Syntax

Natural Language Processing and Information Extraction, 2024WS

Lecture 6, 11/29/2024

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This material can be downloaded from

https://github.com/tuw-nlp-ie/tuw-nlp-ie-2023WS (https://github.com/tuw-nlp-ie/tuw-nlp-ie-2024WS)

Topics and SLP3 chapters

- Parts-of-speech: Chapter 17 (https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/17.pdf)
- Constituency: Chapter 18 (https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/18.pdf)
- Dependency: Chapter 19 (https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/19.pdf)

Dependencies

To run this notebook, you will need to install the **stanza** and **spacy** python packages.

Make sure to restart the kernel afterwards.

Then you can use the cells below to download and initialize the necessary models.



```
In [1]: import stanza
    stanza.download('en')
    stanza_nlp = stanza.Pipeline(lang='en', logging_level='WARNING')

2024-11-28 15:57:14 INFO: Downloading default packages for language: en (Engli sh) ...

2024-11-28 15:57:15 INFO: File exists: /home/recski/stanza_resources/en/defaul t.zip
    2024-11-28 15:57:20 INFO: Finished downloading models and saved to /home/recski/stanza_resources.
```

```
In [2]: import spacy
    from spacy.cli import download as spacy_download
    spacy_download('en_core_web_sm')
    spacy_nlp = spacy.load("en_core_web_sm")
```

Requirement already satisfied: en-core-web-sm==3.7.1 from https://github.com/e xplosion/spacy-models/releases/download/en_core_web_sm-3.7.1/en_core_web_sm-3.7.1-py3-none-any.whl in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (3.7.1)

Requirement already satisfied: spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2 in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.7.2)

Requirement already satisfied: spacy-legacy<3.1.0,>=3.0.11 in /home/recski/min iconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.0.12)

Requirement already satisfied: jinja2 in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp_cour se/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7. 1) (3.0.3)

Requirement already satisfied: spacy-loggers<2.0.0,>=1.0.0 in /home/recski/min iconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (1.0.1)

Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions<4.5.0,>=3.7.4.1; python_versi on < "3.8" in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packa ges (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.10.0.2)

Requirement already satisfied: typer<0.10.0,>=0.3.0 in /home/recski/miniconda $3/\text{envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages}$ (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-co re-web-sm==3.7.1) (0.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: catalogue<2.1.0,>=2.0.6 in /home/recski/minicon da3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.0.6)

Requirement already satisfied: cymem<2.1.0,>=2.0.2 in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.0.3)

Requirement already satisfied: requests<3.0.0,>=2.13.0 in /home/recski/minicon da3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.31.0)

Requirement already satisfied: murmurhash<1.1.0,>=0.28.0 in /home/recski/minic onda3/envs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->e n-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (1.0.2)

Requirement already satisfied: srsly<3.0.0,>=2.4.3 in /home/recski/miniconda3/

```
envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core
-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: langcodes<4.0.0,>=3.2.0 in /home/recski/minicon
da3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-
core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.3.0)
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3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-co
re-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: smart-open<7.0.0,>=5.2.1 in /home/recski/minico
nda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en
-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (5.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp
course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==
3.7.1) (50.3.0.post20201006)
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic!=1.8,!=1.8.1,<3.0.0,>=1.7.4 in /home/r
ecski/miniconda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.
0, >=3.7.2 -> en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (1.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: wasabi<1.2.0,>=0.9.1 in /home/recski/miniconda
3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-co
re-web-sm==3.7.1) (1.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: weasel<0.4.0,>=0.1.0 in /home/recski/miniconda
3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-co
re-web-sm==3.7.1) (0.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15.0; python version < "3.9" in /home/
recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.
0, >=3.7.2 -> en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (1.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /home/recski/miniconda3/env
s/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-we
b-sm==3.7.1) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: tgdm<5.0.0,>=4.38.0 in /home/recski/miniconda3/
envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core
-web-sm==3.7.1) (4.50.2)
Requirement already satisfied: thinc<8.3.0,>=8.1.8 in /home/recski/miniconda3/
envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core
-web-sm==3.7.1) (8.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in /home/recski/miniconda3/env
```

```
s/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jinja2->spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en
-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click<9.0.0,>=7.1.1 in /home/recski/miniconda3/
envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from typer<0.10.0,>=0.3.0->spacy
3.8.0, >= 3.7.2 -> en-core-web-sm== 3.7.1) (7.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5; python version < "3.8" in /home/recs
ki/miniconda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from catalogue<2.1.
0, \ge 2.0.6 - \text{spacy} < 3.8.0, \ge 3.7.2 - \text{sen-core-web-sm} = 3.7.1) (3.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nl
p course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests<3.0.0,>=2.13.0->spacy<3.8.
0.>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /home/recski/minico
nda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from reguests<3.0.0,>=2.13.0
->spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (3.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /home/recski/miniconda3/e
nvs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests<3.0.0,>=2.13.0->spac
y<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2023.7.22)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /home/recski/miniconda3/e
nvs/nlp_course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests<3.0.0,>=2.13.0->spac
y<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (2.0.5)
Requirement already satisfied: cloudpathlib<0.16.0,>=0.7.0 in /home/recski/min
iconda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from weasel<0.4.0,>=0.1.0
->spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (0.15.1)
Requirement already satisfied: confection<0.2.0,>=0.0.4 in /home/recski/minico
nda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from weasel<0.4.0,>=0.1.0->s
pacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (0.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /home/recski/minico
nda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from packaging>=20.0->spacy<
3.8.0, >= 3.7.2 -> en-core-web-sm== 3.7.1) (3.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: blis<0.8.0,>=0.7.8 in /home/recski/miniconda3/e
nvs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from thinc<8.3.0,>=8.1.8->spacy<3.
8.0, >=3.7.2 -> en-core-web-sm==3.7.1) (0.7.11)
Requirement already satisfied: importlib metadata; python version < "3.8" in /
home/recski/miniconda3/envs/nlp course/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from cloud
pathlib<0.16.0,>=0.7.0->weasel<0.4.0,>=0.1.0->spacy<3.8.0,>=3.7.2->en-core-web
-sm==3.7.1) (4.11.3)
```

```
✓ Download and installation successful
You can now load the package via spacy.load('en_core_web_sm')
```

Recap

Tokenization, lemmatization, decompounding

What's next?

Twas brillig, and the slithy toves Did gyre and gimble in the wabe; All mimsy were the borogoves, And the mome raths outgrabe.

(Lewis Carroll: Jabberwocky (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jabberwocky))

Es brillig war. Die schlichten Toven Wirrten und wimmelten in Waben; Und aller-mümsige Burggoven Die mohmen Räth' ausgraben.

(Translated by Robert Scott)

They don't make much sense, but how come they make any?

Part-of-speech (POS)

```
In [4]:
         print("\n".join([f"{word.text:<8}\t{word.pos}" for word in doc.sentences[0].wor</pre>
         ds]))
         Did
                          AUX
                          PRON
         you
         get
                          VERB
         me
                          PRON
         those
                          DET
         muffins
                          NOUN
                          PUNCT
In [5]:
         print("\n".join([f"{word.text:<8}\t{word.xpos}" for word in doc.sentences[0].wo</pre>
         rds]))
         Did
                          VBD
                          PRP
         you
                          VB
         get
                          PRP
         me
         those
                          DT
         muffins
                          NNS
```

POS-tags are morphosyntactic categories

Word	<u>UPOS</u> (https://universaldependencies.org/u/pos/)		PTB (https://www.ling.upenn.edu/courses/Fall_2003/ling001/penn_treebank_pos.html)
Did	AUX	auxiliary	VBD
you	PRON	pronoun	PRP
get	VERB	verb	VB
me	PRON	pronoun	PRP
those	DET	determiner	DT
muffins	NOUN	noun	NNS
?	PUNCT	punctuation	•

There's always more morphosyntactic features to consider:

```
In [6]:
        print("\n".join([f"{word.text:<8}\t{word.pos:<8}\t{word.feats}" for word in do</pre>
         c.sentences[0].words]))
                                          Mood=Ind|Number=Sing|Person=2|Tense=Past|VerbF
        Did
                         AUX
        orm=Fin
                                          Case=Nom|Person=2|PronType=Prs
                         PRON
        you
                                          VerbForm=Inf
                         VERB
        get
                                          Case=Acc|Number=Sing|Person=1|PronType=Prs
        me
                         PRON
                                          Number=Plur|PronType=Dem
                         DET
        those
                                          Number=Plur
        muffins
                         NOUN
                         PUNCT
                                          None
```

Difficulties of POS-tagging

earnings growth took a **back/JJ** seat

a small building in the back/NN

a clear majority of senators back/VBP the bill

Dave began to **back/VB** toward the door

enable the country to buy **back/RP** debt

I was twenty-one **back/RB** then

Chapter 17 (https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/17.pdf)

Why not implement grammar?

- grammar and vocabulary change too fast
- resolving ambiguities requires probabilistic reasoning

Time	flies	like	an	arrow
NOUN	VERB	ADP	DET	NOUN
Time	flies	like	an	arrow
VERB	NOUN	ADP	DET	NOUN
Time	flies	like	an	arrow
NOUN	NOUN	VERB	DET	NOUN

BTW: the second one can still have three interpretations - can you think of all of them (without googling)?

Questions?

See the supplementary material in 06b_POS_tagging_HMMs.ipynb on POS-tagging with Hidden Markov Models

Syntactic structure

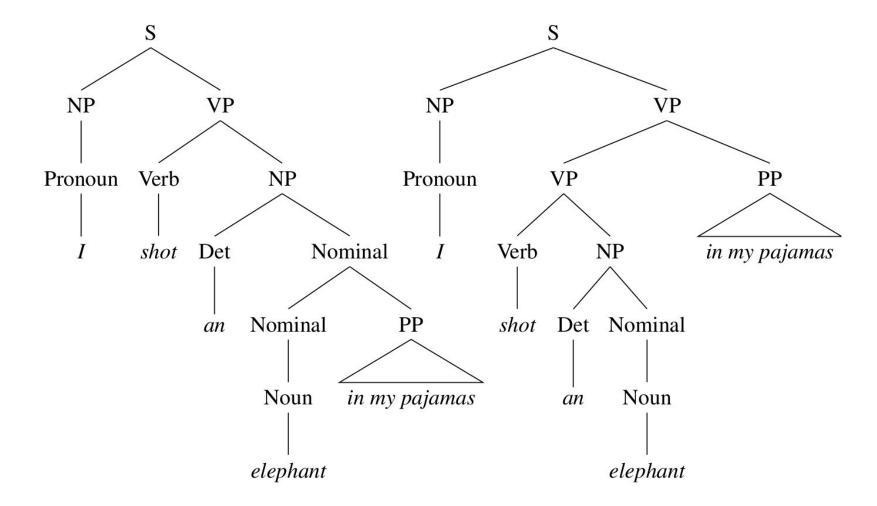
Two perspectives

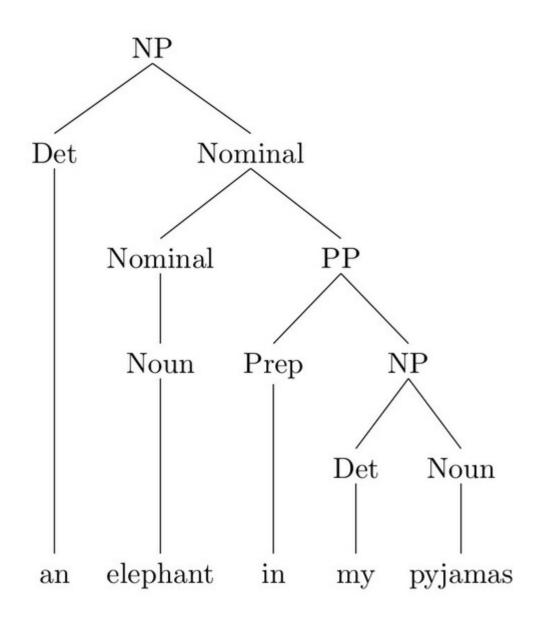
- Constituency structure
- Dependency structure

Constituency

I shot an elephant in my pyjamas

```
In [7]: | doc = stanza_nlp("I shot an elephant in my pyjamas")
         print("\n".join([f"{word.text:<12}{word.pos}" for word in doc.sentences[0].word</pre>
         s]))
         Ι
                      PRON
         shot
                     VERB
                     DET
         an
                     NOUN
         elephant
                     ADP
         in
                     PRON
         my
         pyjamas
                     NOUN
```





```
(NP
   (DET an)
   (Nominal
      (Nominal
        (NOUN elephant)
   (PP
      (PREP in)
      (NP
        (DET my)
        (NOUN pyjamas)
```

NP, PP, etc. are distributional categories. Just like POS-tags!

(DET an) (NOUN elephant) (PREP in) (DET my) (NOUN pyjamas)

(DET two) (NOUN pandas) (PREP behind) (DET his) (NOUN tent)

(NP I) (VERB shot) (NP an elephant) (PP in my pyjamas)

(NP My best friend) (VERB met) (NP two pandas) (PP behind his tent)

(NP I) (VP shot an elephant in my pyjamas)

(NP The guy driving the jeep) (VP fainted)

Phrase structure grammars

```
S -> NP VP
VP -> VERB (NP)
NP -> (DET) NOUN (PP)
PP -> PREP NP
(...)
DET -> (an|the|my|his|...)
VERB -> (shot|met|fainted...)
PREP -> (in|behind|...)
NOUN -> (I|elephant|pyjamas|panda|tent|jeep|guy|...)
```

Probabilistic grammars

```
NOUN -> I (0.8)
NOUN -> elephant (0.1)
(...)
VP -> VERB (0.2)
VP -> VERB NP (0.8)
```

Constituency parsing

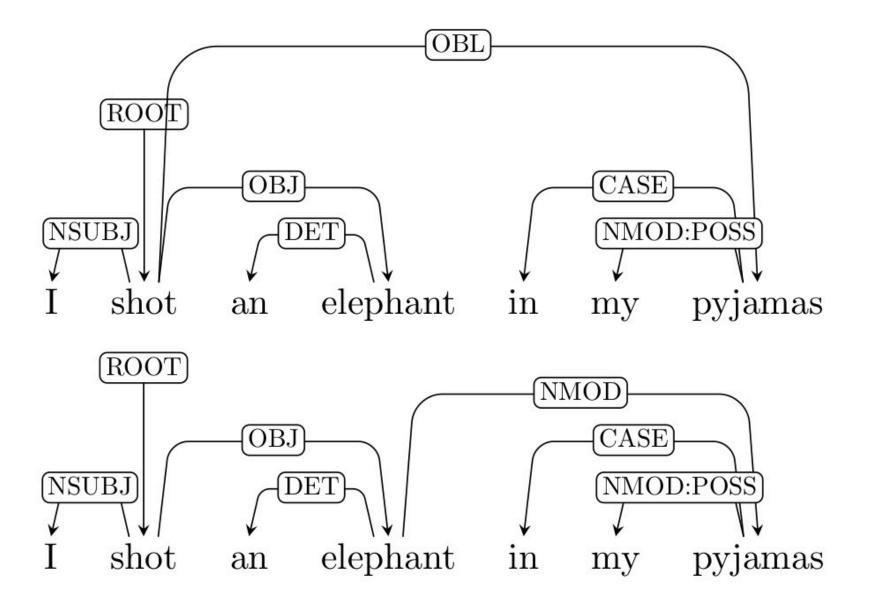
Parsing is the task of determining the (most likely) possible derivations of a sentence, given a (probabilistic) grammar

The CKY algorithm

See example in cky.pdf (cky.pdf)

Questions?

Dependency structure



• NSUBJ: nominal subject

• **OBJ**: object

• **DET**: determiner

• **OBL**: oblique nominal

• NMOD: nominal modifier

• **POSS**: possessive

```
In [8]:
        doc = stanza_nlp("I shot an elephant in my pyjamas")
         print("\n".join([f"{word.id:<4}{word.text:<12}{word.deprel:<12}{word.head:<8}"</pre>
         for word in doc.sentences[0].words]))
                         nsubj
                         root
                                     0
            shot
                         det
            an
            elephant
                         obj
            in
                         case
            my
                         nmod:poss
                                     2
            pyjamas
                         obl
```

Dependency parsing - approaches

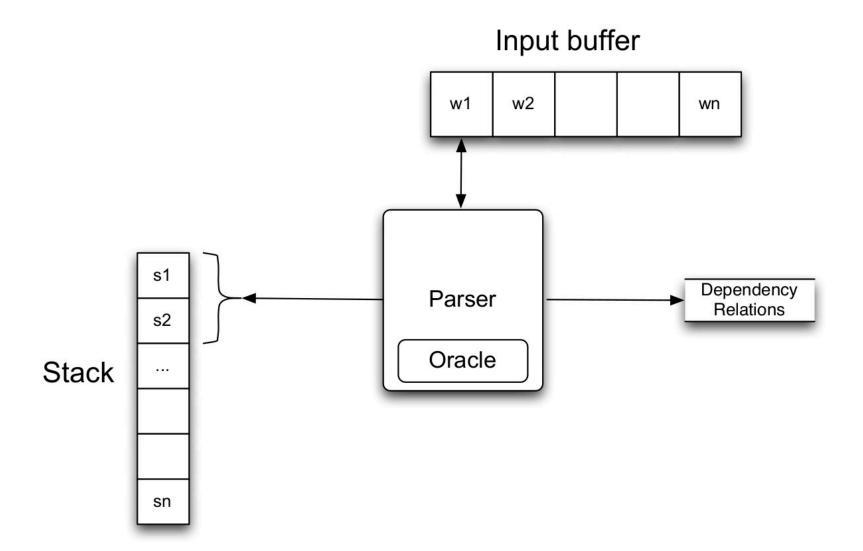
Arc-factored parsing

- model the likelihood of edges
- e.g. how likely is nmod(elephant, pyjamas)?
- find the dependency graph with the most likely edges

Transition-based parsing

- build dependency graphs by adding one word at a time
- model the likelihood of possible next steps
- e.g. should I attach pyjamas to elephant or shot?

Shift-reduce parsing



Shift-reduce parsing

- transition-based approach
- processes words one-by-one, in linear order, no backtracking
- for each word, choose between:
 - **shift**: push the next word on the **stack**
 - reduce: add a dependency edge between the top two words on the stack, and remove the dependent.

Shift-reduce example

See shiftreduce.pdf)

A historical note on the two perspectives

Constituency structure

- Origins in structural linguistics (F. de Saussure, 1900s and later L. Bloomfield, 1930s)
- (The basic ideas actually date back to **Pāṇini** (~500 BCE))
- Application of **formal language theory** (e.g. PS grammars) in 1950s (N. Chomsky)
- Remains the mainstream perspective in theoretical linguistics (known as generative grammar)

Dependency structure

- Origins in Dependency grammar (Tesnière, 1950s)
- (The basic ideas actually date back to Pāṇini (~500 BCE))
- Widespread use in NLP

Questions?