EXECUTE PAGE E5

Programs

```
Line 100 initializes lower 8k | >100 CALL INIT
Line 110 loads the assembly
                             >110 CALL LOAD(9838,47,0,38,1
program shown below. VMBR
                               14,4,32,32,44,3,128)
Line 120 loads registers with | >120 CALL LOAD(12032,0,0,48,0
VDP address, Buffer, Length.
                             |,2,255)
Line 130 runs line 110 program >130 CALL EXECUTE(9838)
Line 140 loads the assembly
                             >140 CALL LOAD(9838,47,0,38,1
program shown below. VMBW
                               14,4,32,32,36,3,128)
Line 150 loads registers with | >150 CALL LOAD(12032,0,0,48,0
VDP address, Buffer, Length.
                             2,255)
Line 160 runs line 140 program > 160 CALL EXECUTE(9838)
Line 170 put a command in here >170 CALL VCHAR(1,1,32,768)
Line 180 loops to line 160
                          | >180 GOTO 160
```

HEX ADDRESS | HEX VALUE | ASSEMBLY COMMAND EQUIVALENT

>266E >2670 >2672 >2674 >2676	>2F00 >2672 >0420 >202C >0380	DATA >2F00 (workspace area address) DATA >2672 (start execution address) BLWP (first executed command) @VMBR (or >2024 VMBW) RTWP
>2F00 >2F02 >2F04	>0000 >3000 >02FF	REGISTER 0 (VDP address) REGISTER 1 (RAM buffer address) REGISTER 2 (length of text)

```
Normal XB using LINK.

Initialize for Assembly. | >100 CALL INIT

Load support routine. | >110 CALL LOAD("DSK1.TEST")

LINK to program. | >120 CALL LINK("GO")

RXB EXECUTE EXAMPLE. |

Initialize for Assembly. | >100 CALL INIT

Load support routine. | >110 CALL LOAD("DSK1.TEST")

EXECUTE program address. | >120 CALL EXECUTE(13842)
```

EXECUTE does no checking so the address must be correct. The LINK method finds the name and uses the 2 byte address after the name to run the Assembly. EXECUTE just runs the address without looking for a name thus faster.

Options.

Dependent on Programmers use and skill.