1. Experiment Name: Write an Embedded C program for Generating PWM signal for DC motor

```
#include <xc.h>
#pragma config OSC = HS //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

void myMsDelay (unsigned int time)       // Definition of delay subroutine
{
        unsigned int i, j;
        for (i = 0; i < time; i++)              // Loop for i time
                for (j = 0; j < 375; j++);    // Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}

void main()
{
        TRISCbits.TRISC0 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC0 as output (DCM IN1)
        TRISCbits.TRISC1 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC1 as output (DCM IN2)
        TRISCbits.TRISC2 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC2 as output (DCM EN1)
        TRISCbits.TRISC3 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC3 as output (DCM EN2)
        TRISCbits.TRISC4 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC4 as output (DCM IN3)
        TRISCbits.TRISC5 = 0 ;     // Set PORTC, RC5 as output (DCM IN4)

   PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
   PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
   PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;
   PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;
   PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
   PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;
```

```
while(1)          // Endless Loop
        {
    PORTCbits.RC0 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC2 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC3 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC4 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;

                myMsDelay(2000);

    PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;

    myMsDelay(2000);

    PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC1 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC2 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC3 = 1;
    PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
    PORTCbits.RC5 = 1;

    myMsDelay(2000);

    PORTCbits.RC0 = 0;
```

```
        PORTCbits.RC1 = 0;
        PORTCbits.RC2 = 0;
        PORTCbits.RC3 = 0;
        PORTCbits.RC4 = 0;
        PORTCbits.RC5 = 0;

         myMsDelay(2000);

            }

}
```

2. Experiment Name: Write an Embedded C program for Temperature sensor interfacing using ADC & display on LCD.

```
/*  -----------   Temperature Sensor Interfacing----------------
 * LM35 Sensor is interfaced to AN1 (RA1)
 * Output in Degree Celsius shown on LCD
---------------------------------------------------------- -*/
/* Interface Details
 * LM35 Sensor         - RA1 - AN1
 * LCD Data (D0 to D7)  - PORTD (RD0 to RD7)
 * LCD RS              - RE0
 * LCD RW               - RE1
 * LCD EN              - RE2
-----------------------------------------------------------*/

#include <xc.h>
//#include <pic18f4520.h>
//Configuration bit setting//
#pragma config OSC = HS //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

//Declarations for LCD Connection
#define LCD_DATA    PORTD              //LCD data port
#define en          PORTEbits.RE2      // enable signal
#define rw          PORTEbits.RE1      // read/write signal
#define rs          PORTEbits.RE0     // register select signal
```

```
//Function Prototypes
void ADC_Init(void);                                    //Function to initialize the ADC
unsigned int Get_ADC_Result(void);          //Function to Get ADC result after conversion
void Start_Conversion(void);                //Function to Start of Conversion
void msdelay (unsigned int time);           //Function to generate delay
void init_LCD(void);                                    //Function to initialise the LCD

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd);    //Function to pass command to the LCD
void LCD_data(unsigned char data);          //Function to write character to the LCD
void LCD_write_string( char *str);//Function to write string to the LCD

//Start of main program
void main()
{
 char msg1[] = "LM35 Interface";
 char msg2[] = "Temp.:";
 char msg3[] = {0xDF, 0x43, 0x00};
 unsigned char temp=0;
 unsigned char i=0, Thousands,Hundreds,Tens,Ones;
 unsigned int adc_val;
 unsigned char val, pot0[6];
 ADCON1 = 0x0F;      //Configuring the PORTE pins as digital I/O
 TRISD = 0x00;       //Configuring PORTD as output
 TRISE = 0x00;       //Configuring PORTE as output

 ADC_Init();                            // Init ADC peripheral
 init_LCD();                            // Init LCD Module
 LCD_write_string(msg1);      // Display Welcome Message
 LCD_command(0xC0);                     // Goto second line, 0th place of LCD
 LCD_write_string(msg2);      // Display Message "Temp:"
```

```
while(1)
{
 Start_Conversion();              //Trigger conversion
 adc_val= Get_ADC_Result();//Get the ADC output by polling GO bit
 adc_val = adc_val/2;             //Divide the value by 2 match with 10mv stepsize
 LCD_command (0xC7);                    //Goto 8th place on second line of LCD

 val = (unsigned char) adc_val;
 i = (val/100);  //Get the Hundreds place
 Hundreds = i + 0x30;             // Convert it to ASCII
 LCD_data (Hundreds);                   //Display Hundreds place

 i = (val%100)/10; //Get the Tens place
 Tens = i + 0x30;                       // Convert it to ASCII
 LCD_data (Tens);                       //Display Tens place

 i = adc_val%10 ;                       //Get the Ones place
 Ones = i + 30;                         // Convert it to ASCII
 LCD_data (i + 0x30);             //Display Ones place


 LCD_write_string(msg3);

 msdelay(300);                    //Delay between conversions.
 }

}
```

```
//Function Definitions
void ADC_Init()
{
 ADCON0=0b00000100;         //A/D Module is OFF and Channel 1 is selected
 ADCON1=0b00001110;         // Reference as VDD & VSS, AN0 set as analog pins
 ADCON2=0b10001110; // Result is right Justified
                                          //Acquisition Time 2TAD
                                          //ADC Clk FOSC/64
 ADCON0bits.ADON=1; //Turn ON ADC module
}

void Start_Conversion()
{
 ADCON0bits.GO=1;
}

//If you do not wish to use adc conversion interrupt you can use this
//to do conversion manually. It assumes conversion format is right adjusted
unsigned int Get_ADC_Result()
{
 unsigned int ADC_Result=0;
 while(ADCON0bits.GO);
 ADC_Result=ADRESL;
 ADC_Result|=((unsigned int)ADRESH) << 8;
 return ADC_Result;
}

void msdelay (unsigned int time) //Function to generate delay
{
```

```
unsigned int i, j;
  for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
          for (j = 0; j < 275; j++);//Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}


void init_LCD(void)                 // Function to initialise the LCD
{
   LCD_command(0x38);     // initialization of 16X2 LCD in 8bit mode
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x01);     // clear LCD
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x0C);     // cursor off
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x80);     // go to first line and 0th position
   msdelay(15);
}

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd) //Function to pass command to the LCD
{
   LCD_DATA = cmd;              //Send data on LCD data bus
   rs = 0;                                 //RS = 0 since command to LCD
   rw = 0;                                 //RW = 0 since writing to LCD
   en = 1;                                 //Generate High to low pulse on EN
   msdelay(15);
   en = 0;
}
void LCD_data(unsigned char data)//Function to write data to the LCD
{
```

```
   LCD_DATA = data;    //Send data on LCD data bus
   rs = 1;                                  //RS = 1 since data to LCD
   rw = 0;                                  //RW = 0 since writing to LCD
   en = 1;                                  //Generate High to low pulse on EN
         msdelay(15);
   en = 0;
}
//Function to write string to LCD
void LCD_write_string(char *str)
{
   int i = 0;
   while (str[i] != 0)
   {
      LCD_data(str[i]);     // sending data on LCD byte by byte
      msdelay(15);
      i++;
   }
}
```

3. Experiment Name: Write an Embedded C program to interface PIC 18FXXX with LED & blinking it using specified delay.

```
//Test_Program: Interfacing LEDs to each port one by one
//Includes
#include <xc.h>                    //Include Controller specific .h
//Configuration bit settings
#pragma config OSC = HS //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

//Function Prototypes
void msdelay (unsigned int time);//Function for delay

//Start of Program Code
void main()                                          //Main Program
{

  INTCON2bits.RBPU=0;              //To Activate the internal pull on PORTB
        ADCON1 = 0x0F;                                 //To disable the all analog inputs

        TRISA = 0x00;                          //To configure PORTA  as output
        TRISB = 0x00;                          //To configure PORTB  as output
        TRISC = 0x00;                          //To configure PORTC  as output
        TRISD = 0x00;                          //To configure PORTD  as output
        TRISE = 0x00;                          //To configure PORTE  as output
        while (1)                                          //While loop for repeated operation
        {
                PORTA = 0xAA;
                PORTB = 0xAA;
```

```
                PORTC = 0xAA;
                PORTD = 0xAA;
                PORTE = 0xAA;

                msdelay(200);

                PORTA = 0x55;
                PORTB = 0x55;
                PORTC = 0x55;
                PORTD = 0x55;
                PORTE = 0x55;

                msdelay(200);

        }
}                                                                   //End of the Program

//Function Definitions
void msdelay (unsigned int time)//Function for delay
{
unsigned int i, j;
 for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
          for (j = 0; j < 710; j++);   //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}
```

4. Experiment Name: 1. Write an Embedded C program for Timer programming ISR based buzzer on/off.

2. Write an Embedded C program for External interrupt input switch press, output at relay

```
//Interfacing LEDs, Switches, Buzzer and Relay

//Includes
#include <xc.h>                    //Include Controller specific .h

//Configuration bit settings
#pragma config OSC = HS //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF //Disable PORTB Analog inputs

//Declarations
#define lrbit      PORTBbits.RB0   //SW1 interfaced to RB0
#define rlbit      PORTBbits.RB1  //SW2 interfaced to RB1
#define relay      PORTBbits.RB2  //Relay interfaced to RB2
#define buzzer   PORTBbits.RB3  //Buzzer interfaced to RB3


//Function Prototypes
void msdelay (unsigned int time);//Function for delay

//Start of Program Code
void main()                                          //Main Program
{
        unsigned char val=0;            //Variable to latch the switch condition
```

```
  INTCON2bits.RBPU=0;              //To Activate the internal pull on PORTB
        ADCON1 = 0x0F;                          //To disable the all analog inputs

        TRISBbits.TRISB0=1;        //To configure RB4 as input for sensing SW0
        TRISBbits.TRISB1=1;        //To configure RB5 as input for sensing SW1

        TRISBbits.TRISB2=0;        //To configure RC1 (relay) as output
        TRISBbits.TRISB3=0;              //To configure RC2 (buzzer) as output
        TRISD = 0x00;                    //To configure PORTD (LED) as output

        PORTD = 0x00;                    //Initial Value for LED
        buzzer = 0;                           //Initial Value for Buzzer
        relay = 0;                            //Initial Value for Relay

while (1)                                     //While loop for repeated operation
        {
        if (!(lrbit))                    //To check whether SW0 is pressed
                val = 1;                 // Latch the status of switch SW0
        if (!(rlbit))                    //To check whether SW1 is pressed
                val = 2;                 // Latch the status of switch SW1

  if (val == 1)
          {
                buzzer = 1;
                relay = 1;
                PORTD = PORTD >>1;    //Shift right by 1 bit
                if (PORTD == 0x00)
                        PORTD = 0x80;        // Make the MSB bit equal to 1
                msdelay(250);
          }
        if (val == 2)
```

```
            {
                buzzer = 0;
                relay = 0;
                PORTD = PORTD<<1;      //Shift left by 1 bit
                if (PORTD == 0x00)
                    PORTD = 0x01;              // Make the LSB bit eqaul to 1
                msdelay(250);
            }
          }
}                                                                    //End of the Program

//Function Definitions
void msdelay (unsigned int time)//Function for delay
{
unsigned int i, j;
 for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
          for (j = 0; j < 375; j++);   //Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}
```

5. Experiment Name: Write an Embedded C program for LCD interfacing with PIC 18FXXX.

```
/*-------------  16x2 LCD Interfacing ------------------------
 * Display the messages on 16x2 LCD
 * Interface Details
 * LCD Data (D0 to D7)  - PORTD (RD0 to RD7)
 * LCD RS             - RE0
 * LCD RW              - RE1
 * LCD EN             - RE2
 ----------------------------------------------------------------*/

#include <xc.h>

//Configuration bit setting//
#pragma config OSC = HS //Oscillator Selection
#pragma config WDT = OFF //Disable Watchdog timer
#pragma config LVP = OFF //Disable Low Voltage Programming
#pragma config PBADEN = OFF //Disable PORTB Analog inputs
//Declarations
#define LCD_DATA    PORTD                          //LCD data port to PORTD
#define ctrl        PORTE                        //LCD control port to PORTE
#define rs         PORTEbits.RE0    //register select signal to RE0
#define rw          PORTEbits.RE1  //read/write signal to RE1
#define en          PORTEbits.RE2  //enable signal to RE2

//Function Prototypes
void init_LCD(void);                                        //Function to initialize the LCD
void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd);          //Function to pass command to the LCD
void LCD_data(unsigned char data);                  //Function to write character to the LCD
void LCD_write_string(char *str);//Function to write string to the LCD
```

```
void msdelay (unsigned int time);                    //Function to generate delay

//Start of Main Program
void main(void)
{
    char var1[] = "LCD Interface";//Declare message to be displayed
    char var2[] = "Test Program";



    ADCON1 = 0x0F;                          //Configuring the PORTE pins as digital I/O
    TRISD = 0x00;           //Configuring PORTD as output
    TRISE = 0x00;                   //Configuring PORTE as output



    init_LCD();             // call function to initialise of LCD
    msdelay(50);            // delay of 50 mili seconds

    LCD_write_string(var1);//Display message on first line
    msdelay(15);

    LCD_command(0xC0);          // initiate cursor to second line
    LCD_write_string(var2);//Display message on second line

    while (1);                              //Loop here
}                                                       //End of Main

//Function Definitions
void msdelay (unsigned int time) //Function to generate delay
{
unsigned int i, j;
  for (i = 0; i < time; i++)
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < 275; j++);//Calibrated for a 1 ms delay in MPLAB
}

void init_LCD(void)                    // Function to initialise the LCD
{
   LCD_command(0x38);     // initialization of 16X2 LCD in 8bit mode
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x01);     // clear LCD
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x0C);     // cursor off
   msdelay(15);
   LCD_command(0x80);     // go to first line and 0th position
   msdelay(15);
}

void LCD_command(unsigned char cmd) //Function to pass command to the LCD
{
   LCD_DATA = cmd;                 //Send data on LCD data bus
   rs = 0;                                 //RS = 0 since command to LCD
   rw = 0;                                 //RW = 0 since writing to LCD
   en = 1;                                 //Generate High to low pulse on EN
   msdelay(15);
   en = 0;
}

void LCD_data(unsigned char data)//Function to write data to the LCD
{
   LCD_DATA = data;       //Send data on LCD data bus
   rs = 1;                                 //RS = 1 since data to LCD
   rw = 0;                                 //RW = 0 since writing to LCD
   en = 1;                                 //Generate High to low pulse on EN
```

```
            msdelay(15);
    en = 0;
}
//Function to write string to LCD
void LCD_write_string( char *str)
{
    int i = 0;
    while (str[i] != 0)
    {
        LCD_data(str[i]);      // sending data on LCD byte by byte
        msdelay(15);
        i++;
    }
}
```