

PART 02

LIVE

# पेपर मंथन

## RAJASTHAN APO

# English Grammar

PAPER SOLUTION DATED 25.10.2015

सभी प्रश्नों का पोस्टमार्टम



#Hinglish

By Poonam Sha



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76. He ..... come this evening. (possibility)

- a) Would
- b) Should
- ☒ c) may
- d) will



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may might

Strong possi → must







77. Maggie said that she <sup>V<sub>2</sub></sup> felt ill.

(change to direct speech)

- a) Maggie said, "I will feel ill."
- b) Maggie said, "I shall feel ill."
- c) Maggie said, "I felt ill."
- ☒ d) Maggie said, "I feel ill."

direct → Ind.

V<sub>1</sub> → V<sub>2</sub>







Rv. - 010

78. "You look very beautiful Rani," said Mom.

The correct indirect narration is:

- a) Mom would tell Rani that she looked very beautiful.
- b) Mom told to Rani that she was very beautiful.
- c) Mom tells Rani that she was very beautiful.
- ☒ d) Mom told Rani that she looked very beautiful.

✓







31 Dec 2023

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79. The officer said to him, <sup>to</sup> <sup>imperative</sup> "Don't leave the room."

(change into indirect speech)

- a) The officer asked him that don't leave the room.
- b) The officer told to him to not to leave the room.
- ☒ c) The officer ordered him not to leave the room.
- d) The officer said him to not leave the room.







80. The manager said to me, "Where do you live?" (Change to Indirect speech)

pr. simple  $\rightarrow$  past

- a) ~~The manager asked me where I lived.~~
- b) The manager asked him where did I live?
- c) The manager told me where I lived.
- d) The manager asked me that where I lived.

Inter  $\rightarrow$  Aff







81. The teacher said to the student, "Are you working hard?"  
(change to indirect speech)

if/whether

a) The teacher told the student that you are working hard.

~~b)~~ The teacher asked the student whether he was working hard.

यदि

c) The teacher asked the student weather he was working hard.

→ मौसम

d) The teacher told the student that you are working hard.







82. Which of the following sentences is an example of co-ordination. Choose the correct option.

~~✗ ✗ ✗ ✗~~

(i) I was tired so I went off to sleep.

(ii) He is rich but a miser.

(iii) He left after he had finished the work.

- Sub

(iv) He lives far away from the town. → Sim

a) (ii) and (iii)

b) (iii) and (iv)

~~c) (i) and (ii)~~

d) only (i)







**83. You can co-ordinate independent clauses by using all the following methods except :-**

- a) co-ordinating conjunctions
- b) correlative conjunctions
- c) a semi-colon and a conjunctive adverb
- ~~d) sub-ordinating conjunctions~~







**84. When you co-ordinate independent clauses you should decide which ideas can and should be combined and then:**

- a) Select the method of co-ordination that shows the appropriate relationship between ideas.**
- b) Use the sub-ordinating conjunction that clearly expresses your ideas.**
- c) Add a semi-colon to link ideas**
- d) string together as many ideas.**







**85. Choose the sentence that shows subordination:**

- a) He was both hungry and thirsty.
- ☒ b) Though late he finished the work on time.
- c) His master was a wily person.
- d) He is clever but lazy.

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**86. Which sentence is an example of sub-ordination.**

- a) He is neither rich nor generous.
- ☒ b) When you dance you move your body and feet together.
- c) This is likely to hurt or harm you.
- d) Danish is the language spoken in Denmark.







**87. Choose the correctly co-ordinated sentence.**

a) He is happy nor rich.

b) His father as well as he are poor.

~~c) Either you obey the rules or face the consequences.~~

d) But you must do it.

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**88. Let it be done.**

**(Change the sentence from passive to active)**

- ☒ a) Do it.
- b) You are ordered to do it.
- c) It should be done.
- d) You have to do it.

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V + obj  
do - it







89. She broke two of my dinner plates. (Change the sentence into passive)

- a) My dinner plates two broken by her.
- b) Two of my dinner plates were broken by her.
- c) Two of my dinner plates have been broken by her.
- d) My dinner plates two of them were broken.







90. It was done by him. In passive voice the underlined word is called the:

- ☒ a) agent
- b) object
- c) preposition
- d) conjunction



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91. One should keep one's promises.



(Change the sentence from active to passive)

- a) Promises should be kept.
- b) Promises ought to be keep.
- c) One's promises should keep.
- d) none of these.







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92. They <sup>✓2 → was/were + ✓3</sup> objected to my proposal.

(Change the sentence from active to passive)

- a) My proposal was objected by them.
- b) My proposal has been objected by them.
- ✓ c) My proposal was objected to by them.
- d) My proposal had been objected by them







## 93. Ad hoc means:

नट २५

- a) For general purpose
- ☒ b) For specific purpose
- c) Without any purpose
- d) To add on to a document

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**94. Accomplice means:**

सह-अपराधी

- a) A companion
- b) One who accompanies
- ☒ c) Partner in a crime
- d) one who accomplishes







## 95. Acquittal means:

दोषमुक्त

a) A verdict of 'guilty' (दोषी) ⇒ conviction दोषसिद्धी

b) An offensive speech

c) To charge with criminal offense

✓ d) A verdict of 'not guilty'

(निर्दोष)







## 96. Caveator means:

- ☒ a) A party who files a caveat.
- b) A party who accepts a caveat.
- c) A party who opposes a caveat.
- d) All of these

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FOR ALL JUDICIAL ASPIRANTS



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RJS|APO

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#Judiciary

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**97. Prime facie means:**

प्रथम दृष्टया

- a) The final decision
- b) Of prime importance
- ✓ c) At first sight
- d) At the end



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## 98. Statute means:

- a) ~~a~~ Codified Law
- b) Guidelines
- c) A temporary arrangement
- d) Statues



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**99. Subjudice means:**

न्यायिक विचारण में

a) Under the guidance

☒ b) under judicial consideration

c) As per rules

d) Out of grace



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## 100. Ex-parte means:

एक पक्षीय

\* Delete

- a) In the absence of the Interested party.
- b) In the absence of the opposite party.
- c) In the presence of the opposite party.
- d) In the presence of the interested party.

X either of one side





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