```
#include <SoftwareSerial.h>
#include <TinyGPS.h>
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include "DHT.h"
#define DHTPIN 2 // what digital pin we're connected to
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
#define RXPIN 3
#define TXPIN 1
#define GPSBAUD 9600
// Create an instance of the TinyGPS object
TinyGPS gps;
// Initialize the NewSoftSerial library to the pins you defined above
SoftwareSerial uart_gps(RXPIN, TXPIN);
void getgps(TinyGPS &gps);
WiFiClient client;
String MakerIFTTT Key;
;String MakerIFTTT Event;
char *append_str(char *here, String s) { int i=0; while (*here++ = s[i]){i++;};return here-1;}
char *append ul(char *here, unsigned long u) { char buf[20]; return append str(here,
ultoa(u, buf, 10));}
char post rqst[256];char *p;char *content length here;char *json start;int compi;
void setup()
{
 Serial.begin(9600);
 while (!Serial);
 uart gps.begin(GPSBAUD);
 delay(1500);
 Serial.println("");
 Serial.println("GPS Shield QuickStart Example Sketch v12");
 Serial.println(" ...waiting for lock...
                                            ");
 Serial.println("");
 WiFi.disconnect();
 delay(500);
 Serial.println("DHTxx test!");
 dht.begin();
 delay(1000);
 //collecting the variables
 float h = dht.readHumidity();
```

```
float t = dht.readTemperature();
 delay(500);
  String buf1,buf2;
  //converting them into strings
 buf1+= F("Car temprature:");
 buf1 += String(t, 6);
 buf2 += F("Car humidity:");
 buf2 += String(h, 6);
 buf2 += F("\n");
      Serial.print(buf1);
      Serial.print(" ");
      Serial.print(buf2);
      Serial.print("\n");
      //this is the code for the gps moduel
 while(uart_gps.available()) // While there is data on the RX pin...
  Serial.print("Humidity:");
      Serial.print(h);
      Serial.print(" %\t");
      Serial.print("Temperature: ");
      Serial.print(t);
      Serial.print(" *C \n");
   int c = uart gps.read(); // load the data into a variable...
   if(gps.encode(c)) // if there is a new valid sentence...
    getgps(gps);
                     // then grab the data.
 }
 Serial.println("START");
 WiFi.begin("notconnected","Ekminute");
 while ((!(WiFi.status() == WL CONNECTED))){
  delay(300);
  Serial.print("..");
Serial.println("Connected");
 Serial.println("Your IP is");
 Serial.println((WiFi.localIP().toString()));
 if (client.connect("maker.ifttt.com",80)) {
  MakerIFTTT Key ="cAGnF95BNtQfk4ZGpnv34KQmEwka2pMWNoHylXrSTHV";
  MakerIFTTT Event ="sms";
  p = post_rqst;
  p = append str(p, "POST /trigger/");
  p = append_str(p, MakerIFTTT_Event);
```

```
p = append_str(p, "/with/key/");
  p = append str(p, MakerIFTTT Key);
  p = append\_str(p, " \ HTTP/1.1\r\n");
  p = append_str(p, "Host: maker.ifttt.com\r\n");
  p = append str(p, "Content-Type: application/json\r\n");
  p = append str(p, "Content-Length: ");
  content_length_here = p;
  p = append str(p, "NN\r\n");
  p = append_str(p, "\r\n");
  json_start = p;
  p = append str(p, "{\"value1\":\"");
  p = append_str(p,buf1);
  p = append_str(p, "\",\"value2\":\"");
  p = append str(p,buf2);
  p = append str(p, "\",\"value3\":\"");
  p = append_str(p,"");
  p = append_str(p, "\"}");
  compi= strlen(json_start);
  content length here[0] = '0' + (compi/10);
  content_length_here[1] = '0' + (compi%10);
  client.print(post_rqst);
}
}
void loop()
}
// The getgps function will get and print the values we want.
void getgps(TinyGPS &gps)
{
 // To get all of the data into varialbes that you can use in your code,
 // all you need to do is define variables and query the object for the
 // data. To see the complete list of functions see keywords.txt file in
 // the TinyGPS and NewSoftSerial libs.
 // Define the variables that will be used
 float latitude, longitude;
 // Then call this function
 gps.f get position(&latitude, &longitude);
 // You can now print variables latitude and longitude
```

```
Serial.print("Lat/Long: ");
 Serial.print(latitude,5);
 Serial.print(", ");
 Serial.println(longitude,5);
// Same goes for date and time
 int year;
 byte month, day, hour, minute, second, hundredths;
 gps.crack_datetime(&year,&month,&day,&hour,&minute,&second,&hundredths);
 // Print data and time
 Serial.print("Date: "); Serial.print(month, DEC); Serial.print("/");
 Serial.print(day, DEC); Serial.print("/"); Serial.print(year);
 Serial.print(" Time: "); Serial.print(hour, DEC); Serial.print(":");
 Serial.print(minute, DEC); Serial.print(":"); Serial.print(second, DEC);
 Serial.print("."); Serial.println(hundredths, DEC);
 //Since month, day, hour, minute, second, and hundr
// Here you can print the altitude and course values directly since
 // there is only one value for the function
 Serial.print("Altitude (meters): "); Serial.println(gps.f_altitude());
 // Same goes for course
 Serial.print("Course (degrees): "); Serial.println(gps.f_course());
 // And same goes for speed
 Serial.print("Speed(kmph): "); Serial.println(gps.f speed kmph());
 Serial.println();
// Here you can print statistics on the sentences.
 unsigned long chars;
 unsigned short sentences, failed checksum;
 gps.stats(&chars, &sentences, &failed checksum);
//Serial.print("Failed Checksums: ");Serial.print(failed_checksum);
//Serial.println(); Serial.println();
}
```