

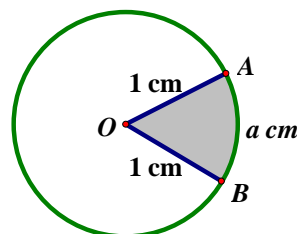
Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)
Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 若 a 為實數且滿足方程 $\log_2(x+3) - \log_2(x+1) = 1$ ，求 a 的值。
 If a is a real number satisfying $\log_2(x+3) - \log_2(x+1) = 1$, find the value of a .

2. 如圖一， O 是半徑 1 cm 的圓的圓心。若弧 AB 的長度是 a cm 及著色部份扇形 OAB 的面積是 b cm²，求 b 的值。(取 $\pi = 3$)

In Figure 1, O is the centre of the circle with radius 1 cm. If the length of the arc AB is equal to a cm and the area of the shaded sector OAB is equal to b cm², find the value of b . (Take $\pi = 3$)



圖一 Figure 1

3. 一個正 C 邊形的一隻內角是 $288b^\circ$ ，求 C 的值。
 An interior angle of a regular C -sided polygon is $288b^\circ$, find the value of C .

4. 已知 10 是方程 $kx^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$ 的一個根，其中 k 為常數。
 若 D 是另一個根，求 D 的值。
 Given that 10 is a root of the equation $kx^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$, where k is a constant.
 If D is another root, find the value of D .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
			+	Bonus score		
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Team No.	
Time	
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)
Final Event 2 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 已知 $a : b : c = 6 : 3 : 1$ 。若 $R = \frac{3b^2}{2a^2 + bc}$ ，求 R 的值。

Given that $a : b : c = 6 : 3 : 1$. If $R = \frac{3b^2}{2a^2 + bc}$, find the value of R .

$R =$

2. 已知 $\frac{|k+R|}{|R|} = 0$ ，若 $S = \frac{|k+2R|}{|2k+R|}$ ，求 S 的值。

Given that $\frac{|k+R|}{|R|} = 0$. If $S = \frac{|k+2R|}{|2k+R|}$, find the value of S .

$S =$

3. 已知 $T = \sin 50^\circ \times (S + \sqrt{3} \times \tan 10^\circ)$ ，求 T 的值。

Given that $T = \sin 50^\circ \times (S + \sqrt{3} \times \tan 10^\circ)$, find the value of T .

$T =$

4. 已知 x_0 和 y_0 是實數且滿足方程組 $\begin{cases} y = \frac{T}{x} \\ y = |x| + T \end{cases}$ ，

若 $W = x_0 + y_0$ ，求 W 的值。

Given that x_0 and y_0 are real numbers satisfying the system of equations $\begin{cases} y = \frac{T}{x} \\ y = |x| + T \end{cases}$.

If $W = x_0 + y_0$, find the value of W .

$W =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

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speed

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Time

Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)
Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 已知 $\frac{2x-3}{x^2-x} = \frac{A}{x-1} + \frac{B}{x}$ ，其中 A 和 B 是常數。若 $S = A^2 + B^2$ ，求 S 的值。

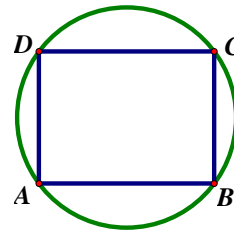
Given that $\frac{2x-3}{x^2-x} = \frac{A}{x-1} + \frac{B}{x}$, where A and B are constants.

If $S = A^2 + B^2$, find the value of S .

$S =$

2. 如圖一， $ABCD$ 是圓內長方形， $AB = (S-2)$ cm 及 $AD = (S-4)$ cm。若圓形的圓周是 R cm，求 R 的值。(取 $\pi = 3$)

In Figure 1, $ABCD$ is an inscribed rectangle, $AB = (S-2)$ cm and $AD = (S-4)$ cm. If the circumference of the circle is R cm, find the value of R . (Take $\pi = 3$)



圖一 Figure 1

$R =$

3. 已知整數 x 和 y 滿足 $\frac{R}{2}xy = 21x + 20y - 13$ 。若 $T = xy$ ，求 T 的值。

Given that x and y are integers satisfying the equation $\frac{R}{2}xy = 21x + 20y - 13$.

If $T = xy$, find the value of T .

$T =$

4. 設 a 是方程 $x^2 - 2x - T = 0$ 的一個正根。若 $P = 3 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{a}}}}$ ，求 P 的值。

Let a be the positive root of the equation $x^2 - 2x - T = 0$.

If $P = 3 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{2 + \frac{T}{a}}}}$, find the value of P .

$P =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)
Final Event 4 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 設 $\frac{k}{4} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) - \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right)$ ，求 k 的值。
- Let $\frac{k}{4} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) - \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}\right)$, find the value of k .

$k =$

2. 設 x 和 y 是實數且滿足方程 $y^2 + 4y + 4 + \sqrt{x + y + k} = 0$ 。若 $r = |xy|$ ，求 r 的值。
- Let x and y be real numbers satisfying the equation $y^2 + 4y + 4 + \sqrt{x + y + k} = 0$.
- If $r = |xy|$, find the value of r .

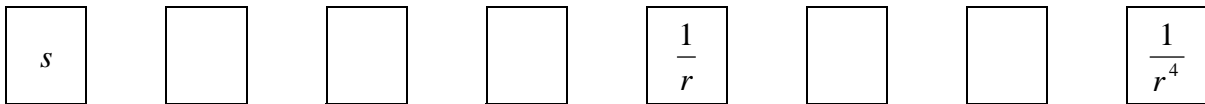
$r =$

3. 如圖一，八個正數排成一列，從第三個數開始，每個數都等於前面兩個數的乘積。
- 已知第五個是 $\frac{1}{r}$ ，而第八個數是 $\frac{1}{r^4}$ 。若第一個是 s ，求 s 的值。

$s =$

In Figure 1, there are eight positive numbers in series. Starting from the 3rd number, each number is the product of the previous two numbers. Given that the 5th number is $\frac{1}{r}$ and the 8th number is $\frac{1}{r^4}$.

If the first number is s , find the value of s .



圖一 Figure 1

4. 設 $[x]$ 表示不大於 x 的最大整數，例如 $[2.5] = 2$ 。
- 若 $w = 1 + [10 \times s^2] + [10 \times s^4] + [10 \times s^6] + \dots + [10 \times s^{2n}] + \dots$ ，求 w 的值。

$w =$

Let $[x]$ be the largest integer not greater than x . For example, $[2.5] = 2$.

Let $w = 1 + [10 \times s^2] + [10 \times s^4] + [10 \times s^6] + \dots + [10 \times s^{2n}] + \dots$, find the value of w .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
				+		
				+ Bonus score		
				Total score		

Team No.

Time

Min.

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)

Final Event 1 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 已知 k 為實數。若 $x^2 + 2kx - 3k^2$ 能被 $x - 1$ 整除，求 k 最大可能的值。
Given that k is a real number. If $x^2 + 2kx - 3k^2$ can be divisible by $x - 1$, find the greatest value of k .

$k =$

2. 已知 $x = x_0$ 及 $y = y_0$ 滿足方程組 $\begin{cases} \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{5} = 1 \\ \frac{x}{5} + \frac{y}{3} = 1 \end{cases}$ 。若 $B = \frac{1}{x_0} + \frac{1}{y_0}$ ，求 B 的值。

$B =$

Given that $x = x_0$ and $y = y_0$ satisfy the system of equations $\begin{cases} \frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{5} = 1 \\ \frac{x}{5} + \frac{y}{3} = 1 \end{cases}$.

If $B = \frac{1}{x_0} + \frac{1}{y_0}$, find the value of B .

3. 已知 $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ 是方程 $x^2 - (\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha)x + 1 = 0$ 的一個根。
若 $C = \sin \alpha \times \cos \alpha$ ，求 C 的值。

Given that $x = 2 + \sqrt{3}$ is a root of the equation $x^2 - (\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha)x + 1 = 0$.

If $C = \sin \alpha \times \cos \alpha$, find the value of C .

$C =$

4. 設 a 為整數。若不等式 $|x + 1| < a - 1.5$ 沒有整數解，求 a 最大可能的值。
Let a be an integer. If the inequality $|x + 1| < a - 1.5$ has no integral solution, find the greatest value of a .

$a =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy	<div></div>	×	Mult. factor for speed	<div></div>	=	<div></div>
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				Total score		<div></div>

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除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

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$w =$

- $$Z =$$

- $S =$

$$t =$$

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$\square =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)

Final Event 3 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 已知 $r = 2006 \times \frac{\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ ，求 r 的值。

Given that $r = 2006 \times \frac{\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$, find the value of r .

$r =$

2. 已知 $6^{x+y} = 36$ 及 $6^{x+5y} = 216$ ，求 x 的值。

Given that $6^{x+y} = 36$ and $6^{x+5y} = 216$, find the value of x .

$x =$

3. 已知 $\tan x + \tan y + 1 = \cot x + \cot y = 6$ 。若 $z = \tan(x + y)$ ，求 z 的值。

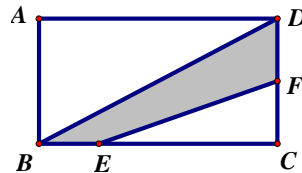
Given that $\tan x + \tan y + 1 = \cot x + \cot y = 6$.

If $z = \tan(x + y)$, find the value of z .

$z =$

4. 如圖一， $ABCD$ 是一長方形， F 是 CD 的中點及 $BE:EC = 1:3$ 。若長方形 $ABCD$ 的面積是 12 cm^2 及陰影部份 $BEFD$ 的面積是 $R \text{ cm}^2$ ，求 R 的值。

In Figure 1, $ABCD$ is a rectangle, F is the midpoint of CD and $BE:EC = 1:3$. If the area of the rectangle $ABCD$ is 12 cm^2 and the area of $BEFD$ is $R \text{ cm}^2$, find the value of R .



圖一 Figure 1

$R =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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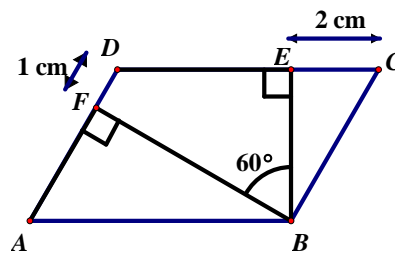
Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2005 – 2006)

Final Event 4 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 如圖一，平行四邊形 $ABCD$ 中， $BE \perp CD$ ， $BF \perp AD$ ， $CE = 2 \text{ cm}$ ， $DF = 1 \text{ cm}$ 及 $\angle EBF = 60^\circ$ 。若平行四邊形 $ABCD$ 的面積是 $R \text{ cm}^2$ ，求 R 的值。
In Figure 1, $ABCD$ is a parallelogram, $BE \perp CD$, $BF \perp AD$, $CE = 2 \text{ cm}$, $DF = 1 \text{ cm}$ and $\angle EBF = 60^\circ$. If the area of the parallelogram $ABCD$ is $R \text{ cm}^2$, find the value of R .



圖一 Figure 1

2. 已知 a 和 b 是正數且 $a + b = 2$ 。若 $S = \left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + \left(b + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2$ ，求 S 的最小值。
Given that a and b are positive numbers and $a + b = 2$.
If $S = \left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + \left(b + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2$, find the minimum value S .

3. 設 $2^x = 7^y = 196$ 。若 $T = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$ ，求 T 的值。
Let $2^x = 7^y = 196$. If $T = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$, find the value of T .

4. 若 $W = 2006^2 - 2005^2 + 2004^2 - 2003^2 + \dots + 4^2 - 3^2 + 2^2 - 1^2$ ，求 W 的值。
If $W = 2006^2 - 2005^2 + 2004^2 - 2003^2 + \dots + 4^2 - 3^2 + 2^2 - 1^2$, find the value of W .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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Team No.

Time

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