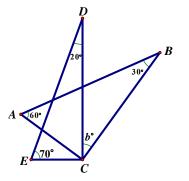
Angles (HKMO Classified Questions by topics)

1982 FI5.2

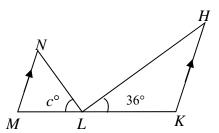
若 $\angle ACE = 36^{\circ}$ 。求 b 的值。 If $\angle ACE = 36^{\circ}$. Find the value of b.



1982 FI5.3

若 HK = KL , LM = MN , HK//MN ,求c的值。

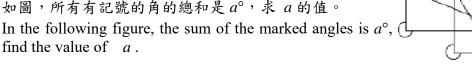
If HK = KL, LM = MN, HK // MN, find the value of c.



1983 FI1.1

如圖,所有有記號的角的總和是 a° ,求a的值。

In the following figure, the sum of the marked angles is a° , (



1983 FG6.2

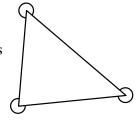
 α α β β ο α β β γ ο α 均值是b°。求b的值。

The average of α and β is 105°, the average of γ α , β and γ is b° . Find the value of b.



附圖所示三角之和為 a°, 求 a 的值。

In the given diagram, the sum of the three marked angles is a° . Find the value of a.



1984 FG7.1 1987 FG7.1

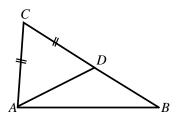
凌晨三點卅分,時鐘兩針間之銳角為p°,求p的值。

The acute angle between the 2 hands of a clock at 3:30 a.m. is p° . Find the value of p.

1985 FI2.2

在圖中,AC = CD, $\angle CAB - \angle ABC = 30^{\circ}$ 。 $\angle BAD = b^{\circ}$, 求 b 的值。

In the figure, AC = CD and $\angle CAB - \angle ABC = 30^{\circ}$. If $\angle BAD = b^{\circ}$, find the value of b.



Created by Mr. Francis Hung

1985 FI3.1

在二時十五分,時鐘兩針所構成之銳角為 $\left(18\frac{1}{2}+a\right)^{\circ}$,求a的值。

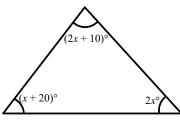
The acute angle formed by the hands of a clock at 2:15 is $\left(18\frac{1}{2} + a\right)^{\circ}$.

Find the value of a.

1987 FI3.1

如圖所示,求x的值。

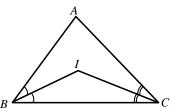
In the figure, find the value of x.



1988 FG6.1

附圖中 $\angle B$ 及 $\angle C$ 的平分線相交於 I。 若 $\angle A = 70^{\circ}$, $\angle BIC = x^{\circ}$,求x的值。

In the figure, the bisectors of $\angle B$ and $\angle C$ meet at I. If $\angle A = 70^{\circ}$ and $\angle BIC = x^{\circ}$, find the value of x.



1989 FI1.1

在十時三十分,時鐘兩針構成的鈍角是 $(100+a)^{\circ}$,求 a 的值。

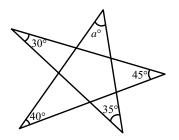
The obtuse angle formed by the hands of a clock at 10:30 is $(100 + a)^{\circ}$.

Find the value of a.

1989 FI5.1

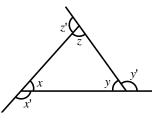
如圖所示,求 a 的值。

In the figure, find the value of a.



1990 HI16

圖一的三角形的三個外角的比是 x': y': z'=4:5:6,而三個內角的比是 x: y: z=a:b:3,求 b 的值。 In figure 1, the exterior angles of the triangle are in the ratio x': y': z'=4:5:6 and the interior angles are in the ratio x: y: z=a:b:3. Find the value of b.



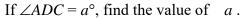
1990 FG6.3

若在四時十五分,時鐘兩針之間的銳角是 k° ,求 k 的值。 If the acute angle formed by the hands of a clock at 4:15 is k° , find the value of k.

1991 FI1.1 2014 FG3.3

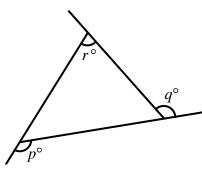
如圖所示,ABC 是等邊三角形,BCDE 是正 方形。若 $\angle ADC = a^{\circ}$,求 a 的值。

In the figure, ABC is an equilateral triangle and BCDE is a square.





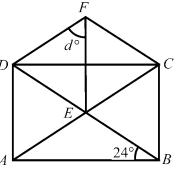
圖中,p與q的平均值是 125。求r的值。 In the figure, the average of p and q is 125. Find the value of r.



1993 FI4.4

ABCD 為一長方形及 CEF 為一等邊三角形, $\angle ABD = 24^{\circ}$,求 d 的值。

ABCD is a rectangle and CEF is an equilateral D triangle, $\angle ABD = 24^{\circ}$, find the value of d.

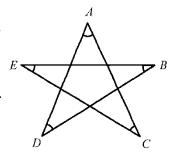


1997 FG1.1

圖中, $\angle A+\angle B+\angle C+\angle D+\angle E=a^{\circ}$ 。求a的值。

In the given diagram,

$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E = a^{\circ}$$
, find the value of a.

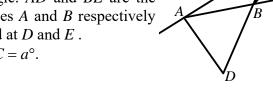


1998 HG2

在圖一,ABC 是一三角形,外角 A 和 B 的角平分 綫 AD 和 BE 分別交 CB 和 AC 的延綫於 D 和 E 。 設 AD = BE = AB 和 $\angle BAC = a^\circ$,求 a 的值。 In Figure 1. ABC is a triangle AD and BE are the

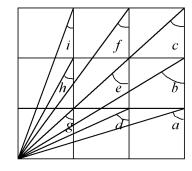
In Figure 1, ABC is a triangle. AD and BE are the bisectors of the exterior angles A and B respectively meeting CB and AC produced at D and E.

Let AD = BE = AB and $\angle BAC = a^{\circ}$. Find the value of a.



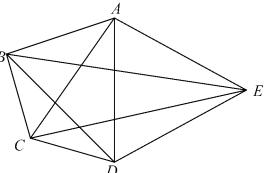
1999 HI4

在圖二,有一個 3×3 正方形。 設 $\angle a + \angle b + ... + \angle i = X^{\circ}$,求 X 的數值。 In Figure 2, there is a 3×3 square. Let $\angle a + \angle b + ... + \angle i = X^{\circ}$, find the value of X.



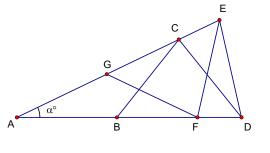
2002 FG1.3

在右圖中,AC = AD = AE = ED = DB及 $\angle BEC = c^{\circ}$ 。已知 $\angle BDC = 26^{\circ}$ 及 $\angle ADB = 46^{\circ}$,求 c 的值 。 In the figure, AC = AD = AE = ED = DB and $\angle BEC = c^{\circ}$. Given that $\angle BDC = 26^{\circ}$ and $\angle ADB = 46^{\circ}$, find the value of c.



2003 FG4.1

如圖, $AE \ AD$ 是直綫且 $AB = BC = CD = DE = EF = FG = GA \circ 若 \ \angle DAE = \alpha^{\circ}$,求 α 的值 \circ In the figure, AE and AD are two straight lines and AB = BC = CD = DE = EF = FG = GA. If $\angle DAE = \alpha^{\circ}$, find A°

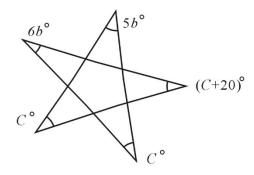


2005 FI2.3

the value of α .

如圖,b=5,求C的值。

In the figure, b = 5, find the value of C.



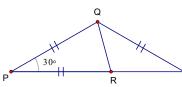
2006 FG2.1

如圖 , PRS 是一直綫 , PQ = PR = QS 及 $\angle QPR = 30^{\circ}$ 。

若 $\angle RQS = w^{\circ}$, 求 w 的值。

In the figure, PRS is a straight line, PQ = PR = OS and $\angle OPR = 30^{\circ}$.

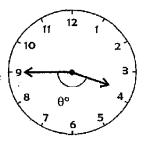
If $\angle RQS = w^{\circ}$, find the value of w.



2007 HI1

如圖一,時鐘顯示着三時四十五分。若時針與分針的 交角是 θ °,求 θ 的值。

In Figure 1, a clock indicates the time 3:45. If the angle between the hour-hand and the minute-hand is θ° , find the value of θ .



2009 FI1.2

如圖,AD 及 BE 為直綫且 AB=AC 及 AB//ED。若 $\angle ABC=30^{\circ}$ 及 $\angle ADE=S^{\circ}$,求S 的值。

In the figure, AD and BE are straight lines with AB = AC and AB // ED.

If $\angle ABC = 30^{\circ}$ and $\angle ADE = S^{\circ}$, find the value of S.

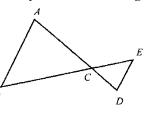
2009 FG4.3

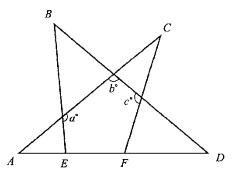
如圖,AC、AD、BD、BE及CF為直綫。

若 $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 140^{\circ}$

及 a+b+c=S, 求 S 的值。

In the figure, AC, AD, BD, BE and CF are straight lines. If $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 140^{\circ}$ and a + b + c = S, find the value of S.





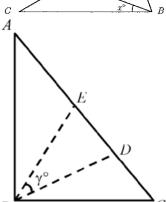
2010 HG3

在圖中,ABC 是一三角形。D 是 AC 上的一點,使得 AB=AD。若 $\angle ABC-\angle ACB=40$ °,求 x 的值。 In the figure , ABC is a triangle. D is a point on AC such that AB=AD. If $\angle ABC-\angle ACB=40$ °, find the value of x.



在右圖的三角形 ABC 中, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$,AB = AD 及 CB = CE。設 $\gamma^{\circ} = \angle DBE$,求 γ 的值。

In the figure, triangle ABC has $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$, AB = AD and CB = CE. If $\gamma^{\circ} = \angle DBE$, determine the value of γ .



2015 HG6

已知三角形中兩角之和為 n° ,最大角比最小角大 30° ,求 n 的最大值。

Given that the sum of two interior angles of a triangle is n° , and the largest interior angle is 30° greater than the smallest one.

Find the largest possible value of n.

Answers

1982 FI5.2	1982 FI5.3	1983 FI1.1	1983 FG6.2	1984FSI.1 1987FSG.3
36	54	1800	80	900
1984FG7.1 1987FG7.1	1985 FI2.2	1985 FI3.1	1987 FI3.1	1988 FG6.1
75	15	4	30	125
1989 FI1.1	1989 FI5.1	1990 HI6	1990 FG6.3	1991 FI1.1 2014 FG3.3
35	30	5	37.5	15
1991 FG6.4	1993 FI4.4	1997 FG1.1	1998 HG2	1999 HI4
70	54	180	12	405
2002 FG1.3 19	2003 FG4.1 180 7	2005 FI2.3 35	2006 FG2.1 45	2007 HI1 157.5
2009 FI1.2	2009 FG4.3	2010 HG3	2014 FI3.2	2015 HG6
120	320	20	45	140