Enslaved Data Preparation

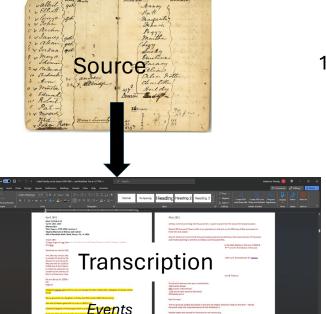
Methodology from Transcription to the final csv file for submission to the Journal of Slavery and Data Preservation

Kathy Cabell Terlesky, Ph.D. January 2024

Tool Selection for Managing Data on Enslaved Persons for journal submission

- Needed a genealogy tool that allows capture, maintenance, and visualization of family data.
 - Requirements:
 - Allow addition of additional sources for genealogy data elements
 - Allow adding new types of genealogy events
 - Provide data quality checks (identify and merge duplicates, data clean)
 - Sync with a genealogy on-line site such as Ancestry.com
 - Allow tailored extraction of data elements into a spreadsheet for analytics using python
 - Allow selection of subsets of people for data extraction
- RootsMagic determined to be the best product for this purpose.
 - www.rootsmagic.com

Transcribing methodology

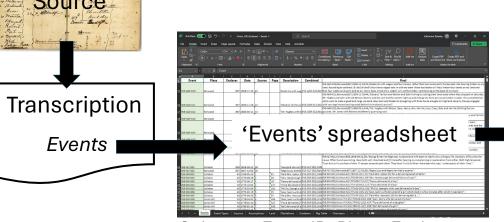


- 1. Visit Repository
 - 1. Wills, Deeds, Probate Court records Nelson County Court house in Lovingston, Va., or Amherst County Court House in Amherst Va. Or on-line through Ancestry.com.
 - 2. Personal journals
 - 1. University of Virginia Special Collections Library
 - 2. William & Mary SWEM Special Collections Library
 - 3. Library of Virginia
 - 4. Virginia Museum of History & Culture
 - 3. Used camera phone to take photos of artifacts and their call number information.
 - 4. Downloaded and compiled photos into one PDF document by source.
 - 5. Transcribe document on computer using word processor.
 - 1. Capture source document call number and repository information in document.
 - 2. Capture page numbers or dates on page of each journal.
 - 3. Use [?] when a word or letter cannot be deciphered.
 - 4. Capture abbreviations used by the writers and their full definition.
 - 5. Highlight events with enslaved persons as transcribing.

Enslaved Data Preparation for JDSP Publication

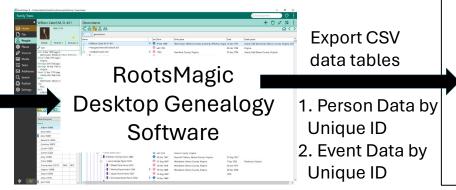
Method for moving events and names of enslaved persons from original source material such as journals, wills, deeds and newspaper clippings to a CSV file ready for publication in *The Journal of Slavery and Data Preservation* (JDSP)

Requires knowledge of RootsMagic genealogy software and python for Jupyter Notebooks



Columns- Event ID, Place, Enslaver, Date, Source, Page, Description, Final 'Final' field is all data combined with semi colon separator. Added to RootsMagic Event on 'Description' field.

EVE-ALT-002; Norwood; 857; 1857-12-03; 36;; "Negro Lucy and Negro Ann had a quarrel":



- . Add Person and data from event
- Estimate birth date
- 3. Update with new events
- 4. Add enslaver and spouse data
- Add overseer data
- 6. Add relationships
- 7. Update birth date estimate

Align events to person.
Perform data quality
checks. Add sources. Add
enslaver ID overseer ID
associations. Add JDSP
unique ID prefix. Perform
descriptive analytics.
Prepare final csv file.

jupyter

Notebook

Jupyter

Notebooks

Launch

CSV

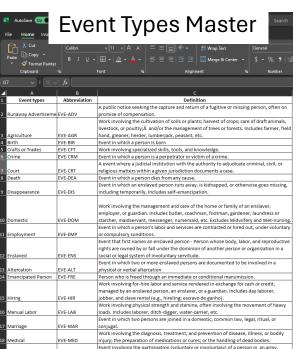
JDSP-

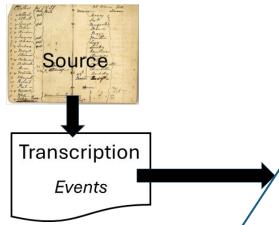
ready

format

Compiling the Events Spreadsheet

1. Create spreadsheet tab of 'Event Types, definitions and abbreviations consistent with the Enslaved controlled vocabulary recommendations. Expand as necessary during transcriptions.

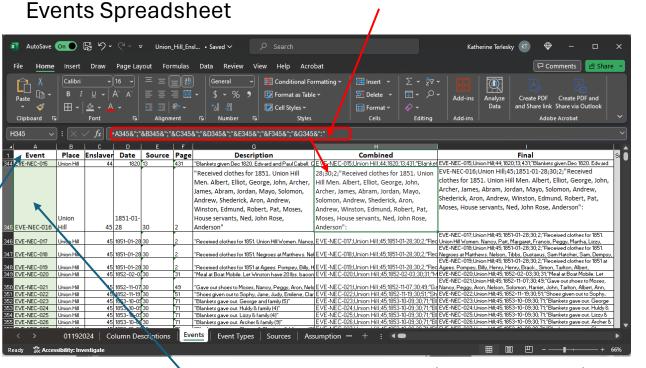




1. Add events to 'Events' spreadsheet using successive event IDs as the Event ID in Column A.

- 1. Column Headers
 - 1. Event
 - 2. Place
 - 3. Enslaver ID (RN from Genealogy software)
 - 4. Date (of event)
 - Source (document)
 - 6. Page (in source)
 - 7. Description (text from source)
 - 8. Combined combine the first 7 cells in row into one column with ";" separator.
 - 9. Final column is a copy of the 'combined' with only the text- not the formula. THIS is the cell pasted into RootsMagic.

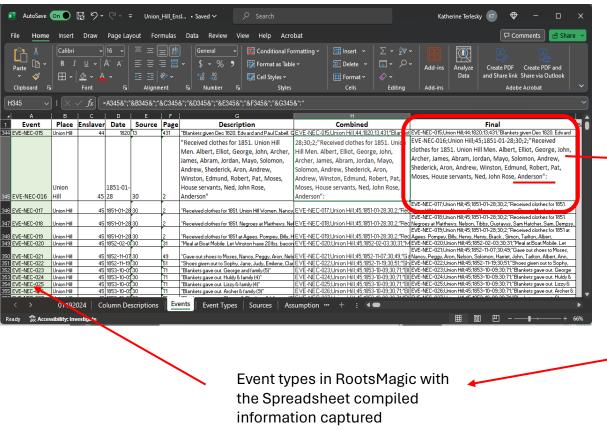
Excel formula to concatenate across the row using a semicolon separator between column values



Color code the event in Column A once it has been entered into RootsMagic to denote completion.

Important: Replace all semi-colons and colons in the original text with periods. The semi-colons and colons are used to facilitate data extraction in python and cannot have this punctuation within the text of a cell in the spreadsheet.

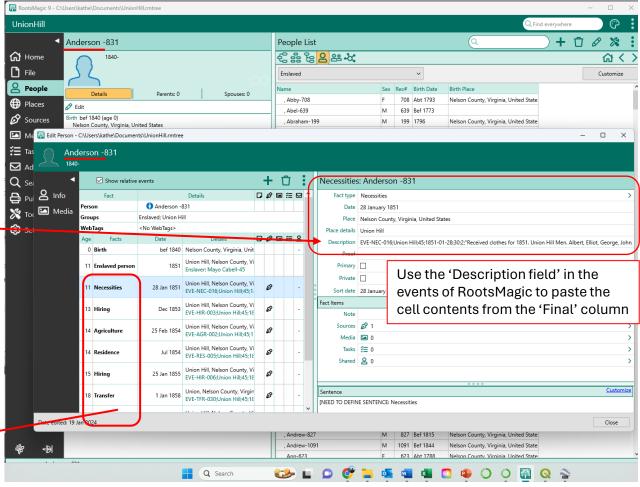
Moving data from the Events Spreadsheet to RootsMagic



RootsMagic Genealogy Software

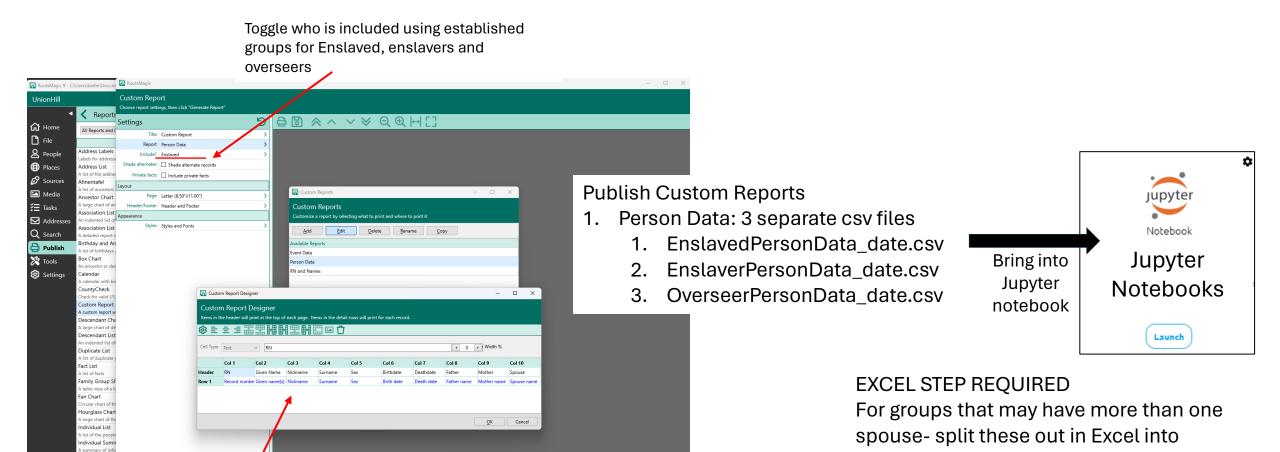
Manually add people starting with oldest event dates.

Manually add events and the associated data for each person.



Establish Groups to bin people as "Enslaved', 'Enslaver', 'Overseer', and 'Union Hill'

Using the 'Custom Report' Feature to extract Person data



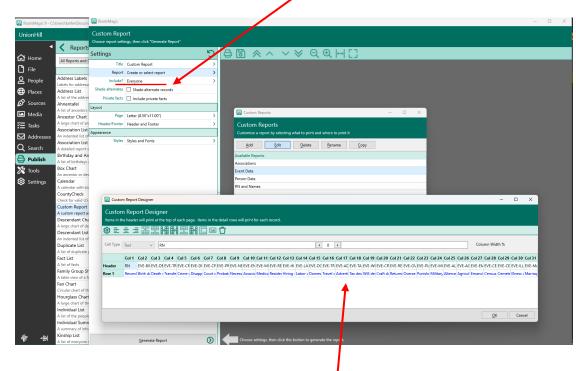
separate columns prior to uploading into

Jupyter notebooks.

Fields pulled from each person for the Person Data
This data is created as each new person is added to RootsMagic

Using the 'Custom Report' Feature to extract events by person attached to their unique RN

Toggle who is included using established groups for Enslaved, enslavers and overseers



Custom Report – Event Data

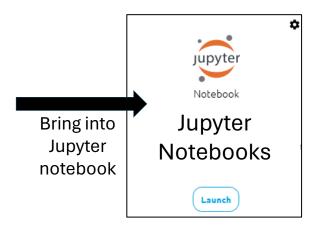
Create Custom Report for Events that grabs the

'Description' field for all events.

Save as text file, then use Text Import Wizard in Excel to bring data into a csv. Going straight from RootsMagic to csv will cause misinterpretation of numbers and dates.

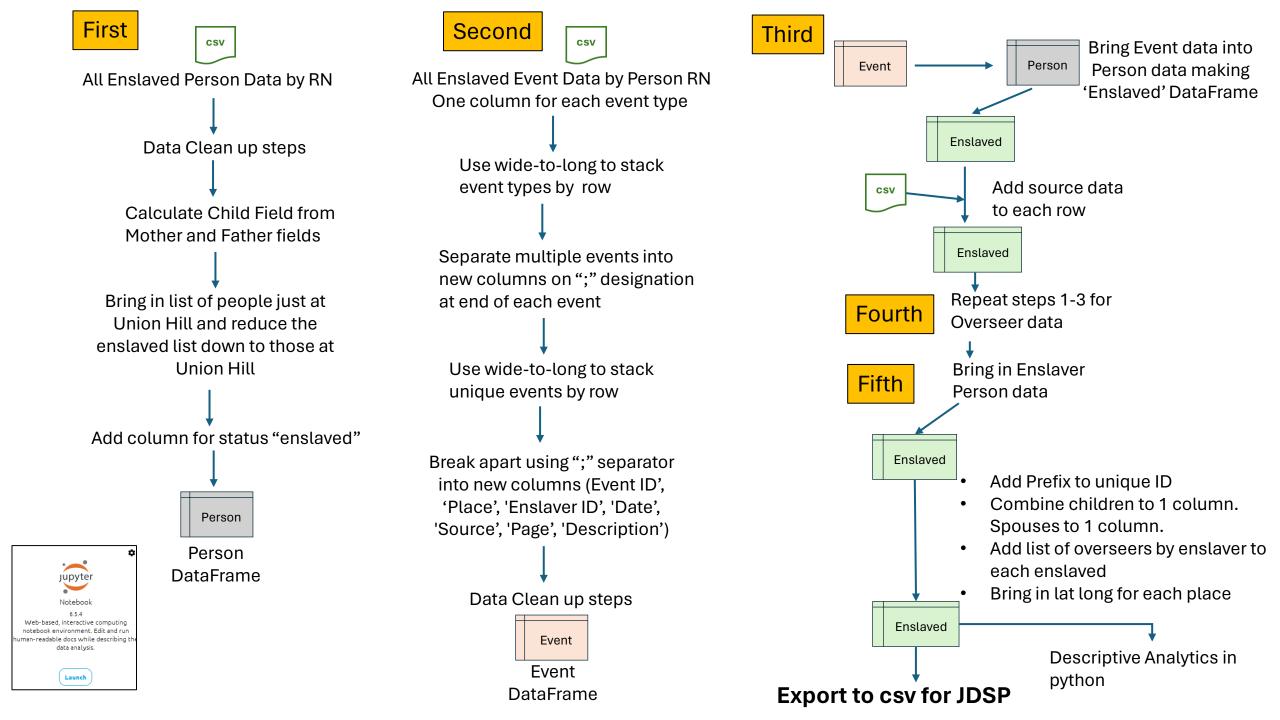
Publish Custom Reports

- I. Event Data: 2 separate reports
 - 1. EnslavedEventData_date.csv
 - 2. OverseerEventData date.csv
- 2. List of people at Union Hill
 - 1. UnionHill_date.csv



EXCEL STEP REQUIRED

Remove all quotation marks from the csv file before uploading to Jupyter. The quotation marks complicate manipulation in python.



Final csv file

25 columns 3100 rows

705 people total

- 568 enslaved
- 90 enslavers and spouses
- 47 overseers

| % Complete | Heading | Column | Definition |
|-------------|--------------------|--------|---|
| 705 persons | PERSON DATA | | |
| 100% | 6 Person | Α | Unique Identifier for Individual |
| 95% | Given Name | В | Given name |
| 9% | Alternate Name | С | Alternative spellings of given name |
| 30% | Surname | D | Surname if available |
| 98% | бSex | E | Sex if known |
| 100% | 6RN | F | Record Number in the genealogy data file |
| 100% | Birth date | G | Exact or approximate date of birth |
| 15% | Death date | Н | Exact or approximate date of death |
| 229 | 6 Father | I | Unique identifer of Father |
| 30% | 6 Mother | J | Unique identifer of Mother |
| 28% | 6Spouses | K | Unique identifer of Spouse(s) |
| 15% | 6Children | L | Unique identifer of children |
| % Complete | Heading | Column | Definition |
| 594 events | EVENT DATA | | |
| 100% | Event ID | M | Unique Identifier of an event |
| 100% | Event Type | N | Type of event based on Enslaved.org controlled vocabulary |
| 100% | 6 Place | 0 | Place of event either plantation, town or city |
| 97% | ဖ l at | Р | latitude of event place |
| 97% | 6 long | Q | longitude of event place |
| 100% | 6Status | R | status of individual (enslaved, free, enslaver, overseer) |
| 100% | Enslaver ID | S | Unique ID of enslaver for event |
| 100% | 6 Date | Т | Date of event |
| 100% | 6 Description | U | Description of event using narrative directly from source |
| | | | Unique Identifier of overseers under the enslaver that may have |
| | 6 Overseers | V | been associated with the enslaved person |
| 79% | Source Description | W | Source Reference |
| | 6 Page | X | Page in source document for event |
| 79% | Repository | Υ | Repository name and location |