## Homework – Stacks Brad Peterson – Weber State University

The goals of this assignment are to:

- \* Help review C++.
- \* To better understand classes, arrays, dynamic allocation and deallocation, error handling, templates, and basic logic.
- \* To help you prepare for the style of future homework assignments.

For this assignment complete the class called StackForCS2420. It should be a template class, meaning you would prefix the class and all class members declared outside the class with template <typename T>. (Note, the book uses template <class T>, which is the exact same thing. The keyword typename is newer and better.)

For my unit tests, I made a base class with methods that simply have enough logic to compile. You should not modify the base class. Instead, you should modify the derived class and override the constructor, destructor, and all methods there (I gave you an example of overriding the constructor's declaration).

Note that arr is defined in the base class, but you want to use it in the derived class. For most compilers, you must access it using this->arr instead of just arr.

The StackForCS2420 class needs to have the following members:

- A constructor that accepts a const unsigned int parameter. This constructor needs to dynamically allocate an array of the size passed into the parameter. Use the new keyword to make this array. The constructor should set the data member index to zero. It should also set the capacity data member to the value of the argument passed in.
- You need a destructor, because you used the new keyword in the constructor.
- A size() method. The return type is unsigned int. It returns the value of index.
- A push() method. This method should have a single parameter, the data type of that parameter should be const T&. The const means it can't be changed. The & means it will be passed in by reference (instead of by value, which makes a copy). The push() method should have a void return value. This method should see if the index equals the capacity (seeing if it is full). If so, simply state an error message and return. Otherwise, insert the value into the array at the correct spot, and increment index.
- A pop() method. This method should not have any parameter. The return type should be void. The purpose of the method is to "pop" the item off the stack. It doesn't actually pop the item off the array, it just changes index.
- A top() method. This method should not have any parameter. The return type should be T. It should return what is at the top of the stack. It should first check if size is zero. If so, then the stack is empty, so throw an error (throw 1;). Otherwise, return the correct value.
- A popSecondFromTop() method. As the name implies, pops the item underneath the top item.
- A pushUnderTop() method. As the name implies, pushes an item under the top item.
- A topSecondFromTop() method. As the name implies, retrieves the value of the item under the top item. Throws an error (throw 1;) if this isn't possible.
- An operator[]() method. Retrieves the nth item from the top. The 0<sup>th</sup> item is the top item, the 1<sup>st</sup> item is the second from top, etc. Throws an error (throw 1;) if this isn't possible. Data should be retrieved by reference (T& return type) to facilitate modifying values.
- A private unsigned int index data member, which keeps track of the next open index in the array.
- A private unsigned int capacity data member.

Use the .cpp file given. Your assignment should pass all tests.