Google Summer of Code Proposal: Boost static_map

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Abstract

This document proposes an addition to Boost C++ Libraries – a compile-time hash table. There are multiple good implementations of unordered associate containers (e.g. std::unordered_map, Google's sparsehash). These implementations provide both lookup and insertion/deletion functionality. They are, however, not the perfect fit for the case when the contents of the container are fixed upon construction or even known at compile time. std::vector vs. std::array is a good analogy here. We propose a static_map – an associate container with focus on constexpr usage.

1 Personal Details

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Availability

I consider GSoC as a full-time job/internship, thus I plan to spend at least 40 hours per week working on the project. I have an exam in April and, in case I fail it, the retake is planned on the 24th of May. 29th (Monday) or 30th of May (the official start date) seems like a good starting point to me. My summer vacation officially starts only on the 1st of July, before that I have some courses to follow, exams to take and a thesis to defend. During this time I plan on working only 4 hours a day, including weekends. However, this does not seem like a big issue to me, because I have no other commitments in July and August and can easily compensate for the lost time. Working 8 hours a day Mon through Fri + 5 hours a day on Sat and Sun would result in more than 40 hours/week, if averaged over the whole work period. End August (the official end of coding) is a nice point to stop, because my summer vacation ends on the 1st of September.

2 Background Information

I'm currently in my third year of Bachelor in Physics program at Radboud University (The Netherlands) and plan on defending my thesis in June. Although I major in physics, I'm quite interested in programming, follow CS courses and plan on obtaining a Bachelor degree in CS while doing a Master program in Physics. By now, I've done the following project-related courses:

- Imperative Programming 1 & 2 (Introduction to C++).
- Hacking in C (Memory layout, calling conventions and debugging).
- Object Orientation.
- Algorithms & Datastructures.
- Languages and Automata.
- Functional Programming 1 & 2.

For the last two years I've been working as a teaching assistant at Radboud University. I taught both physics and programming. In 2015 I taught C to first year physics and math majors; in 2016 — Python 3.

Lately, I've been writing code (as part of my Bachelor thesis) for distributed memory systems to perform some physical calculations. I work with quantum mechanical 2D fractal structures that don't exhibit translational symmetry, which makes calculations on them quite challenging. I've been calculating plasmonic properties of some materials using a newly developed method that some people believed to be impossible (too computationally expensive). We plan to publish a paper about it soon. Some code and documentation (both in early state of development) can be found on https://github.com/twesterhout/plasmon-cpp/.

Theoretical physicists are usually thinkers rather than doers. Thus in my spare time I've read some books about programming and C++ in particular, e.g. Scott Meyers' "Effective Modern C++", Andrei Alexandrescu's "Modern C++ Design". This got me interested in the modern part of C++, metaprogramming and library development. Boost seems a perfect place to apply my knowledge and learn from more experienced people in this area, and the static_map project, i.e. "compile-time stuff" + "modern C++", is exactly what I'm most interested in at the moment. Although I haven't done any work related to this project, I believe myself to be a fast learner. Being highly motivated, I hope to pick up on the background quite soon.

I'd very much like to continue my work in this area even after succeeding with this project, contribute to Boost and become a part of the community.

As for my knowledge of the listed languages/technologies/tools, I'd rate it as follows:

```
C++ 98/03 \approx 3; C++ 11/14 \approx 4; C++ Standard Library \approx 4; Boost C++ Libraries \approx 3; Git \approx 2.
```

I use Linux as my primary desktop operating system and have grown used to doing as much as possible via command line. Thus, usually I write code in Vim and use Makefiles to compile it. For documentation, I've been using Doxygen. But it's not the best choice when metaprogramming is involved. I'm open to learning DocBook as this is what Boost is using.

3 Project Proposal

Motivation There's often need for associative containers. C++ Standard Library provides std::map and std::unordered_map. Google has dense_hash_map. There are many more implementations. These all focus on both insertion/deletion and lookup. However, sometimes we're only interested in the lookup capabilities. For example, when the container is initialised from constant static data or even constexpr data. While a C-style associative array may serve well as a storage for such data, it's inefficient in terms of accessing the data by key. Common associate containers, on the other hand, implement efficient lookup, but use dynamic memory allocation for initialisation which may be undesired in some cases. The following example illustrates this further.

```
#include <iostream>
   #include <initializer_list>
   #include
           <map>
   #include <unordered_map>
   #include <experimental/string_view>
using std::experimental::string_view;
5
   enum class weekday { sunday, monday, tuesday, wednesday
9
                      thursday, friday, saturday };
   #define STRING_VIEW(str) string_view{ str, sizeof(str)-1 }
constexpr std::initializer_list<std::pair< const string_view
    , weekday>> string_to_weekday
13
        17
         { STRING_VIEW("thursday"), 
{ STRING_VIEW("friday"), 
{ STRING_VIEW("saturday"),
                                  weekday::saturday
21
23
   int main(void)
25
           // Calls malloc() at least 7 times
           static const std::map<string_view,
          29
                    << std::endl;
31
          33
                    << std::endl;
           // Calls free() at least 7 times
37
           // Calls malloc() at least 8 times
39
           static const std::unordered_map<string_view, weekday>
              41
          43
45
                    << std::endl;
           // Calls free() at least 8 times
47
       return 0;
49
```

Even though the string_to_weekday is constexpr, to make use of fast lookups $(\mathcal{O}(1))$ for unordered_map and $\mathcal{O}(\log(N))$ for map compared to $\mathcal{O}(N)$ of linear searching) we have to copy data at runtime, which involves dynamic memory allocation. And although one may implement stack allocator to prevent dynamic memory allocation for small datasets, initialisation and lookups will still happen at runtime, because they are not marked constexpr.

With C++14 relaxed constraints on constexpr functions it is possible to implement an associative container with constexpr (whenever possible) key lookups (as a proof, see the toy implementation of such a container in Appendix A). We think that a high quality implementation of such a container would be a worthwhile addition to Boost.

Proposal As part of the Google Summer of Code 2017 project we propose to do the following:

- To seek consensus from the Boost Developer's mailing list on a suitable design of a static_map class with the following design features:
 - 1. The number of key-value pairs is fixed upon construction.
 - 2. All features can be used in constant expressions, i.e. all member functions are marked constexpr.
 - 3. The container can be statically initialised in the mind the compiler or global static storage.
 - 4. Values, though neither keys nor the number of items, are modifiable.
 - 5. The container performs constexpr key lookups to the "maximum possible extent".

This list of requirements is harder to implement than it may seem at first sight. Consider the following example:

```
constexpr std::pair<int, char const*>
    map_data[] = { { 5, "apple" } }
    , { 8, "pear" },
    , { 0, "banana" } };

// Generates no runtime code. Easy, because the standard requires this to be executed
// at compile-time.
constexpr auto cmap = make_static_map(map_data);
constexpr char const* what_is_5 = cmap[5];

// Generates no runtime code. Easy, because 0 is a non-type template parameter.
char const* what_is_0 = std::get<0>(cmap);

// Challenging: should only generate code loading immediately from a memory location.
// It must NOT generate any additional runtime overhead like hashing or searching.
char const* what_is_8 = cmap[8];

// Challenging: again, should only generate code loading from memory.
auto cmap2 = make_static_map(map_data);
auto cmap2 = make_static_map(map_data);
auto & at_0 = map_data[0];
at_0 = "orange";
```

If all inputs for a constexpr operation are constant expressions, but the result is not used as a constant expression, then the compiler in *not required* to execute the operation at compile-time. This is what makes lines 19, 23 and 24 so challenging.

- To implement a static_map unordered associative container class which satisfies the above outlined requirements on top of the requirements in the standard. This includes the implementation of utility classes/functions for constexpr string comparison and hashing. The implementation should work on at least two major compilers in, hopefully, C++14 mode.
- To implement a comprehensive unit test suite for the static_map class with focus on ensuring no runtime overhead for the challenging cases mentioned above (i.e. when the result of a constexpr function is not used as a constant expression).
- To configure a per-commit continuous integration for the unit test suite on at least one of the major public open source CI services (e.g. Travis, Appveyor).
- To write documentation to Boost quality levels for the static_map container class. This includes time and space complexity guarantees and benchmarks, and exception guarantees for each function in the API and each use of each function.

Schedule We propose the following schedule to achieve the goals outlined above:

29th May — 5th June —	2nd June 9th June	Consult Boost Developer's mailing list and do some background reading to come up with a suitable design for static_map class and all required utility classes. In the meantime configure the system for development, i.e. get compilers, CI service, doc tools, etc., working.
12th June — 19th June — 26th June —	23th June	Implement static_map class for the simple case of keys being of integral type. Start writing tests and documentation. It would be nice to have a working implementation (for this simple case) before the first phase evaluation deadline.
3rd July — 10th July — 17th July — 24th July —	14th July 21th July	Complete the implementation of static_map class and utility classes. Continue working on tests and documentation. It would be nice to have a fully working (on at least two compilers) implementation before the second phase evaluation deadline.
	4th August 11th August	Finish implementing tests. Finish the documentation. Maybe do some work to support other compilers.
14th August —	18th August	Extra
21st August —	25th August	Final touches, submitting results.

4 Programming Competency Test

The initial objective was to reimplement the toy static_map provided at https://goo.gl/e07ooa so that GCC or VS2017 would execute the non-constexpr assignment at compile time.

My first idea was to use SFINAE to detect whether parameters were constexpr, and if they were, store the result of the lookup in a constexpr variable, thus forcing the compiler to evaluate the operation at compile-time. Detecting constexprness of parameters, however, proved to be impossible. One could write a macro to detect whether an expression passed to it was actually a constant expression (as it was done in the following answer: http://stackoverflow.com/a/40413051), more or less what GCC's __builtin_constant_p does. Unfortunately, this only works with one level of indirection:

```
constexpr auto factorial(std::size_t const n) -> std::size_t
{
    if (n == 0 || n == 1) return 1;
    return n * factorial(n - 1);
}

constexpr auto foo(std::size_t const n)
{
    return __builtin_constant_p(factorial(n));
}

int main(void)
{
    static_assert(__builtin_constant_p(factorial(10)), "");
    // This fails!
    static_assert(foo(10), "");
}
```

I've thus come to the conclusion that there is no standard way to force the compiler to evaluate the expression at compile time, we have to rely on compiler's "kindness" to optimise it. After some trial and error I've figured that GCC does not like the following:

- "Difficult" exceptions such as std::out_of_range, std::runtime_error, etc. I call these
 exceptions "difficult", because (at least in GCC-6.3) the error message is stored in a
 class/struct with non-constexpr operations.
- 2. throw statements in the function body. I.e. in the following code snippet

```
constexpr auto foo1()
{
    auto x = compute_something();
    if (good_answer(x)) return x;
    throw std::runtime_error{""};
}

constexpr auto foo2()
{
    auto x = compute_something();
    return good_answer(x)
    ? x
    : (throw std::runtime_error{""}, x);
}
```

GCC finds foo2 easier to optimise. However, this is purely empirical, and compared to Item 1 I don't have a theoretical explanation for it.

3. Multiple return statements. This works well in combination with Item 2. For example, consider the static_map::at function in the toy implementation that was provided:

```
constexpr auto at(key_type const& k) const -> mapped_type const&

{
    for (size_t n = 0; n < N; n++)
        if (_values[n].second.first == k)
            return _values[n].second.

    throw key_not_found_error{};
}</pre>
```

I've already replaced the "difficult" std::out_of_range exceptions with an "easy" one. This doesn't help. GCC-6.3 still produces runtime code for this function. However, if we follow the rules of Items 2 and 3 and replace the original function with

GCC-6.3 optimises the function completely, i.e. no runtime code is produced for it. To prove that Item 1 is useful, substitute key_not_found_error{} by std::out_of_range{"Key not found."} — runtime code is back.

It was a matter of following the described rules of thumb to satisfy the requirements of the competency test. From Niall Douglas I've learned that the test has outgrown its initial requirements and a complete toy implementation of the proposal is now desired.

Adding support for iterators and custom hash and equals functions is a matter of doing. The only challenging part is initialisation of the static_map. In the original solution initialisation goes as follows: the user passes a C-style array to make_static_map function, it expands the array into a parameter pack and passes it to the static_map constructor which

initialises the underlying storage type (again a C-array) using list initialisation. To make use of hashing, elements in the underlying array must appear in a certain order. Sorting the array after initialisation seems like a bad solution, because keys are constant. Storing keys as non-const would make static_map inconsistent with other associate containers, and using const_casts seems like a dirty hack is this case. A good place to sort the array would be the make_static_map function. In the original implementation this function expands the array il using std::index_sequence<_Is...> as il[_Is].... Thus sorting can be achieved by expanding il as il[$\sigma(_Is)$]..., where σ is some permutation. My implementation of this idea can be found in Appendix A.

Another interesting thing about the original implementation is that it uses an array of std::pair<std::size_t, std::pair<key_type const, mapped_type> as underlying storage. I found the extra std::size_t unnecessary and decided to use an array of std::pair<key_type const, mapped_type> as the underlying storage. But then, as indicated by Niall, my solution stopped working with Clang. Thus I've decided to follow the "convention" used in libstdc++ and created an inner storage class that allows the static_map to be implemented independent of the underlying storage type. Addition of this inner class turned out to be crutial as now even Clang was happy to optimise code without the extra std::size_t.

My complete toy implementation of static_map can be found in Appendix A or online on https://github.com/twesterhout/GSoC17-proposal/blob/master/static_map.cpp (easier to copy-paste into Compiler Explorer). The "challenging cases" work with both GCC-6+ and Clang-3.9+.

A Code

```
#include <utility>
       #include <cassert>
 2
       #include <stdexcept>
 4
       #include <type_traits>
       #include <experimental/string_view>
       struct key_not_found_error : std::exception {
           auto what() const noexcept -> char const* override
           { return _msg; }
       private:
10
          static constexpr char const* _msg = "Key not found.";
       }:
12
       constexpr char const* key_not_found_error::_msg;
16
       namespace {
       template < class _Static_map
    , bool _is_const
>
20
22
       struct map_iterator {
                                                        = map_iterator < _Static_map, _is_const >;
= typename _Static_map::difference_type;
           using type
using difference_type
24
              sing value_type =
std::conditional_t < _is_const
26
                                                  , std::add_const_t < typename
                                                                                                          _Static_map::value_type>
                                                      typename _Static_map::value_type >
28
                                                          = std::random_access_iterator_tag;
           using iterator_category
          using reference =
  std::conditional_t < _is_const</pre>
30
                                                  32
34
           using pointer
           using size_type
                                                          = typename _Static_map::size_type;
36
       private:
38
           using _const_iterator
                                                       = map_iterator<_Static_map, /*is_const =*/ true>;
           using _storage_type =
  std::conditional_t < _is_const</pre>
40
                                                   , std::add_const_t<typename _Static_map::storage_type>
                                                   , typename _Static_map::storage_type >;
42
           static constexpr size_type _size = _Static_map::size();
44
           _storage_type* _data;
size_type _i;
46
           size_type
           constexpr auto _to_same_object( map_iterator const& x
48
          , map_iterator const& y ) const noexcept -> bool { return x._data == y._data; }
50
52
           constexpr map_iterator() noexcept : _data{ nullptr }, _i{ 0 } {}
54
           constexpr map_iterator(_storage_type& data, size_type const pos) noexcept
   : _data{ &data }, _i{ pos }
{}
56
58
           constexpr map_iterator(map_iterator const& other) noexcept = default;
           constexpr map_iterator& operator=(map_iterator const& other) noexcept = default;
60
           __attribute__((always_inline))
constexpr auto operator*() const -> reference
62
64
              return _data != nullptr
                  66
68
                   : (throw std::invalid_argument{"Iterator not dereferenceable."}, _data->value(0));
70
72
           constexpr auto operator->() const -> pointer { return &(*(*this)); }
74
           constexpr auto operator++() noexcept -> map_iterator& { ++_i; return *this; }
76
           constexpr auto operator++(int) noexcept -> map_iterator
78
              map_iterator saved{ *this };
               ++(*this);
80
              return saved;
82
           constexpr auto operator-(map_iterator const& other) const -> difference_type
84
86
                             _to_same_object(*this, other)
                   catal__catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_catal_
88
90
```

```
constexpr auto operator == (map_iterator const& other) const noexcept -> bool
{ return _to_same_object(*this, other) && (_i == other._i); }
92
        constexpr auto operator!=(map_iterator const& other) const noexcept -> bool
{ return !(*this == other); }
94
96
        constexpr auto operator < (map_iterator const& other) const -> bool
{ return (*this - other) < 0; }</pre>
98
        constexpr auto operator <=(map_iterator const& other) const -> bool
{ return (*this - other) <= 0; }</pre>
100
102
        constexpr auto operator> (map_iterator const& other) const -> bool
{ return (*this - other) > 0; }
104
        constexpr auto operator>=(map_iterator const& other) const -> bool { return (*this - other) >= 0; }
106
108
        constexpr auto operator[](difference_type const n) const -> reference
110
        { return *(*this + n); }
        constexpr operator _const_iterator() const noexcept { return {_data, _i}; }
112
114
        friend
        constexpr auto swap(map_iterator& lhs, map_iterator& rhs) noexcept -> void
116
          auto const _temp_idx = lhs._i;
          lhs._i = rhs._i;
rhs._i = _temp_idx;
118
120
         auto const _temp_data = lhs._data;
lhs._data = rhs._data;
rhs._data = _temp_data;
122
124
126
       128
        { return {*(x._data), x._i + n}; }
130
132
        constexpr auto operator+ ( difference_type const
                                        , map_iterator
                                                               const& x ) noexcept -> map_iterator
        { return x + n; }
134
136
        constexpr auto operator- ( map_iterator
                                                             const& x
                                          difference_type const   n ) noexcept -> map_iterator
138
        { return {*(x._data), x._i - n}; }
140
        142
        \{ return x = x + n; \}
144
146
        friend
        constexpr auto operator -=( map_iterator
                                        , difference_type const n ) noexcept -> map_iterator&
148
        \{ return x = x - n; \}
150
     }:
     template <class _Static_map, bool _is_const>
constexpr typename _Static_map::size_type map_iterator<_Static_map, _is_const>::_size;
152
154
     } // unnamed namespace
156
     struct equal c {
158
        template <qual_c {
    template <class _Char>
    constexpr auto operator()(_Char const* const a, _Char const* const b) const
    noexcept( noexcept(std::declval<_Char>() == std::declval<_Char>())
    && noexcept(std::declval<_Char>() != std::declval<_Char>()) )
160
162
          std::size_t i = 0;
while (a[i] != _Char{} && a[i] == b[i]) {
    ++i;
164
166
          return a[i] == _Char{} && b[i] == _Char{};
168
       }
     }:
170
     namespace {
174
     template <class _Char>
inline constexpr auto length_c(_Char const* const str) noexcept -> std::size_t
176
       std::size_t i = 0;
while (str[i] != _Char{}) {
    ++i;
178
180
       return (i == 0) ? 0 : (i - 1);
182
184
```

```
template <class _Char>
inline constexpr auto crc32_hash(_Char const* const str) noexcept -> std::uint32_t
186
           constexpr std::uint32_t INITXOR = 0xFFFFFFF;
constexpr std::uint32_t FINALXOR = 0xFFFFFFFF;
constexpr std::uint32_t CRCPOLY = 0xEDB88320;
188
190
           auto const l = length_c(str);
auto crcreg = INITXOR;
192
194
           for (std::size_t j = 0; j < 1; ++j) {
   auto b = static_cast < std::make_unsigned_t < Char >> (str[j]);
   for (std::size_t i = 0; i < 8 * sizeof(_Char); ++i) {
      if ((crcreg ^ b) & 1) {
         crcreg = (crcreg >> 1) ^ CRCPOLY;
      }
196
198
                  else {
                     crcreg >>= 1;
202
204
                  b >>= 1;
          }
206
           return crcreg ^ FINALXOR;
208
210
       template <class _Char>
inline constexpr auto simple_hash(_Char const* const str) noexcept
212
           std::size_t hash = 0;
214
           std::size_t i = 0;
while (str[i] != _Char{}) {
   hash = 37 * hash + str[i];
216
218
              ++i;
220
           return hash;
222
          // unnamed namespace
224
        template <class _T, std::size_t _N, class = void>
        struct hash_c;
228
       template <class _T, std::size_t _N>
struct hash_c<_T, _N, std::enable_if_t<std::is_integral<_T>::value>> {
   constexpr auto operator()(_T const x) const noexcept -> std::size_t
   { return static_cast<std::size_t>(x) % _N; }
}
232
234
       template <std::size_t _N>
struct hash_c<char const*</pre>
                                                          N > {
236
           constexpr auto operator()(char const* const x) const noexcept -> std::size_t
238
               // return simple_hash(x) % _N;
240
              return static_cast < std::size_t > (crc32_hash(x)) % _N;
          }
       };
242
        template <std::size_t _N>
244
       template \ \std..\size_t \ _\text{...} \ \
struct \ \text{hash_c<\std::experimental::string_view, _N> {
    constexpr auto operator()(std::experimental::string_view const& x) const noexcept
    { return \ \text{hash_c<\char const*, _N>{}(x.\data()); } \}

246
248
250
       template < class _RAIterator, class _Pred>
inline constexpr auto find_if_c( _RAIterator&& first, _RAIterator&& last, _Pred&& p )
    noexcept( noexcept(std::declval < _RAIterator>() - std::declval < _RAIterator>())
    && noexcept(std::declval < _RAIterator&>()) = std::declval < _RAIterator>())
252
254
                       && noexcept(*std::declval < _RAIterator >())
256
                       && noexcept (++std::declval < RAIterator > ()) )
           auto const
                                _count = last - first;
258
           auto i = first;
           std::remove_const_t < decltype(_count) > n = 0;
while (n < _count && !p(*i)) {
    ++n; ++i;</pre>
260
262
264
           return n == _count ? last : i;
266
       namespace {
template <bool... _Bs> struct _all;
template <> struct _all<> : std::true_type {};
268
       template <bool _B, bool... _Bs>
struct _all<_B, _Bs...> : std::conditional_t<_B, _all<_Bs...>, std::false_type> {};
272
          // unnamed namespace
274
276
       template < class _Key
, class _Tp</pre>
278
```

```
, size_t _N
, class _Pred = std::equal_to<_K
, class _Hasher = hash_c<_Key, _N>
                              = std::equal_to<_Key>
280
282
     class static_map {
284
      using type
286
                                    = static_map<_Key, _Tp, _N, _Pred, _Hasher>;
                                   = _Key;
= _Tp;
= _Pred;
= _Hasher;
       using key_type
       using mapped_type
using key_equal
288
       using hasher
290
       using value_type
                                   = std::pair<key_type const, mapped_type>;
                                   = stu::pail \key_type \text{const}, \text{mapped_sype.},
= value_type \text{const};
= map_iterator \text{type}, \/*is_const =*/ false \rightarrow;
= map_iterator \text{type}, \/*is_const =*/ true \rightarrow;
       using reference
292
       using const_reference using iterator
294
       using const_iterator
using difference_type
296
                                   = std::ptrdiff_t;
                                   = std::size_t;
       using size_type
298
300
       struct _Storage {
       private:
    using _actual_value_type = value_type;
302
         _actual_value_type _vs[_N];
304
         static constexpr auto make node(const reference value)
          306
         { return std::make_pair(value.first, value.second); }
308
310
       public:
         template <class... _Pair>
constexpr _Storage(_Pair const&... values)
   noexcept(_all<noexcept(make_node(std::declval<_Pair const&>()))...>::value)
312
314
           : _vs{ make_node(values)...
         {}
316
         constexpr auto value(size_type const i) const noexcept -> const_reference
318
         { return _vs[i]; }
320
         constexpr auto value(size_type const i)
{ return _vs[i]; }
                                                          noexcept -> reference
322
324
    public:
326
       using storage_type = _Storage;
    private:
328
                   const _eq;
const _hf;
       key_equal
       hasher
330
       storage_type
                            data:
332
334
        _attribute__((always_inline))
       336
338
                                                         , std::declval <key_type >())) )
         340
342
         344
346
           if (i == guess) return _N;
348
        return i;
       }
350
352
       template <class... _K, class... _V>
constexpr static_map(std::pair<_K, _V> const&... values)
354
        _V > const&...>::value
356
358
         : _eq{}, _hf{}, _data{ values... }
       {}
360
      362
364
366
368
         : _eq{ std::move(equal) }
, _hf{ std::move(hash_function) }
370
           _data{ values... }
372
```

```
static constexpr auto size() noexcept -> size type
374
        { return _N; }
376
        constexpr auto begin() noexcept -> iterator
{ return {_data, 0}; }
378
        constexpr auto end() noexcept -> iterator
{ return {_data, size()}; }
380
382
        constexpr auto cbegin() const noexcept -> const_iterator
{ return {_data, 0}; }
384
        constexpr auto cend() con
{ return {_data, size()}; }
386
                                     const noexcept -> const_iterator
         _attribute__((always_inline))
        constexpr auto find(key_type const& k) const
noexcept(noexcept(std::declval<static_map>()._lookup(std::declval<key_type>())))
390
392
           -> const_iterator
          auto i = _lookup(k);
return i == _N
  ? cend()
394
396
             : const_iterator{_data, i};
398
        constexpr auto count(key_type const& k) const
400
          noexcept(noexcept(std::declval<static_map>().find(std::declval<key_type>())))
        -> size_type { return find(k) == cend() ? 0 : 1; }
402
404
         _attribute__((always_inline))
406
        constexpr auto at(key_type const& k) const -> mapped_type const&
          auto i = _lookup(k);
return i != _N
408
             ? _data.value(i).second
: (throw key_not_found_error{}, _data.value(0).second);
410
412
        __attribute__((always_inline))
constexpr auto at(key_type const& k) -> mapped_type&
414
416
          auto i = _lookup(k);
return i != _N
418
             ? _data.value(i).second
: (throw key_not_found_error{}, _data.value(0).second);
420
422
        constexpr auto operator[](key_type const& k) const -> mapped_type const&
{ return at(k); }
424
       constexpr auto operator[](key_type const& k) -> mapped_type &
{ return at(k); }
428
430
432
     namespace {
434
     template <std::size_t
436
438
       auto i = guess;
while (i < _N && indices[i] != _N) { ++i; }
if (i == _N) {</pre>
440
442
          while (i < guess && indices[i] != _N) { ++i; }
444
        indices[i] = index;
     template <std::size_t _N>
__attribute__((always_inline))
448
     inline constexpr auto _init_impl( std::size_t (&indices)[_N]
     , std::pair<std::size_t, std::size_t > const& x ) noexcept { _insert(x.first, x.second, indices); }
452
     template <std::size_t _N, class... _I>
     __attribute__((always_inline))
inline constexpr auto _init_impl( std::size_t (&indices)[_N]
456
                                               , std::sair<std::size_t> const& x
, std::pair<_I, _I> const&... xs ) noexcept
       _insert(x.first, x.second, indices);
_init_impl(indices, xs...);
460
462
464
     template <std::size_t, class _T>
```

```
466
     using _transform = _T;
     template < class _K
468
                    class _V
                   class _Pred
class _Hasher
470
                   std::size_t _N
472
                   std::size_t... _Is
474
       _attribute__((always_inline))
476
     inline constexpr auto _initialise( std::pair<_K const, _V> const (&il)[_N]
        , _Pred&& equal, _Hasher&& hf
, std::index_sequence<_Is...> )
noexcept( noexcept(std::declval<_Hasher>()(std::declval<_K>()))
478
                 480
482
484
        std::size_t indices[_N] = {((void)_Is, _N)...};
_init_impl(indices, std::make_pair(_Is, hf(il[_Is].first))...);
486
        return static_map<_K, _V, _N, _Pred, _Hasher>{ std::forward<_Pred>(equal)
                                                                    , std::forward<_Hasher>(hf)
, il[indices[_Is]]...};
490
492
     } // unnamed namespace
494
     template < class _K
496
                 , class
                 , std::size_t _N
, std::size_t _N
, class _Pred = std::equal_to<_K>
, class _Hasher = hash_c<_K, _N>
498
500
       _attribute__((always_inline))
502
     inline
     constexpr
     504
506
        noexcept( noexcept(_initialise( std::declval < decltype(il) > ()
508
                                                , std::declval<_Pred>()
                             , std::declval<_Hasher>()
, std::make_index_sequence<_N>{})) )
510
512
        return _initialise( il
                                , std::forward<_Pred>(equal)
, std::forward<_Hasher>(hf)
514
                                , std::make_index_sequence<_N>{} );
516
518
     enum class weekday { sunday
520
                                 monday
                                 tuesday
                                 wednesday
522
                                 thursday
                                 friday
524
                               . saturdav }:
526
     using std::experimental::string_view;
     #define STRING_VIEW(str) std::experimental::string_view{str, sizeof(str)-1}
528
530
     struct equal_string_view {
        constexpr
        auto operator()( string_view const& a
   , string_view const& b ) const noexcept -> bool
532
        { return equal_c(}(a.data(), b.data()); }
534
     };
536
     int main(void)
538
          // Compile-time stuff
constexpr std::pair<int const, const char *> map_data[] =
    { 5, "apple" }
    , { 8, "pear" }
    , { 0, "banana" }
540
542
544
             ; t o,
};
'Initialisation
546
           constexpr auto cmap = make_static_map(map_data);
548
          // No abort call in assembly
if (!cmap[8]) abort();
550
          // These operations use hashing
static_assert(equal_c{}(cmap[5], "apple"), "");
static_assert(equal_c{}(cmap[8], "pear"), "");
static_assert(equal_c{}(cmap[0], "banana"), "");
554
           // This fails to compile -- as expected.
// constexpr auto foo = cmap[-1];
558
```

```
560
                          constexpr auto operator()(std::pair<int, char const*> const& x)
562
                               const noexcept
                          { return x.first == 8; }
564
566
                      // Iterators
                     static_assert( find_if_c(cmap.cbegin(), cmap.cend(), is_eight{})
!= cmap.cend(), "");
568
570
                      // Run-time stuff
572
                     constexpr std::pair<int const, const char *> map_data[] =
    { 5, "apple" }
    , { 8, "pear" }
    , { 0, "banana" }
574
576
                     auto cmap = make_static_map(map_data);
578
                                   abort in assembly
                       if (!cmap.count(5)) abort();
582
                      // Values are mutable !!
                     auto& i = cmap.at(8);
i = "orange";
                     assert(equal_c{}(i, "orange"));
586
                     auto const it1 = cmap.find(8);
assert(it1->first == 8);
590
592
                      // Working with string_view
                     constexpr std::pair < const std::experimental::string_view, weekday >
    string_to_weekday []
594
                               { { STRING_VIEW("sunday"), { STRING_VIEW("monday"), { STRING_VIEW("tuesday"), } { STRING_VIEW("tuesday"), } { STRING_VIEW("thursday"), } { STRING_VIEW("thursday"), } { STRING_VIEW("friday"), } { STRING_VIEW("friday"), } { STRING_VIEW("sunday"), } { STRING_VIEW("su
596
598
600
                                    { STRING_VIEW("friday"), { STRING_VIEW("saturday"),
602
                                                                                                            weekday::saturday }
                     constexpr auto to_weekday = make_static_map( string_to_weekday
604
                                                                                                                                      , equal_string_view{} );
606
                    static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("sunday")] == weekday::sunday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("monday")] == weekday::monday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("tuesday")] == weekday::tuesday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("wednesday")] == weekday::wednesday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("thursday")] == weekday::thursday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("friday")] == weekday::friday, "");
static_assert(to_weekday[STRING_VIEW("saturday")] == weekday::saturday, "");
608
610
612
614
                     if (!to_weekday.count(STRING_VIEW("sunday"))) abort();
616
                     struct is_friday {
                         constexpr auto operator()(std::pair< string_view const</pre>
618
                                                                                                                    , weekday > const& x)
                         const noexcept -> bool
{ return equal_c{}(x.first.data(), "friday"); }
620
622
                      // Lookup
624
                     static_assert(to_weekday.find(STRING_VIEW("friday")) != to_weekday.cend(), "");
static_assert(to_weekday.find(STRING_VIEW("__friday__")) == to_weekday.cend(), "");
626
                     628
630
                      // C-strings
632
                     constexpr std::pair<char const* const, weekday>
                          634
                                                                            weekday::sunday }
                                                                            weekday::monday }
636
                                        "tuesday"
                                                                            weekday::tuesday
                                    { "wednesday", { "thursday",
                                                                     ", weekday::wednesday
638
                                                                          weekday::thursday }
                                                                            weekday::friday
                                        "friday"
640
                                    { "saturday", weekday::saturday }
642
                     constexpr auto to_weekday = make_static_map( string_to_weekday
644
                                                                                                                                      , equal_c{} );
                return 0:
646
```

static_map.cpp