Destination λ -calculus

Thomas Bagrel

February 27, 2024

1 Term and value syntax

```
Term-level variable name
hdmv
              Hole or destination static name
              Index for ranges
hddyn, d
                                                                               Hole or destination dynamic name
                    ::=
                                                                                  Root namespace
                           d.1
                                                                                  Subnamespace 1
                                                                                  Subnamespace 2
                           d.2
                           d.3
                                                                                  Subnamespace 3
hdnm, h
                   ::=
                                                                               Hole or destination name
                           d
                                                                                  Dynamic name
                                                                                  Static name
                           hdmv
                                                                               Term value
val, v
                           \langle \mathsf{v}_1\,\mathsf{,}\,\overline{\mathsf{v}_2}
angle_\Delta
                                                                                  Ampar
                                                                                  Destination
                           +h
                           ()
                                                                                  Unit
                           Inl v
                                                                                  Left variant for sum
                           Inr\, \vee
                                                                                  Right variant for sum
                                                                                  Product
                           (v_1, v_2)
                           m_{V}
                                                                                  Exponential
                                                                                  Linear function
                           \lambda \mathbf{x} \mapsto \mathbf{t}
xval, ⊽
                                                                               Pseudo-value that may contain holes
                                                                                  Term value
                           V
                           -h
                                                                                  Hole
                           \mathsf{Inl}\,\overline{\vee}
                                                                                  Left variant with val or hole
                                                                                  Right variant with val or hole
                           Inr⊽
                                                                                  Product with val or hole
                           (\overline{\mathsf{v}_1}\,,\,\overline{\mathsf{v}_2})
                           )^m \overline{\mathsf{v}}
                                                                                  Exponential with val or hole
term, t, u
                                                                               Term
                                                                                  Term value
                                                                                  Variable
                                                                                  Application
                                                                                  Pattern-match on unit
                           t \succ case \{ InI_{x_1} \mapsto u_1, Inr_{x_2} \mapsto u_2 \}
                                                                                  Pattern-match on sum
                           t \succ case(x_1, x_2) \mapsto u
                                                                                  Pattern-match on product
                           t \succ case )^m \times \mapsto u
                                                                                  Pattern-match on exponential
                           t \succ map \times \mapsto u
                                                                                  Map over the left side of the ampar
                           to<sub>⋈</sub> t
                                                                                  Wrap t into a trivial ampar
                           from<sub>⋊</sub> t
                                                                                  Extract value from trivial ampar
                           alloc_{\mathsf{T}}
                                                                                  Return a fresh "identity" ampar object
                           t ⊲ ()
                                                                                  Fill destination with unit
                           t \mathrel{\triangleleft} \mathsf{InI}
                                                                                  Fill destination with left variant
```

| | t⊲ Inr | Fill destination with right variant |
|---|-----------------------|---|
| İ | t ⊲ (,) | Fill destination with product constructor |
| ĺ | $t \triangleleft D^m$ | Fill destination with exponential constructor |
| ĺ | t⊲•u | Fill destination with root of ampar u |

2 Type system

```
typ, T, U
                                                      Type
                            1
                                                         Unit
                            \mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2
                                                         Sum
                            \begin{matrix} \mathbf{T}_1 {\otimes} \mathbf{T}_2 \\ !^m \mathbf{T} \end{matrix}
                                                         Product
                                                         Exponential
                            \mathsf{T}_1 \rtimes \mathsf{T}_2
                                                         Ampar type (consuming T_1 yields T_2)
                            \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{T}_1 \xrightarrow{m_1} \rightarrow \mathbf{T}_2 \\ ^m \lfloor \mathbf{T} \rfloor \end{array}
                                                         Linear function
                                                         Destination
                                                      Mode (Semiring)
 md, m, n
                                                         Pair of a multiplicity and age
                            p|a
                                                         Neutral element of the product. Notation for 1 \mid \nu.
                                                         Same multiplicity, but one scope older. Notation for 1 \uparrow.
                                                         Linear, infinitely old / static. Notation for 1 \mid \infty.
                                                         Error case (incompatible types, multiplicities, or ages)
                                                         Semiring product
                            m_1 \cdot \ldots \cdot m_k
                                                      Multiplicity (first component of modality)
 mul, p
                            1
                                                         Linear. Neutral element of the product
                                                         Non-linear. Absorbing for the product
                            \omega
                                                         Semiring product
                            p_1, \ldots, p_k
                                                      Age (second component of modality)
 age, a
                                                         Born now. Neutral element of the product
                                                         One scope older
                                                         Infinitely old / static. Absorbing for the product
                            a_1 \cdot \ldots \cdot a_k
                                                         Semiring product
 pctx, \Gamma
                                                     Positive typing context
                            m \cdot \Gamma
                                                         Multiply each binding by m
                            \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2
                                                      Positive type assignment
 pas
                            \mathbf{x}:_{m}\mathsf{T}
                                                         Variable
                            +h:_{m}{}^{n}|T|
                                                         Destination (m is its own modality; n is the modality for values it accepts)
                                                      Negative typing context
 nctx, \Delta
                            \{nas_1, ..., nas_k\}
                            m \cdot \Delta
                                                         Multiply each binding by m
                            +<sup>-1</sup>\Gamma
                                                         Maps each destination of \Gamma to a hole (requires ctx DestOnly \Gamma)
                            \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2
                                                     Negative type assignment
 nas
                            -h:^n \mathsf{T}
                                                         Hole (n is the modality for values it accepts, it doesn't have a modality on its own)
\Gamma \cup \Delta \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                     (Typing of extended values (require both positive and negative contexts))
                                                                                                                              Ty-xval-L
                                                                                                                                  \Gamma \, \cup \, \Delta \, \Vdash \, \overline{\mathsf{v}} : {\color{red}\mathsf{T}}_1
    Ty-xval-H
    Ty-xval-D
                                                                                               Ty-xval-U
```

```
Ty-xval-P
                                                                                                                                  \Gamma_1 \cup \Delta_1 \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}_1} : \mathsf{T}_1
                                                                                                                                  \Gamma_2 \cup \Delta_2 \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}_2} : \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                            \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_2
                                                                                                                            \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Delta_1
                                                                                                                            ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Delta_2
                                                                                                                            ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_2 \Delta_1
                       Ty-xval-R
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  Ty-xval-E
                                \Gamma \cup \Delta \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}} : \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                            ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_2 \Delta_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Gamma \cup \Delta \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}} : \mathsf{T}
                         \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma\ \Delta
                                                                                                                           ctx_Disjoint \Delta_1 \Delta_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma\ \Delta
                       \overline{\Gamma \cup \Delta} \Vdash \mathsf{Inr} \overline{\vee} : \mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                         \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \cup \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2 \Vdash (\overline{\mathsf{v}_1}\,,\,\overline{\mathsf{v}_2}) : \mathsf{T}_1 \otimes \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   \overline{m \cdot \Gamma} \cup \overline{m} \cdot \Delta \Vdash \mathbb{N}^m \, \overline{\vee} : \mathbb{I}^m \, \mathsf{T}
                                                        Ty-xval-A
                                                                           \Gamma_1 \cup \{\} \Vdash \mathsf{v}_1 : \mathsf{T}_1
                                                                        \Gamma_2 \cup + \Gamma_1 \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}_2} : \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                                                                                      Ty-xval-F
                                                                                                                                                                                               \Gamma \uplus \{ \mathsf{x} :_m \mathsf{T}_1 \} \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                        pctx_DestOnly \Gamma_1
                                                                                                                                                                                       ctx_Disjoint \Gamma \{ x :_m \mathsf{T}_1 \}
                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2
                                                                                                                                                                                       \Gamma \cup \{\} \Vdash \lambda \times \mapsto \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}_{1 \ m} \rightarrow \mathsf{T}_{2}
                                                         \Gamma_2 \cup \{\} \Vdash \langle \mathsf{v}_1, \overline{\mathsf{v}_2} \rangle_{+^{-1}\Gamma_1} : \mathsf{T}_1 \rtimes \mathsf{T}_2
\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                                                                         (Typing of terms (only a positive context is needed))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                Ty-term-App
                                                                                                                                                                                                                 \Gamma_1 \vdash t : T_1 \qquad \Gamma_2 \vdash u : T_1 \xrightarrow{m} T_2
                  Ty-term-V
                                                                               Ty-Term-X0
                                                                                                                                              Ty-Term-XInf
                   \Gamma \cup \{\} \Vdash \mathsf{v} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2
                          \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{v} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                \overline{\{x:_{\nu} T\} \vdash x: T}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              m \cdot \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{t} \succ \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                                              \{x:_{\infty} T\} \vdash x:T
                                                                                                                                            TY-TERM-PATS
                                                                                                                                                                                         \Gamma_1 \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                                                                              \Gamma_2 \uplus \{ \mathbf{x}_1 :_m \mathbf{T}_1 \} \vdash \mathbf{u}_1 : \mathbf{U}
                                                                                                                                                                              \Gamma_2 \uplus \left\{ \mathsf{x}_2 :_m \mathsf{T}_2 \right\} \vdash \mathsf{u}_2 : \mathsf{U}
                                                                                                                                                                                \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_2
                                          Ty-term-PatU
                                          \Gamma_1 \vdash t: \mathbf{1} \qquad \Gamma_2 \vdash u: \mathbf{U}
                                                                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_2\ \{ \mathsf{x}_1 :_m \mathsf{T}_1 \}
                                                                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_2 {x<sub>2</sub>:<sub>m</sub> \mathsf{T}_2}
                                            \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_2
                                                  \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash t ; u : U
                                                                                                                                            m \cdot \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash t \succ \mathsf{case} \{ \mathsf{Inl} \, \mathsf{x}_1 \mapsto \mathsf{u}_1 \,, \; \mathsf{Inr} \, \mathsf{x}_2 \mapsto \mathsf{u}_2 \} : \mathsf{U}
     Ty-term-PatP
                                   \Gamma_1 \, \vdash \, t : {\textbf{T}}_1 {\otimes} {\textbf{T}}_2
              \Gamma_2 \uplus \{\mathsf{x}_1 :_m \mathsf{T}_1, \mathsf{x}_2 :_m \mathsf{T}_2\} \vdash \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U}
                                                                                                                        Ty-term-Pate
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Ty-term-Map
                                                                                                                                                   \Gamma_1 \vdash \mathsf{t} : !^n \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    \Gamma_1 \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}_1 \rtimes \mathsf{T}_2
                          \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_2
                ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_2 \{ x_1 :_m \mathsf{T}_1 \}
                                                                                                                                     \Gamma_2 \uplus \{ \mathsf{x} :_{m \cdot n} \mathsf{T} \} \vdash \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          \uparrow \cdot \Gamma_2 \uplus \{ \mathbf{x} :_{\nu} \mathsf{T}_1 \} \vdash \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U}
                \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_2\ \{\mathsf{x}_2:_m\mathsf{T}_2\}
                                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Gamma_2
      ctx_Disjoint \{x_1 :_m T_1\} \{x_2 :_m T_2\}
                                                                                                                         \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint} \ \Gamma_2 \ \{ \mathsf{x} :_{m \cdot n} \mathsf{T} \}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_2 \{ x :_{\nu} \mathsf{T}_1 \}
                                                                                                                         \overline{m \cdot \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{t} \succ \mathsf{case}} \, \mathbb{I}^n \times \mapsto \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{t} \succ \mathsf{map} \times \mapsto \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U} \rtimes \mathsf{T}_2
        m \cdot \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{t} \succ \mathsf{case}(\mathsf{x}_1\,,\,\mathsf{x}_2) \mapsto \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{U}
              Ty-term-FillC
              \Gamma_1 \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^n \lfloor \mathsf{T}_2 \rfloor
                                                         \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{T}_1 \rtimes \mathsf{T}_2
                                                                                                                           Ty-term-FillU
                                                                                                                                                                                       Ty-term-FillL
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Ty-term-FillR
                           \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_2
                                                                                                                            \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^{n}[1]
                                                                                                                                                                                         \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^n [\mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^n [\mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2]
                          \Gamma_1 \uplus (\uparrow \cdot n) \cdot \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft \bullet \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{T}_1
                                                                                                                            \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft () : \mathbf{1}
                                                                                                                                                                                        \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft \mathsf{Inl} : {}^{n}|\mathsf{T}_{1}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft \mathsf{Inr} : {}^{n}|\mathsf{T}_{2}|
Ty-term-FillP
                                                                                Ty-term-FillE
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     Ty-term-ToA
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             TY-TERM-FROMA
                                                                                                                                              Ty-term-Alloc
                                                                                    \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^{m}|!^{n}\mathsf{T}|
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{1} \rtimes \mathsf{T}
           \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} : {}^{n} | \mathsf{T}_{1} \otimes \mathsf{T}_{2} |
                                                                                \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft )^n : {}^{m \cdot n} |\mathsf{T}|
                                                                                                                                              \{\} \vdash \mathsf{alloc}_\mathsf{T} : \frac{\nu}{|\mathsf{T}| \times \mathsf{T}}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{from}_{\bowtie} \, \mathsf{t} : \mathsf{T}
 \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \triangleleft (,) : {}^{n} | \mathsf{T}_{1} | \otimes {}^{n} | \mathsf{T}_{2} |
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     \Gamma \vdash \mathbf{to}_{\bowtie} \, \mathbf{t} : \mathbf{1} \bowtie \mathbf{T}
\Gamma \vdash \lor \diamond e : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                                                             (Typing of commands (only a positive context is needed))
                                                                                                                            Ty-CMD-C
                                                                                                                                      \Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{12} \vdash \mathsf{v} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                                        \Gamma_2 \cup +^{-1}\Gamma_{12} \Vdash e
                                                                                                                                 {\tt pctx\_DestOnly}\ \Gamma_{12}
                                                                                                                              ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{11} \Gamma_{12}
                                                                                                                               ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{11} \Gamma_{2}
```

 $\frac{\mathtt{ctx_Disjoint} \ \Gamma_{12} \ \Gamma_{2}}{\Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{2} \ \vdash \ \mathsf{v} \ \diamond \ e : \mathbf{T}}$

3 Effects and big-step semantics

```
Effect
 eff, e
                        \varepsilon
                        \begin{array}{l} \text{has} \\ e_1 \gg .. \gg e_{\mathbf{k}} \end{array}
                                                   Chain effects
\Gamma \cup \Delta \Vdash e
                                                                                    (Typing of effects (require both positive and negative contexts))
                                                                                                                  Ty-eff-P
                                                                                                                       \Gamma_1 \cup \Delta_1 \uplus + \Gamma_{22} \Vdash e_1
                                                                                                                       \Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{22} \cup \Delta_2 \Vdash e_2
                                                                                                                       pctx_DestOnly \Gamma_{22}
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_{21}
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_1\ \Gamma_{22}
                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Delta_1
                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \Delta_2
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_{21}\ \Gamma_{22}
                                          Ty-eff-A
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_{21}\ \Delta_{1}
                                                             \Gamma \cup \Delta \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{21} \Delta_2
                                                 ctx_Disjoint \Gamma \left\{ +h:_{m} {}^{n}[T] \right\}
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_{22}\ \Delta_{1}
                                                       ctx_Disjoint \Gamma \Delta
                                                                                                                      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{22} \Delta_2
           Ty-eff-N
                                                 \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint} \ \big\{ \textcolor{red}{+} \mathtt{h} :_m {}^n \big\lfloor \mathbf{T} \big\rfloor \big\} \ \Delta
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Delta_1\ \Delta_2
                                          (\uparrow \cdot m \cdot n) \cdot \Gamma \uplus \{ +\mathbf{h} :_{m} {}^{n} | \mathbf{T} | \} \cup (m \cdot n) \cdot \Delta \Vdash \mathbf{h} \coloneqq \overline{\mathbf{v}}
                                                                                                                  \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_{21} \cup \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2 \Vdash e_1 \gg e_2
            \{\} \cup \{\} \Vdash \varepsilon
 \overline{\mathsf{v}_1} \ \Delta_1 \mid e_1 \ \Downarrow \ \overline{\mathsf{v}_2} \ \Delta_2 \mid e_2
                                                                                                      (Big-step evaluation of effects on extended values)
                                                                                                          Sem-eff-F
                                                                                                                           \Gamma_0 \cup \Delta_0 \Vdash \overline{\mathsf{v}_0} : \mathsf{T}
                                                                                                                      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_0\ \Delta_0
                                                                                                                  ctx_Disjoint \Delta_1 \left\{ -\mathbf{h} : ^n \mathbf{T} \right\}
                                          Sem-eff-N
    \frac{}{\overline{\mathsf{v}_1}\ \Delta_1 \ |\ \varepsilon\ \Downarrow\ \overline{\mathsf{v}_1}\ \Delta_1 \ |\ \varepsilon}
t_{\mathbf{d}} \Downarrow \mathsf{v} \diamond e
                                                                                                                       (Big-step evaluation into commands)
                                                Sem-term-App
                                                        \mathsf{t}_1 \underset{\mathsf{d.1}}{\downarrow} \mathsf{v}_1 \diamond e_1
                                                   \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{t}_1 & \mathsf{d}_1 & \mathsf{v} & \mathsf{v}_1 & \mathsf{v}_1 \\ \mathsf{t}_2 & \mathsf{d}_2 & \mathsf{d}_2 & \mathsf{d}_3 & \mathsf{v}_3 & \mathsf{v}_3 & \mathsf{e}_3 \\ \mathsf{u}[\mathsf{x} \coloneqq \mathsf{v}_1] & \mathsf{d}_3 & \mathsf{v}_3 & \mathsf{e}_3 \end{array}
                                                                                                       SEM-TERM-PATU
               Sem-term-V
                                                                                                        v \downarrow v \diamond \varepsilon
                                                                                        SEM-TERM-PATR
       SEM-TERM-PATL
       SEM-TERM-MAP
  Sem-term-PatP
  SEM-TERM-FILLC
                                                                         \begin{array}{c} P \\ t_{d,1} \downarrow + h \diamond e \end{array}
                                                                                                                                     Sem-term-FillR
                                                     Sem-term-FillP
```

4 Type safety

```
Proof. By induction on the typing derivation.
• TYTERM_VAL: (0) \Gamma \vdash v : \mathsf{T}
      (0) gives (1) \lor d \lor \lor \lor \varepsilon immediately. From TyEff NoEff and TyCmd Cmd we conclude (2) \Gamma \vdash \lor \lor e : \mathsf{T}.
• TYTERM_APP: (0) m \cdot \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2 \vdash t \succ u : \mathsf{T}_2
      We have
      (1) \Gamma_1 \vdash t : T_1
      (2) \Gamma_2 \vdash \mathsf{u} : \mathsf{T}_{1 \ m} \rightarrow \mathsf{T}_2
      (3) ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_1 \ \Gamma_2
      Using recursion hypothesis on (1) we get (4) t d.1 \Downarrow \lor_1 \diamond e_1 where (5) \Gamma_1 \vdash \lor_1 \diamond e_1 : \mathsf{T}_1.
      Inverting TyCMD_CMD we get (5) \Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{13} \vdash \mathsf{v}_1 : \mathsf{T}_1 and (6) \Gamma_{12} \cup + \mathsf{T}_{13} \vdash e_1 where (7) \Gamma_1 = \Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{12}.
      Using recursion hypothesis on (2) we get (8) u <sub>d.2</sub> \Downarrow v<sub>2</sub> \diamond e<sub>2</sub> where (9) \Gamma_2 \vdash v<sub>2</sub> \diamond e<sub>2</sub> : \mathsf{T}_{1} \xrightarrow{m} \mathsf{T}_{2}.
      Inverting TyCMD_CMD we get (10) \Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{23} \vdash \mathsf{v}_2 : \mathsf{T}_{1} \xrightarrow{m} \mathsf{T}_2 and (11) \Gamma_{22} \cup + \mathsf{T}_{23} \vdash e_2 where (12) \Gamma_2 = \Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{22}.
      Using Lemma ?? on (9) we get (13) v_2 = \lambda \times \mapsto t' and (14) \Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{23} \uplus \{\times :_m \mathsf{T}_1\} \vdash t' : \mathsf{T}_2.
       Typing value part of the result
      Using Lemma ?? on (14) and (5) we get (15) m \cdot (\Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{13}) \uplus (\Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{23}) \vdash t'[x := v_1] : T_2.
      Using recursion hypothesis on (15) we get (16) t'[x := v_1] \stackrel{\text{d.3}}{=} v_3 \diamond e_3 where (17) m \cdot (\Gamma_{11} \uplus \Gamma_{13}) \uplus (\Gamma_{21} \uplus \Gamma_{23}) \vdash v_3 \diamond e_3 : \mathsf{T}_2.
       Typing effect part of the result
      We have
      (6) \Gamma_{12} \cup +^{-1}\Gamma_{13} \Vdash e_1
      (11) \Gamma_{22} \cup +^{-1}\Gamma_{23} \Vdash e_2
      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{12} \Gamma_{22} comes naturally from (3), (7) and (12).
      ctx_Disjoint \Gamma_{12} \Gamma_{23}: holes in e_2 (associated to u) are fresh so they cannot match a destination name from t as they
      don't exist yet when t is evaluated.
      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_{22}\ \Gamma_{13}: slightly harder. Holes in e_1 (associated to t) are fresh too, so I don't see a way for u to create a term
      that could mention them, but sequentially, at least, they exist during u evaluation. In fact, \Gamma_{22} might have intersection
      with \Gamma_{13} (see TyEff Union) as long as they share the same modalities (it's even harder to prove I think).
      \mathtt{ctx\_Disjoint}\ \Gamma_{13}\ \Gamma_{23}: freshness of holes in both effects, executed sequentially, should be enough.
      Let say this is solved by Lemma 1, with no holes of e_1 negative context appearing as dests in e_2 positive context.
      By TYEFF_UNION we get (18) \Gamma_{12} \uplus \Gamma_{22} \cup + \Gamma_{13} \uplus + \Gamma_{23} \Vdash e_1 \gg e_2.
      Inverting TyCMD_CMD on (17) we get (19) m \cdot (\Gamma_{111} \uplus \Gamma_{131}) \uplus \Gamma_{211} \uplus \Gamma_{231} \uplus \Gamma_3 \vdash v_3 : \mathsf{T}_2 \text{ and } (20) m \cdot (\Gamma_{112} \uplus \Gamma_{132}) \uplus \Gamma_{212} \uplus \Gamma_{232} \cup \Gamma_{233} \sqcup       e_3 where (21) \Gamma_{k1} \uplus \Gamma_{k2} = \Gamma_k
      We have
      (18) \Gamma_{12} \uplus \Gamma_{22} \cup +^{-1}\Gamma_{13} \uplus +^{-1}\Gamma_{23} \Vdash e_1 \gg e_2
      (20) m \cdot (\Gamma_{112} \uplus \Gamma_{132}) \uplus \Gamma_{212} \uplus \Gamma_{232} \cup +^{-1}\Gamma_3 \Vdash e_3
      Using (21) on (18) to decompose + ^{-1}\Gamma_{23}, we get (22) \Gamma_{12} \uplus \Gamma_{22} \cup + ^{-1}(\Gamma_{131} \uplus \Gamma_{231}) \uplus + ^{-1}(\Gamma_{132} \uplus \Gamma_{232}) \Vdash e_1 \gg e_2
      We want \Gamma_{132} from (22) to cancel m \cdot \Gamma_{132} from (20), but the multiplicity doesn't match apparently.
      \Gamma_{13} contains dests associated to holes that may have been created when evaluating t into v_1 \Leftrightarrow e_1. If v_1 is used with
      delay (result of multiplying its context by m), then should we also delay the RHS of its associated effect? In other terms,
      if we have \{+\mathbf{h}:_{\nu} [\mathsf{T}_1 \oplus \mathsf{T}_2]\} \vdash +\mathbf{h}' \diamond \mathbf{h} := \mathsf{Inl} -\mathbf{h}' : [\mathsf{T}_1], and use \mathbf{h}' with delay m (e.g stored inside another dest in the
      body of the function), should we also type the RHS of h := lnl - h' with delay? I think so, if we want to keep the property
      that age of dests and age of the associated holes are the same. Which means a more refined substitution lemma.
      (+\mathbf{h}_0 \triangleleft (,) \succ \mathsf{case}(\mathsf{x}_1, \mathsf{x}_2) \mapsto \mathsf{x}_1 \triangleleft \bullet (\mathsf{to}_{\bowtie} + \mathsf{h}_1) ; \mathsf{x}_2) \succ (\lambda \mathsf{x}_2 \mapsto +\mathsf{h}_3 \triangleleft \bullet (\mathsf{to}_{\bowtie} \mathsf{x}_2))
      +h_0 \triangleleft (,) \triangleleft \Downarrow (+d.2, +d.3) \lozenge h_0 := (-d.2, -d.3)
      (x_1 \triangleleft \bullet (\mathbf{to}_{\bowtie} + \mathbf{h}_1) ; x_2)[x_1 := +\mathbf{d}.2][x_2 := +\mathbf{d}.3]_{\mathbf{d}'} \Downarrow +\mathbf{d}.3 \diamond \mathbf{d}.2 := +\mathbf{h}_1
      (+h_0 \triangleleft (,) \succ \mathsf{case}(x_1, x_2) \mapsto x_1 \triangleleft \bullet (\mathsf{to}_{\bowtie} + h_1) ; x_2) \triangleleft '' \Downarrow +\mathsf{d}.3 \diamond h_0 \coloneqq (-\mathsf{d}.2, -\mathsf{d}.3) \gg \mathsf{d}.2 \coloneqq +h_1
```

Theorem 1 (Type safety). If $pctx_DestOnly \Gamma$ and $\Gamma \vdash t : T$ then $t \mid_{\mathbf{d}} \Downarrow \lor \diamond e$ and $\Gamma \vdash \lor \diamond e : T$.

Theorem 2 (Type safety for complete programs). If $\{\}$ \vdash t: T then t \star \Downarrow $\lor \diamond \varepsilon$ and $\{\}$ $\vdash \lor$: T

 $(+h_3 \triangleleft \bullet (to_{\bowtie} \times_2))[\times_2 := +d.3]_{d'''} \Downarrow () \diamond h_3 := +d.3$

 $t_{d''''} \Downarrow () \diamond h_0 := (-d.2, -d.3) \gg d.2 := +h_1 \gg h_3 := +d.3$

Lemma 1 (Freshness of holes). Let t be a program with no pre-existing ampar sharing hole names.

During the reduction of t, the only other place where the names of the holes on the RHS of an effect can appear is in the accompanying value of the command, as destinations.

Proof. Names of the holes on the RHS of a new effect:

- either are fresh (in all BIGSTEP_FILL $\langle Ctor \rangle$ rules), which means the only other place where those names are known and can show up is as destinations on the accompanying value of the command (Γ_{12} in TyCMD_CMD), but not in positive or negative contexts of the command given by the evaluation of a sibling subterm;
- or are those of pre-existing holes coming from the extended value $\overline{v_2}$ of an ampar, when BigStep_FillComp is evaluated. Because they come from an ampar, they must be neutralized by this ampar, so the left value v_1 of the ampar is the only place where those names can show up, as destinations, if we disallow pre-existing ampar with shared hole names in the body of the initial program · And v_1 is exactly the accompanying value returned by the evaluation of BigStep_FillComp

| TODO: prove that this property is preserved by typing rules | TODO: prove that this property is preserved by typing rules | |
|---|---|--|
|---|---|--|