

Computer Graphics

Lab File

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Index

[illegible]

Lab 1

Q1. Explain the graphics.h and the various functions inside of it

graphics.h is a legacy C header from Borland/Turbo C used with the Borland Graphics Interface (BGI). It provides simple 2-D drawing on DOS or DOS-style environments

Initialization

- `initgraph(&driver, &mode, "path")` - Loads a BGI driver and sets the graphics mode. Requires matching BGI driver files.

Drawing primitives

- `line(x1, y1, x2, y2)` – Draws a line from P(x1, y1) to Q(x2, y2)
- `rectangle(left, top, right, bottom)` – draws a rectangle from corner to corner
- `circle(x, y, radius)` – Draws a circle of radius at center O(x, y)
- `ellipse(x, y, startAngle, endAngle, xRadius, yRadius)` – Draws an ellipse from startAngle to endAngle having r_x and r_y with center O(x, y)
- `arc(x, y, startAngle, endAngle, radius)` – Draws an arc from startAngle to endAngle of radius r with midpoint(O(x, y)
- `bar(left, top, right, bottom)` – Draws a filled in rectangle
- `bar3d(left, top, right, bottom, depth, topFlag)` – Draws a 3D shaped bar with depth in the z axis and topFlag for showing the top face of the bar or not

Pixel operations

- `putpixel(x, y, color)` – put pixel of color at P(x, y)
- `getpixel(x, y)` – get the color of pixel at P(x, y)

Q2. Draw concentric circles with different color of each of them

Code –

```
#include "raylib.h"
#include "apps.h"

int concentric_circles() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

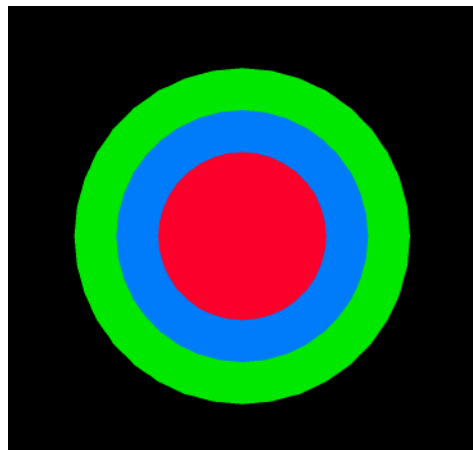
    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "Hello Raylib");

    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        BeginDrawing();
        ClearBackground(BLACK);

        DrawCircle(400, 400, 200, GREEN);
        DrawCircle(400, 400, 150, BLUE);
        DrawCircle(400, 400, 100, RED);

        EndDrawing();
    }

    CloseWindow();
    return 0;
}
```



Q3. Draw a bar graph with text underneath
Code –

```
#include "raylib.h"
#include "apps.h"

int bar_graph() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "Hello world");

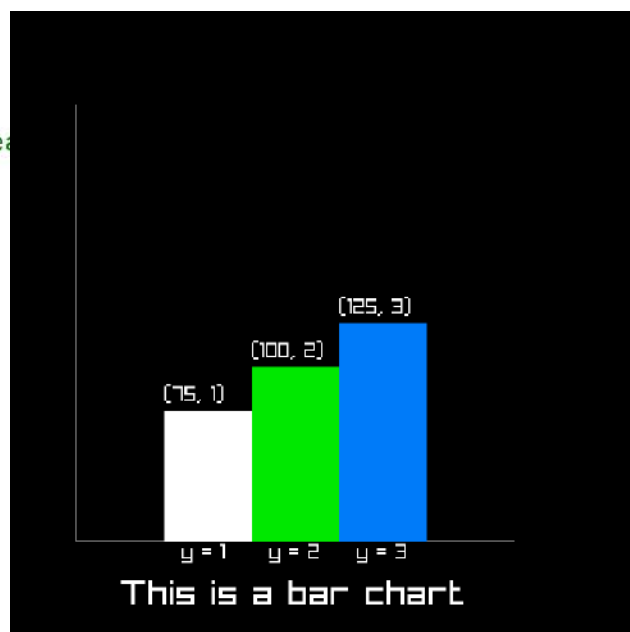
    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
        BeginDrawing();

        // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
        ClearBackground(BLACK);

        DrawLine(50, 400, 50, 150, WHITE);
        DrawLine(50, 400, 300, 400, WHITE);
        DrawRectangle(100, 325, 50, 75, WHITE);
        DrawText("(75, 1)", 100, 310, 12, WHITE);
        DrawText("y = 1", 110, 400, 12, WHITE);
        DrawRectangle(150, 300, 50, 100, GREEN);
        DrawText("(100, 2)", 150, 285, 12, WHITE);
        DrawText("y = 2", 160, 400, 12, WHITE);
        DrawRectangle(200, 275, 50, 125, BLUE);
        DrawText("(125, 3)", 200, 260, 12, WHITE);
        DrawText("y = 3", 210, 400, 12, WHITE);
        DrawText("This is a bar chart", 75, 420, 20, WHITE);

        EndDrawing();
    }

    // destroy the window and clear memory
    CloseWindow();
    return 0;
}
```



Lab 2

Q4. To draw a straight line between two points (x1, y1) and (x2, y2) using Simple Digit Differential Line Drawing Algorithm and Bresenham's Line Drawing Algorithm and display it on the screen.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

bool print_lda = true;

void incDDA(Vector2 init, Vector2 final, Color color) {
    int dy = final.y - init.y;
    int dx = final.x - init.x;
    float m = (float)dy / dx;
    float b = (float)init.y - m * init.x;

    float x = init.x, y = init.y;
    float step, xinc, yinc;
    step = fmax(abs(dy), abs(dx));
    xinc = dx / step;
    yinc = dy / step;
    if (print_lda) {
        printf("xinc=%f yinc=%f\n", xinc, yinc);
        printf("dx=%d dy=%d\n", dx, dy);
        printf("init.x=%f init.y=%f\n", init.x, init.y);
        printf("final.x=%f final.y=%f\n", final.x, final.y);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i <= step; i++) {
        if (print_lda) {
            printf("k = %d, x = %f, y = %f\n", i, x, y);
        }
        DrawPixel(round(x), round(y), color);
        y += yinc;
        x += xinc;
    }
    // print = false;
}

void bresenhamLDA(Vector2 init, Vector2 final, Color color) {
    int dy = final.y - init.y;
    int dx = final.x - init.x;
    int sx = dx < 0 ? -1 : 1;
    int sy = dy < 0 ? -1 : 1;
    float m = (float)dy / dx;
    dx = abs(dx);
    dy = abs(dy);
    int p;
    if (dx >= dy) {
        p = 2 * dy - dx;
    } else {
        p = 2 * dx - dy;
    }
}
```

```

if (print_lda) {
    printf("m=%f\n", m);
    printf("dx=%d dy=%d\n", dx, dy);
    printf("p0=%d\n", p);
    printf("init.x=%f init.y=%f\n", init.x, init.y);
    printf("final.x=%f final.y=%f\n", final.x, final.y);
}
int x = init.x, y = init.y;
if (m < 1 && m > -1) {
    for (int i = 0; i <= dx; i++) {
        if (print_lda) {
            printf("k = %d, x = %d, y = %d, p = %d\n", i, x, y, p);
        }
        DrawPixel(x, y, color);
        if (p < 0) {
            x += sx;
            p += 2 * dy;
        } else {
            x += sx;
            y += sy;
            p += 2 * dy - 2 * dx;
        }
    }
} else {
    for (int i = 0; i <= dy; i++) {
        if (print_lda) {
            printf("k = %d, x = %d, y = %d, p = %d\n", i, x, y, p);
        }
        DrawPixel(x, y, color);
        if (p < 0) {
            y += sy;
            p += 2 * dx;
        } else {
            x += sx;
            y += sy;
            p += 2 * dx - 2 * dy;
        }
    }
}
// print = false;
}

void draw(Vector2 initial_point, Vector2 final_point, Color color) {
    // incDDA(initial_point, final_point, color);
    bresenhamLDA(initial_point, final_point, color);

    DrawCircleV(final_point, 2, color);
    DrawText(TextFormat("m = %.2f", (final_point.y - initial_point.y) /
        (final_point.x - initial_point.x)),
        (final_point.x + initial_point.x) / 2,
        (final_point.y + initial_point.y) / 2, 16, color);
}

int LDA() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "LDA");
}

```



```
// game loop
while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
    // drawing
    BeginDrawing();

    // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
    ClearBackground(WHITE);

    Vector2 initial_point = {
        .x = 20,
        .y = 20,
    };
    Vector2 final_point = {
        .x = 220,
        .y = 180,
    };
    if (print_lda) {
        printf("=== Line 1 ===\n");
    }
    draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
        initial_point.x+10, initial_point.y, 16, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", final_point.x, final_point.y),
        final_point.x+10, final_point.y, 16, BLACK);

    initial_point.x = 520;
    initial_point.y = 20;
    final_point.x = 320;
    final_point.y = 180;
    if (print_lda) {
        printf("=== Line 2 ===\n");
    }
    draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
        initial_point.x+10, initial_point.y, 16, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", final_point.x, final_point.y),
        final_point.x+10, final_point.y, 16, BLACK);

    initial_point.x = 850;
    initial_point.y = 10;
    final_point.x = 650;
    final_point.y = 10;
    if (print_lda) {
        printf("=== Line 3 ===\n");
    }
    draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
        initial_point.x-20, initial_point.y+10, 16, BLACK);
    DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", final_point.x, final_point.y),
        final_point.x-20, final_point.y+10, 16, BLACK);

    initial_point.x = 900;
    initial_point.y = 10;
    final_point.x = 900;
    final_point.y = 210;
    if (print_lda) {
        printf("=== Line 4 ===\n");
    }
    draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
```



```
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
         initial_point.x+10, initial_point.y, 16, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", final_point.x, final_point.y),
         final_point.x+10, final_point.y, 16, BLACK);

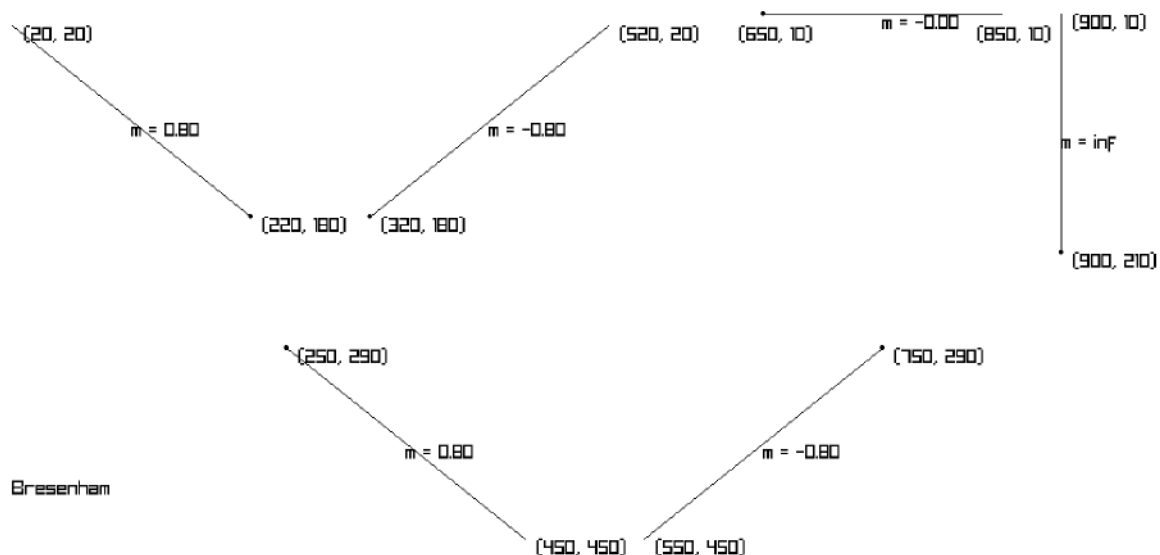
initial_point.x = 450;
initial_point.y = 450;
final_point.x = 250;
final_point.y = 290;
if (print_lda) {
    printf("=== Line 5 ===\n");
}
draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
         initial_point.x+10, initial_point.y, 16, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", final_point.x, final_point.y),
         final_point.x+10, final_point.y, 16, BLACK);

initial_point.x = 550;
initial_point.y = 450;
final_point.x = 750;
final_point.y = 290;
if (print_lda) {
    printf("=== Line 6 ===\n");
}
draw(initial_point, final_point, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", initial_point.x, initial_point.y),
         initial_point.x+10, initial_point.y, 16, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f)", final_point.x, final_point.y),
         final_point.x+10, final_point.y, 16, BLACK);

DrawText("Bresenham", 20, 400, 16, BLACK);
// DrawText("DDA", 20, 400, 16, BLACK);
print_lda = false;

EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}
```



Bresenham

```

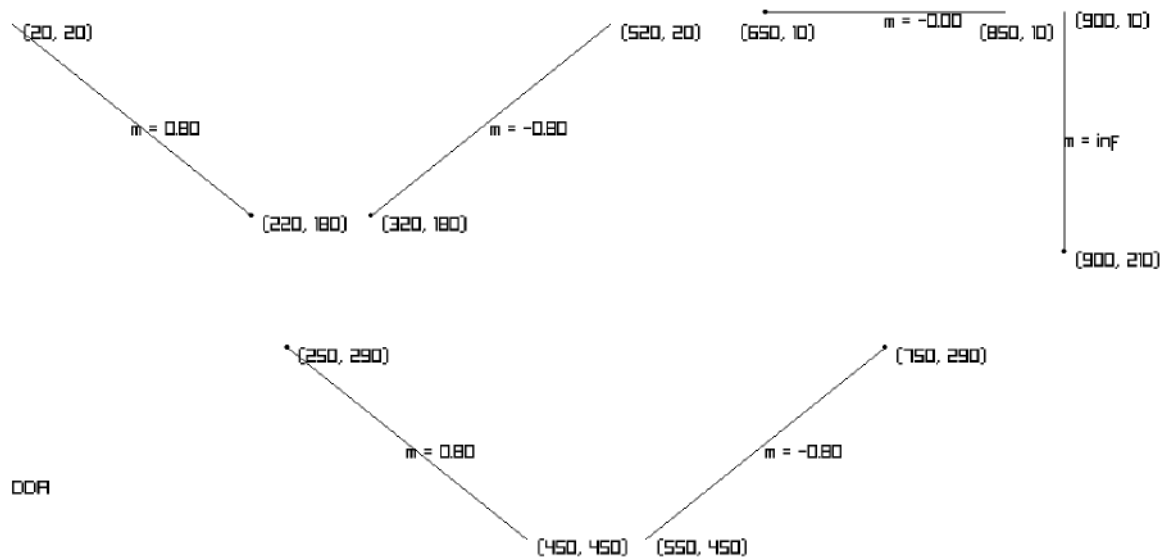
=== Line 1 ===
m=0.800000
dx=200 dy=160
p0=120
init.x=20.000000 init.y=20.000000
final.x=220.000000 final.y=180.000000
k = 0, x = 20, y = 20, p = 120
k = 1, x = 21, y = 21, p = 40
k = 2, x = 22, y = 22, p = -40
k = 3, x = 23, y = 23, p = 280
k = 4, x = 24, y = 24, p = 200
k = 5, x = 25, y = 25, p = 120
k = 6, x = 26, y = 26, p = 40
k = 7, x = 27, y = 27, p = -40
k = 8, x = 28, y = 28, p = 280
k = 9, x = 29, y = 29, p = 200
k = 10, x = 30, y = 30, p = 120
k = 11, x = 31, y = 31, p = 40
k = 12, x = 32, y = 32, p = -40
k = 13, x = 33, y = 33, p = 280
k = 14, x = 34, y = 34, p = 200
m=inf
dx=0 dy=200
p0=-200
init.x=900.000000 init.y=10.000000
final.x=900.000000 final.y=210.000000
k = 0, x = 900, y = 10, p = -200
k = 1, x = 900, y = 11, p = -200
k = 2, x = 900, y = 12, p = -200
k = 3, x = 900, y = 13, p = -200
k = 4, x = 900, y = 14, p = -200
k = 5, x = 900, y = 15, p = -200
k = 6, x = 900, y = 16, p = -200
k = 7, x = 900, y = 17, p = -200
k = 8, x = 900, y = 18, p = -200
k = 9, x = 900, y = 19, p = -200
k = 10, x = 900, y = 20, p = -200
k = 11, x = 900, y = 21, p = -200
k = 12, x = 900, y = 22, p = -200
k = 13, x = 900, y = 23, p = -200
k = 14, x = 900, y = 24, p = -200

m=-0.800000
dx=200 dy=160
p0=120
init.x=520.000000 init.y=20.000000
final.x=320.000000 final.y=180.000000
k = 0, x = 520, y = 20, p = 120
k = 1, x = 519, y = 21, p = 40
k = 2, x = 518, y = 22, p = -40
k = 3, x = 517, y = 23, p = 280
k = 4, x = 516, y = 24, p = 200
k = 5, x = 515, y = 25, p = 120
k = 6, x = 514, y = 26, p = 40
k = 7, x = 513, y = 27, p = -40
k = 8, x = 512, y = 28, p = 280
k = 9, x = 511, y = 29, p = 200
k = 10, x = 510, y = 30, p = 120
k = 11, x = 509, y = 31, p = 40
k = 12, x = 508, y = 32, p = -40
k = 13, x = 507, y = 33, p = 280
k = 14, x = 506, y = 34, p = 200

m=-0.000000
dx=200 dy=0
p0=-200
init.x=850.000000 init.y=10.000000
final.x=650.000000 final.y=10.000000
k = 0, x = 850, y = 10, p = -200
k = 1, x = 849, y = 10, p = -200
k = 2, x = 848, y = 10, p = -200
k = 3, x = 847, y = 10, p = -200
k = 4, x = 846, y = 10, p = -200
k = 5, x = 845, y = 10, p = -200
k = 6, x = 844, y = 10, p = -200
k = 7, x = 843, y = 10, p = -200
k = 8, x = 842, y = 10, p = -200
k = 9, x = 841, y = 10, p = -200
k = 10, x = 840, y = 10, p = -200
k = 11, x = 839, y = 10, p = -200
k = 12, x = 838, y = 10, p = -200
k = 13, x = 837, y = 10, p = -200
k = 14, x = 836, y = 10, p = -200

m=-0.800000
dx=200 dy=160
p0=120
init.x=550.000000 init.y=450.000000
final.x=750.000000 final.y=290.000000
k = 0, x = 550, y = 450, p = 120
k = 1, x = 551, y = 449, p = 40
k = 2, x = 552, y = 448, p = -40
k = 3, x = 553, y = 447, p = 280
k = 4, x = 554, y = 446, p = 200
k = 5, x = 555, y = 445, p = 120
k = 6, x = 556, y = 444, p = 40
k = 7, x = 557, y = 443, p = -40
k = 8, x = 558, y = 442, p = 280
k = 9, x = 559, y = 441, p = 200
k = 10, x = 560, y = 440, p = 120
k = 11, x = 561, y = 439, p = 40
k = 12, x = 562, y = 438, p = -40
k = 13, x = 563, y = 437, p = 280
k = 14, x = 564, y = 436, p = 200

```



DCA

```

xinc=1.000000 yinc=0.800000
dx=200 dy=160
init.x=20.000000 init.y=20.000000
final.x=220.000000 final.y=180.000000
k = 0, x = 20.000000, y = 20.000000
k = 1, x = 21.000000, y = 20.799999
k = 2, x = 22.000000, y = 21.599998
k = 3, x = 23.000000, y = 22.399998
k = 4, x = 24.000000, y = 23.199997
k = 5, x = 25.000000, y = 23.999996
k = 6, x = 26.000000, y = 24.799995
k = 7, x = 27.000000, y = 25.599995
k = 8, x = 28.000000, y = 26.399994
k = 9, x = 29.000000, y = 27.199993
k = 10, x = 30.000000, y = 27.999992
k = 11, x = 31.000000, y = 28.799992
k = 12, x = 32.000000, y = 29.599991
k = 13, x = 33.000000, y = 30.399990
k = 14, x = 34.000000, y = 31.199989
xinc=-1.000000 yinc=0.000000
dx=-200 dy=0
init.x=850.000000 init.y=10.000000
final.x=650.000000 final.y=10.000000
k = 0, x = 850.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 1, x = 849.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 2, x = 848.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 3, x = 847.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 4, x = 846.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 5, x = 845.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 6, x = 844.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 7, x = 843.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 8, x = 842.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 9, x = 841.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 10, x = 840.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 11, x = 839.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 12, x = 838.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 13, x = 837.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 14, x = 836.000000, y = 10.000000
xinc=-1.000000 yinc=-0.800000
dx=-200 dy=-160
init.x=450.000000 init.y=450.000000
final.x=250.000000 final.y=290.000000
k = 0, x = 450.000000, y = 450.000000
k = 1, x = 449.000000, y = 449.200012
k = 2, x = 448.000000, y = 448.400024
k = 3, x = 447.000000, y = 447.600037
k = 4, x = 446.000000, y = 446.800049
k = 5, x = 445.000000, y = 446.000061
k = 6, x = 444.000000, y = 445.200073
k = 7, x = 443.000000, y = 444.400085
k = 8, x = 442.000000, y = 443.600098
k = 9, x = 441.000000, y = 442.800110
k = 10, x = 440.000000, y = 442.000122
k = 11, x = 439.000000, y = 441.200134
k = 12, x = 438.000000, y = 440.400146
k = 13, x = 437.000000, y = 439.600159
k = 14, x = 436.000000, y = 438.800171
xinc=-1.000000 yinc=0.800000
dx=-200 dy=160
init.x=520.000000 init.y=20.000000
final.x=320.000000 final.y=180.000000
k = 0, x = 520.000000, y = 20.000000
k = 1, x = 519.000000, y = 20.799999
k = 2, x = 518.000000, y = 21.599998
k = 3, x = 517.000000, y = 22.399998
k = 4, x = 516.000000, y = 23.199997
k = 5, x = 515.000000, y = 23.999996
k = 6, x = 514.000000, y = 24.799995
k = 7, x = 513.000000, y = 25.599995
k = 8, x = 512.000000, y = 26.399994
k = 9, x = 511.000000, y = 27.199993
k = 10, x = 510.000000, y = 27.999992
k = 11, x = 509.000000, y = 28.799992
k = 12, x = 508.000000, y = 29.599991
k = 13, x = 507.000000, y = 30.399990
k = 14, x = 506.000000, y = 31.199989
xinc=0.000000 yinc=1.000000
dx=0 dy=200
init.x=900.000000 init.y=10.000000
final.x=900.000000 final.y=210.000000
k = 0, x = 900.000000, y = 10.000000
k = 1, x = 900.000000, y = 11.000000
k = 2, x = 900.000000, y = 12.000000
k = 3, x = 900.000000, y = 13.000000
k = 4, x = 900.000000, y = 14.000000
k = 5, x = 900.000000, y = 15.000000
k = 6, x = 900.000000, y = 16.000000
k = 7, x = 900.000000, y = 17.000000
k = 8, x = 900.000000, y = 18.000000
k = 9, x = 900.000000, y = 19.000000
k = 10, x = 900.000000, y = 20.000000
k = 11, x = 900.000000, y = 21.000000
k = 12, x = 900.000000, y = 22.000000
k = 13, x = 900.000000, y = 23.000000
k = 14, x = 900.000000, y = 24.000000
xinc=1.000000 yinc=-0.800000
dx=200 dy=-160
init.x=550.000000 init.y=450.000000
final.x=750.000000 final.y=290.000000
k = 0, x = 550.000000, y = 450.000000
k = 1, x = 551.000000, y = 449.200012
k = 2, x = 552.000000, y = 448.400024
k = 3, x = 553.000000, y = 447.600037
k = 4, x = 554.000000, y = 446.800049
k = 5, x = 555.000000, y = 446.000061
k = 6, x = 556.000000, y = 445.200073
k = 7, x = 557.000000, y = 444.400085
k = 8, x = 558.000000, y = 443.600098
k = 9, x = 559.000000, y = 442.800110
k = 10, x = 560.000000, y = 442.000122
k = 11, x = 561.000000, y = 441.200134
k = 12, x = 562.000000, y = 440.400146
k = 13, x = 563.000000, y = 439.600159
k = 14, x = 564.000000, y = 438.800171

```


Lab 3

Q5. Draw a circle using the midpoint circle algorithm

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void draw_all_sides(int x, int y, Vector2 m) {
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = x + m.x, .y = y + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = y + m.x, .y = x + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -x + m.x, .y = y + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -y + m.x, .y = x + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -x + m.x, .y = -y + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -y + m.x, .y = -x + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = x + m.x, .y = -y + m.y}, BLACK);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = y + m.x, .y = -x + m.y}, BLACK);
}

bool print_midpoint_circle = true;

void calc_circle(Vector2 midpoint, uint32_t r) {
    int x = 0, y = r;
    int di = 1 - r;
    draw_all_sides(x, y, midpoint);
    while (x < y) {
        if (print_midpoint_circle) {
            printf("x = %d, y = %d, d = %d\n", x, y, di);
        }
        if (di < 0) {
            di = di + 2 * x + 3;
            x += 1;
        } else {
            di = di + 2 * x - 2 * y + 5;
            x += 1;
            y -= 1;
        }
        draw_all_sides(x, y, midpoint);
    }
    print_midpoint_circle = false;
}

int midpointCircle() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "midpointCircle");

    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
```

```

BeginDrawing();

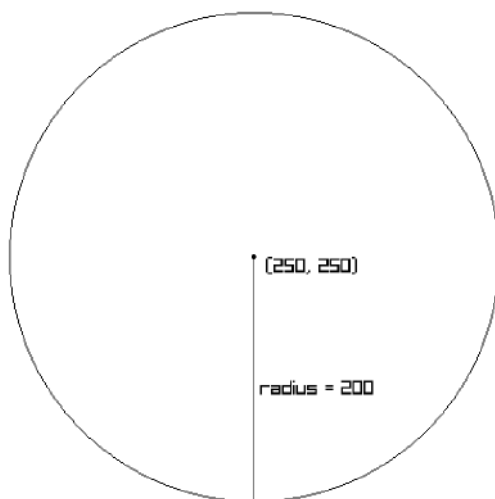
// Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
ClearBackground(WHITE);

Vector2 center = {.x = 250, .y = 250};
int radius = 200;
calc_circle(center, radius);
DrawLineV(center, (Vector2){.x = center.x, .y = center.y + radius}, BLACK);
DrawCircleV(center, 2, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("radius = %i", radius), center.x + 5,
          center.y + ((float)radius / 2), 16, BLACK);
DrawText(TextFormat("%.0f, %.0f", center.x, center.y), center.x + 10,
          center.y, 16, BLACK);

EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}

```



```

radius = 20
center = (250, 250)
d = -19
x = 0, y = 20, d = -19
x = 1, y = 20, d = -16
x = 2, y = 20, d = -11
x = 3, y = 20, d = -4
x = 4, y = 20, d = 5
x = 5, y = 19, d = -22
x = 6, y = 19, d = -9
x = 7, y = 19, d = 6
x = 8, y = 18, d = -13
x = 9, y = 18, d = 6
x = 10, y = 17, d = -7
x = 11, y = 17, d = 16
x = 12, y = 16, d = 9
x = 13, y = 15, d = 6

```

Lab 4

Q6. Apply all basic transformations on a rectangle.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

#define pi 3.14

vector<vector<float>>> mul(vector<vector<float>>> a, vector<vector<float>>> b) {
    vector<vector<float>>> points(a.size(), vector<float>(3, 0));
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < b[0].size(); j++) {
            points[i][j] = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < b.size(); k++) {
                points[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
            }
        }
    }
    return points;
}

vector<vector<float>>> translate(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {sx, sy, 1}};
    return mat;
}

vector<vector<float>>> reflect(string wrt) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    if (wrt == "x") {
        mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, -1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "y") {
        mat = {{-1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "xy") {
        mat = {{-1, 0, 0}, {0, -1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "x=y") {
        mat = {{0, 1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    }
    return mat;
}

vector<vector<float>>> shear(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, sy, 0}, {sx, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}

vector<vector<float>>> scale(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{sx, 0, 0}, {0, sy, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}
```

```

vector<vector<float>> rotation(int angle) {
    float c = cos(angle * pi / 180);
    float s = sin(angle * pi / 180);
    vector<vector<float>> mat = {{c, s, 0}, {-s, c, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}

void drawRect(vector<vector<float>> &points, vector<float> p, vector<float> q) {
    for (float i = p[0]; i <= q[0]; i++) {
        points.push_back({i, p[1], 1});
        points.push_back({i, q[1], 1});
    }
    for (float i = p[1]; i <= q[1]; i++) {
        points.push_back({p[0], i, 1});
        points.push_back({q[0], i, 1});
    }
}

void drawPoints(vector<vector<float>> points) {
    for (auto p : points) {
        DrawPixel(p[0], p[1], WHITE);
    }
}

int transformations() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "transformations");

    vector<vector<float>> points;
    vector<float> start = {40, 40, 1};
    vector<float> end = {200, 160, 1};
    drawRect(points, start, end);

    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
        BeginDrawing();

        // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
        ClearBackground(BLACK);

        DrawText("Regular", 95, 25, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(points);
        DrawText("Shear-X", 295, 25, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(
            mul(
                points,
                mul(
                    mul(
                        translate(-((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, -((float)start[1]+end[1])/2),
                        mul(
                            shear(0.4, 0),
                            translate(((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, ((float)start[1]+end[1])/2)
                        )
                    ),
                    ),
                ),
            translate(200, 0)
        )
    }
}

```



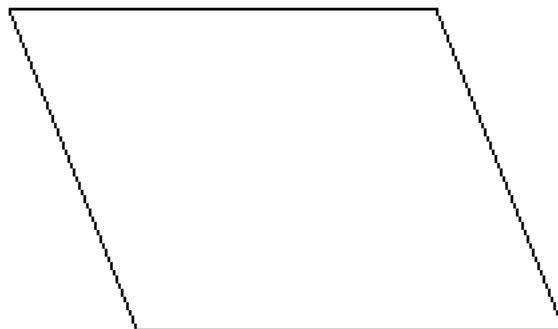
```
);
DrawText("Shear-Y", 560, 25, 12, WHITE);
drawPoints(
    mul(
        points,
        mul(
            mul(
                translate(-((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, -((float)start[1]+end[1])/2),
                mul(
                    shear(0, 0.4),
                    translate(((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, ((float)start[1]+end[1])/2)
                )
            ),
            translate(450, 0)
        )
    )
);
DrawText("Rotation", 120, 250, 12, WHITE);
drawPoints(
    mul(
        points,
        mul(
            mul(
                translate(-((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, -((float)start[1]+end[1])/2),
                mul(
                    rotation(30),
                    translate(((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, ((float)start[1]+end[1])/2)
                )
            ),
            translate(0, 250)
        )
    )
);
DrawText("Scaling", 745, 300, 12, WHITE);
drawPoints(
    mul(
        points,
        mul(
            mul(
                translate(-((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, -((float)start[1]+end[1])/2),
                mul(
                    scale(0.5, 0.5),
                    translate(((float)start[0]+end[0])/2, ((float)start[1]+end[1])/2)
                )
            ),
            translate(650, 250)
        )
    )
);
DrawText("Reflect along X", 75, 525, 12, WHITE);
drawPoints(
    mul(
        points,
        mul(
            translate(0, -700),
            reflect("x")
        )
    )
);
```

```
drawPoints(  
    mul(  
        points,  
        translate(450, 250)  
    )  
);  
DrawText("Reflect along X=Y", 500, 450, 16, WHITE);  
DrawLine(300, 300, 600, 600, WHITE);  
drawPoints(  
    mul(  
        points,  
        mul(  
            translate(450, 250),  
            reflect("x=y")  
        )  
    )  
);  
  
EndDrawing();  
}  
  
// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context  
CloseWindow();  
return 0;  
}
```

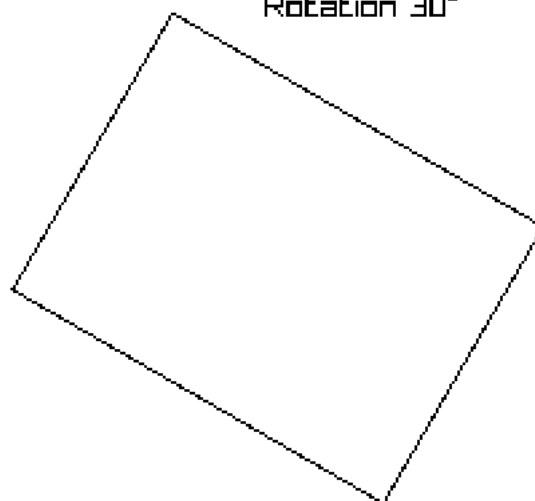
Regular



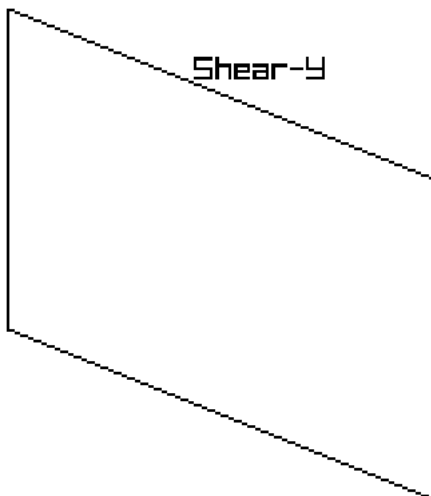
Shear-H

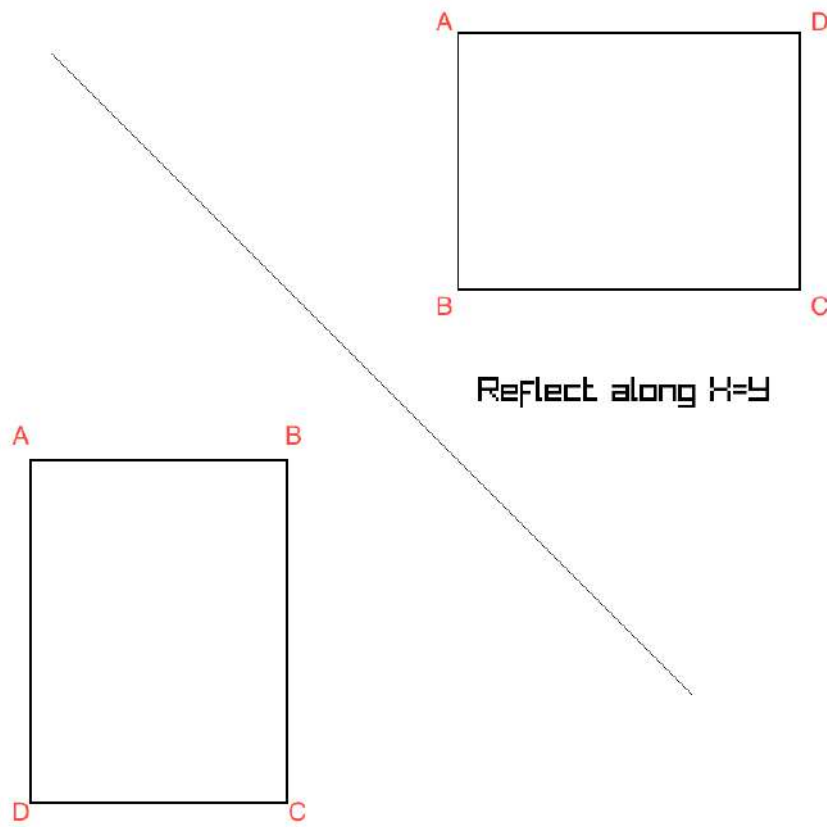


Rotation 30°



Shear-Y





Regular



Scaling



Lab 5

Q7. Apply all composite transformations on a triangle.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
#include <cmath>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

#define pi 3.14

static vector<vector<float>>> mul(vector<vector<float>>> a, vector<vector<float>>> b) {
    vector<vector<float>>> points(a.size(), vector<float>(3, 0));
    for (int i = 0; i < a.size(); i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < b[0].size(); j++) {
            points[i][j] = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < b.size(); k++) {
                points[i][j] += a[i][k] * b[k][j];
            }
        }
    }
    return points;
}

static vector<vector<float>>> translate(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {sx, sy, 1}};
    return mat;
}

static vector<vector<float>>> reflect(string wrt) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    if (wrt == "x") {
        mat = {{1, 0, 0}, {0, -1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "y") {
        mat = {{-1, 0, 0}, {0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "xy") {
        mat = {{-1, 0, 0}, {0, -1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    } else if (wrt == "x=y") {
        mat = {{0, 1, 0}, {1, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    }
    return mat;
}

static vector<vector<float>>> shear(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{1, sy, 0}, {sx, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}

static vector<vector<float>>> scale(float sx, float sy) {
    vector<vector<float>>> mat = {{sx, 0, 0}, {0, sy, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}
```

```

static vector<vector<float>> rotatation(int angle) {
    float c = cos(angle * pi / 180);
    float s = sin(angle * pi / 180);
    vector<vector<float>> mat = {{c, s, 0}, {-s, c, 0}, {0, 0, 1}};
    return mat;
}

static void bresenhamLDA(vector<vector<float>> &points, Vector2 init, Vector2 final) {
    int dy = final.y - init.y;
    int dx = final.x - init.x;
    int sx = dx < 0 ? -1 : 1;
    int sy = dy < 0 ? -1 : 1;
    float m = (float)dy / dx;
    dx = abs(dx);
    dy = abs(dy);
    int p;
    if (dx >= dy) {
        p = 2 * dy - dx;
    } else {
        p = 2 * dx - dy;
    }

    float x = init.x, y = init.y;
    if (m < 1 && m > -1) {
        for (int i = 0; i <= dx; i++) {
            points.push_back({x, y, 1});
            if (p < 0) {
                x += sx;
                p += 2 * dy;
            } else {
                x += sx;
                y += sy;
                p += 2 * dy - 2 * dx;
            }
        }
    } else {
        for (int i = 0; i <= dy; i++) {
            points.push_back({x, y, 1});
            if (p < 0) {
                y += sy;
                p += 2 * dx;
            } else {
                x += sx;
                y += sy;
                p += 2 * dx - 2 * dy;
            }
        }
    }
}

static void drawTri(vector<vector<float>> &points) {
    bresenhamLDA(points, (Vector2){.x = 20, .y = 200},
        (Vector2){.x = 120, .y = 200});
    bresenhamLDA(points, (Vector2){.x = 120, .y = 200},
        (Vector2){.x = 70, .y = 50});
    bresenhamLDA(points, (Vector2){.x = 70, .y = 50},
        (Vector2){.x = 20, .y = 200});
}

static void drawPoints(vector<vector<float>> points) {

```

```
for (auto p : points) {
    DrawPixel(p[0], p[1], WHITE);
}

int compo_transformations() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "transformations");

    vector<vector<float>> points;
    drawTri(points);

    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
        BeginDrawing();

        // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
        ClearBackground(BLACK);

        DrawText("Regular", 50, 40, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(points);
        DrawText("Rotation", 180, 50, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(
            mul(
                points,
                mul(
                    translate(-70, -50),
                    mul(
                        rotation(45),
                        translate(270, 50)
                    )
                )
            )
        );
        DrawText("Shearing", 300, 40, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(
            mul(
                points,
                mul(
                    translate(-70, -50),
                    mul(
                        shear(0.3, 0),
                        translate(300, 50)
                    )
                )
            )
        );
        DrawText("Reflection", 40, 205, 12, WHITE);
        drawPoints(
            mul(
                points,
                mul(
                    translate(0, -300),
                    mul(
                        reflect("x"),
                        translate(0, 120)
                    )
                )
            )
        );
    }
}
```

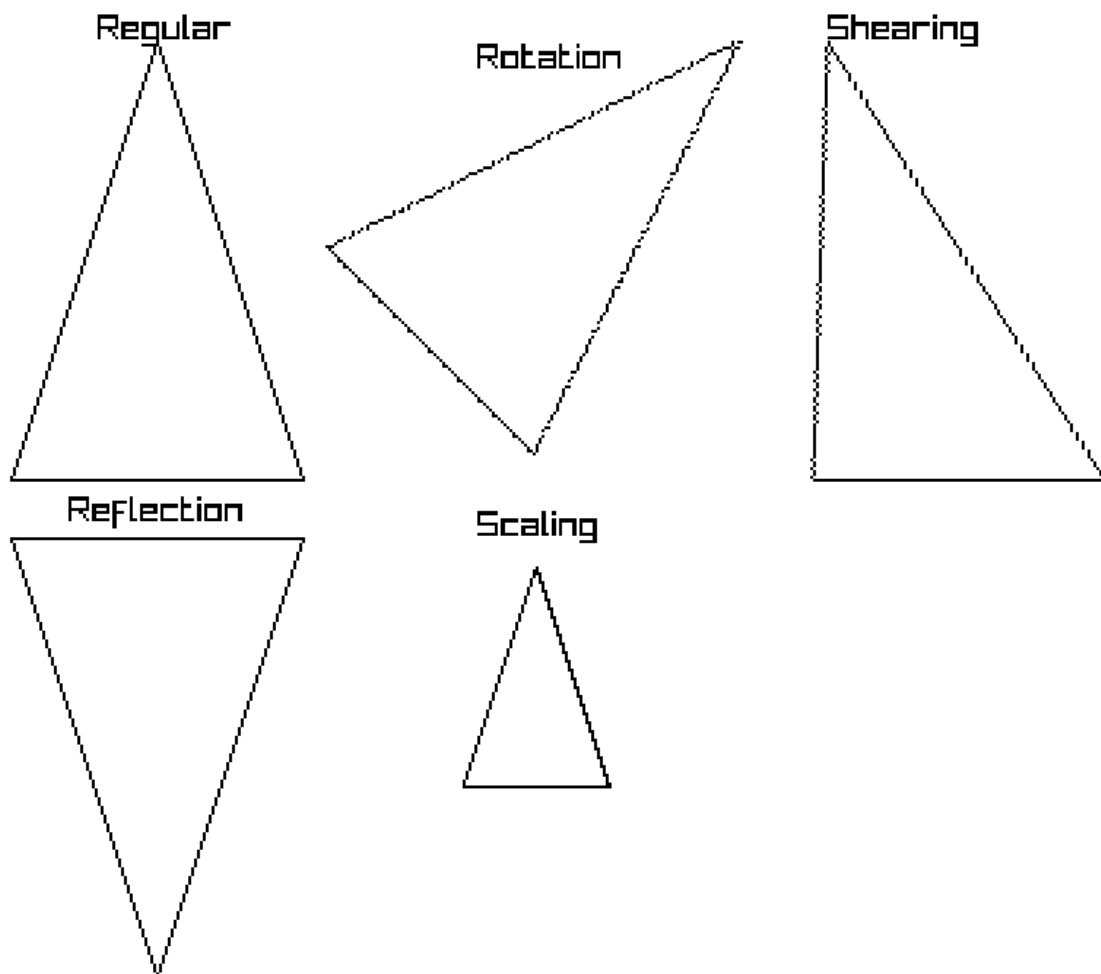
```

    )
  )
);
DrawText("Reflection", 170, 210, 12, WHITE);
drawPoints(
  mul(
    points,
    mul(
      translate(-70, -50),
      mul(
        scale(0.5, 0.5),
        translate(200, 230)
      )
    )
  )
);

EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}

```



Q8. Draw an ellipse using the midpoint ellipse algorithm.

Code –

```

#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
void draw_points(int x, int y, Vector2 m) {
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = x + m.x, .y = y + m.y}, WHITE);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -x + m.x, .y = y + m.y}, WHITE);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = -x + m.x, .y = -y + m.y}, WHITE);
    DrawPixelV((Vector2){.x = x + m.x, .y = -y + m.y}, WHITE);
}

void calc_ellipse(Vector2 origin, int rx, int ry) {
    int x = 0, y = ry;
    float p1i = ry * ry - rx * rx * ry + (float)rx * rx / 4;
    int dx = 2 * ry * ry * x;
    int dy = 2 * rx * rx * y;
    while (dx < dy) {
        draw_points(x, y, origin);
        if (p1i < 0) {
            x += 1;
            dx = 2 * ry * ry * x;
            p1i = p1i + dx + ry * ry;
        } else {
            x += 1;
            y -= 1;
            dx = 2 * ry * ry * x;
            dy = 2 * rx * rx * y;
            p1i = p1i + dx - dy + ry * ry;
        }
    }
    float p2i;
    p2i = ry * ry * ((float)x + (float)1 / 2) * ((float)x + (float)1 / 2) +
        rx * rx * (y - 1) * (y - 1) - rx * rx * ry * ry;
    while (dx >= dy && y >= 0) {
        draw_points(x, y, origin);
        if (p2i > 0) {
            y -= 1;
            dy = 2 * rx * rx * y;
            p2i = p2i - dy + rx * rx;
        } else {
            x += 1;
            y -= 1;
            dy = 2 * rx * rx * y;
            dx = 2 * ry * ry * x;
            p2i = p2i + dx - dy + rx * rx;
        }
    }
}

int midpointEllipse() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);
}

```

```

// Create the window and OpenGL context
InitWindow(1280, 800, "midpointEllipse");

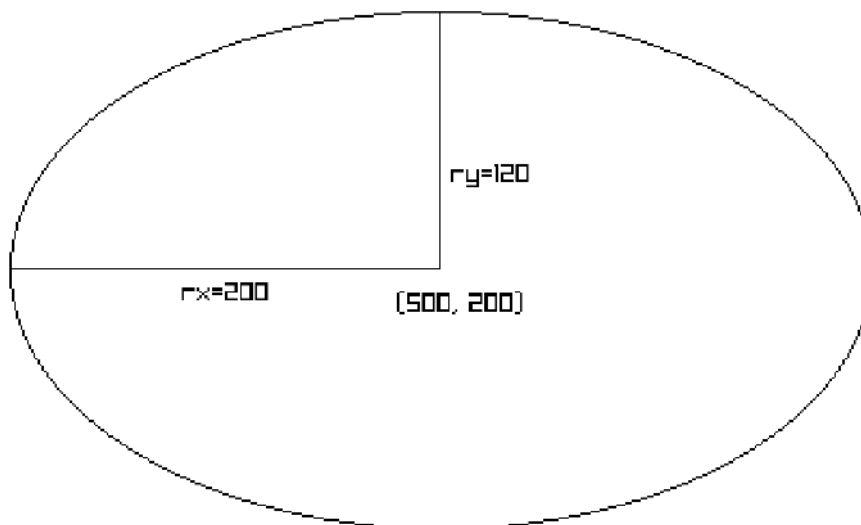
// game loop
while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
    // drawing
    BeginDrawing();

    // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
    ClearBackground(BLACK);
    calc_ellipse((Vector2){.x = 500, .y = 200}, 200, 120);
    DrawLine(500, 200, 300, 200, WHITE);
    DrawLine(500, 200, 500, 80, WHITE);
    DrawText("(500, 200)", 480, 210, 12, WHITE);
    DrawText("ry=120", 505, 150, 12, WHITE);
    DrawText("rx=200", 380, 205, 12, WHITE);

    EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}

```



```

x = 0, y = 12
x = 1, y = 12
x = 2, y = 12
x = 3, y = 12
x = 4, y = 12
x = 5, y = 12
x = 6, y = 11
x = 7, y = 11
x = 8, y = 11
x = 9, y = 11
x = 10, y = 10
x = 11, y = 10
x = 12, y = 10
x = 13, y = 9
x = 14, y = 9
x = 15, y = 8
x = 16, y = 7
x = 17, y = 6
x = 18, y = 5
x = 19, y = 4
x = 19, y = 3
x = 20, y = 2
x = 20, y = 1
x = 20, y = 0

```

Lab 6

Q9. Implement the boundary fill algorithm.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"

bool operator!=(Color a, Color b) {
    return !(a.a == b.a && a.b == b.b && a.r == b.r && a.g == b.g);
}

void fill_4(Image *img, Vector2 seed, Color boundary_color, Color fill_color) {
    // printf("%d %d %d\n", color.r, color.g, color.b);
    Color c = GetImageColor(*img, seed.x, seed.y);
    if (c != boundary_color && c != fill_color) {
        ImageDrawPixel(img, seed.x, seed.y, fill_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y + 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y - 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
    }
}

void fill_8(Image *img, Vector2 seed, Color boundary_color, Color fill_color) {
    // printf("%d %d %d\n", color.r, color.g, color.b);
    Color c = GetImageColor(*img, seed.x, seed.y);
    if (c != boundary_color && c != fill_color) {
        ImageDrawPixel(img, seed.x, seed.y, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y + 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y - 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y + 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y + 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y - 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y - 1}, boundary_color, fill_color);
    }
}

int boundary_fill() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);
}
```

```

// Create the window and OpenGL context
InitWindow(1280, 800, "boundary_fill");

Color BOUNDARY_COLOR = BLACK, FILL_COLOR = GREEN;

Image img = GenImageColor(1280, 800, WHITE);
ImageDrawRectangleLines(
    &img, Rectangle{.x = 20, .y = 20, .width = 100, .height = 100}, 2, BLACK);
ImageDrawCircleLines(&img, 70, 200, 50, BLACK);
ImageDrawText(&img, "4 Fill", 50, 125, 16, BLACK);

fill_4(&img, Vector2{.x = 50, .y = 50}, BOUNDARY_COLOR, FILL_COLOR);
fill_4(&img, Vector2{.x = 70, .y = 200}, BOUNDARY_COLOR, FILL_COLOR);

ImageDrawRectangleLines(
    &img, Rectangle{.x = 200, .y = 20, .width = 100, .height = 100}, 2,
    BLACK);
ImageDrawText(&img, "8 Fill", 225, 125, 16, BLACK);

fill_8(&img, Vector2{.x = 250, .y = 50}, BOUNDARY_COLOR, FILL_COLOR);

Texture2D tex = LoadTextureFromImage(img);
UnloadImage(img);

// game loop
while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
    // drawing
    BeginDrawing();

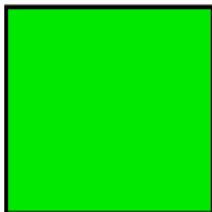
    // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
    ClearBackground(WHITE);

    DrawTexture(tex, 0, 0, WHITE);

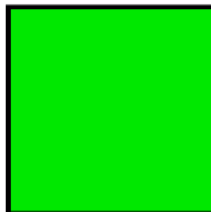
    EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}

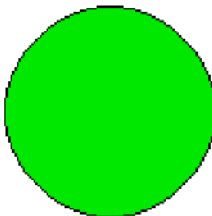
```



4 Fill



8 Fill



Q10. Implement the flood fill algorithm.

Code –

```

#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"

static bool operator==(Color a, Color b) {
    return (a.a == b.a && a.b == b.b && a.r == b.r && a.g == b.g);
}
static bool operator!=(Color a, Color b) {
    return !(a.a == b.a && a.b == b.b && a.r == b.r && a.g == b.g);
}

static void fill_4(Image *img, Vector2 seed, Color fill_color, Color old_color) {
    Color c = GetImageColor(*img, seed.x, seed.y);
    if (c == old_color) {
        ImageDrawPixel(img, seed.x, seed.y, fill_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y + 1}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_4(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y - 1}, fill_color, old_color);
    }
}

static void fill_8(Image *img, Vector2 seed, Color fill_color, Color old_color) {
    // printf("%d %d %d\n", color.r, color.g, color.b);
    Color c = GetImageColor(*img, seed.x, seed.y);
    if (c == old_color) {
        ImageDrawPixel(img, seed.x, seed.y, fill_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y + 1}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x, .y = seed.y - 1}, fill_color, old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y + 1}, fill_color,
            old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y + 1}, fill_color,
            old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x - 1, .y = seed.y - 1}, fill_color,
            old_color);
        fill_8(img, (Vector2){.x = seed.x + 1, .y = seed.y - 1}, fill_color,
            old_color);
    }
}

int flood_fill() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "flood_fill");

    Color FILL_COLOR = BLACK, OLD_COLOR = WHITE;

```

```
Image img = GenImageColor(1280, 800, WHITE);
ImageDrawRectangleLines(
    &img, Rectangle{.x = 20, .y = 170, .width = 100, .height = 100}, 2, BLACK);
ImageDrawCircleLines(&img, 70, 70, 50, BLACK);

fill_4(&img, Vector2{.x = 50, .y = 50}, FILL_COLOR, OLD_COLOR);
fill_4(&img, Vector2{.x = 50, .y = 250}, FILL_COLOR, OLD_COLOR);
ImageDrawText(&img, "4 Fill", 50, 125, 16, BLACK);

ImageDrawRectangleLines(
    &img, Rectangle{.x = 200, .y = 20, .width = 100, .height = 100}, 2,
    BLACK);
ImageDrawText(&img, "8 Fill", 225, 125, 16, BLACK);

fill_8(&img, Vector2{.x = 250, .y = 50}, FILL_COLOR, OLD_COLOR);

Texture2D tex = LoadTextureFromImage(img);
UnloadImage(img);

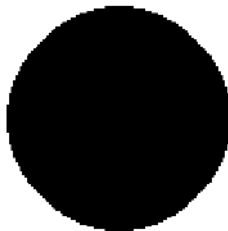
// game loop
while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
    // drawing
    BeginDrawing();

    // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
    ClearBackground(BLACK);

    DrawTexture(tex, 0, 0, WHITE);

    EndDrawing();
}

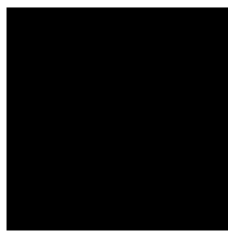
// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}
```



4 Fill



8 Fill



Q11. Implement the point clipping algorithm.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"

void draw_point(Vector2 p, int wxmax, int wxmin, int ymax, int ymin) {
    if (p.y > ymax || p.y < ymin || p.x > wxmax || p.x < wxmin) {
        DrawCircleV(p, 2, RED);
        DrawText("Rejected", p.x+5, p.y-20, 16, BLACK);
        return;
    }
    DrawCircleV(p, 2, BLACK);
}

int point_clipping() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "point_clipping");

    Vector2 point1 = {.x = 105, .y = 105};
    Vector2 point2 = {.x = 50, .y = 50};
    int wxmax = 200, wxmin = 100, ymax = 200, ymin = 100;

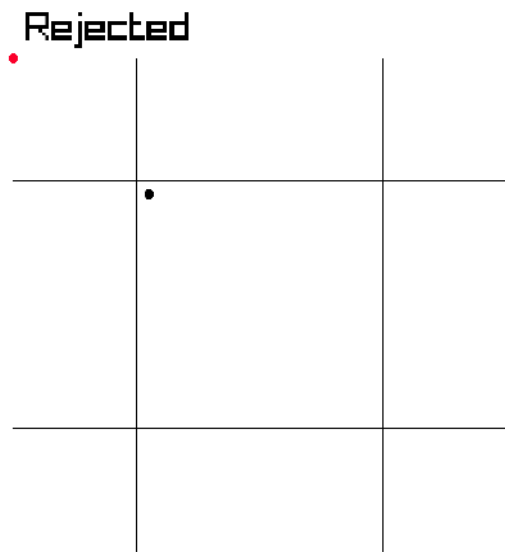
    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
        BeginDrawing();

        // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
        ClearBackground(WHITE);

        DrawLine(wxmin, 50, wxmin, 250, BLACK);
        DrawLine(wxmax, 50, wxmax, 250, BLACK);
        DrawLine(50, ymin, 250, ymin, BLACK);
        DrawLine(50, ymax, 250, ymax, BLACK);
        draw_point(point1, wxmax, wxmin, ymax, ymin);
        draw_point(point2, wxmax, wxmin, ymax, ymin);

        EndDrawing();
    }

    // destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
    CloseWindow();
    return 0;
}
```

Lab 7

Q12. Implement the line clipping algo using Cohen Sutherland method.

Code –

```
#include "apps.h"
#include "raylib.h"
#include <cstdio>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <utility>

#define LEFT 1
#define RIGHT 2
#define BOTTOM 4
#define TOP 8

int get_encoding(Vector2 p, Vector2 topleft, Vector2 bottomright) {
    int encoding = 0;

    if (p.x < topleft.x) {
        encoding |= LEFT;
    }
    if (p.x > bottomright.x) {
        encoding |= RIGHT;
    }
    if (p.y < bottomright.y) {
        encoding |= BOTTOM;
    }
    if (p.y > topleft.y) {
        encoding |= TOP;
    }

    return encoding;
}

void cohen(Vector2 p, Vector2 q, Vector2 topleft, Vector2 bottomright) {
    int encp = get_encoding(p, topleft, bottomright);
    int encq = get_encoding(q, topleft, bottomright);
    // DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);

    if (encp & encq) {
        return;
    }
    if (encq == 0 && encp == 0) {
        DrawCircleV(p, 2, BLACK);
        DrawCircleV(q, 2, BLACK);
        return;
    }

    if (p.x > q.x || encp == 0) {
        Vector2 temp = p;
        p = q;
        q = temp;
        std::swap(encq, encp);
    }
}
```

```
float m = (q.y - p.y) / (q.x - p.x);
if (encp & LEFT) {
    p.y += (topleft.x - p.x) * m;
    p.x = topleft.x;
}
if (encp & RIGHT) {
    p.y += (bottomright.x - p.x) * m;
    p.x = bottomright.x;
}
if (encp & BOTTOM) {
    p.x += (bottomright.y - p.y) / m;
    p.y = bottomright.y;
}
if (encp & TOP) {
    p.x += (topleft.y - p.y) / m;
    p.y = topleft.y;
}

cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);
}

int cohen_sutherland() {
    // Tell the window to use vsync and work on high DPI displays
    SetConfigFlags(FLAG_VSYNC_HINT | FLAG_WINDOW_HIGHDPI);

    // Create the window and OpenGL context
    InitWindow(1280, 800, "cohen_sutherland");

    // game loop
    while (!WindowShouldClose()) {
        // drawing
        BeginDrawing();

        // Setup the back buffer for drawing (clear color and depth buffers)
        ClearBackground(WHITE);

        Vector2 a = {.x = 100, .y = 000};
        Vector2 b = {.x = 100, .y = 400};
        DrawLineV(a, b, BLACK);
        a.x += 300;
        b.x += 300;
        DrawLineV(a, b, BLACK);
        Vector2 c = {.x = 0, .y = 100};
        Vector2 d = {.x = 500, .y = 100};
        DrawLineV(c, d, BLACK);
        c.y += 200;
        d.y += 200;
        DrawLineV(c, d, BLACK);

        Vector2 bottomright = {.x = 400, .y = 100};
        Vector2 topleft = {.x = 100, .y = 300};
        // DrawCircleV(topleft, 2, BLACK);
        // DrawCircleV(bottomright, 2, BLACK);

        Vector2 p = {.x = 45, .y = 200};
        Vector2 q = {.x = 200, .y = 55};
        DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);
        cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);
    }
}
```

```
p = {.x = 75, .y = 200};
q = {.x = 225, .y = 200};
DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);
cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);

p = {.x = 250, .y = 50};
q = {.x = 250, .y = 200};
DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);
cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);

p = {.x = 50, .y = 320};
q = {.x = 200, .y = 320};
DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);
cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);

p = {.x = 50, .y = 275};
q = {.x = 200, .y = 275};
DrawLineV(p, q, BLACK);
cohen(p, q, topleft, bottomright);

EndDrawing();
}

// destroy the window and cleanup the OpenGL context
CloseWindow();
return 0;
}
```

