# ANU COMP3630: Final Exam 2020

May 27, 2022

#### 1 General

For each of the statements below, determine whether it is true or false, and justify your answer in at most two sentences.

- 1. If A is a DFA with n states and it accepts all strings of length < n, then A accepts all strings.
- 2. The language  $L = \{ww|w \text{ is an element of } \{a,b\}^*\}$  is regular.
- 3. For regular expressions r and s, we have that  $L((r|s)^*) \subseteq L(r^*|s^*)$ .
- 4. To derive a string of length n in a grammar in Chomsky normal form, one needs to use exactly 2n 1 productions.
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  5. If P is a PDE where no transition changes the number of symbols on the stack, then the language that P accepts by final state is regular.
- 6. The gramm https://tutorcs.com
- 7. If a language L is the union of two undecidable languages, then L is undecidable itself.
- 8. It is decidable whether Turing machine accepts the empty string.
- 9. Given an example of a language  $L_1$  and a Language  $L_2$  such that
  - $L_1$  is not NP-complete, but  $L_2$  is NP-complete
  - The union of  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  is not NP-complete
  - The intersection of  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  is NP-complete.
- 10. If the language L is in NP, then the complement of L is in PSPACE.

# 2 Finite Automata and Regular Languages (15 credits)

Let L be a regular language. Show that the set of all strings  $w \in L$  that are of odd length is also a regular language. Does the same also hold for the strings of even length?

# 3 Context Free Languages and Pushdown Automata (20 credits)

Consider the language  $L = \{wcx \mid w, x \in \{a,b\}^*, w \neq x\}$  over the alphabet  $\Sigma = \{a,b,c\}$ . Is the language L context free? Either give a proof of L being context free, or a proof of L not being context free.

### 4 Turing Machines and Recursive Languages (15 credits)

A useless state of a deterministic Turing machine M is a state q that the machine never enters on any input. In other words, q is useless if for all strings w, running M on input w never causes the TM to enter state q.

Show that the problem of determining whether a (deterministic) TM M has a useless state is undecidable.

# 5 Complexity (20 credits)

Let TWO be the problem of deciding whether a boolean formula in 3-CNF has at least two different variable assignments under which it evaluates to true.

Show that TWO is NP-complete.

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