

Condition for parallelogram

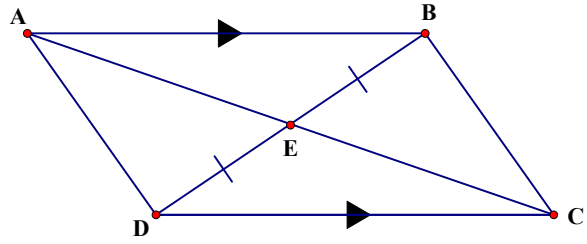
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Given a quadrilateral  $ABCD$ . The diagonals  $AC$  and  $BD$  intersect at  $E$ .

If  $BE = DE$  and  $AB \parallel DC$ ,

then  $ABCD$  is a parallelogram.



Proof:  $\angle ABE = \angle CDE$  (alt.  $\angle$ s,  $AB \parallel DC$ )

$\angle AEB = \angle CED$  (vert. opp.  $\angle$ s)

$BE = DE$  (given)

$\triangle AEB \cong \triangle CED$  (A.S.A.)

$AE = CE$  (corr. sides,  $\cong \triangle$ s)

$ABCD$  is a parallelogram (diags. bisect each other)

The proof is completed.