



Windows App SDK















Badge Notifications

Badge Notifications shows how you can use **BadgeNotification** with the **Windows App SDK**. This allows you to display different **Badges** on the **Icon** for your Application in the **Taskbar** of **Windows**.

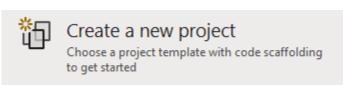
Step 1

Follow **Setup and Start** on how to get **Setup** and **Install** what you need for **Visual Studio 2022** and **Windows App SDK**.

In **Windows 11** choose **Start** and then find or search for **Visual Studio 2022** and then select it.



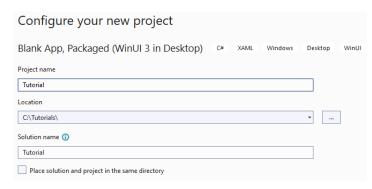
Once **Visual Studio 2022** has started select **Create a new project**.



Then choose the **Blank App, Packages (WinUI in Desktop)** and then select **Next**.



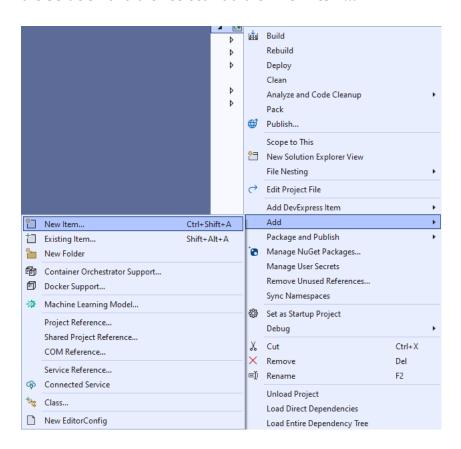
After that in **Configure your new project** type in the **Project name** as *BadgeNotifications*, then select a Location and then select **Create** to start a new **Solution**.





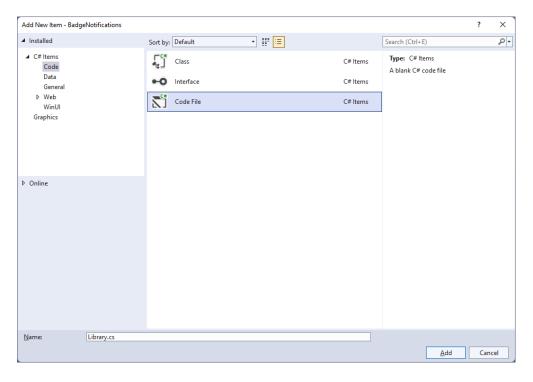


Then in **Visual Studio** within **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution**, right click on the **Project** shown below the **Solution** and then select **Add** then **New Item...**



Step 3

Then in **Add New Item** from the **C# Items** list, select **Code** and then select **Code File** from the list next to this, then type in the name of *Library.cs* and then **Click** on **Add**.











You will now be in the **View** for the **Code** of *Library.cs*, within this type the following **Code**:

```
using Microsoft.UI.Xaml.Controls;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using Windows.Data.Xml.Dom;
using Windows.UI.Notifications;
internal class Library
{
    public List<string> Options => new()
    {
        "number", "activity", "alarm", "attention", "available", "away",
        "busy", "error", "newMessage", "paused", "playing", "unavailable"
    };
    public void SetBadge(ComboBox options, TextBox number)
        var selected = options.SelectedValue as string;
        var result = selected == "number" ? number.Text : selected;
        XmlDocument badge = BadgeUpdateManager.GetTemplateContent(
        int.TryParse(result, out _) ?
            BadgeTemplateType.BadgeNumber :
            BadgeTemplateType.BadgeGlyph);
        XmlNodeList attributes = badge.GetElementsByTagName("badge");
        attributes[0].Attributes.GetNamedItem("value").NodeValue = result;
        BadgeNotification notification = new(badge);
        BadgeUpdateManager.CreateBadgeUpdaterForApplication().Update(notification);
    }
    public void ClearBadge()
        BadgeUpdateManager.CreateBadgeUpdaterForApplication().Clear();
    }
}
```

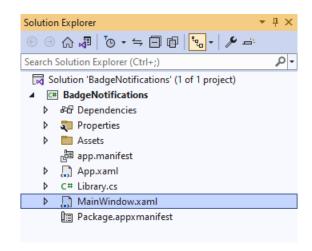
The Class that has been defined in Library.cs has a Property for Options, with the exception number these are all the different types of Glyph that can be shown for a BadgeNotification. Then there is a Method of SetBadge which will get the SelectedValue of a ComboBox passed in. To get the Value to use, if the selected option was number then it should use the contents of a TextBox passed in, which is the Property for Text along with the BadgeTemplateType.BadgeNumber or it should use the one for BadgeTemplateType.BadgeGlyph. The lines to do this use a value that is a bool before? which if true, the value after? will be used, if false the value after: will be used, these together are Conditional Operators. There is some code to build up the elements of the Badge Notification using XML which is needed to create the BadgeNotification and then this is used with the BadgeUpdateManager. The other Method is used to Clear the BadgeNotification using with the BadgeUpdateManager.







Then from **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution** double-click on **MainWindow.xaml** to see the **XAML** for the **Main Window**.



Step 6

In the **XAML** for **MainWindow.xaml** there be some **XAML** for a **StackPane1**, this should be **Removed** by removing the following:

Step 7

While still in the XAML for MainWindow.xaml above </Window>, type in the following XAML:

```
<Grid>
    <Grid.RowDefinitions>
        <RowDefinition Height="Auto"/>
        <RowDefinition Height="*"/>
        <RowDefinition Height="Auto"/>
    </Grid.RowDefinitions>
    <StackPanel Grid.Row="0" Margin="25">
        <ComboBox Margin="5" Name="Options"</pre>
        HorizontalAlignment="Stretch"/>
        <TextBox Margin="5" PlaceholderText="Number"
        Name="Number" HorizontalAlignment="Stretch"/>
    </StackPanel>
    <CommandBar Grid.Row="3" VerticalAlignment="Bottom">
        <AppBarButton Icon="Accept" Label="Accept" Click="Accept_Click"/>
        <AppBarButton Icon="Cancel" Label="Clear" Click="Clear_Click"/>
    </CommandBar>
</Grid>
```

This **XAML** features a **Grid** with a **StackPanel** for the **ComboBox** and **TextBox** along with an **AppBarButton** to set or clear the **BadgeNotification** depending on which one was **Clicked**.

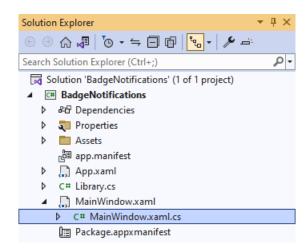








Then, within **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution** select the arrow next to **MainWindow.xaml** then double-click on **MainWindow.xaml.cs** to see the **Code** for the **Main Window**.



Step 9

In the **Code** for **MainWindow.xaml.cs** there be a **Method** of **myButton_Click(...)** this should be **Removed** by removing the following:

```
private void myButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    myButton.Content = "Clicked";
}
```

Step 10

Once myButton_Click(...) has been removed, type in the following Code below the end of the Constructor of public MainWindow() { ... }:

```
private readonly Library _library = new();

private void Accept_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    _library.SetBadge(Options, Number);
}

private void Clear_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    _library.ClearBadge();
}
```

The **Methods** of **Accept_Click** and **Clear_Click** will call the **Methods** within *Library.cs* of **SetBadge** and **ClearBadge** respectively from an **Instance** of **Library** called **_library** created with **new()**.







While still in the **Code** for **MainWindow.xaml.cs** within the **Constructor** of **public MainWindow()** { ... } and below the line of **this.InitializeComponent()**; type in the following **Code**:

```
Options.ItemsSource = _library.Options;
Options.SelectedIndex = 0;
```

The **Constructor** of **public MainWindow()** { ... } should look like the following:

```
public MainWindow()
{
    this.InitializeComponent();
    Options.ItemsSource = _library.Options;
    Options.SelectedIndex = 0;
}
```

These set up the **Properties** for the **ComboBox** for **ItemsSource** to the list of **Options** from **Library** and for **SelectedIndex** to the first index which is **0** to select the first item.

Step 12

That completes the **Windows App SDK**Application. In **Visual Studio 2022** from the **Toolbar** select **BadgeNotifications (Package)**to **Start** the Application.

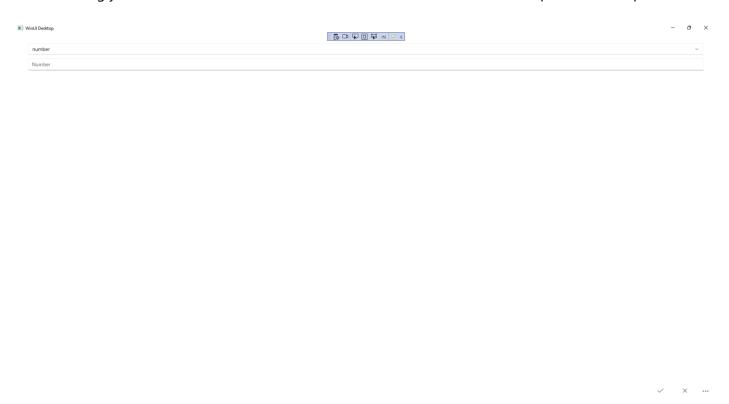








Once running you should see the **ComboBox**, **TextBox** and **CommandBar** with *Accept* and *Clear* options.



Step 14

You can select a value from the ComboBox and then use Accept to see this on a Badge on the Icon for the Application in the **Taskbar** for example select number then enter a number or use *Clear* to reset the **Badge**.









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To **Exit** the **Windows App SDK** Application, select the **Close** button from the top right of the Application as that concludes this **Tutorial** for **Windows App SDK** from <u>tutorialr.com!</u>





