

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 求 a 的值，若 $a = 5 + 8 + 11 + \dots + 38$ 。
Find the value of a if $a = 5 + 8 + 11 + \dots + 38$.

$a =$

- (ii) 設 $b = a$ 的所有位值之和，求 b 的值。
Let $b =$ the sum of the digits of the number a . Find the value of b .

$b =$

- (iii) 若 $c = b^2$ ，求 c 的值。
If $c = b^2$, find the value of c .

$c =$

- (iv) 已知 $3d = c$ ，求 d 的值。
Given that $3d = c$, find the value of d .

$d =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy	<input type="text"/>	\times	Mult. factor for speed	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>
			+	Bonus score		<input type="text"/>
				Total score		<input type="text"/>

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Final Event 2 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 從一副撲克牌中抽出兩張，而不放回原位。若抽得兩張都是紅心的機會率為 $\frac{1}{a}$ ，求 a 的值。

Two cards are drawn at random from a pack and not replaced.

If the probability that both cards are hearts is $\frac{1}{a}$, find the value of a .

$a =$

- (ii) 在 17 人之中揀選 a 人，共有 b 種方法，求 b 的值。

If there are b ways of choosing 15 people from 'a' people, find the value of b .

$b =$

- (iii) 一共有 $\frac{b}{2a}$ 幅不同顏色的旗，每次升起最少一幅。

如果不考慮顏色的次序，求一共有多少種不同的訊號 c ？

If c signals can be made with $\frac{b}{2a}$ flags of different colours by raising at least one of the flags, without considering the arrangement of colours, find the value of c .

$c =$

- (iv) 一個袋有 c 個球，其中 3 個是紅色。從中抽取一個，問抽到紅球的概率為何？

There are c balls in a bag, of which 3 are red.

What is the probability of drawing a red ball?

Probability =

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Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
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Team No.	
Time	
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

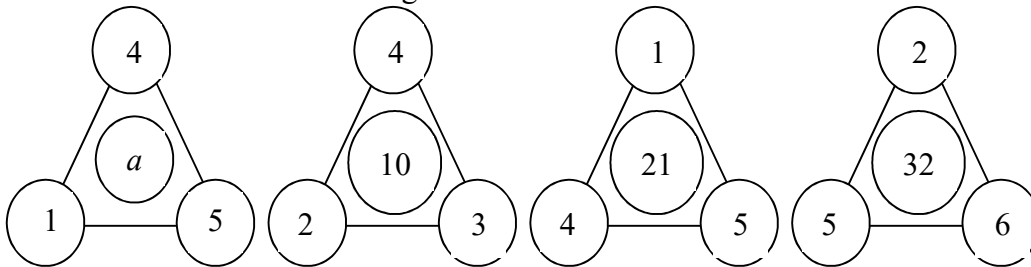
Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 下圖中，求 a 的值。

Find the value of a in the figure.



- (ii) 求 b 的值，若 $\frac{\sin(4b)^\circ}{\cos(4b)^\circ} = \sqrt{\sqrt{a}}$ ($0 < 4b < 90$)。

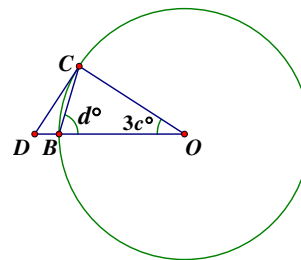
Find the value of b if $\frac{\sin(4b)^\circ}{\cos(4b)^\circ} = \sqrt{\sqrt{a}}$ ($0 < 4b < 90$).

- (iii) 在以下數列中求 c 的值。

Find the value of c from the sequence: $\frac{3}{12}, \frac{7}{34}, \frac{c}{56}, \frac{b}{78}$.

- (iv) 圖中， O 為圓心， B 和 C 為圓周上的點，使得 $\angle BOC = 3c^\circ$, $\angle OBC = d^\circ$ 。求 d 的值。

In the figure, O is the centre, B and C are points on the circumference. $\angle BOC = 3c^\circ$, $\angle OBC = d^\circ$. Find the value of d .



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Score for accuracy

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 4 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 若 $x = \frac{\log a^3}{\log a^2}$ ，其中 $a > 0$ 及 $a \neq 1$ ，求 x 的值。

Find the value of x if $x = \frac{\log a^3}{\log a^2}$ where $a > 0$ and $a \neq 1$.

$x =$

- (ii) 若 $y - 1 = \log x + \log 2 - \log 3$ ，求 y 的值。

If $y - 1 = \log x + \log 2 - \log 3$, find the value of y .

$y =$

- (iii) 若 $\log_2 Z^y = 3$ 則 Z 的值為何？

What is the value of Z if $\log_2 Z^y = 3$?

$Z =$

- (iv) 求 $\log_z y$ 的值。

Find the value of $\log_z y$.

$\log_z y =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 5 (Individual)

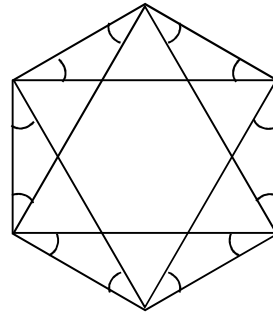
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 如圖，所有有記號的角的總和是 a° ，求 a 的值。

Let the sum of the marked angles be a° .

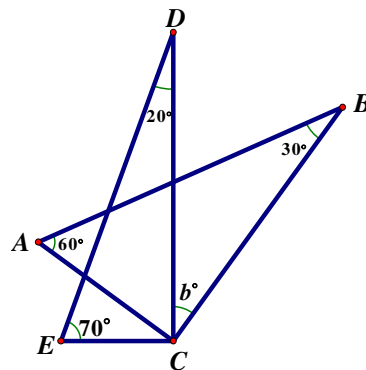
Find the value of a .



$a =$

- (ii) 若 $\angle ACE = \left(\frac{a}{10}\right)^\circ$ 。求 b 的值。

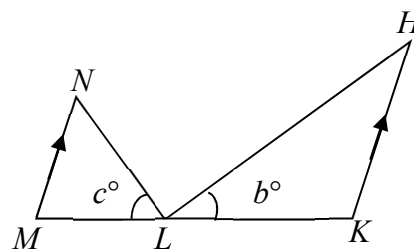
$\angle ACE = \left(\frac{a}{10}\right)^\circ$. Find the value of b .



$b =$

- (iii) 若 $HK = KL$ ， $LM = MN$ ， $HK \parallel MN$ ，求 c 的值。

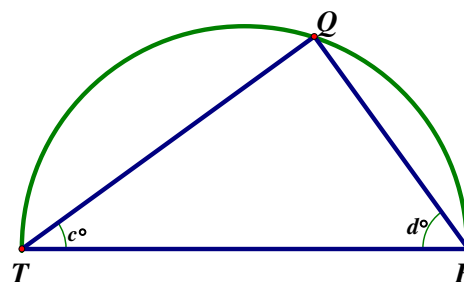
If $HK = KL$, $LM = MN$, $HK \parallel MN$, find the value of c .



$c =$

- (iv) TQF 為一半圓形，求 d 的值。

TQF is a semi-circle. Find the value of d .



$d =$

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Score for accuracy

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Bonus score

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Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 6 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

Let $\log 2 = a$ 設 $\log 2 = a$
 $\log 3 = b$ $\log 3 = b$
 $\log 5 = c$ $\log 5 = c$

- (i) 以 a 、 b 及 c 表示 $\log 6$ 。
 Express $\log 6$ in terms of a , b and c .

$$\log 6 =$$

- (ii) 計算 $3.5a + 3.5c$ 。
 Evaluate $3.5a + 3.5c$.

$$3.5a + 3.5c =$$

- (iii) 以 a 、 b 及 c 表示 $\frac{\log 30}{\log 15}$ 。
 Express $\frac{\log 30}{\log 15}$ in terms of a , b and c .

$$\frac{\log 30}{\log 15} =$$

- (iv) 以 a 、 b 及 c 表示 $(\log 15)^2 - \log 15$ 。
 Express $(\log 15)^2 - \log 15$ in terms of a , b and c .

$$(\log 15)^2 - \log 15 =$$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy	<input type="text"/>	×	Mult. factor for speed	<input type="text"/>	=	<input type="text"/>
			+	Bonus score		<input type="text"/>
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 7 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 右圖顯示一圓錐體及一半球體。 $OB = 12\text{ cm}$, $r = 10\text{ cm}$,
以 π 表示該立體的表面面積。

Figure 1 shows a cone and a hemisphere.

$OB = 12\text{ cm}$, $r = 10\text{ cm}$. Express the surface area of the solid in terms of π .

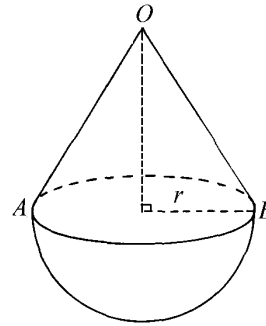


Figure 1

surface area =

- (ii) 以 π 表示上圖立體的體積。

What is the volume of the hemisphere shown in figure 1?

Give your answer in terms of π .

volume =

- (iii) 圖二顯示一圓錐體放置在一個半徑相等(r)、高度相同(h)
的圓柱體內，以 r 及 h 表示兩者之間的空間的體積。

In figure 2, a right circular cone stands inside a right cylinder of same base radius r and height h . Express the volume of the space between them in terms of r and h .

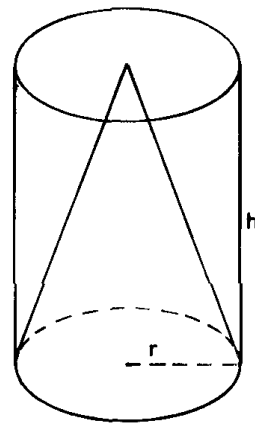


Figure 2

Volume =

- (iv) 求圓柱體與圓錐體體積之比。

Find the ratio of the volume of the cylinder to that of the cone.

ratio =

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Score for
accuracy

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Mult. factor for
speed

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Team No.

+ Bonus
score

Time

Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 8 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

依下圖

Given that:

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

1 stands for A 1 表示 A

2 stands for B 2 表示 B

.....

25 stands for Y 25 表示 Y

26 stands for Z 26 表示 Z

- (i) 以下符號 $\square \sqcup \sqcap \sqcup \sqcap$ 表示甚麼數字？

What number does the code $\square \sqcup \sqcap \sqcup \sqcap$ stand for?

$\square \sqcup \sqcap \sqcup \sqcap =$

- (ii) 以 Δ 表示 零。計算以下公式並以符號表示答案。

Put Δ stands for zero. Calculate the following and give the answer in code.

$(\sqcup \Delta)(\sqcap \Delta) + \sqcup \sqcap - \sqcup \Delta$

answer =

- (iii) “3 8 18 9 19 20 13 1 19” 表示一個英文字。它是甚麼？

“3 8 18 9 19 20 13 1 19” stands for a word. What is it?

word =

- (iv) 將以下密碼翻譯成英文字。一共有兩個英文字。

Decode the following message:

$(\sqcup \Delta \sqcup \sqcap \sqcap \sqcup \sqcap) (\sqcup \sqcup \sqcup \sqcap)$

There are two words in the message.

message =

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

×

Mult. factor for
speed

=

Team No.

+

Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 9 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 在以下數列中求 A 的值。

Find the value of A from the sequence:

0, 3, 8, A , 24, 35, ...

$A =$

- (ii) 方程 $x^2 - 15x + B = 0$ 的根為 7 及 C 。求 B 和 C 的值。

The roots of the equation $x^2 - Ax + B = 0$ are 7 and C .

Find the values of B and C .

$B =$

$C =$

- (iii) 若 $\log_7 B = \log_7 C + 7^X$ ，求 X 的值。

If $\log_7 B = \log_7 C + 7^X$; find the value of X .

$X =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

×

Mult. factor for
speed

=

Team No.

+

Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1981 – 1982)

Final Event 10 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 若 $N = 2^{12} \times 5^8$ ， N 是一個多少位的數字？

How many digits are there in the number N if $N = 2^{12} \times 5^8$?

Number of digits

- (ii) $(2^{48} - 1)$ 可被兩個介乎於 60 至 70 之間的整數整除，求該兩數。

If $(2^{48} - 1)$ is divisible by two whole numbers between 60 and 70, find them.

smaller number =

larger number =

- (iii) 以下兩個數，哪一個較大？ $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 9^{\frac{1}{9}}$ ， $3^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 8^{\frac{1}{8}}$ 。

Given $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \times 9^{\frac{1}{9}}$ ， $3^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 8^{\frac{1}{8}}$. What is the greatest number?

greatest number =

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

×

Mult. factor for
speed

=

Team No.

+

Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.