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## Agenda

- Quick intro into planning and estimates.
- Estimates with correlated columns.
- CREATE STATISTICS to the rescue!
  - functional dependencies
  - ndistinct
  - MCV lists
- Future improvements.



## **ZIP\_CODES**

```
CREATE TABLE zip_codes (
 postal code
                    VARCHAR(20),
                    VARCHAR(180),
 place name
                    VARCHAR(100),
 state name
                    VARCHAR(100),
 county_name
                    VARCHAR(100),
 community_name
 latitude
                    REAL,
 longitude
                    REAL
);
cat create-table.sql | psql test
cat zip-codes-poland.csv | psql test -c "copy zip_codes from stdin"
-- http://download.geonames.org/export/zip/
```



#### **EXPLAIN**

```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT * FROM zip codes WHERE place name = 'Warszawa';
                             QUERY PLAN
                       (cost=0.00..54030.80 rows=118770 width=66)
Seq Scan on zip_codes
                        (actual rows=119712 loops=1)
  Filter: ((place_name)::text = 'Warszawa'::text)
  Rows Removed by Filter: 2070272
Planning Time: 0.184 ms
Execution Time: 175.427 ms
(5 rows)
```



## reltuples, relpages



```
SELECT * FROM pg_stats
 WHERE tablename = 'zip_codes'
   AND attname = 'place_name';
schemaname
                  | public
tablename
                  | zip_codes
                  | place name
attname
most_common_vals | {Warszawa, Łódź, Wrocław, ...}
most_common_freqs | {0.054233335, 0.0231, 0.0188, ...}
```



```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT * FROM zip codes WHERE place name = 'Warszawa';
                             QUERY PLAN
 Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..54030.80 rows=118770 width=66)
                        (actual rows=119712 loops=1)
  Filter: ((place_name)::text = 'Warszawa'::text)
  Rows Removed by Filter: 2070272
reltuples
           | 2.189984e+06
most common vals | {Warszawa, Łódź, Wrocław, ...}
most common freqs | {0.054233335, 0.0231, 0.0188, ...}
               2.189984e+06 * 0.054233335 = 118770.135916640
```



```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT * FROM zip codes WHERE community name = 'Warsaw';
                           QUERY PLAN
 Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..54030.80 rows=118770 width=66)
                        (actual rows=119648 loops=1)
  Filter: ((community name)::text = 'Warsaw'::text)
  Rows Removed by Filter: 2070336
reltuples
           | 2.189984e+06
most common vals | {Warsaw, Łódź, Wrocław, ...}
most_common_freqs | {0.054233335, 0.023066666, 0.0188, ...}
              2.189984e+06 * 0.054233335 = 118770.135916640
```



### **Underestimate**

$$P (A \& B) = P(A) * P(B)$$

0.002941254625222225 \* 2.189984e+06 = 6441.301



### **Underestimate**



#### **Overestimate**



#### **Correlated columns**

- Attribute Value Independence Assumption (AVIA)
  - may result in wildly inaccurate estimates
  - both underestimates and overestimates
- consequences
  - poor scan choices (Seq Scan vs. Index Scan)
  - poor join choices (Nested Loop)



#### Poor scan choices

```
Index Scan using orders_city_idx on orders
    (cost=0.28..185.10 rows=90 width=36)
    (actual rows=12248237 loops=1)
```

```
Seq Scan using on orders
    (cost=0.13..129385.10 rows=12248237 width=36)
    (actual rows=90 loops=1)
```



## Poor join choices



## Poor join choices



# functional dependencies (WHERE)

## **Functional Dependencies**

- value in column A determines value in column B
- trivial example: primary key determines everything
  - zip code → {place, state, county, community}
  - 04-163 → {Warszawa, Mazovia, Warszawa, Warsaw}
- other dependencies:
  - zip code → place → community → county → state



#### **CREATE STATISTICS**

```
place → community: 0.643100 = d
```

```
P(place = 'Warszawa' & community = 'Warsaw') =
P(place = 'Warszawa') * [d + (1-d) * P(community = 'Warsaw')]
```

```
2.189984e+06 * 0.054233335 * (0.6431 + (1.0 - 0.6431) * 0.054233335)
= 78679.97458
```



## **Underestimate:** fixed



## Overestimate #1: not fixed :-(

Functional dependencies only work with equalities.



## Overestimate #2: not fixed :-(

The queries need to "respect" the functional dependencies.



## ndistinct (GROUP BY)



```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip_codes GROUP BY community_name;
                                QUERY PLAN
                (cost=59505.76..59527.44 rows=2168 width=20)
HashAggregate
                (actual rows=2262 loops=1)
   Group Key: community name
   -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=12)
                              (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
Planning Time: 0.094 ms
 Execution Time: 424.562 ms
(5 rows)
```

#### **PostgresLondon**

Warszawa, July 11, 2019



```
SELECT attname, n_distinct
  FROM pg_stats WHERE tablename = 'zip_codes'
ORDER BY attname;
```

l n digtingt

attname	ı	n_aistinct
	-+-	
community_name		2168
county_name	١	357
latitude	1	29180
longitude	1	38742
place_name	1	21870
postal_code	1	10519
state_name	1	16
(7 rows)		



```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip_codes GROUP BY county_name;
                                QUERY PLAN
                (cost=59505.76..59509.33 rows=357 width=24)
HashAggregate
                (actual rows=370 loops=1)
   Group Key: county name
   -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=16)
                              (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
Planning Time: 0.091 ms
 Execution Time: 424.645 ms
(5 rows)
```



```
Warszawa, July 11, 2019
```

```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip codes GROUP BY community name, county name;
                                        QUERY PLAN
                (cost=383985.41..408075.23 rows=218998 width=36)
 GroupAggregate
                 (actual rows=2333 loops=1)
  Group Key: community name, county name
   -> Sort (cost=383985.41..389460.37 rows=2189984 width=28)
             (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
         Sort Key: community_name, county_name
         Sort Method: external merge Disk: 82304kB
         -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=28)
                                    (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
 Planning Time: 2.040 ms
Execution Time: 2590.548 ms
(8 rows)
```



Warszawa, July 11, 2019

```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip codes GROUP BY community name, county name;
                                        QUERY PLAN
                (cost=383985.41..408075.23 rows=218998 width=36)
 GroupAggregate
                 (actual rows=2333 loops=1)
  Group Key: community name, county name
   -> Sort (cost=383985.41..389460.37 rows=2189984 width=28)
             (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
         Sort Key: community_name, county_name
         Sort Method: external merge Disk: 82304kB
         -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=28)
                                    (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
 Planning Time: 2.040 ms
Execution Time: 2590.548 ms
(8 rows)
```



```
ndistinct(community, place)
```

=

ndistinct(community) \* ndistinct(place)

357 \* 2168 = 934626



```
Warszawa, July 11, 2019
```

```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip codes GROUP BY community name, county name;
                                        QUERY PLAN
                (cost=383985.41..408075.23 rows=218998 width=36)
 GroupAggregate
                 (actual rows=2333 loops=1)
  Group Key: community name, county name
   -> Sort (cost=383985.41..389460.37 rows=2189984 width=28)
             (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
         Sort Key: community_name, county_name
         Sort Method: external merge Disk: 82304kB
         -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=28)
                                    (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
 Planning Time: 2.040 ms
Execution Time: 2590.548 ms
(8 rows)
```



```
ndistinct(community, place)
```

=

ndistinct(community) \* ndistinct(place)

357 \* 2168 = 934626 (= 218998)

(capped to 10% of the table)



```
EXPLAIN (ANALYZE, TIMING off)
SELECT count(*) FROM zip_codes GROUP BY community_name, postal_code;
                               QUERY PLAN
                (cost=64980.72..65002.89 rows=2217 width=36)
HashAggregate
                (actual rows=2333 loops=1)
   Group Key: community_name, county_name
   -> Seq Scan on zip_codes (cost=0.00..48555.84 rows=2189984 width=28)
                              (actual rows=2189984 loops=1)
Planning Time: 0.307 ms
 Execution Time: 539.230 ms
(5 rows)
```



### ndistinct

- the "old behavior" was defensive
  - unreliable estimates with multiple columns
  - HashAggregate can't spill to disk (OOM)
  - rather than crash do Sort+GroupAggregate (slow)
- ndistinct coefficients
  - make multi-column ndistinct estimates more reliable
  - reduced danger of OOM
  - large tables + GROUP BY multiple columns



## **Future Improvements**

- additional types of statistics
  - MCV lists (PG12), histograms (??), ...
- statistics on expressions
  - currently only simple column references
  - alternative to functional indexes
- improving join estimates
  - using MCV lists
  - special multi-table statistics (syntax already supports it)



Questions?

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