Homework: XML Exercise

1. Objectives

- Become familiar with the DOM paradigm;
- Use an existing XML parser;
- Transform the content of an XML document into an HTML page.

2. Description

You are required to write a HTML/JavaScript program, which takes the URL of an XML document containing Cable Network company information, parses the XML file, and extracts the list of cable networks, displaying them in a table. The JavaScript program will be embedded in an HTML file so that it can be executed within a browser.

• Your program should display a text box to enter the XML file name as shown below on Figure 1. On clicking the "Submit Query" button, your program should display the table as shown below, Figure 2. If the text box is left empty and Submit Query is clicked, an appropriate error message must be shown.



Figure 1: Initial Page

- Once the XML file downloads, a JavaScript function within the HTML file parses the XML document that was passed as an input to the popped up window.
- After parsing the XML document, a table should be displayed

consisting of the data for all Cable Networks companies that are contained in the XML file. For example, given the following XML document:

http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/networklist.xml

the table below should be displayed:

Network	Owner	Feeds	Notes	HomePage	Logo
AMC	AMC Networks	AMC East AMC On Demand	formerly American Movie Classics (English) and (Spanish) audio feed	http://www.amctv.com/	амс
Bravo	NBC Universal	Bravo East Bravo West Bravo On Demand	(English) and (Spanish) audio feed	http://www.bravotv.com/	Bravo
Comedy Central	Viacom Media Networks	Comedy Central East Comedy Central West Contral West Comedy Central On Demand	A product of the merger of Viacom's HA! TV Comedy Network and The Comedy Channel, owned by Time Warner. (English) and (Spanish) audio feed	http://cc.com/	CENTRAL ADAMOS

Figure 2: Table containing stocks from networklist.xml

Here is a version of the *networklist.xml* file containing the data that is displayed above:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<Workbook>
 <Table>
 <Header>
  <Data>Network</Data>
  <Data>Owner</Data>
  <Data>Feeds</Data>
  <Data>Notes</Data>
  <Data>HomePage</Data>
  <Data>Logo</Data>
 </Header>
 <Row>
  <Network>AMC</Network>
  <Owner>AMC Networks</Owner>
  <Feeds>
    <Feed>AMC East</Feed>
    <Feed>AMC On Demand</Feed>
  </Feeds>
  <Notes> formerly American Movie Classics (English) and (Spanish) audio feed </
Notes>
  <HomePage>http://www.amctv.com/
```

```
<Logo>http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/AMC logo 2013.png</Logo>
  </Row>
  <Row>
  <Network>Bravo</Network>
  <Owner>NBC Universal</Owner>
     <Feed>Bravo East</Feed>
     <Feed>Bravo West</Feed>
     <Feed>Bravo On Demand</Feed>
  </Feeds>
  <Notes> (English) and (Spanish) audio feed </Notes>
  <HomePage>http://www.bravotv.com/</HomePage>
  <Logo>http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/bravo.png</Logo>
  </Row>
  <Row>
  <Network>Comedy Central</Network>
  <Owner>Viacom Media Networks</Owner>
  <Feeds>
     <Feed>Comedy Central East</Feed>
     <Feed>Comedy Central West</Feed>
     <Feed>Comedy Central On Demand</Feed>
  </Feeds>
  <Notes> A product of the merger of Viacom's HA! TV Comedy Network and The
Comedy Channel, owned by Time Warner. (English) and (Spanish) audio feed</
Notes>
  <HomePage>http://cc.com/</HomePage>
  <Logo>http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/ComedyCentral.png</Logo>
 </Row>
<Row>...</Row>
<Row>. . .</Row>
<Row>...</Row>
<Row>. . .</Row>
</Table>
</Workbook>
```

3. Error Handling

In case of a parsing error, your program should show an alert box indicating an error was detected. For example if you try to load the incorrectly formatted XML file:

http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/invalid.xml

then you should show an alert box if the XML file is not valid, as in the following figure:

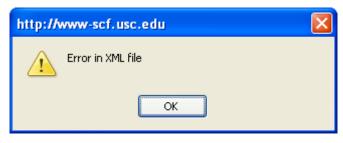


Figure 3: Error generated from invalid.xml in Firefox

Another error condition that should be checked for is an XML file containing NO cable network companies. An example of an XML files which does not contain company entries:

In addition, you program should handle the case when the XML file does not exist. A proper message should be displayed.

The schema of the input XML files won't change. We won't test the case where the order of tags is changed or one of the tags is missed. In other words, every *Row* always contains the sub-tags: *Network*, *Owner*, *Feeds*, *Notes*, *HomePage*, and *Logo* in the "same" given order. Note that inside the *Feeds* tag, there may be ZERO or more *Feed* tags.

If the value of a tag is empty, you should display a blank cell or N.A.

No other error conditions need be checked. In all cases if an error is found your program should show an alert box indicating the error was detected.

4. Hints

 Step 1: Writing Your HTML/JavaScript program - Using the DOM Parser Here's how you could use the Microsoft DOM API and the Mozilla DOM API (used in Firefox) to load and parse an XML document into a DOM tree, and then use the DOM API to extract information from that document.

```
<script type="text/javascript">
var xmlDoc;
function loadXML(url) {
   if (window.XMLHttpRequest)
 {
   // code for IE7+, Firefox, Chrome, Opera, Safari
    xmlhttp=new XMLHttpRequest();
else
 // code for IE6. IE5
  xmlhttp=new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
 xmlhttp.open("GET",url,false); //open, send, responseXML are
 xmlhttp.send();
                        //properties of XMLHTTPRequest
 xmlDoc=xmlhttp.responseXML;
 return xmlDoc;
// ..... processing the document goes here
</script>
```

Now you can generate the HTML table from the DOM tree. You can assume that every xml file will have identical tag names. However, the company entries may occur in any order.

Your task is to write a program that transforms this type of XML file into the table as shown above.

For example you can access the child nodes of the documents as follows:

```
footb = xmlDoc.documentElement.childNodes;
```

Note that unlike the Java-based DOM, which provides methods such as getChildNodes() and getNodeType() that return respectively a

node list of children of a current node and the type of a node, with the DOM you have to access the element properties directly, as in:

```
footbNodeList = footb.item(i).childNodes;
if (footbNodeList.item(j).nodeType == ELEMENT_NODE)
```

Below is the link to the web page that demonstrates how to handle white spaces in Mozilla:

http://developer.mozilla.org/en/docs/Whitespace_in_the_DOM

• Step 2: Display the Resulting HTML Document

You should use the DOM document.write method to output the required HTML.

• Step 3: Use JavaScript control syntax

The only program control statements that you will need to use for this exercise are the "if" and the "for" statements. The syntax of both statements is practically identical to the syntax of the corresponding statement in the C, C++ and Java languages, as in:

```
if (footbNodeList.item(j).nodeName=="Logo") {
    // do stuff
}
for (j=0;j<footbNodeList.length;j++) {
    // do more stuff
}</pre>
```

Please make a note of the following issue:

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS):

JavaScript cannot call the resources from another domain. This is called cross side scripting which is not allowed in browsers. Therefore, you must

put your XML files and your script in the same domain. Please make sure, when you are testing your implementation, to place both the HTML file and the XML file on your local machine IN THE SAME FOLDER. The files can be copied from here:

http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/invalid.xml

http://cs-server.usc.edu:45678/hw/hw4/networklist.xml

Window.open() method must be used to pop up a new window which would display the final widget.

Image files can be either local or remote, as these files do not exhibit the cross-site scripting issue.

USC Disclaimer:

You should avoid displaying the USC disclaimer in your pages. Otherwise, this will result in a 0.5 point penalty.

Scrollable Window:

The popup window should be scrollable so the user can read all records listed in the window.

6. Material You Need to Submit

On your course homework page, your link for this homework should go to a page that looks like the one displayed in the Figure on page 1. **This page should include your entire JavaScript/HTML/CSS program in a single file**. Also you should submit your source code electronically to the csci571 account so that it can be graded and compared to all other students' code via the MOSS code comparison tool. If your submission is composed of multiple files, 3 points will be deducted.