Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1990 – 91) Heat Event (Individual)

除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

時限:40 分鐘

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

每題正確答案得一分。Each correct answer will be awarded 1 mark. Time allowed: 40 minutes

- 1. 求 $\log_3 14 \log_3 12 + \log_3 486 \log_3 7$ 的值。 Find the value of $\log_3 14 - \log_3 12 + \log_3 486 - \log_3 7$.
- 2. 某科學家發現某樣本中細菌的數量每小時增加一倍。於下午四時,他發現細菌的數量為 3.2×10^8 ,若於同日正午該樣本中細菌的數量為 $N \times 10^7$,求 N 的值。

A scientist found that the population of a bacteria culture doubled every hour.

At 4:00 pm , he found that the number of bacteria was 3.2×10^8 . If the number of bacteria in that culture at noon on the same day was $N \times 10^7$, find the value of N.

3. 若 $x + \frac{1}{x} = 8$, 求 $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ 的值。

If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 8$, find the value of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$.

- 4. 若方程 2x+3y+a=0 及 bx-2y+1=0 代表同一直綫,求 6(a+b) 的值。 If the equations 2x+3y+a=0 and bx-2y+1=0 represent the same line, find the value of 6(a+b).
- 5. 某童以每秒 2 米的速度由家步行回校,又以每秒 x 米的速度跑回家。 若該童的往返平均速度為每秒 $2\frac{2}{3}$ 米,求 x 的值。

A boy walks from home to school at a speed of 2 metres per second and runs back at x metres per second. His average speed for the whole journey is $2\frac{2}{3}$ metres per second.

Find the value of x.

6. 直綫 $\frac{ax}{3} - \frac{2by}{5} = 2a + b$ 恆過一定點 P, 求 P 的 x 座標。

The straight line $\frac{ax}{3} - \frac{2by}{5} = 2a + b$ passes through a fixed point P. Find the x-coordinate of P.

- 7. 若一球體的直徑增加 20%,則其體積增加 x%,求 x 的值。 If the diameter of a sphere is increased by 20%, its volume will be increased by x%. Find the value of x.
- 8. 若 $\log_7[\log_5(\log_3 x)]=0$,求 x 的值。 If $\log_7[\log_5(\log_3 x)]=0$, find the value of x.
- 9. 若 $\frac{7-8x}{(1-x)(2-x)} = \frac{A}{1-x} + \frac{B}{2-x}$, 其中 x 為實數 , 且 $x \ne 1$ 及 $x \ne 2$, 求 A + B 的值。

 If $\frac{7-8x}{(1-x)(2-x)} = \frac{A}{1-x} + \frac{B}{2-x}$ for all real numbers x where $x \ne 1$ and $x \ne 2$,

find the value of A + B.

10. 某商品的標價比成本高出 p%。在一次大減價中,店主以「照價八折」的價錢售出該商品。若該店主仍可得利潤 20%,求 p 的值。

The marked price of an article is p% above its cost price. At a sale, the shopkeeper sells the article at 20% off the marked price. If he makes a profit of 20%, find the value of p.

- 11. 若 a < 0,且 $2^{2a+4} 65 \times 2^a + 4 = 0$,求 a 的值。 If a < 0 and $2^{2a+4} - 65 \times 2^a + 4 = 0$, find the value of a.
- 12. 設方程 $(x^2-11x-10)+k(x+2)=0$ 的其中一根為零,求另一根。 If one root of the equation $(x^2-11x-10)+k(x+2)=0$ is zero, find the other root.

- 13. [x] 是小於或等於 x 的最大整數。例如,[6] = 6,[8.9] = 8 等。 若 $\left[\sqrt[4]{1}\right] + \left[\sqrt[4]{2}\right] + \dots + \left[\sqrt[4]{n}\right] = n + 2$,求 n 的值。
 - [x] denotes the greatest integer less than or equal to x. For example, [6] = 6, [8.9] = 8, etc. If $\left[\sqrt[4]{1}\right] + \left[\sqrt[4]{2}\right] + \cdots + \left[\sqrt[4]{n}\right] = n + 2$, find the value of n.
- 14. $a \cdot b$ 為兩個不同之實數,且 $a^2 = 6a + 8$ 及 $b^2 = 6b + 8$,求 $\left(\frac{4}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{b}\right)^2$ 的值。

a, b are two different real numbers such that $a^2 = 6a + 8$ and $b^2 = 6b + 8$.

Find the value of $\left(\frac{4}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{b}\right)^2$.

- 15. $3^{12}-1$ 可被一個大於 70 及小於 80 的整數所整除,求該整數。 $3^{12}-1$ is divisible by an integer which is greater than 70 and smaller than 80. Find the integer.
- 16. 已知

$$2^{3}-1^{3} = 3 \times 1^{2} + 3 \times 1 + 1$$
$$3^{3}-2^{3} = 3 \times 2^{2} + 3 \times 2 + 1$$
$$4^{3}-3^{3} = 3 \times 3^{2} + 3 \times 3 + 1$$

$$101^3 - 100^3 = 3 \times 100^2 + 3 \times 100 + 1$$

求 $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 100^2$ 的值。

It is known that

$$2^3 - 1^3 = 3 \times 1^2 + 3 \times 1 + 1$$

 $3^3 - 2^3 = 3 \times 2^2 + 3 \times 2 + 1$

$$4^3 - 3^3 = 3 \times 3^2 + 3 \times 3 + 1$$

$$101^3 - 100^3 = 3 \times 100^2 + 3 \times 100 + 1$$

Find the value of $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + 100^2$.

17. 在圖一中, $PQ = PR = 8 \text{ cm } \mathcal{A} \angle QPR = 120^{\circ} \circ A \cdot D$ 依次 為 $PQ \cdot PR$ 的中點。若 ABCD 是一個面積為 \sqrt{x} cm² 的矩形,求 x 的值。

In figure 1, PQ = PR = 8 cm and $\angle QPR = 120^{\circ}$. A, D are the mid-points of PO, PR respectively.

If ABCD is a rectangle of area \sqrt{x} cm², find x.

18. 在圖二中, $XA = 10 \text{ cm} \cdot AB = 2 \text{ cm} \cdot XD = 8 \text{ cm} \mathcal{R}$ DC = x cm,求 x 的值。

In figure 2, XA = 10 cm, AB = 2 cm, XD = 8 cm and DC = x cm. Find the value of x.



- (Figure 2)(圖二)
- 19. 在圖三中, $AB=AC=6\,\mathrm{cm}$ 及 $BC=9.6\,\mathrm{cm}$ 。若 ΔABC 的外接圓的直徑是 $x\,\mathrm{cm}$,求 x 的值。 In figure 3, $AB=AC=6\,\mathrm{cm}$ and $BC=9.6\,\mathrm{cm}$. If the diameter of the circumcircle of ΔABC is $x\,\mathrm{cm}$, find the value of x.

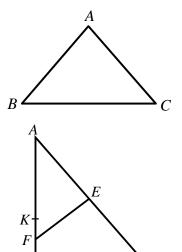
(Figure 3)(圖三)

20. 在圖四中, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$ 、AK = BC 及 $E \cdot F$ 分別為 $AC \cdot KB$ 的中點。若 $\angle AFE = x^{\circ}$,求 x 的值。

In figure 4, $\angle ABC = 90^{\circ}$, AK = BC and E, F are the mid-points of AC, KB respectively.

If $\angle AFE = x^{\circ}$, find the value of x.

(Figure 4)(圖四)



(Figure 1)(圖一)

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1990 – 91) **Heat Event (Group)**

除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

時限:20分鐘

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

每題正確答案得一分。Each correct answer will be awarded 1 mark. Time allowed: 20 minutes

- Find the units digit of 1357⁷⁸⁹⁰. 求 13577890 的個位數。
- If $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{42} + \dots + \frac{1}{2450} = \frac{x}{100}$, find the value of x. 若 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{42} + \dots + \frac{1}{2450} = \frac{x}{100}$, 求 x 的值。
- 3. $\frac{a}{3}$, $\frac{b}{4}$ and $\frac{c}{6}$ are three proper fractions in their simplest form, where a, b and c are positive integers. If c is added to the numerator of each fraction, then the sum of the fractions formed will be equal to 6. Find the value of a+b+c.

 $\frac{a}{3}$ 、 $\frac{b}{4}$ 及 $\frac{c}{6}$ 是三個化至最簡的真分數,其中 a 、b 及 c 是正整數。如果這三個分數 的分子都加上 c,則所得三個分數的和是 6。求 a+b+c 的值。

4. 細讀下列之帕斯卡三角形:

Study the Pascal's triangle shown below:

求由第 1 行至第 15 行所有數的總和。

Find the sum of all the numbers from Row 1 to Row 15.

5. 在下列乘法算式中

 $\square\square\square\times\square\square=\square\square\times\square\square=5568$,

每一方格代表由 1 至 9 的一個整數。若以上九個方格所代表的九個整數都不相同,求 □□□ 所代表的整數。

In the multiplication $\Box\Box\Box \times \Box\Box = \Box\Box \times \Box\Box = 5568$, each of the above boxes represents an integer from 1 to 9. If the integers for the nine boxes above are all different, find the number represented by $\Box\Box\Box$.

求 1997¹⁹⁹⁰-1991 被 1996 除所得的餘數。 6.

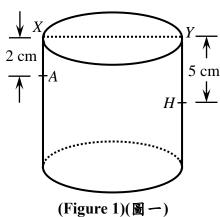
Find the remainder when $1997^{1990} - 1991$ is divided by 1996.

求滿足不等式 $\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n-1} < \frac{1}{80}$ 的 n 的最小正整數值。 7.

Find the least positive integral value of *n* such that $\sqrt{n} - \sqrt{n-1} < \frac{1}{200}$.

- 8. 方程 32a + 59b = 3259 的其中一組正整數解 為 (x, y) = (100, 1)。現知僅有另一組正整數 (a, b) $(a \neq 100, b \neq 1)$ 使得 32a + 59b = 3259,求 a 的值。

 One of the solutions of the equation 32a + 59b = 3259 in positive integers is given by (x, y) = (100, 1). It is known that there is exactly one more pair of positive integers (a, b) $(a \neq 100 \text{ and } b \neq 1)$ such that 32a + 59b = 3259. Find the value of a.
- 9. 在圖一中,XY 是圓柱形玻璃杯的直徑,杯底的圓周是 48 cm。杯外 A 點處 (在 X 之下 2 cm) 有一蟻,杯內 H 點處 (在 Y 之下 5 cm) 有一小滴蜜糖。若蟻行至蜜 2 cm 糖的最短路綫長 x cm,求 x。(杯的厚度可略去不計。) In figure 1, XY is a diameter of a cylindrical glass, 48 cm in base circumference. On the outside is an ant at A, 2 cm below X and on the inside is a small drop of honey at H, 5 cm below Y. If the length of the shortest path for the ant to reach the drop of honey is x cm, find x. (Neglect the thickness of the glass.)



10. 在圖二中,弦 $AOB \cdot COD$ 相交於 $O \circ$ 若過 A 的切綫 與過 C 的切綫相交於 X,過 B 的切綫與過 D 的切 綫相交於 Y,且 $\angle AXC = 130^{\circ} \cdot \angle AOD = 120^{\circ} \cdot \angle BYD = k^{\circ}$,求 k 的值。

In figure 2, two chords AOB, COD cut at O. If the tangents at A and C meet at X, the tangents at B and D meet at Y and $\angle AXC = 130^{\circ}$, $\angle AOD = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle BYD = k^{\circ}$, find the value of k.

