

## **BRESENHAMS LINE DRAWING ALGORITHM**

```
#include <GL/glut.h>

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int x1, y1, x2, y2;

void myInit() {
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glOrtho(0.0, 500.0, 0.0, 250.0, -250.0, 250.0);
}

void draw_pixel(int x, int y) {
    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    glVertex2i(x, y);
    glEnd();
}

void draw_line(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2) {
    int dx, dy, i, e;
    int incx, incy, inc1, inc2;
    int x, y;

    dx = x2 - x1;
    dy = y2 - y1;

    if (dx < 0) dx = -dx;
    if (dy < 0) dy = -dy;
    incx = (x2 < x1) ? -1 : 1;
```

```
incy = (y2 < y1) ? -1 : 1;
```

```
x = x1;
```

```
y = y1;
```

```
if (dx > dy) {
```

```
    draw_pixel(x, y);
```

```
    e = 2 * dy - dx;
```

```
    inc1 = 2 * (dy - dx);
```

```
    inc2 = 2 * dy;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < dx; i++) {
```

```
        if (e >= 0) {
```

```
            y += incy;
```

```
            e += inc1;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            e += inc2;
```

```
        }
```

```
        x += incx;
```

```
        draw_pixel(x, y);
```

```
    }
```

```
} else {
```

```
    draw_pixel(x, y);
```

```
    e = 2 * dx - dy;
```

```
    inc1 = 2 * (dx - dy);
```

```
    inc2 = 2 * dx;
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < dy; i++) {
```

```
        if (e >= 0) {
```

```
            x += incx;
```

```
            e += inc1;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            e += inc2;
```

```
        }
```

```
        y += incy;
        draw_pixel(x, y);
    }
}
}
```

```
void myDisplay() {
    draw_line(x1, x2, y1, y2);
    glFlush();
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    cout << "Enter (x1, y1, x2, y2): ";
    cin >> x1 >> y1 >> x2 >> y2;

    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(500, 500);
    glutInitWindowPosition(0, 0);
    glutCreateWindow("Bresenham's Line Drawing");
    myInit();
    glutDisplayFunc(myDisplay);
    glutMainLoop();

    return 0;
}
```

## **BRESENHAMS CIRCLE DRAWING ALGORITHM**

```
#include<windows.h>

#include<GL/glut.h>

#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

int radius;

void MyInit()
{
    glClearColor(1,1,1,1);
    glColor3f(1,0,0);
    glOrtho(-500,500,500,-500,0,1);
}

void drawPoints(int x,int y)
{
    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
        glVertex2i(x,y);
        glVertex2i(-x,y);
        glVertex2i(x,-y);
        glVertex2i(-x,-y);

        glVertex2i(y,x);
        glVertex2i(-y,x);
        glVertex2i(y,-x);
        glVertex2i(-y,-x);
    glEnd();
}

void Circle()
```

```

{
    MyInit();

    int x=0, y=radius;
    drawPoints(x,y);

    int d = 3-2*radius;

    while(x<=y)
    {
        if(d < 0)
        {
            x = x+1;
            d = d + 4*x +6;
        }
        else if(d>=0)
        {
            x = x+1;
            y = y-1;
            d = d + 4*(x-y) + 10;
        }

        drawPoints(x,y);
    }

    glFlush();
}

int main(int argc,char **argv)
{

```

```
glutInit(&argc,argv);  
glutInitWindowSize(500,500);  
glutInitWindowPosition(100,100);  
glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_RGB | GLUT_SINGLE);  
glutCreateWindow("Bresenham Circle");  
  
cout<<"Enter the radius of Circle:";  
cin>>radius;  
glutDisplayFunc(Circle);  
  
glutMainLoop();  
return 0;  
}
```