

Component: Data Elasticity Management Processes Generator

1. Objective

This document describes the interfaces and inputs for the component Data Elasticity Management Processes Generator (DEP generator). The DEP generator is put here <https://github.com/tuwiendsg/EPICS/blob/master/depic/depic-dep-generator/src/main/java/at/ac/tuwien/dsg/depic/process/generator/DataElasticityManagementProcessesGenerator.java>

2. Interfaces

The DEP generator requires 3 inputs including a data analytics function (daf), a quality of result (qor) and a primitive action metadata (pam). While the daf and the qor are inputs of the constructor, the pam is loaded from its database.

```
Public DataElasticityManagementProcessesGenerator(  
    DataAnalyticsFunction daf, QorModel qorModel) {  
    this.daf = daf;  
    this.qorModel = qorModel;  
    config();  
}
```

3. Inputs

a. Quality of Results (QoR)

The presentation of the QoR model includes a set of metrics, a set of QoR elements (qElement) and a form of data asset. Fig. 1 shows the class diagram of QoR model. The class **QorModel** has:

- A **listOfMetrics** measures quality of data assets. Each metric can be accessed/adjusted by primitive actions.
- A **listOfQElements**: A qElement is defined as a set of conditions established based on these metrics in specific ranges and a specific price for a data asset.
- A **dataAssetForm**: The form of data assets indicates the format of the output asset (e.g., comma- separated values or a bar chart) resulted from DAF.

Figure 2 presents an example and its explanations.

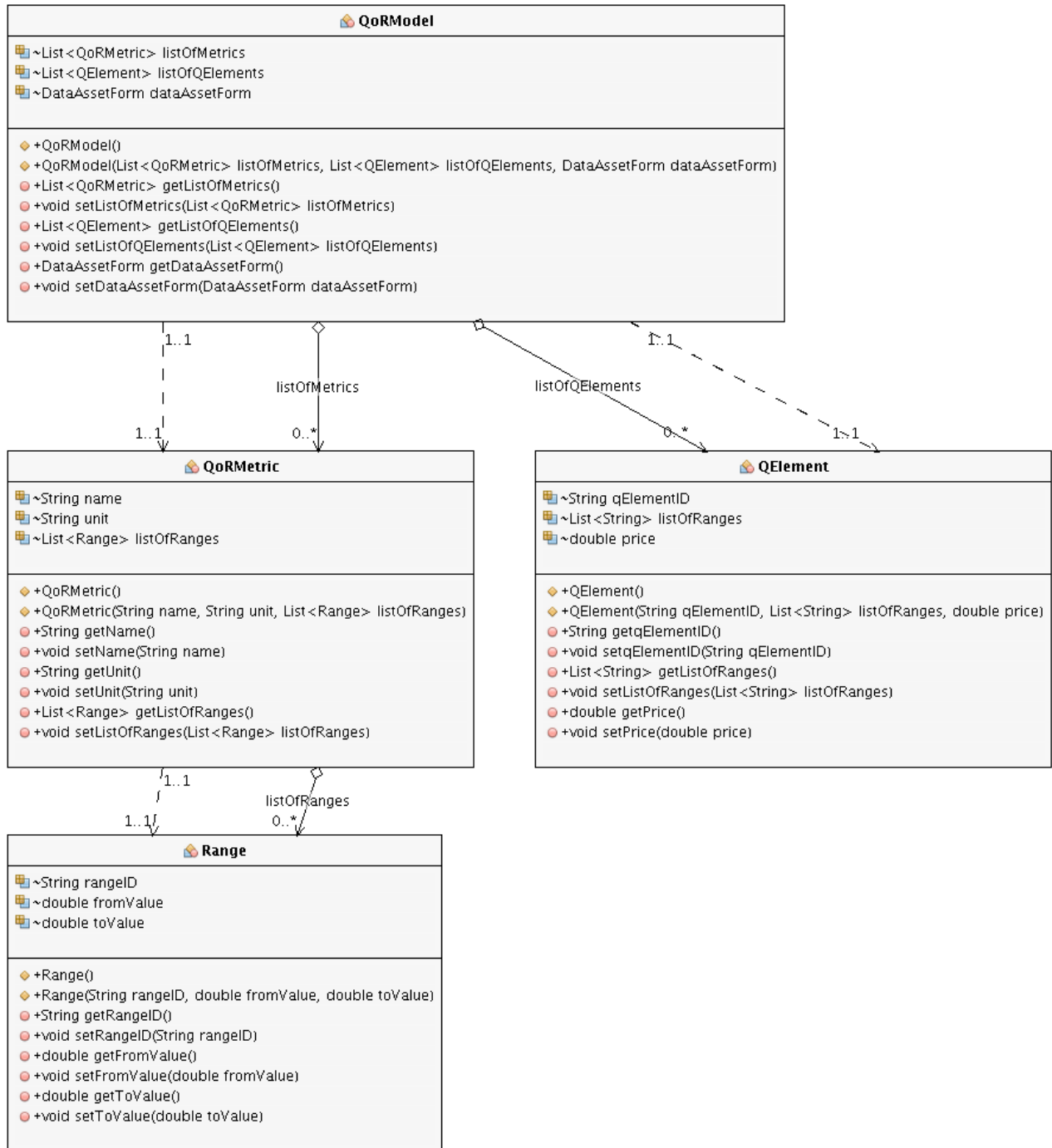


Figure 1: Class diagram of QoR Model

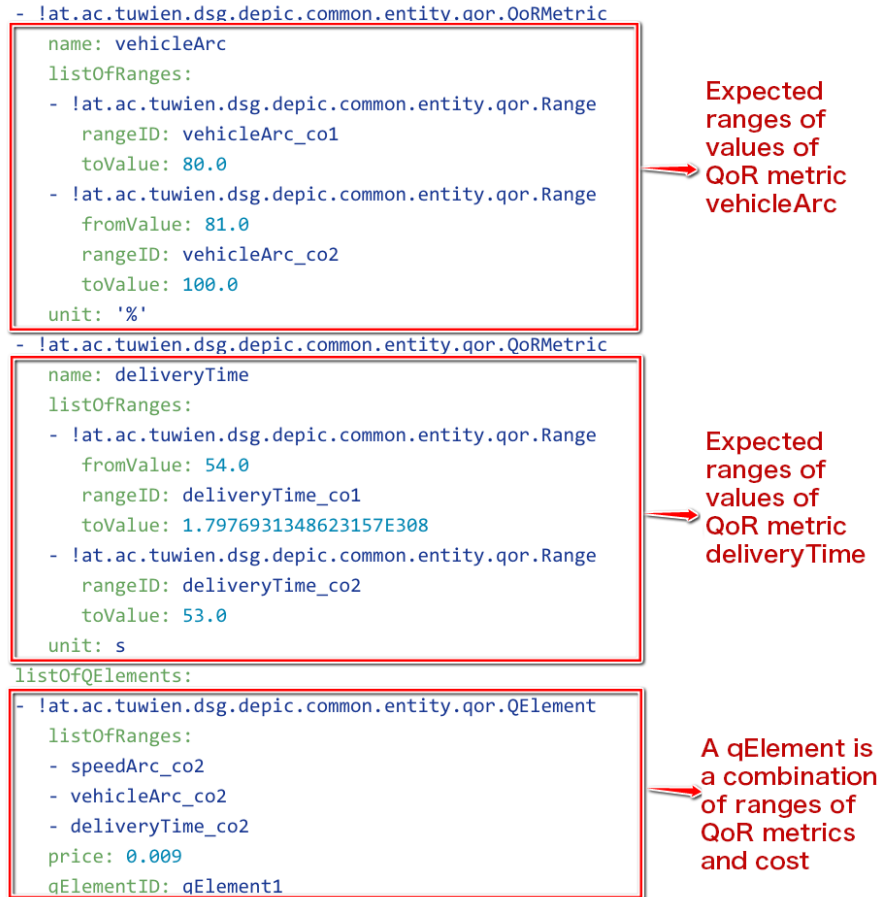


Figure 2: An example of QoR

b. Data Analytics Function (DAF)

For provisioning data assets from the data sources, each data asset can be characterized by a data analytics function (DAF). The DaaS provider can provision data assets they want to sell by defining the function $f_{\text{dataAsset}}$.

Fig. 3 presents the class diagram of a data analytic function. The class `DataAnalyticsFunction` has:

- **name:** name of DAF
- **dataAssetForm:** form of data asset resulted from this DAF
- **dbType:** type of database is used to store data asset temporarily
- **daw:** this is the specification of DAF

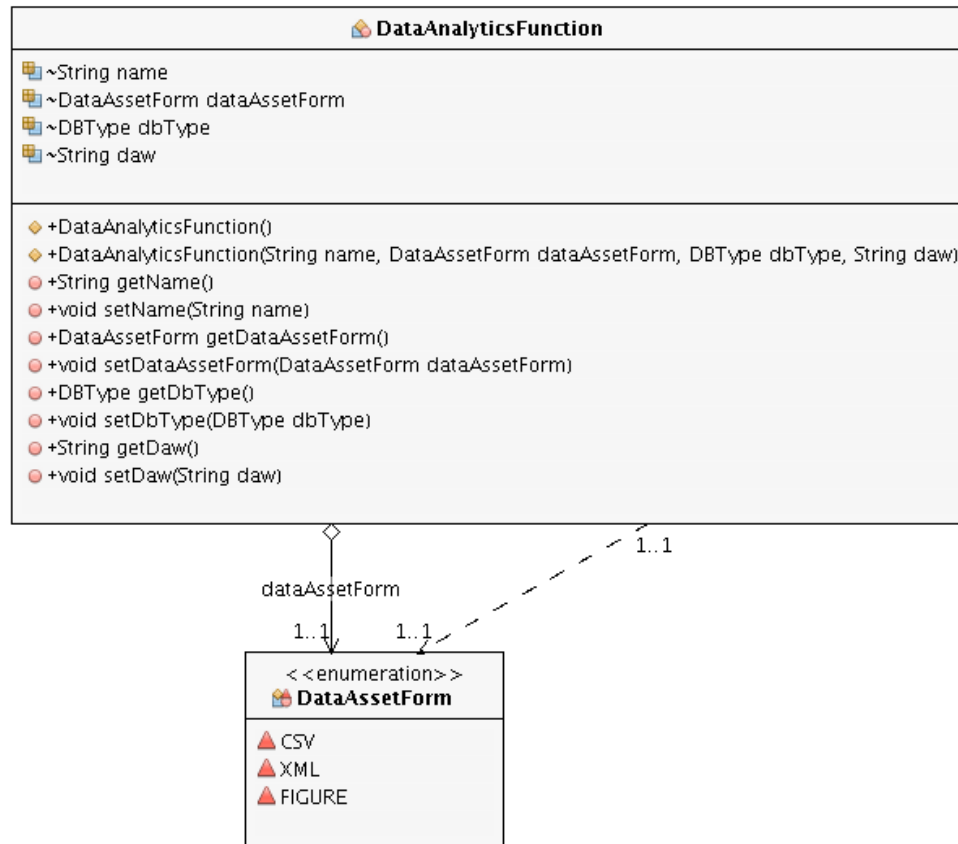


Figure 3: Class diagram of data analytics function

Fig. 4 presents an example of DAF. This DAF is a workflow of sequential activities, which are reading streaming GPS data, clustering vehicle location, estimating the average speed of vehicles in each cluster and outputting data in the form of comma-separated values (csv). Fig. 5 presents annotated information of analytic tasks in this DAF.

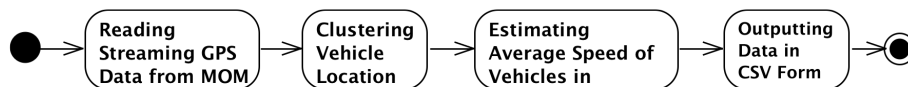
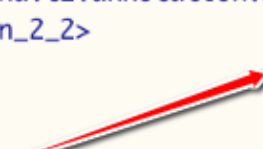


Figure 4: An example of data analytics function

```
        </net.sf.taverna.t2.annotation.AnnotationAssertionImpl>
      </annotationAssertions>
    </net.sf.taverna.t2.annotation.AnnotationChainImpl>
  </annotation_chain_2_2>
</annotations>
</dataflow>
<depic>
  <AnalyticTask>
    <taskName>kmeans</taskName>
    <parameters>
      <parameterName>stopCondition</parameterName>
      <type>int</type>
      <value>5</value>
    </parameters>
  </AnalyticTask>
</depic>
```



annotated information
of analytic tasks in daf

Figure 5: Annotated information of analytics task in DAF

c. Primitive Action Metadata

The document describing primitive action metadata is put here
<https://github.com/tuwiendsg/EPICS/blob/master/depic/docs/pamDocs.pdf>