PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT 6

CS1410 - 100 points

OUTCOMES

After you finish this assignment, you will be able to do the following:

- Define an abstract class
- Create concrete classes from an abstract class
- Overload an operator
- Split classes into .h and .cpp files
- Open files for reading
- Write to files
- Use output manipulators such as **setw**, **fixed**, and **setprecision**

DESCRIPTION

A binary arithmetic operation takes two double operands (left and right) to perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division on. Write a program that reads basic arithmetic operation commands from a given input file named **operations-in.txt**, performs the operations, and saves their results to an output file named **operations-out.txt**. For example, if the input file has the following operation commands:

```
+ 20 11

- 96 75

* 87 70

/ 22 9
```

The program output file should be like this:

```
20.00 + 11.00 = 31.00

96.00 - 75.00 = 21.00

87.00 * 70.00 = 6090.00

22.00 / 9.00 = 2.44
```

You must follow the instructions below to create this program in an Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) way.

- In a header file named **operation.h**, define an **abstract** class named **Operation** with two **protected double** data members (**left** and **right**) and with the following public member functions:
 - Operation (double 1, double r): a two-argument constructor initializing the left and right data members of this class.

- o double perform() const: a pure virtual function that actually performs the operation (adds, substracts, multiplies, or divides) on the left and right data members and returns the result. This function must be implemented by all classes inheriting from this class.
- o **char symbol() const**: a pure **virtual** function returning the symbol character(+, -, *, or /) that represents the operation. This function must also be implemented by all classes inheriting from this class.
- ~Operation(): a virtual empty constructor.

The **Operation** class should also define a **friend** function that overloads the **<<** operator. The prototype of this function should be like this:

friend ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const Operation&
 opr); This operator prints out the operation and its result to the output stream out in
a format similar to that of the output file above. Use the setw, fixed, and
setprecision manipulators to achieve that format.</pre>

- Define a class named **Addition** that inherits from the **Operation** class and represents the addition operation. This class must have a public two-argument constructor, delegating the initialization of the **left** and **right** data members to the constructor of the **Operation** class, and an empty destructor. It also must provide an implementation for the **perform()** and **symbol()** functions inherited from the **Operation** class. Split the code of this class into a header file name **addition.h** and an implementation file named **addition.cpp**.
- Repeat the previous step for the subtraction operation. The class should be named **Subtraction** and its code should be split into a header file name **subtraction.h** and an implementation file named **subtraction.cpp**.
- Repeat the previous step for the multiplication operation. The class should be named **Multiplication** and its code should be split into a header file name **multiplication.h** and an implementation file named **multiplication.cpp**.
- Repeat the previous step for the division operation. The class should be named **Division** and its code should be split into a header file name **division.h** and an implementation file named **division.cpp**.
- In a separate .cpp file, write a main () function that does the following
 - Open the given input file **operations-in.txt** for reading and read it one operation command at a time.
 - Open an output file named operations-out.txt for writing.
 - For each operation command read from the input operations-in.txt file do the following:
 - Based on the operation symbol, create a heap object of the appropriate class (Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division) based using the new operator
 - Use the << operator to print the operation and its result to the console.
 - Use the << operator to write the operation along with its result to the output file.
 - Delete the object when it's no longer needed.

Close both input and output files

INSTRUCTIONS

For this assignment, you need to have a GitHub account. If you don't have one already, please sign up for one at https://github.com/.

Getting the assignment starter code from GitHub:

- Sign in to GitHub.
- Go to the assignment link https://classroom.github.com/a/DH15xpFo and accept the assignment. This should create a private repository under your GitHub username for this assignment. Click on the given link to open this repository and see the starter code.
- Click on the Clone or Download button dropdown and copy the given URL.
- Navigate to your assignments folder (or any folder you want this assignment to be placed in) and open it using Visual Studio code.
- In Visual Studio Code, open a new terminal and then run:

```
wsl (for Windows 10 only)
git clone THE URL YOU COPIED
```

This will download the starter code of this assignment from GitHub and create a folder for it with a name like **cs1410-assignment-XX-github_username**. This is the folder where your program file(s) (.cpp and/or .h) should reside.

 Open the assignment folder (whose name looks like cs1410-assignment-XX-github_username) in Visual Studio Code and start writing your program.

Compiling your C++ program:

- From inside the assignment folder in Visual Studio Code, open a new terminal and run:
 wsl (for Windows 10 only)
- To compile your program run:

make

This command will call the C++ compiler on your program, compile it, and, if no compilation errors are found, create an executable program named "**run**" for it. If there are compilation errors, read the console error messages and then go back to your source files (.cpp and/or .h) and fix them. Save your changes and run the "make" command to compile the program again.

- To run your program, run:
 - ./run
- To clean (remove) old compilation files and start over, run the command:

make clean

You can now run the "make" command to compile your program again and the "./run" command to run it.

Submitting your program to GitHub:

• Make sure to save your changes and commit them to GitHub when you are done. You can do that by running the following commands from inside your assignment folder:

Make sure to do this at least once by the deadline. For your final submission, I recommend using "Final submission" for the commit message. Note that committing changes is not enough; you have to push them to GitHub; otherwise, your changes will stay on your local machine and I will not be able to see your submission.

- Go to your assignment repository in github.com and make sure your changes are there.
- Click on the **Clone or Download** button dropdown and copy the given URL. Go to Canvas and submit the copied URL. **This URL must be submitted in Canvas after you make your "Final submission" to GitHub.**

RUBRIC

CRITERIA	POINTS
The Operation class	15
The Addition class	10
The Subtraction class	10
The Multiplication class	10
The Division class	10
Use of .h and .cpp	10
main(): Reading from and writing to files	19
Use of setw, fixed, and setprecision	6
Readable, commented, and properly indented code	10
TOTAL	100