

HTML Elements

HTML elements are the foundation of a webpage. They define the structure and content on the page.

An element typically consists of a start tag, content, and an end tag.

Syntax:

```
<elementname>Content goes here...</elementname>
```

Example:

```
<p>This is a paragraph element.</p>
```

```
<h1>This is a level 1 heading</h1>
```

Types of HTML Elements:

1. Block-level elements: `<div>`, `<p>`, `<h1>` to `<h6>`, `<form>`, `<table>`, etc.
2. Inline elements: ``, `<a>`, ``, ``, ``, etc.

Empty Elements:

Some elements don't have closing tags, such as ``, `
`, and `<input>`.

Example:

```

```