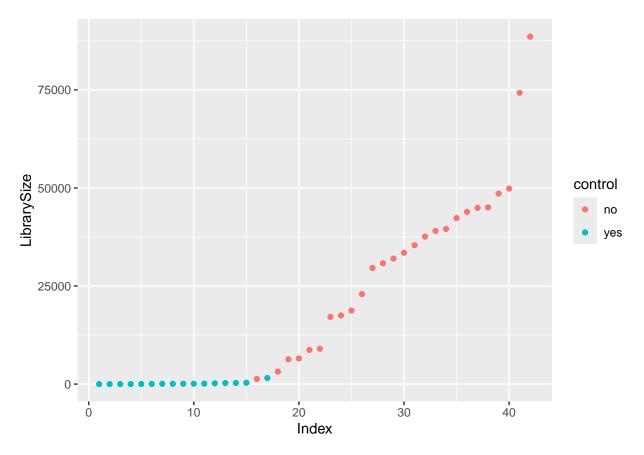
# PhyloseqMRAManuscript

## Tricia

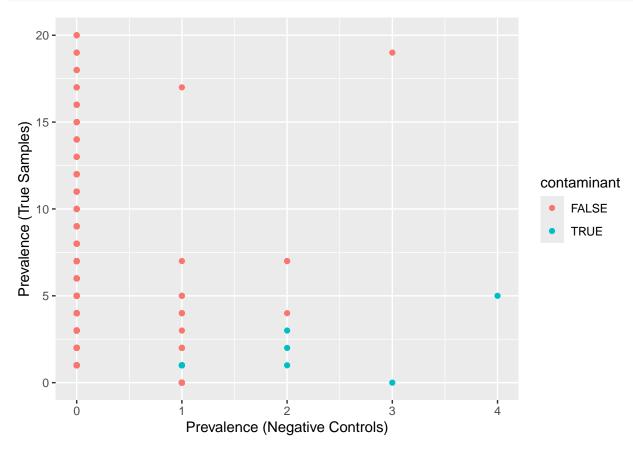
#### 2024-05-25

```
##Load required packages
library(ggplot2)
library(phyloseq)
library(vegan)
library(dplyr)
library(plyr)
library(decontam)
library(ANCOMBC) #differential taxa expression
library(MicEco) #psvenn
library(BiMiCo) #rmnonbac
library(ggpubr) #statcomparemeans
##Load taxa and seqtab files to start here
load("RData/taxa.RData")
load("RData/seqtab.nochim.RData")
##import metadata
metadata<-read.csv("metadata.csv", header=TRUE, row.names = 1)</pre>
##Create phyloseq object
#make sure the seqtab.nochim and taxa objects are loaded
physeq <- phyloseq(otu_table(seqtab.nochim, taxa_are_rows=FALSE),</pre>
               sample data(metadata),
               tax_table(taxa))
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table: [ 7525 taxa and 42 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 42 samples by 6 sample variables ]
## tax_table()
                 Taxonomy Table: [ 7525 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
##inspect library sizes
df <- as.data.frame(sample_data(physeq)) # Put sample_data into a ggplot-friendly data.frame
df$LibrarySize <- sample_sums(physeq)</pre>
df <- df[order(df$LibrarySize),]</pre>
df$Index <- seq(nrow(df))</pre>
ggplot(data=df, aes(x=Index, y=LibrarySize, color=control)) + geom_point()
```



```
##identify contaminants
sample_data(physeq)$is.neg <- sample_data(physeq)$control == "yes"</pre>
contamdf.prev <- isContaminant(physeq, method="prevalence", neg="is.neg", threshold=0.5) #identify cont
table(contamdf.prev$contaminant)
##
## FALSE TRUE
  7507
            18
head(which(contamdf.prev$contaminant))
## [1]
       68 100 118 320 393 503
##remove control samples
# Make phyloseq object of presence-absence in negative controls and true samples
physeq.pa <- transform_sample_counts(physeq, function(abund) 1*(abund>0))
physeq.pa.neg <- prune_samples(sample_data(physeq.pa)$control == "yes", physeq.pa)</pre>
physeq <- prune_samples(sample_data(physeq.pa)$control == "no", physeq.pa) #this will contain positives
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table:
                                    [ 7525 taxa and 26 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                    [ 26 samples by 7 sample variables ]
                 Taxonomy Table:
                                    [ 7525 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## tax_table()
```

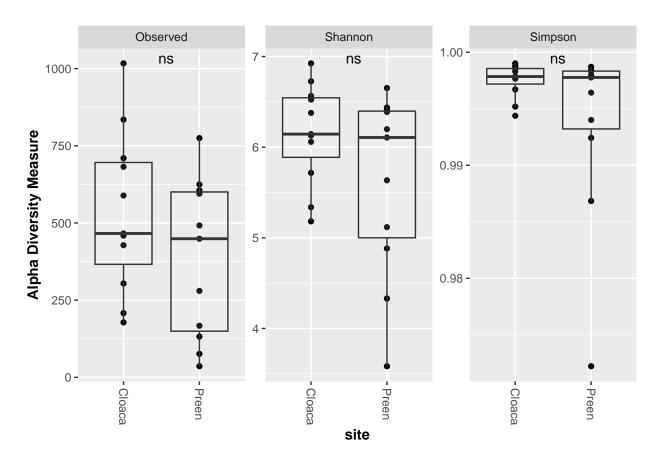
##graph controls



##remove contaminants

```
physeq <- prune_taxa(!contamdf.prev$contaminant, physeq)</pre>
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu table()
                 OTU Table:
                                  [ 7507 taxa and 26 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 26 samples by 7 sample variables ]
                 Taxonomy Table:
## tax_table()
                                     [ 7507 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
##Remove mock community
physeq <- subset_samples(physeq, mock != "yes")</pre>
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu table()
                 OTU Table:
                                     [ 7507 taxa and 22 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 22 samples by 7 sample variables ]
                 Taxonomy Table:
## tax_table()
                                     [ 7507 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
##Remove the sequence itself and replace with ASV
dna <- Biostrings::DNAStringSet(taxa_names(physeq))</pre>
names(dna) <- taxa_names(physeq)</pre>
```

```
physeq <- merge_phyloseq(physeq, dna)</pre>
taxa_names(physeq) <- paste0("ASV", seq(ntaxa(physeq)))</pre>
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table:
                                     [ 7507 taxa and 22 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 22 samples by 7 sample variables ]
## tax_table()
                 Taxonomy Table:
                                     [ 7507 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## refseq()
                 DNAStringSet:
                                     [ 7507 reference sequences ]
##remove mitochondria and chloroplast matches.
physeq <- physeq %>% subset_taxa( Family!= "Mitochondria" | is.na(Family) & Order!="Chloroplast" | is.n
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table:
                                     [ 6461 taxa and 22 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 22 samples by 7 sample variables ]
## tax_table()
                 Taxonomy Table:
                                     [ 6461 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
                                     [ 6461 reference sequences ]
## refseq()
                 DNAStringSet:
\#\#remove all non bacterial sequences
physeq<-rm_nonbac(physeq)</pre>
physeq
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                 OTU Table:
                                     [ 6442 taxa and 22 samples ]
                                     [ 22 samples by 7 sample variables ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                     [ 6442 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## tax_table()
                 Taxonomy Table:
## refseq()
                                     [ 6442 reference sequences ]
                 DNAStringSet:
##save physeq object as a file
##save physeq object as R file
save(physeq, file="RData/physeq.RData")
##load physeq
load("RData/physeq.RData")
##Alpha Diversity based on site with stats
p=plot_richness(physeq,x="site", measures=c("Observed", "Simpson", "Shannon"))
BAR <- p + geom boxplot(data = p$data, aes(x = site, y = value, color = NULL), alpha = 0.1) + theme(axi
bar <- BAR + stat_compare_means(aes(label = ifelse(..p.signif.. < 0.05, ..p.signif.., "")), method = "w
barsite <-bar+ stat_compare_means(aes(label = ..p.signif..), method = "wilcox.test", label.x = 1.5)
barsite
```



##export tiff with 300dpi

```
ggsave(
   filename="figures/Figure01AlphaDiv.tiff",
   plot = barsite,
   width = 200,
   height = 200,
   units = c("mm"),
   dpi = 300,
)
```

##Export alpha diveristy

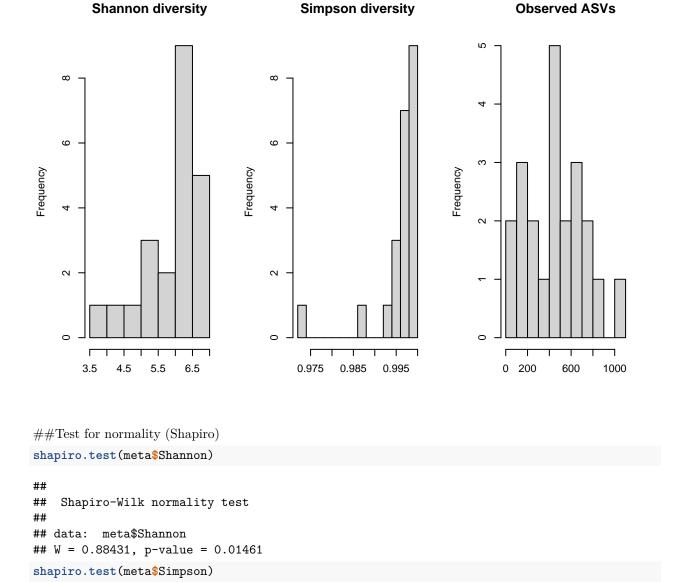
```
alphadiv<-estimate_richness(physeq, measures=c("Observed", "Shannon", "Simpson"))
write.csv(alphadiv, "alphasheets/alpha_div.csv")</pre>
```

##add site info to alpha\_div file and rename alphadiv import for normality testing

```
meta<-read.csv("alphasheets/alphadiv.csv")</pre>
```

 $\#\#\mathrm{hist}$ 

```
par(mfrow = c(1, 3))
hist(meta$Shannon, main="Shannon diversity", xlab="", breaks=10)
hist(meta$Simpson, main="Simpson diversity", xlab="", breaks=10)
hist(meta$Observed, main="Observed ASVs", xlab="", breaks=10)
```



```
shapiro.test(meta$Observed) #normal
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: meta$Observed
## W = 0.97141, p-value = 0.7434
##Two factor tests
```

Shapiro-Wilk normality test

## W = 0.55405, p-value = 4.409e-07

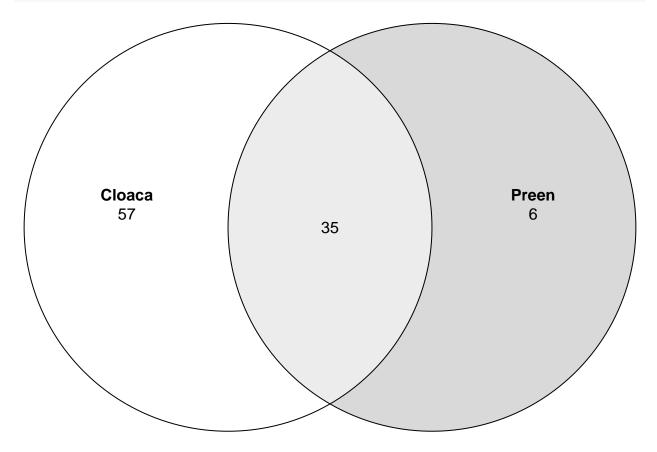
## data: meta\$Simpson

##

## ##

```
##site
wilcox.test(meta$Simpson ~ meta$site)
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: meta$Simpson by meta$site
## W = 79, p-value = 0.2426
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
t.test(meta$0bserved ~ meta$site)
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: meta$Observed by meta$site
## t = 1.3524, df = 19.99, p-value = 0.1914
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Cloaca and group Preen is not equal t
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -81.12992 380.22083
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Cloaca mean in group Preen
               534.2727
                                    384.7273
wilcox.test(meta$Shannon ~ meta$site)
##
##
   Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: meta$Shannon by meta$site
## W = 79, p-value = 0.2426
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
##Remove taxa with relative abundance <0.005\%
minTotRelAbun = .00005
x = taxa_sums(physeq)
keepTaxa = (x / sum(x)) > minTotRelAbun
physeqprune = prune_taxa(keepTaxa, physeq)
physeqprune
## phyloseq-class experiment-level object
## otu_table()
                OTU Table:
                                    [ 6376 taxa and 22 samples ]
## sample_data() Sample Data:
                                    [ 22 samples by 7 sample variables ]
## tax_table()
                 Taxonomy Table:
                                    [ 6376 taxa by 7 taxonomic ranks ]
## refseq()
                 DNAStringSet:
                                    [ 6376 reference sequences ]
##save physeq object as a file
##save physeq object as R file
save(physeqprune, file="RData/physeqprune.RData")
##load physeq
load("RData/physeqprune.RData")
##Number of shared ASVs site (found in 50% or more)
```

```
sitevenn=ps_venn(
  physeqprune,
  "site",
  fraction = .50,
  weight = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  plot = TRUE
)
sitevenn
```



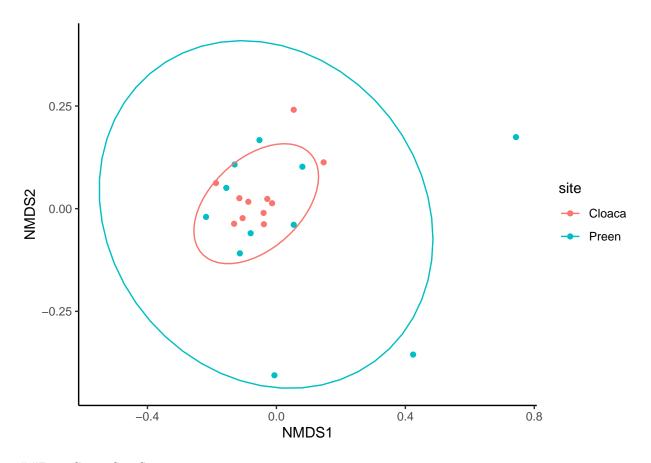
##List of shared ASVs species (found in 50% or more) t=0

```
sitelist=ps_venn(
  physeqprune,
  "site",
  fraction = .5,
  weight = FALSE,
  relative = TRUE,
  plot = FALSE
)
sitelist
```

```
## $Cloaca
## [1] "ASV41" "ASV43" "ASV49" "ASV52" "ASV65" "ASV66" "ASV67" "ASV76"
## [9] "ASV78" "ASV79" "ASV82" "ASV88" "ASV90" "ASV93" "ASV94" "ASV96"
## [17] "ASV103" "ASV115" "ASV117" "ASV128" "ASV130" "ASV131" "ASV132" "ASV133"
## [25] "ASV134" "ASV136" "ASV146" "ASV146" "ASV148" "ASV150" "ASV151" "ASV151"
```

```
## [33] "ASV157" "ASV158" "ASV159" "ASV162" "ASV163" "ASV170" "ASV172" "ASV175"
## [41] "ASV177" "ASV192" "ASV193" "ASV201" "ASV204" "ASV212" "ASV213" "ASV214"
## [49] "ASV217" "ASV247" "ASV267" "ASV282" "ASV303" "ASV326" "ASV348" "ASV498"
## [57] "ASV506"
## $Preen
## [1] "ASV1"
                "ASV54" "ASV63" "ASV87" "ASV106" "ASV156"
##
## $Cloaca__Preen
                 "ASV15" "ASV20" "ASV22" "ASV25"
## [1] "ASV4"
                                                     "ASV26" "ASV27" "ASV29"
## [9] "ASV33" "ASV38" "ASV39" "ASV42"
                                            "ASV45" "ASV47"
                                                               "ASV48" "ASV53"
## [17] "ASV55"
                "ASV56" "ASV57"
                                  "ASV59"
                                            "ASV64" "ASV74" "ASV75" "ASV77"
## [25] "ASV81" "ASV84" "ASV91" "ASV95" "ASV102" "ASV112" "ASV116" "ASV124"
## [33] "ASV125" "ASV140" "ASV190"
# Load necessary libraries
library(phyloseq)
# Assuming physeqprune is your phyloseq object
# Extract the taxonomy table
tax_table <- as.data.frame(tax_table(physeqprune))</pre>
# Function to get genus and species for a list of ASVs
get_genus_species_for_asvs <- function(asv_list, tax_table) {</pre>
  # Subset the taxonomy table for the given ASVs
  matched_taxa <- tax_table[rownames(tax_table) %in% asv_list, ]</pre>
  # Function to find the most specific identified taxonomic level
  get_first_identified <- function(row) {</pre>
   if (!is.na(row["Species"]) && row["Species"] != "" && row["Species"] != "unidentified" && !is.na(ro
      return(paste(row["Genus"], row["Species"], sep = " "))
   } else if (!is.na(row["Genus"]) && row["Genus"] != "" && row["Genus"] != "unidentified") {
     return(paste("Genus:", row["Genus"]))
    } else {
      tax_levels <- c("Family", "Order", "Class", "Phylum", "Kingdom")</pre>
      for (col in tax_levels) {
        if (!is.na(row[col]) && row[col] != "" && row[col] != "unidentified") {
          return(paste(col, row[col], sep = ": "))
        }
     }
   }
   return("unidentified")
  }
  # Apply the function to each row
  matched_taxa$First_Identified_Taxa <- apply(matched_taxa, 1, get_first_identified)</pre>
  \# Return the ASV and First_Identified_Taxa columns
  return(data.frame(ASV = rownames(matched_taxa), First_Identified_Taxa = matched_taxa$First_Identified
}
# Get genus and species for each group in sitelist
genus_species_cloaca <- get_genus_species_for_asvs(sitelist$Cloaca, tax_table)</pre>
genus_species_preen <- get_genus_species_for_asvs(sitelist$Preen, tax_table)
```

```
genus_species_cloaca_preen <- get_genus_species_for_asvs(sitelist$Cloaca__Preen, tax_table)</pre>
# Save results to CSV files
write.csv(genus_species_cloaca, "venntaxa/taxa_cloaca.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(genus_species_preen, "venntaxa/taxa_preen.csv", row.names = FALSE)
write.csv(genus_species_cloaca_preen, "venntaxa/taxa_cloaca_preen.csv", row.names = FALSE)
\#\#export tiff with 300dpi
ggsave(
 filename="figures/Figure02Venn.tiff",
 plot = sitevenn,
 width = 200,
 height = 200,
 units = c("mm"),
 dpi = 300,
 bg = "white"
##Bray Curtis Calculation
set.seed(777)
dist = phyloseq::distance(physeqprune, method="bray", weighted=TRUE) #calculate Bray-Curtis dissimilari
ordination = ordinate(physeqprune, method="NMDS", distance=dist) #perform ordination on distance matrix
##Bray Curtis Site Plot
braysite=plot_ordination(physeq, ordination, color="site") +
 theme_classic() +
  theme(strip.background = element_blank()) + stat_ellipse(aes(group=site))
braysite
```

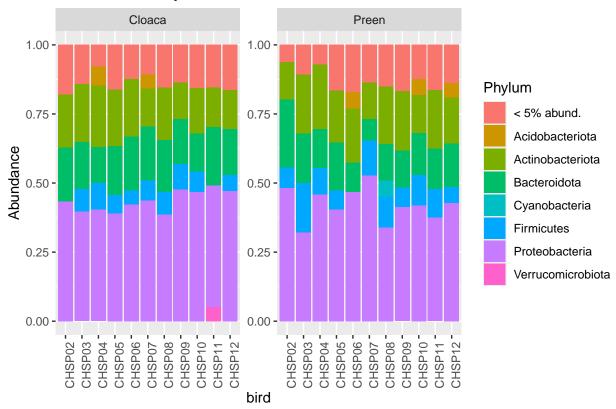


```
##Bray Curtis Site Stats
```

```
adonis2(dist ~ sample_data(physeqprune)$site)
## Permutation test for adonis under reduced model
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## adonis2(formula = dist ~ sample_data(physeqprune)$site)
                                 Df SumOfSqs
                                                           F Pr(>F)
                                                   R2
## sample_data(physeqprune)$site
                                 1
                                      0.4271 0.05103 1.0755
                                                              0.11
## Residual
                                 20
                                      7.9412 0.94897
## Total
                                  21
                                       8.3682 1.00000
##Bray Curtis Species ANOSIM
anosim <- data.frame(sample_data(physeqprune))</pre>
anosim(dist, anosim$site, permutations=9999)
##
## Call:
## anosim(x = dist, grouping = anosim$site, permutations = 9999)
## Dissimilarity: bray
## ANOSIM statistic R: 0.03666
##
         Significance: 0.1341
##
```

```
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 9999
##export tiff with 300dpi
ggsave(
  filename="figures/Figure03BetaDiv.tiff",
  plot = braysite,
  width = 250,
 height = 150,
  units = c("mm"),
  dpi = 300,
##Bar plots of Abundance per individual samples in site (Phylum-Merge <5%)
physeq2 = filter_taxa(physeqprune, function(x) mean(x) > 0.05, TRUE)
physeq3 = transform_sample_counts(physeq2, function(x) x / sum(x) )
glom<-psmelt(physeq3)</pre>
glom <- tax glom(physeq3, taxrank = 'Phylum')</pre>
data<-psmelt(glom)</pre>
data$Phylum <- as.character(data$Phylum)</pre>
data$Phylum[data$Abundance < 0.05] <- "< 5% abund."</pre>
medians <- ddply(data, ~Phylum, function(x) c(median=median(x$Abundance)))</pre>
remainder <- medians[medians$median <= 0.05,]$Phylum
data[data$Phylum %in% remainder,]$Phylum <- "< 5% abund."</pre>
data$Phylum[data$Abundance < 0.05] <- "< 5% abund."
spatial_plot <- ggplot(data=data, aes(x=bird, y=Abundance, fill=Phylum)) +</pre>
  facet_wrap(~site, scales = "free")
barplotphylum<-spatial_plot + geom_bar(aes(), stat="identity", position="fill") +</pre>
  ggtitle("Phylum Abundance at Each Site") +
  theme (axis.text.x = element text(angle=90),
         plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5))
barplotphylum
```

## Phylum Abundance at Each Site



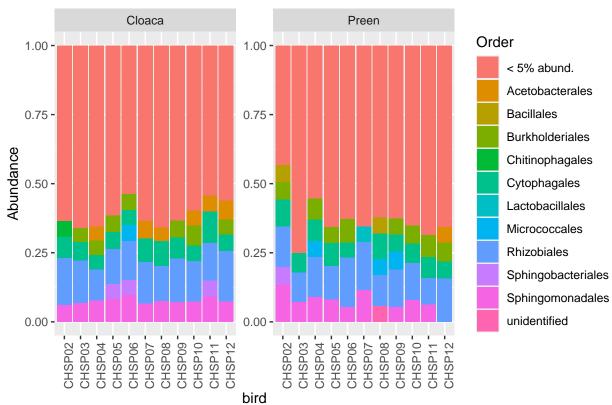
##export tiff with 300dpi

```
ggsave(
  filename="figures/Figure00Barplot.tiff",
  plot = barplotphylum,
  width = 250,
  height = 150,
  units = c("mm"),
  dpi = 300,
)
```

##Bar plots of Abundance per individual samples in species (Order-Merge <5%)

```
physeq2 = filter_taxa(physeqprune, function(x) mean(x) > 0.05, TRUE)
physeq3 = transform_sample_counts(physeq2, function(x) x / sum(x) )
glom<-psmelt(physeq3)
glom <- tax_glom(physeq3, taxrank = 'Order')
data<-psmelt(glom)
data$Order <- as.character(data$Order)
data$Order[data$Abundance < 0.05] <- "< 5% abund."
medians <- ddply(data, ~Order, function(x) c(median=median(x$Abundance)))
remainder <- medians[medians$median <= 0.05,]$Order
data[data$Order %in% remainder,]$Order <- "< 5% abund."
data$Order[data$Abundance < 0.05] <- "< 5% abund."
spatial_plot <- ggplot(data=data, aes(x=bird, y=Abundance, fill=Order)) +
    facet_wrap(~site, scales = "free")
barplotorder<-spatial_plot + geom_bar(aes(), stat="identity", position="fill") +
    ggtitle("Order Abundance at Each Site") +</pre>
```

## **Order Abundance at Each Site**



##export tiff with 300dpi

```
ggsave(
  filename="figures/Figure00BarplotOrder.tiff",
  plot = barplotorder,
  width = 250,
  height = 150,
  units = c("mm"),
  dpi = 300,
)
```

#Differential species ID

```
# Extract abundance data (OTU table)
abundance_data <- as.data.frame(otu_table(physeqprune))

# Extract the grouping variable (site) from sample data
site_group <- sample_data(physeqprune)$site

# Ensure the grouping variable is a factor
site_group <- as.factor(site_group)

# Run SIMPER analysis</pre>
```

```
simper_result <- simper(abundance_data, group = site_group, permutations = 100)</pre>
# Extract SIMPER results for each pairwise comparison
simper_summary <- summary(simper_result)</pre>
# Extract the data frame from the list
simper_df <- simper_summary$Preen_Cloaca</pre>
# Convert the data frame to include species names
simper_df <- as.data.frame(simper_df)</pre>
simper_df$species <- rownames(simper_df)</pre>
rownames(simper_df) <- NULL</pre>
# Add comparison information
simper_df$comparison <- "Preen_Cloaca"</pre>
# Save SIMPER results to a CSV file
write.csv(simper_df, "differentialexpression/simper_results.csv", row.names = FALSE)
# Extract OTU names and their contributions
otu_contributions <- simper_df %>%
  select(species, average, sd, ratio, ava, avb, cumsum, comparison) %>%
  arrange(species)
# Perform Mann-Whitney U Test on OTU contributions between groups
results <- data.frame()</pre>
for (otu in unique(otu_contributions$species)) {
  # Subset the data for the current OTU
  otu_data <- subset(otu_contributions, species == otu)</pre>
  # Perform Mann-Whitney U Test
 test_result <- wilcox.test(otu_data$ava, otu_data$avb)</pre>
  # Store results
 results <- rbind(results, data.frame(OTU = otu, p.value = test_result$p.value))
# Adjust p-values for multiple testing (optional)
results$adj.p.value <- p.adjust(results$p.value, method = "BH")</pre>
# Save Mann-Whitney results to a CSV file
write.csv(results, "differentialexpression/mann_whitney_results.csv", row.names = FALSE)
# View significant results
significant_results <- subset(results, adj.p.value < 0.05)</pre>
# Save significant results to a CSV file
write.csv(significant_results, "differentialexpression/significant_results.csv", row.names = FALSE)
# Print significant results
print(significant_results)
## [1] OTU
                   p.value
                                adj.p.value
```

## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)