# A Shot at Reproducible Data Analysis

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### Introduction

In this talk/document/presentation I showcase some of the possibilities that a combination of tools provides:

- $\bullet$  Markdown
- RMarkdown
- Knitr
- Pandoc
- Reveal.js

• Latex

In order to make sure things look good from the first start, you might check out some additional projects and files:

- Bootstrap template for Pandoc: https://github.com/tonyblundell/pandoc-bootstrap-template
- $\bullet \ \ Alternative\ LaTeX\ templates:\ https://github.com/kjhealy/latex-custom-kjh$
- Alternative Pandoc template: https://github.com/kjhealy/pandoc-templates

#### Idea

This is the general idea of the production workflow:

- 1. Write data generation, data manipulation and discussion in one text file.
  - Syntax for text is Markdown.
  - Code lines start with tab or delimited by "'
  - Call this file file.Rmd, even if it includes more than R code.
- 2. Call knitr on the .Rmd file in order to execute the code blocks and include the output of the code in one file. The output is a .md file.
- 3. Call Pandoc on the file, given suitable options (see below). Pandoc is responsible for translating the .md file to any format you want.

A simple and a more involved example of running Pandoc:

```
pandoc file.md -o $(FILE).docx

pandoc $(FILE).md -o $(FILE).html \
    -t html5 \
    --template $(THTML)/template.html \
    --css $(THTML)/template.css \
    --highlight-style=tango --mathjax \
    --toc --toc-depth 2
```

### Some Examples

#### Simple example

The first example is in R. Let's say I want to plot a function

$$f(x) = \frac{\log(x^2 + x + 1)}{2x}$$

We first define x and the function value y (in doing so we have used some inline equations as well):

```
x \leftarrow seq(from=-5, to=10, by=.01)

y \leftarrow (log(x*x + x + 1))/(2*x)
```

Then we can plot the function. We use the ggplot2 package.

```
library(ggplot2)
qplot(x,y,geom="line")
```

See the figure for the result.

#### Working with data

Let us take a look at a dataset that comes with R, mtcars:

```
summary(mtcars)
```

```
##
                          cyl
                                          disp
                                                            hp
         mpg
##
                            :4.00
                                            : 71.1
                                                              : 52.0
    Min.
            :10.4
                    Min.
                                    \mathtt{Min}.
                                                      Min.
    1st Qu.:15.4
                                     1st Qu.:120.8
                                                      1st Qu.: 96.5
##
                    1st Qu.:4.00
    Median:19.2
                    Median:6.00
                                    Median :196.3
                                                      Median :123.0
##
    Mean
            :20.1
                            :6.19
                                            :230.7
                                                      Mean
                                                              :146.7
                    Mean
                                    Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:22.8
                    3rd Qu.:8.00
                                     3rd Qu.:326.0
                                                      3rd Qu.:180.0
##
    Max.
            :33.9
                            :8.00
                                            :472.0
                                                      Max.
                                                              :335.0
                    Max.
                                    Max.
                                          qsec
##
         drat
                           wt
                                                           ٧s
                            :1.51
##
    Min.
            :2.76
                    Min.
                                    Min.
                                            :14.5
                                                     Min.
                                                             :0.000
##
    1st Qu.:3.08
                    1st Qu.:2.58
                                     1st Qu.:16.9
                                                     1st Qu.:0.000
    Median:3.69
                    Median:3.33
                                    Median:17.7
##
                                                     Median :0.000
    Mean
            :3.60
                    Mean
                            :3.22
                                     Mean
                                            :17.8
                                                     Mean
                                                             :0.438
    3rd Qu.:3.92
                    3rd Qu.:3.61
                                     3rd Qu.:18.9
##
                                                     3rd Qu.:1.000
    Max.
            :4.93
                    Max.
                            :5.42
                                     Max.
                                             :22.9
                                                     Max.
                                                             :1.000
##
##
                                           carb
          am
                           gear
##
    Min.
            :0.000
                     Min.
                             :3.00
                                      Min.
                                             :1.00
##
    1st Qu.:0.000
                     1st Qu.:3.00
                                      1st Qu.:2.00
    Median : 0.000
                     Median:4.00
                                      Median:2.00
##
    Mean
            :0.406
                     Mean
                             :3.69
                                      Mean
                                             :2.81
    3rd Qu.:1.000
                     3rd Qu.:4.00
                                      3rd Qu.:4.00
    Max.
            :1.000
                             :5.00
                                             :8.00
                     Max.
                                      Max.
```

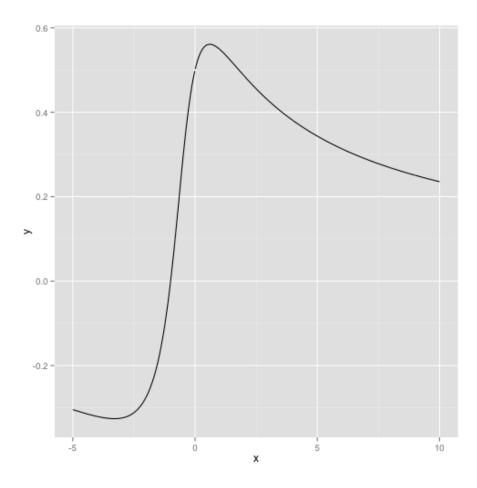


Figure 1: Plot of the very special function defined above.

Now the fun starts. Let's fit a model relates how many Miles/Gallon are consumed, given a weight.

```
model <- lm(mpg ~ wt, data=mtcars)
summary(model)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ wt, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
              1Q Median
                            30
                                  Max
## -4.543 -2.365 -0.125 1.410 6.873
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 37.285
                            1.878
                                     19.86 < 2e-16 ***
## wt
                 -5.344
                             0.559
                                     -9.56 1.3e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.05 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.753, Adjusted R-squared: 0.745
## F-statistic: 91.4 on 1 and 30 DF, p-value: 1.29e-10
```

This is verbatim output, we can use some R package magic to get proper tables as output as well using the pander package:

```
library(pander)
pander(model)
```

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	$\Pr(> t )$
$\mathbf{wt}$	-5.344	0.5591	-9.559	1.294e-10
(Intercept)	37.29	1.878	19.86	8.242e-19

Table 1: Fitting linear model: mpg ~ wt

We can also plot this information using the code below.

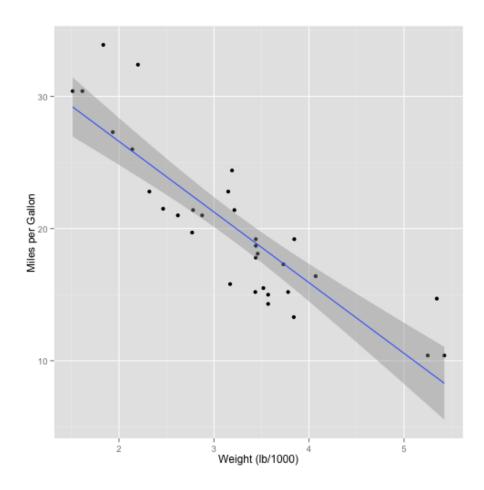


Figure 2: A scatterplot of the fuel consumption versus the weight of the car, along with the results of a linear regression. See the text for more information.

#### Scraping the web

This script parses the Wikipedia page with Belgian Beers in order to get the data out. It then does some cleaning up and converts the data to different formats. The result can be stored in a file, but just display the first 10 rows.

```
library(XML)
rawBeers <- readHTMLTable(doc="http://nl.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lijst_van_Belgische_bieren")
beers <- NULL

# The first table is not relevant, the rest is:
for (i in seq(2,28)) {
   beers <- rbind(beers,rawBeers[[i]])
}

# Remove the percentage sign and convert to numbers:
beers$Percentagealcohol <- gsub("%","",beers$Percentagealcohol)
beers$Percentagealcohol <- gsub(",",".",beers$Percentagealcohol)
beers$Percentagealcohol <-as.numeric(beers$Percentagealcohol)</pre>
```

## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion

```
# A few entries do not have a percentage entry
nas <- length(beers[is.na(beers$Percentagealcohol),])</pre>
```

The number of entries without percentage entry is: 4.

We use pander again for displaying the top-10 of beers with the highest amount of alcohol:

	$\operatorname{Merk}$	Percentagealcohol
194	Black Damnation V (Double Black)	26
405	Cuve d'Erpigny	15
189	Black Albert	13
190	Black Damnation I	13
192	Black Damnation III (Black Mes)	13
193	Black Damnation IV (Coffe Club)	13

	Merk	Percentagealcohol
312	Bush de Nol Premium	13
313	Bush de Nuits	13
314	Bush Prestige	13
404	Cuve Delphine	13

### Different languages

A Python example:

```
import pprint
pprint.pprint(zip(('Byte', 'KByte', 'MByte', 'GByte', 'TByte'), (1 << 10*i for i in xrange(!

## [('Byte', 1),
## ('KByte', 1024),
## ('MByte', 1048576),
## ('GByte', 1073741824),
## ('TByte', 1099511627776)]

A Scala example:

val collection = for {i <- 1 to 10} yield {i}
val mapped = collection map (x => x*x)
val reduced = mapped reduce (_ + _)
println(reduced)
```

#### What to use it for?

I use it for:

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- Creating presentations (reveal.js)
- Writing reports (including code)
- Writing papers (just text)
- Making coffee

## Some additional pointers

- Markdown to Reveal.js: http://tverbeiren.github.io/BigDataBe-Spark/#/
- Markdown and Pandoc for writing a paper: http://homes.esat.kuleuven. be/~bioiuser/blog/?p=243