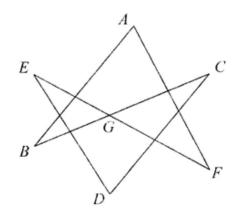
Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad 2014-2015 Heat Event (Individual)

除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。 時限:40 分鐘 Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 每題正確答案得一分。Each correct answer will be awarded 1 mark. Time allowed: 40 minutes

- 1. 在 1 至 2015 之間(包括 1 及 2015 在內)有多少對相異整數的積是 5 的倍數? How many pairs of distinct integers between 1 and 2015 inclusively have their products as multiple of 5?
- 2. 已知 $(10^{2015})^{-10^2} = 0.000\cdots01$,求*n*的值。

Given that $(10^{2015})^{-10^2} = 0.000 \cdots 01$. Find the value of n.

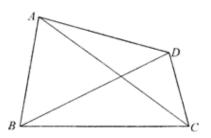
- 3. 設正 n 邊形的內角為 x° ,其中 x 為整數。問 n 有多少個可能值? Let x° be the measure of an interior angle of an n-sided regular polygon, where x is an integer, how many possible values of n are there?
- 4. 已知右圖中, $\angle EGB = 64^{\circ}$, $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E + \angle F = ?$ As shown in the figure, $\angle EGB = 64^{\circ}$, $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E + \angle F = ?$



- 5. 已知 $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n, \ldots$ 為一正實數序列,其中 $a_1 = 1$ 及 $a_{n+1} = a_n + \sqrt{a_n} + \frac{1}{4}$ 。求 a_{2015} 的值。 It is given that $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n, \ldots$ is a sequence of positive real numbers such that $a_1 = 1$ and a_{n+1}
- 6. 右圖中的 ABCD 是一個凸四邊形及 AB+BD+CD=16,求 ABCD 的最大面積。

 $= a_n + \sqrt{a_n} + \frac{1}{4}$. Find the value of a_{2015} .

As shown in the figure, ABCD is a convex quadrilateral and AB + BD + CD = 16. Find the maximum area of ABCD.



7. 設 x, y, z > 1、p > 0、 $\log_x p = 18$ 、 $\log_y p = 21$ 及 $\log_{xyz} p = 9$ 。求 $\log_z p$ 的值。 Let x, y, z > 1, p > 0, $\log_x p = 18$, $\log_y p = 21$ and $\log_{xyz} p = 9$. Find the value of $\log_z p$.

- 9. 設 x 實數。求 $\sqrt{x^2-4x+13}+\sqrt{x^2-14x+130}$ 的最小值。 Let x be a real number. Find the minimum value of $\sqrt{x^2-4x+13}+\sqrt{x^2-14x+130}$.
- $B \cdot H \otimes I$ 為圓上的點。C 是該圓外的一點。BC 是該圓在點 B 的切綫。HC 和 IC 分別 通過該圓於點 $D \otimes G$ 。已知 HDC 是 $\angle BCI$ 的角平分綫、 $BC=12 \cdot DC=6 \otimes GC=9$,求 ABDH的面積 的值。
 - B, H and I are points on the circle. C is a point outside the circle. BC is tangent to the circle at B. HC and IC cut the circle at D and G respectively. It is given that HDC is the angle bisector of $\angle BCI$, BC = 12, DC = 6 and GC = 9. Find the value of $\frac{\text{area of } \Delta BDH}{\text{area of } DHIG}$.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad 2014-2015 Heat Event (Group)

除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

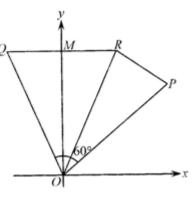
時限:20 分鐘

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 每題正確答案得一分。Each correct answer will be awarded 1 mark. Time allowed: 20 minutes

- 2. 已知等邊三角形 *ABC* 的邊長為 3, *P* 為三角形內的一點。設 *PX、PY* 及 *PZ* 分別為 *P* 至三角形三邊 *AB、BC* 及 *CA* 的垂足,求 *PX+PY+PZ* 的值。

 Given an equilateral triangle *ABC* with each side of length 3 and *P* is an interior point of the triangle. Let *PX*, *PY* and *PZ* be the feet of perpendiculars from *P* to *AB*, *BC* and *CA* respectively, find the value of *PX+PY+PZ*.
- 3. 點 P 的坐標為 $(\sqrt{3}+1,\sqrt{3}+1)$ 。設點 P 繞原點作逆時針 方向 60° 旋轉至點 Q,接著點 Q 再沿 y-軸反射至點 R。 求 PR^2 的值。

The coordinates of P are $(\sqrt{3} + 1, \sqrt{3} + 1)$. P is rotated 60° anticlockwise about the origin to Q. Q is then reflected along the y-axis to R. Find the value of PR^2 .



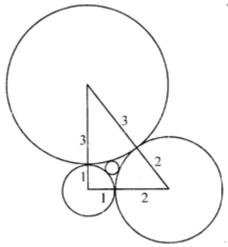
- 4. 已知 $a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} + 9 \le ab 3b$,其中 a 舆 b 為實數,求 ab 的值。

 Given that $a^2 + \frac{b^2}{2} + 9 \le ab 3b$, where a and b are real numbers. Find the value of ab.
- 5. 已知方程 $x^2+15x+58=2\sqrt{x^2+15x+66}$ 有兩個實根,求兩根之和。 Given that the equation $x^2+15x+58=2\sqrt{x^2+15x+66}$ has two real roots. Find the sum of the roots.
- 6. 已知三角形中兩角之和為 n° ,最大角比最小角大 30° ,求 n 的最大值 $^{\circ}$ Given that the sum of two interior angles of a triangle is n° , and the largest interior angle is 30° greater than the smallest one. Find the largest possible value of n.

7. 四個半徑分別為1單位、2單位、3單位及 r 單位的圓 互相相切如圖所示。求 r 的值。

Four circles with radii 1 unit, 2 units, 3 units and r units are touching one another as shown in the figure.

Find the value of r.



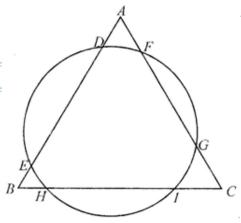
8. 已知 $a \cdot b \cdot x$ 及 y 為非零整數,其中 $ax + by = 4 \cdot ax^2 + by^2 = 22 \cdot ax^3 + by^3 = 46$ 及 $ax^4 + by^4 = 178 \circ 求 ax^5 + by^5$ 的值。

Given that a, b, x and y are non-zero integers, where ax + by = 4, $ax^2 + by^2 = 22$, $ax^3 + by^3 = 46$ and $ax^4 + by^4 = 178$. Find the value of $ax^5 + by^5$.

9. 已知圖中的 ABC 為等邊三角形, $AF = 2 \cdot FG = 10 \cdot GC = 1$ 及 $DE = 5 \cdot$ 求 HI 的值。

Given that, in the figure, ABC is an equilateral triangle with AF = 2, FG = 10, GC = 1 and DE = 5.

Find the value of *HI*.



10. 設 a_n 及 b_n 為二次函數 $y = n(n-1)x^2 - (2n-1)x + 1$ 的截距,其中 n 為一個大於 1 的整數。求 $a_2b_2 + a_3b_3 + ... + a_{2015}b_{2015}$ 的值。

Let a_n and b_n be the x-intercepts of the quadratic function $y = n(n-1)x^2 - (2n-1)x + 1$, where n is an integer greater than 1. Find the value of $a_2b_2 + a_3b_3 + ... + a_{2015}b_{2015}$.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad 2014 – 2015 Heat Event (Geometric Construction) 香港數學競賽 2014 – 2015

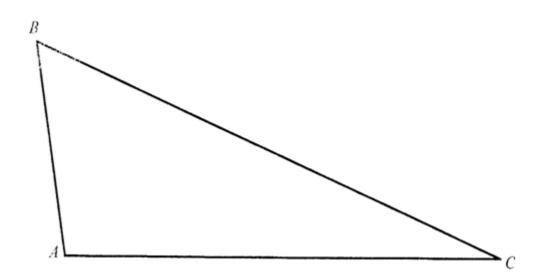
初賽(幾何作圖)

每隊必須列出詳細所有步驟(包括作圖步驟)。	時限:20 分鐘
All working (including geometric drawing) must be clearly shown.	
此部份滿分為十分。The full marks of this part is 10 marks.	Time allowed: 20 minutes
School Code:	
School Name:	

第一題 Question No. 1

構作一個與下列三角形的底和高相等的等腰三角形。

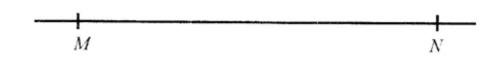
Construct an isosceles triangle which has the same base and height to the following triangle.



Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad 2014 – 2015 Heat Event (Geometric Construction) 香港數學競賽 2014 – 2015

初賽(幾何作圖)

每隊必須列出詳細所有步驟(包括作圖步驟)。	時限:20分鐘
All working (including geometric drawing) must be clearly shown.	
此部份滿分為十分。The full marks of this part is 10 marks.	Time allowed: 20 minutes
School Code:	
School Name:	
第二題 Question No. 2 下圖所示為一個單位長度的綫段 MN ,試構作一條長度為 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}$ 的綫段	n o
Given the following line segment MN represent a unit length, construct a l	line segment of length $\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}}$.



Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad 2014 – 2015 Heat Event (Geometric Construction) 香港數學競賽 2014 – 2015

初賽(幾何作圖)

每隊必須列出詳細所有步驟(包括作圖步驟)。	時限:20分鐘
All working (including geometric drawing) must be clearly shown.	
此部份滿分為十分。The full marks of this part is 10 marks.	Time allowed: 20 minutes
School Code:	
School Name:	

第三題 Question No. 3

構作一個面積相等於下列兩個正方形 ABCD 及 PQRS 面積之差的正方形。

Construct a square whose area is equal to the difference between the areas of the following two squares ABCD and PQRS.

