testing, we report performance on two sets of items: All items, and Cold items with fewer than 5 actions in the training set.

# Experimental

	Original		+CSCNN	
	All	Cold	All	Cold
No Attention	0.7491	0.6985	–	–
SE	0.7500	0.6989	<b>0.7673</b>	<b>0.7153</b>
CBAM-Channel	0.7506	0.7002	<b>0.7683</b>	<b>0.7184</b>
CBAM-All	0.7556	0.7075	<b>0.7749</b>	<b>0.7315</b>

# Experimental

		CNN-F	Inception
No Attention	All	0.7491	0.7747
	Cold	0.6985	0.7259
CBAM	All	0.7556	0.7794
	Cold	0.7075	0.7267
CSCNN	All	<b>0.7749</b>	<b>0.7852</b>
	Cold	<b>0.7315</b>	<b>0.7386</b>

# What is new

- We **proposed Category-specific CNN**, specially designed for visual-aware CTR prediction in e-commerce.
- Our early-fusion architecture **enables category-specific feature** recalibration and emphasizes features that are both important and category related, which contributes to significant performance gain in CTR prediction tasks.
- With the help **of a highly efficient infrastructure**, CSCNN has now been deployed in the search advertising system of JD.com, serving the main traffic of hundreds of millions of active users.



Thank you