## Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event Sample (Individual)

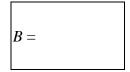
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1.	設 $A = 15 \times \tan 44^{\circ} \times \tan 45^{\circ} \times \tan 46^{\circ}$ ,求 $A$ 的值。
	Let $A = 15 \times \tan 44^{\circ} \times \tan 45^{\circ} \times \tan 46^{\circ}$ , find the value of A.

$$A =$$

2. 設 n 為正整數及 20082008…200815 能被 A 整除。

若 n 的最小可能值是 B ,求 B 的值。



Let *n* be a positive integer and  $20082008\cdots200815$  is divisible by *A*.

If the least possible value of n is B, find the value of B.

3. 已知有 C 個整數滿足方程 |x-2|+|x+1|=B,求 C 的值。 Given that there are C integers that satisfy the equation |x-2|+|x+1|=B, find the value of C.

4. 在座標平面上,點 (-C,0) 與直綫 y=x 的距離是  $\sqrt{D}$  ,求 D 的值。

D	=

In the coordinate plane, the distance from the point (-C, 0) to the straight line y = x is  $\sqrt{D}$ , find the value of D.

FOR OFFICIA	<u>L USE</u>							
Score for accuracy	×	Mult. factor for speed		=	Team No.			
		+	Bonus score		Time			_
		Total	Lscore			Min	Sec.	

## Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 設  $a \cdot b \cdot c$  及 d 為方程  $x^4 - 15x^2 + 56 = 0$  相異的根。 若  $R = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$ ,求 R 的值。

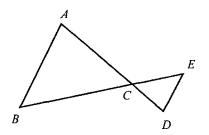
R =

Let a, b, c and d be the distinct roots of the equation  $x^4 - 15x^2 + 56 = 0$ . If  $R = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$ , find the value of R.

如圖一,AD 及 BE 為直綫且 AB = AC 及 AB // ED。
 若 ∠ABC = R° 及∠ADE = S°,求 S 的值。
 In Figure 1, AD and BE are straight lines with AB = AC and AB // ED.



If  $\angle ABC = R^{\circ}$  and  $\angle ADE = S^{\circ}$ , find the value of S.



圖一 Figure 1

3. 設  $F = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + \dots + 2^S$  及  $T = \sqrt{\frac{\log(1+F)}{\log 2}}$  ,求 T 的值。



Let  $F = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + ... + 2^S$  and  $T = \sqrt{\frac{\log(1+F)}{\log 2}}$ , find the value of T.

4. 設 f(x)是一個函數使得對所有整數  $n \ge 6$  時,f(n) = (n-1) f(n-1)及  $f(n) \ne 0$ 。 若  $U = \frac{f(T)}{(T-1)f(T-3)}$ ,求 U 的值。



Let f(x) be a function such that f(n) = (n-1) f(n-1)

and  $f(n) \neq 0$  hold for all integers  $n \geq 6$ . If  $U = \frac{f(T)}{(T-1)f(T-3)}$ , find the value of U.

**FOR OFFICIAL USE** 

Score for accuracy × Mult. factor for speed = 

+ Bonus score

Total score

Team No.

Time



Min.

Sec.

Final Events (Group Sample)

# **Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009)** Final Event 2 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

設 [x] 是不超過 x 的最大整數。若  $a = \left[\left(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}\right)^{2009}\right] + 16$ ,求 a 的值。 1.

a =

Let [x] be the largest integer not greater than x.

If  $a = \left[ \left( \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2} \right)^{2009} \right] + 16$ , find the value of a.

在坐標平面上,若 x-軸、y-軸與直綫 3x + ay = 12 所圍成三角形的面積 2. 是 b 平方單位, 求 b 的值。

b =

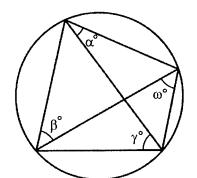
In the coordinate plane, if the area of the triangle formed by the x-axis, y-axis and the line 3x + ay = 12 is b square units, find the value of b.

已知  $x-\frac{1}{x}=2b$  及  $x^3-\frac{1}{x^3}=c$  , 求 c 的值。 3.

c =

Given that  $x - \frac{1}{x} = 2b$  and  $x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3} = c$ , find the value of c.

如圖一, $\alpha = c$ ,  $\beta = 43$ ,  $\gamma = 59$  及  $\omega = d$ , 求 d 的值。 In Figure 1,  $\alpha = c$ ,  $\beta = 43$ ,  $\gamma = 59$  and  $\omega = d$ , find the value of d. d =



圖一 Figure 1

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4.

Score for Mult. factor for = speed accuracy **Bonus** score Total score

Team No.

Time

Min. Sec.

Final Events (Group Sample)

### **Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009)** Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

已知  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}$  。若 m = a - b ,求 m 的值。 1.

m =

Given that  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}$ . If m = a - b, find the value of m.

2. 如圖一,PQR 為直角三角形及 RSTU 為矩形。設 A,B 及 C 是相對圖形的 面積。若 A:B=m:2 及 A:C=n:1, 求 n 的值。 In figure 1, *POR* is a right-angled triangle and *RSTU* is a rectangle.



Let A, B and C be the areas of the corresponding regions.

If A: B = m: 2 and A: C = n: 1, find the value of n.

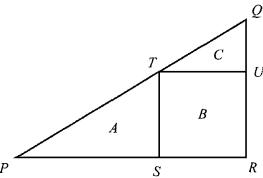


圖 一

Figure 1

設  $x_1 \cdot x_2 \cdot x_3 \cdot x_4$  為實數及  $x_1 \neq x_2 \circ$ 若  $(x_1 + x_3)(x_1 + x_4) = (x_2 + x_3)(x_2 + x_4) = n - 10$ 3. 及  $p = (x_1 + x_3)(x_2 + x_3) + (x_1 + x_4)(x_2 + x_4)$ , 求 p 的值。

p =

Let  $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4$  be real numbers and  $x_1 \neq x_2$ .

If  $(x_1 + x_3)(x_1 + x_4) = (x_2 + x_3)(x_2 + x_4) = n - 10$  and

 $p = (x_1 + x_3)(x_2 + x_3) + (x_1 + x_4)(x_2 + x_4)$ , find the value of p.

已知某校學生人數是7的倍數且不少於1000。若學生人數被p+1、p+2及p4. +3除後的餘數均是1。設學生人數的最小可能值為q,求q的值。

The total number of students in a school is a multiple of 7 and not less than 1000.

Given that the same remainder 1 will be obtained when the number of students is divided by p + 1, p + 2 and p + 3. Let q be the least of the possible numbers of students in the school, find the value of q.

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for Mult. factor for Team No. = speed accuracy Bonus Time score Total score Min.

http://www.hkedcity.net/ihouse/fh7878

Final Events (Group Sample)

## **Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event 4 (Individual)**

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

已知  $x_0^2 + x_0 - 1 = 0$  。若  $m = x_0^3 + 2x_0^2 + 2$  ,求 m 的值。 1.

m =

Given that  $x_0^2 + x_0 - 1 = 0$ . If  $m = x_0^3 + 2x_0^2 + 2$ , find the value of m.

如圖一, $\Delta BAC$ 是一直角三角形,AB = AC = m cm。已知直徑為 AB 的圓與 BC2. 相交於 D 且陰影部分的面積是  $n \text{ cm}^2$  , 求 n 的值。



In Figure 1,  $\triangle BAC$  is a right-angled triangle, AB = AC = m cm. Suppose that the circle with diameter AB intersects the line BC at D, and the total area of the shaded region is  $n ext{ cm}^2$ . Find the value of n.

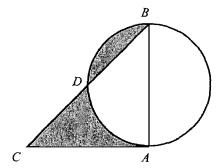


圖 一 Figure 1

已知  $p = 4n \left(\frac{1}{2^{2009}}\right)^{\log(1)}$  , 求 p 的值。 3.



- Given that  $p = 4n \left(\frac{1}{2^{2009}}\right)^{\log(1)}$ , find the value of p.
- 設 x 及 y 為實數並滿足方程  $\left(x-\sqrt{p}\right)^2+\left(y-\sqrt{p}\right)^2=1$ 。 4. 若  $k = \frac{y}{x-3}$  及  $q \in k^2$  的最小可能值, 求 q 的值。



Let x and y be real numbers satisfying the equation  $(x - \sqrt{p})^2 + (y - \sqrt{p})^2 = 1$ .

If  $k = \frac{y}{x-3}$  and q is the least possible values of  $k^2$ , find the value of q.

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for Mult. factor for Team No. = speed accuracy **Bonus** Time score Total score Min. Sec.

## Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event Sample (Group)

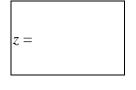
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 如圖一, BD、FC、GC 及 FE 為直綫。

若 z = a + b + c + d + e + f + g , 求 z 的值。

In Figure 1, BD, FC, GC and FE are straight lines.

If z = a + b + c + d + e + f + g, find the value of z.



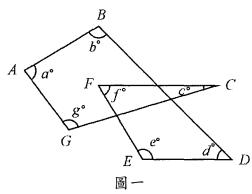


Figure 1

R =

3. 若 14!能被  $6^k$ 整除,其中 k 為整數,求 k 的最大可能值。 If 14! is divisible by  $6^k$ , where k is an integer, find the largest possible value of k.

k =

4. 設實數  $x \cdot y$  及 z 滿足  $x + \frac{1}{y} = 4$  ,  $y + \frac{1}{z} = 1$  及  $z + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{7}{3}$  。求 xyz 的值。

xyz =

Let x, y and z be real numbers that satisfy  $x + \frac{1}{y} = 4$ ,  $y + \frac{1}{z} = 1$  and  $z + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{7}{3}$ .

Find the value of xyz.

## FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy 

Mult. factor for speed 

+ Bonus score

Total score

Team No.

Time

Min. Sec.

Final Events (Group Sample)

# **Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009)** Final Event 1 (Group)

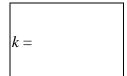
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 若有 q 種不全等的三角形滿足上述條件,求 q 的值。

q =

Given some triangles with side lengths a cm, 2 cm and b cm, where a and b are integers and  $a \le 2 \le b$ . If there are q non-congruent classes of triangles satisfying the above conditions, find the value of q.

已知方程 $|x| - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{3|x|}{x}$ 有 k 個相異實根,  $\bar{x}$  k 的值。 2.



Given that the equation  $|x| - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{3|x|}{x}$  has k distinct real root(s),

find the value of k.

已知x及y為非零實數且滿足方程 $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} - \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{7}{12}$ 及x - y = 7。 3.

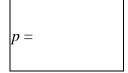


若w=x+v,求w的值。

Given that x and y are non-zero real numbers satisfying the equations  $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} - \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{7}{12}$ 

and x - y = 7. If w = x + y, find the value of w.

已知 x 及 y 為實數且  $\left|x-\frac{1}{2}\right|+\sqrt{y^2-1}=0$ 。設 p=|x|+|y|,求 p 的值。



Given that x and y are real numbers and  $\left|x - \frac{1}{2}\right| + \sqrt{y^2 - 1} = 0$ .

Let p = |x| + |y|, find the value of p.

FOR OFFICIAL USE Score for Mult. factor for = speed accuracy **Bonus** score Total score

Team No.

Time



Min.

# **Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009)** Final Event 2 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

已知  $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{12}$  , 其中  $180^{\circ} \le \theta \le 270^{\circ}$  。若  $A = \cos \theta + \sin \theta$  ,求 A 的值。 1.

A =

Given  $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{12}$ , where  $180^{\circ} \le \theta \le 270^{\circ}$ . If  $A = \cos \theta + \sin \theta$ , find the value of A.

設 [x] 是不超過 x 的最大整數。 2.

若 
$$B = \left[ 10 + \sqrt{10 + \sqrt{10 + \sqrt{10 + \cdots}}} \right]$$
 , 求  $B$  的值。

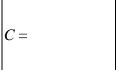
B =

Let [x] be the largest integer not greater than x.

If 
$$B = \left[10 + \sqrt{10 + \sqrt{10 + \sqrt{10 + \cdots}}}\right]$$
, find the value of  $B$ .

設  $a \oplus b = ab + 10$ 。若  $C = (1 \oplus 2) \oplus 3$ ,求 C 的值。 3.

Let  $a \oplus b = ab + 10$ . If  $C = (1 \oplus 2) \oplus 3$ , find the value of C.



在座標平面上,用以下直綫所圍成圖形的面積為 D 平方單位,求D 的值。 4.

$$L_1$$
:  $y - 2 = 0$ 

$$L_2$$
:  $y + 2 = 0$ 

$$L_3$$
:  $4x + 7y - 10 = 0$ 

$$L_4$$
:  $4x + 7y + 20 = 0$ 

D =

In the coordinate plane, the area of the region bounded by the following lines is D square units, find the value of D.

$$L_1$$
:  $y - 2 = 0$ 

$$L_2$$
:  $y + 2 = 0$ 

$$L_3$$
:  $4x + 7y - 10 = 0$ 

$$L_4$$
:  $4x + 7y + 20 = 0$ 

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for Mult. factor for Team No. = speed accuracy **Bonus** Time score Min. Total score Sec.

## Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event 3 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

若 
$$A = \left[ \frac{2008 \times 80 + 2009 \times 130 + 2010 \times 180}{2008 \times 15 + 2009 \times 25 + 2010 \times 35} \right]$$
,求  $A$  的值。

A =

Let [x] be the largest integer not greater than x.

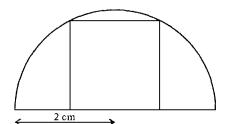
If 
$$A = \left[ \frac{2008 \times 80 + 2009 \times 130 + 2010 \times 180}{2008 \times 15 + 2009 \times 25 + 2010 \times 35} \right]$$
, find the value of  $A$ .

2. 在  $\frac{99...9}{2009} \times \frac{99...9}{2009} + \frac{199...9}{2009}$  中,末位的0 共有R 個,求R 的值。

There are *R* zeros at the end of  $\underbrace{99...9}_{2009 \text{ of } 9's} \times \underbrace{99...9}_{2009 \text{ of } 9's} + 1\underbrace{99...9}_{2009 \text{ of } 9's}$ , find the value of *R*.



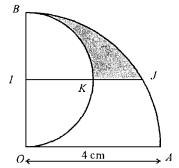
3. 如圖一,邊長為 Q cm 的正方形內接於半徑為 2 cm 的半圓中,求 Q 的值。 In Figure 1, a square of side length Q cm is inscribed in a semi-circle of radius Q = 2 cm. Find the value of Q.



圖一 Figure 1

In Figure 2, the sector *OAB* has radius 4 cm and  $\angle AOB$  is a right angle.

Let the semi-circle with diameter *OB* be centred at *I* with *IJ* // *OA*, and *IJ* intersects the semi-circle at *K*. If the area of the shaded region is  $T \, \text{cm}^2$ , find the value of T. (Take  $\pi = 3$ )



圖二 Figure 2

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy × Mult. factor for speed = Team No.

+ Bonus score Time

Total score Min.

# Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2008 – 2009) Final Event 4 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 設 P 為實數。若  $\sqrt{3-2P} + \sqrt{1-2P} = 2$  ,求 P 的值。

Let P be a real number. If  $\sqrt{3-2P} + \sqrt{1-2P} = 2$ , find the value of P.

P =

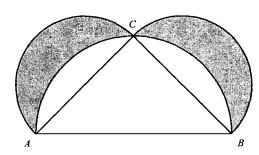
2. 如圖一,設AB、AC及BC為相應半圓的直徑。

若AC = BC = 1 cm 及陰影部分的面積是R cm<sup>2</sup>, 求R 的值。

R =

In Figure 1, let AB, AC and BC be the diameters of the corresponding three semi-circles. If AC = BC = 1 cm and the area of the shaded region is  $R \text{ cm}^2$ .

Find the value of R.



圖一

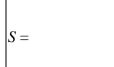
Figure 1

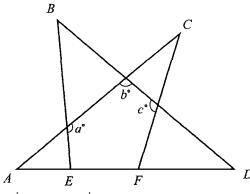
3. 如圖二, AC、AD、BD、BE 及 CF 為直綫。

若 $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 140$ °及a + b + c = S,求S的值。

In Figure 2, AC, AD, BD, BE and CF are straight lines.

If  $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D = 140^{\circ}$  and a + b + c = S, find the value of S.





圖二

Figure 2

4. 設  $Q = \log_{2+\sqrt{2^2-1}} \left(2 - \sqrt{2^2 - 1}\right)$ , 求 Q 的值。

Let  $Q = \log_{2+\sqrt{2^2-1}} (2 - \sqrt{2^2 - 1})$ , find the value of Q.

Q =

#### FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy × Mult. factor for speed

Team No.

Bonus score

Time



Total score

Min.