

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event Sample (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 設 a 、 b 、 c 及 d 為方程 $x^4 - 15x^2 + 56 = 0$ 相異的根。

若 $R = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$ ，求 R 的值。

Let a, b, c and d be the distinct roots of the equation $x^4 - 15x^2 + 56 = 0$.

If $R = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2$, find the value of R .

$R =$

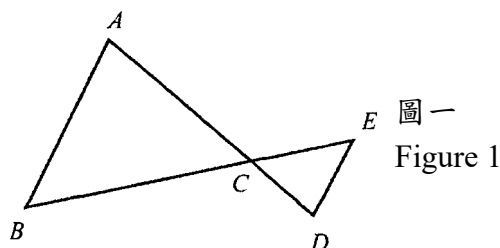
2. 如圖一， AD 及 BE 為直線且 $AB = AC$ 及 $AB \parallel ED$ 。

若 $\angle ABC = R^\circ$ 及 $\angle ADE = S^\circ$ ，求 S 的值。

In Figure 1, AD and BE are straight lines with $AB = AC$ and $AB \parallel ED$.

If $\angle ABC = R^\circ$ and $\angle ADE = S^\circ$, find the value of S .

$S =$



3. 設 $F = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + \dots + 2^S$ 及 $T = \sqrt{\frac{\log(1+F)}{\log 2}}$ ，求 T 的值。

Let $F = 1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + \dots + 2^S$ and $T = \sqrt{\frac{\log(1+F)}{\log 2}}$, find the value of T .

$T =$

4. 設 $f(x)$ 是一個函數使得對所有整數 $n \geq 6$ 時， $f(n) = (n-1)f(n-1)$ 及 $f(n) \neq 0$ 。

若 $U = \frac{f(T)}{(T-1)f(T-3)}$ ，求 U 的值。

Let $f(x)$ be a function such that $f(n) = (n-1)f(n-1)$

and $f(n) \neq 0$ hold for all integers $n \geq 6$. If $U = \frac{f(T)}{(T-1)f(T-3)}$, find the value of U .

$U =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

×

Mult. factor for
speed

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Team No.

+

Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 若 a 、 b 及 c 的平均值為 12，和 $2a + 1$ 、 $2b + 2$ 、 $2c + 3$ 及 2 的平均值為 P ，求 P 的值。

$P =$

If the average of a , b and c is 12, and the average of $2a + 1$, $2b + 2$, $2c + 3$ and 2 is P , find the value of P .

2. 設 $20112011 = aP^5 + bP^4 + cP^3 + dP^2 + eP + f$ ，其中 a 、 b 、 c 、 d 、 e 及 f 為整數及 $0 \leq a, b, c, d, e, f < P$ 。若 $Q = a + b + c + d + e + f$ ，求 Q 的值。

$Q =$

Let $20112011 = aP^5 + bP^4 + cP^3 + dP^2 + eP + f$, where a, b, c, d, e and f are integers and $0 \leq a, b, c, d, e, f < P$. If $Q = a + b + c + d + e + f$, find the value of Q .

3. 若 R 為 $8^Q + 7^{10Q} + 6^{100Q} + 5^{1000Q}$ 的個位數，求 R 的值。

$R =$

If R is the units digit of the value of $8^Q + 7^{10Q} + 6^{100Q} + 5^{1000Q}$, find the value of R .

4. 若 S 為安排 R 個人圍成圓形的數目，求 S 的值。

$S =$

If S is the number of ways to arrange R persons in a circle, find the value of S .

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 2 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 若方程組 $\begin{cases} x+y=P \\ 3x+5y=13 \end{cases}$ 的解為正整數，求 P 的值。

$P =$

If the solution of the system of equations $\begin{cases} x+y=P \\ 3x+5y=13 \end{cases}$ are positive integers, find the value of P .

2. 若 $x+y=P$, $x^2+y^2=Q$ 及 $x^3+y^3=P^2$, 求 Q 的值。

$Q =$

If $x+y=P$, $x^2+y^2=Q$ and $x^3+y^3=P^2$, find the value of Q .

3. 若 a 及 b 為相異質數且 $a^2-aQ+R=0$ 及 $b^2-bQ+R=0$, 求 R 的值。

$R =$

If a and b are distinct prime numbers and $a^2-aQ+R=0$ and $b^2-bQ+R=0$, find the value of R .

4. 若 $S > 0$ 及 $\frac{1}{S(S-1)} + \frac{1}{(S+1)S} + \cdots + \frac{1}{(S+20)(S+19)} = 1 - \frac{1}{R}$, 求 S 的值。

$S =$

If $S > 0$ and $\frac{1}{S(S-1)} + \frac{1}{(S+1)S} + \cdots + \frac{1}{(S+20)(S+19)} = 1 - \frac{1}{R}$, find the value of S .

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
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1. 若 P 為一質數，而且方程 $x^2 + 2(P+1)x + P^2 - P - 14 = 0$ 的根為整數，求 P 的最小值。

If P is a prime number and the roots of the equation $x^2 + 2(P+1)x + P^2 - P - 14 = 0$ are integers, find the least value of P .

$P =$

2. 已知 $x^2 + ax + b$ 為 $2x^3 + 5x^2 + 24x + 11$ 及 $x^3 + Px - 22$ 的公因式。若 $Q = a + b$ ，求 Q 的值。

Given that $x^2 + ax + b$ is a common factor of $2x^3 + 5x^2 + 24x + 11$ and $x^3 + Px - 22$. If $Q = a + b$, find the value of Q .

$Q =$

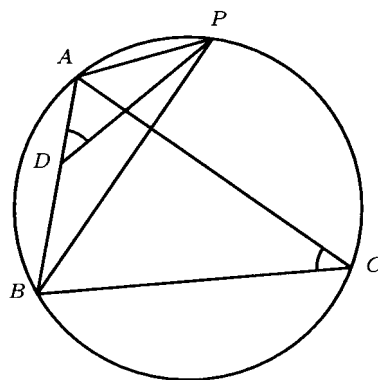
3. 若 R 為一正整數及 $R^3 + 4R^2 + (Q - 93)R + 14Q + 10$ 為一質數，求 R 的值。

If R is a positive integer and $R^3 + 4R^2 + (Q - 93)R + 14Q + 10$ is a prime number, find the value of R .

$R =$

4. 在圖一中， AP 、 AB 、 PB 、 PD 、 AC 及 BC 為綫段及 D 為 AB 上的一點。若 AB 的長度為 AD 的長度的 R 倍， $\angle ADP = \angle ACB$ 及 $S = \frac{PB}{PD}$ ，求 S 的值。

In Figure 1, AP , AB , PB , PD , AC and BC are line segments and D is a point on AB . If the length of AB is R times that of AD , $\angle ADP = \angle ACB$ and $S = \frac{PB}{PD}$, find the value of S .



圖一

Figure 1

$S =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 4 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
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1. 考慮函數 $y = \sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x$ 。設 a 為 y 的最大值。求 a 的值。

Consider the function $y = \sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x$. Let a be the maximum value of y .
 Find the value of a .

$a =$

2. 若 b 及 y 滿足 $|b - y| = b + y - a$ 及 $|b + y| = b + a$ 。求 b 的值。

Find the value of b if b and y satisfy $|b - y| = b + y - a$ and $|b + y| = b + a$.

$b =$

3. 設 x 、 y 及 z 為正整數。若 $|x - y|^{2010} + |z - x|^{2011} = b$,

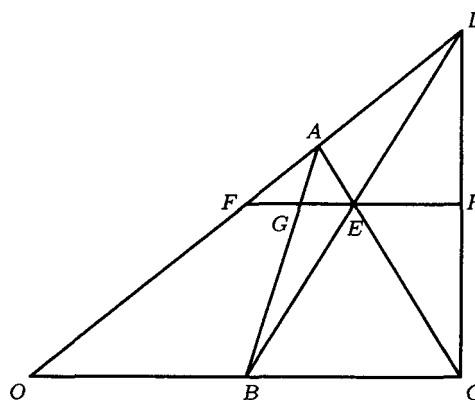
而且 $c = |x - y| + |y - z| + |z - x|$, 求 c 的值。

Let x, y and z be positive integers. If $|x - y|^{2010} + |z - x|^{2011} = b$
 and $c = |x - y| + |y - z| + |z - x|$, find the value of c .

$c =$

4. 在圖一中， ODC 為一三角形。已知 FH 、 AB 、 AC 及 BD 為綫段使得 AB 及 FH 相交於 G ，綫段 AC 、 BD 及 FH 相交於 E ， $GE = 1$ ， $EH = c$ 及 $FH \parallel OC$ 。若 $d = EF$ ，求 d 的值。

In Figure 1, let ODC be a triangle. Given that FH, AB, AC and BD are line segments such that AB intersects FH at G , AC, BD and FH intersect at E , $GE = 1$, $EH = c$ and $FH \parallel OC$. If $d = EF$, find the value of d .



圖一

Figure 1

$d =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event Spare (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 設 P 為邊長為整數小於或等於 9 的三角形的數目。求 P 的值。

Let P be the number of triangles whose side lengths are integers less than or equal to 9. Find the value of P .

$P =$

2. 設 $Q = \log_{128} 2^3 + \log_{128} 2^5 + \log_{128} 2^7 + \dots + \log_{128} 2^P$ 。求 Q 的值。

Let $Q = \log_{128} 2^3 + \log_{128} 2^5 + \log_{128} 2^7 + \dots + \log_{128} 2^P$. Find the value of Q .

$Q =$

3. 考慮直線 $12x - 4y + (Q - 305) = 0$ 。

若 x -軸、 y -軸及此直線所形成的三角形的面積為 R 平方單位，求 R 的值。

Consider the line $12x - 4y + (Q - 305) = 0$. If the area of the triangle formed by the x -axis, the y -axis and this line is R square units, what is the value of R ?

$R =$

4. 若 $x + \frac{1}{x} = R$ 及 $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = S$ ，求 S 的值。

If $x + \frac{1}{x} = R$ and $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = S$, find the value of S .

$S =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event Sample (Group)

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1. 已知三角形三邊的長度分別是 a cm、 2 cm 及 b cm，其中 a 和 b 是整數且 $a \leq 2 \leq b$ 。若有 q 種不全等的三角形滿足上述條件，求 q 的值。

$q =$

Given some triangles with side lengths a cm, 2 cm and b cm, where a and b are integers and $a \leq 2 \leq b$. If there are q non-congruent classes of triangles satisfying the above conditions, find the value of q .

2. 已知方程 $|x| - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{3|x|}{x}$ 有 k 個相異實根，求 k 的值。

$k =$

Given that the equation $|x| - \frac{4}{x} = \frac{3|x|}{x}$ has k distinct real root(s), find the value of k .

3. 已知 x 及 y 為非零實數且滿足方程 $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} - \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{7}{12}$ 及 $x - y = 7$ 。若 $w = x + y$ ，求 w 的值。

$w =$

Given that x and y are non-zero real numbers satisfying the equations $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} - \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{7}{12}$ and $x - y = 7$. If $w = x + y$, find the value of w .

4. 已知 x 及 y 為實數且 $\left|x - \frac{1}{2}\right| + \sqrt{y^2 - 1} = 0$ 。設 $p = |x| + |y|$ ，求 p 的值。

$p =$

Given that x and y are real numbers and $\left|x - \frac{1}{2}\right| + \sqrt{y^2 - 1} = 0$.

Let $p = |x| + |y|$, find the value of p .

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)

Final Event 1 (Group)

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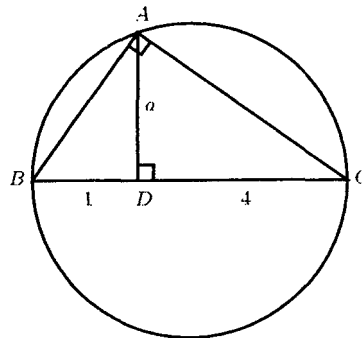
除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 在圖一中， BC 為圓的直徑， A 為圓上的一點， AB 、 AC 及 AD 為線段，而且 AD 垂直 BC 。

若 $BD = 1$ ， $DC = 4$ 及 $AD = a$ ，求 a 的值。

In Figure 1, BC is the diameter of the circle. A is a point on the circle, AB and AC are line segments and AD is a line segment perpendicular to BC .

If $BD = 1$, $DC = 4$ and $AD = a$, find the value of a .



圖一

Figure 1

2. 若 $b = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}}}}}$ ，求 b 的值。

If $b = 1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}}}}}$, find the value of b .

3. 若 x 、 y 及 z 為實數， $xyz \neq 0$ ， $2xy = 3yz = 5xz$ 及 $c = \frac{x+3y-3z}{x+3y-6z}$ 。求 c 的值。

If x , y and z are real numbers, $xyz \neq 0$, $2xy = 3yz = 5xz$ and $c = \frac{x+3y-3z}{x+3y-6z}$,

find the value of c .

4. 若 x 為一整數滿足 $\log_{\frac{1}{4}}(2x+1) < \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x-1)$ ，求 x 的最大值。

If x is an integer satisfying $\log_{\frac{1}{4}}(2x+1) < \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x-1)$, find the maximum value of x .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy

×

Mult. factor for speed

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Team No.

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Bonus score

Time

Total score

Min.

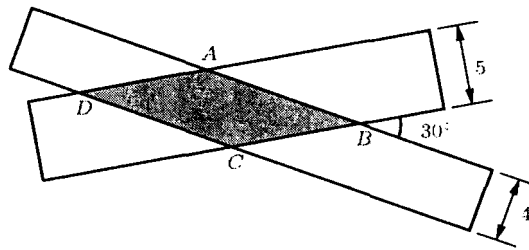
Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 2 (Group)

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1. 在圖一中，兩闊度為 4 及 5 單位的長方形間的夾角為 30° 。
 求重疊部份的面積。

In Figure 1, two rectangles with widths 4 and 5 units cross each other at 30° .
 Find the area of the overlapped region.

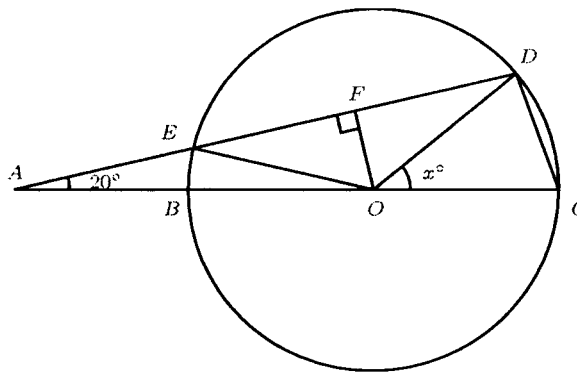


圖一
Figure 1

2. 從 1 到 100 選取兩整數(容許重覆)其和大於 100。問可選得多少對？
 From 1 to 100, take a pair of integers (repetitions allowed) so that their sum is greater than 100. How many ways are there to pick such pairs?

3. 在圖二中的圓，其圓心為 O 及半徑為 r ，三角形 ACD 與圓相交於 B 、 C 、 D 及 E 點。線段 AE 的長度與圓的半徑相同。
 若 $\angle DAC = 20^\circ$ 及 $\angle DOC = x^\circ$ ，
 求 x 的值。

In Figure 2, there is a circle with centre O and radius r . Triangle ACD intersects the circle at B , C , D and E . Line segment AE has the same length as the radius. If $\angle DAC = 20^\circ$ and $\angle DOC = x^\circ$, find the value of x .



圖二
Figure 2

4. 已知 $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} + \frac{3}{z} = 0$ 及 $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{6}{y} - \frac{5}{z} = 0$ 。若 $P = \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{z} + \frac{z}{x}$ ，求 P 的值。

Given that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} + \frac{3}{z} = 0$ and $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{6}{y} - \frac{5}{z} = 0$. If $P = \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{z} + \frac{z}{x}$,

find the value of P .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 3 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
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1. 若 a 為一正整數及 $a^2 + 100a$ 為一質數，求 a 的最大值。

If a is a positive integer and $a^2 + 100a$ is a prime number,
 find the maximum value of a .

$a =$

2. 設 a 、 b 及 c 為實數。若 1 為 $x^2 + ax + 2 = 0$ 的根及 a 和 b 為 $x^2 + 5x + c = 0$ 的根，求 $a + b + c$ 的值。

Let a , b and c be real numbers. If 1 is a root of $x^2 + ax + 2 = 0$ and a and b be roots of $x^2 + 5x + c = 0$, find the value of $a + b + c$.

$a+b+c =$

3. 設 x 及 y 為正實數且 $x < y$ 。若 $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$ 、 $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$ 及 $x < y$ ，

求 $y - x$ 的值。

Let x and y be positive real numbers with $x < y$.

If $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = 1$, $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$ and $x < y$, find the value of $y - x$.

$y - x =$

4. 把數字 1, 2, ..., 10 分成兩組並設 P_1 及 P_2 分別為該兩組的乘積。

若 P_1 為 P_2 的倍數，求 $\frac{P_1}{P_2}$ 的最小值。

Spilt the numbers 1, 2, ..., 10 into two groups and let P_1 be the product of the first group and P_2 the product of the second group.

If P_1 is a multiple of P_2 , find the minimum value of $\frac{P_1}{P_2}$.

$\frac{P_1}{P_2} =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event 4 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
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1. 若 $P = 2\sqrt[4]{2007 \cdot 2009 \cdot 2011 \cdot 2013 + 10 \cdot 2010 \cdot 2010 - 9} - 4000$ ，求 P 的值。
 If $P = 2\sqrt[4]{2007 \cdot 2009 \cdot 2011 \cdot 2013 + 10 \cdot 2010 \cdot 2010 - 9} - 4000$, find the value of P .

$P =$

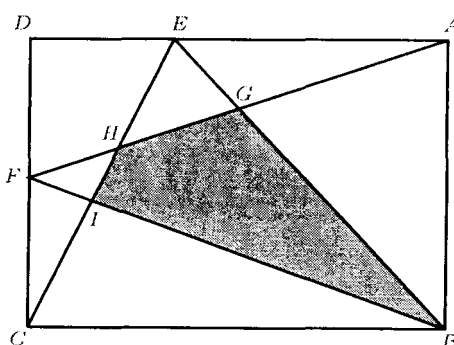
2. 若 $9x^2 + nx + 1$ 及 $4y^2 + 12y + m$ 為平方數及 $n > 0$ ，求 $\frac{n}{m}$ 的值。
 If $9x^2 + nx + 1$ and $4y^2 + 12y + m$ are squares with $n > 0$, find the value of $\frac{n}{m}$.

$\frac{n}{m} =$

3. 設 n 及 $\frac{47}{5}\left(\frac{4}{47} + \frac{n}{141}\right)$ 為正整數。若 r 為 n 被 15 除的餘數，求 r 的最值。
 Let n and $\frac{47}{5}\left(\frac{4}{47} + \frac{n}{141}\right)$ be positive integers. If r is the remainder of n divided by 15, find the value of r .

$r =$

4. 在圖一中， $ABCD$ 為一長方形，及 E 及 F 分別為線段 AD 及 DC 上的點。點 G 為線段 AF 及 BE 的交點，點 H 為線段 AF 及 CE 的交點，點 I 為線段 BF 及 CE 的交點。若 AGE ， $DEHF$ 及 CIF 的面積分別為 2、3 及 1，求灰色部份 $BGHI$ 的面積。



圖一 Figure 1

Shaded area =

In figure 1, $ABCD$ is a rectangle, and E and F are points on AD and DC , respectively. Also, G is the intersection of AF and BE , H is the intersection of AF and CE , and I is the intersection of BF and CE .

If the areas of AGE , $DEHF$ and CIF are 2, 3 and 1, respectively, find the area of the grey region $BGHI$.

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
				+ Bonus score		
				Total score		

Team No.

Time

Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2010 – 2011)
Final Event Spare (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

1. 設 α 及 β 為方程 $y^2 - 6y + 5 = 0$ 的實根。設 m 為 $|x - \alpha| + |x - \beta|$ 對任何實數 x 的最小值。求 m 的值。

$m =$

Let α and β be the real roots of $y^2 - 6y + 5 = 0$.

Let m be the minimum value of $|x - \alpha| + |x - \beta|$ over all real values of x .

Find the value of m .

2. 設 α, β, γ 為實數且滿足 $\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2$ 及 $\alpha\beta\gamma = 4$ 。設 v 為 $|\alpha| + |\beta| + |\gamma|$ 的最小值，求 v 的值。

$v =$

Let α, β, γ be real numbers satisfying $\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2$ and $\alpha\beta\gamma = 4$.

Let v be the minimum value of $|\alpha| + |\beta| + |\gamma|$. Find the value of v .

3. 設 $y = |x + 1| - 2|x| + |x - 2|$ 及 $-1 \leq x \leq 2$ 。設 α 為 y 的最大值，求 α 的值。

$\alpha =$

Let $y = |x + 1| - 2|x| + |x - 2|$ and $-1 \leq x \leq 2$.

Let α be the maximum value of y . Find the value of α .

4. 設 F 為方程 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + w^2 = 3(x + y + z + w)$ 的整數解的數目。求 F 的值。

$F =$

Let F be the number of integral solutions of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + w^2 = 3(x + y + z + w)$.

Find the value of F .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

×

Mult. factor for
speed

=

Team No.

+

Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.