

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Sample Event (Individual)

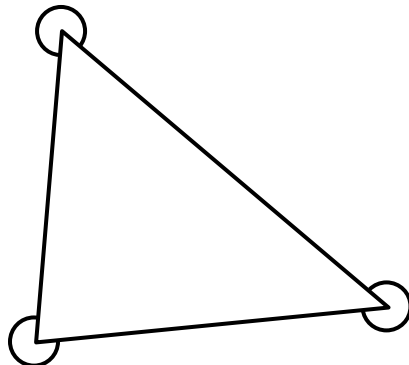
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 附圖所示三角之和為 a° ，求 a 的值。

In the given diagram, the sum of the three marked angles is a° .

Find the value of a .



$a =$

- (ii) 一正 b 邊形之內角和為 a° ，求 b 的值。

The sum of the interior angles of a regular b -sided polygon is a° .

Find the value of b .

$b =$

- (iii) 若 $8^b = c^{21}$ ，求 c 的值。

If $8^b = c^{21}$, find the value of c .

$c =$

- (iv) 若 $c = \log_d 81$ ，求 d 的值。

If $c = \log_d 81$, find the value of d .

$d =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

\times

Mult. factor for
speed

$=$

Team No.

$+$
Bonus
score

Time

Total score

Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

(i) 若 $100a = 35^2 - 15^2$ ，求 a 的值。

If $100a = 35^2 - 15^2$, find the value of a .

$a =$

(ii) 若 $(a-1)^2 = 3^{4b}$ ，求 b 的值。

If $(a-1)^2 = 3^{4b}$, find the value of b .

$b =$

(iii) 若 b 為 $x^2 + cx - 5 = 0$ 之一根，求 c 的值。

If b is a root of $x^2 + cx - 5 = 0$, find the value of c .

$c =$

(iv) 若 $x+c$ 為 $2x^2 + 3x + 4d$ 之因式，求 d 的值。

If $x+c$ is a factor of $2x^2 + 3x + 4d$, find the value of d .

$d =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Final Event 2 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 若 α 、 β 為 $x^2 - 10x + 20 = 0$ 之根，且 $a = \frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$ ，求 a 的值。

$a =$

If α, β are roots of $x^2 - 10x + 20 = 0$, find the value of a , where $a = \frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta}$.

- (ii) 若 $\sin \theta = a$ ($0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$)，且 $10 \cos 2\theta = b$ ，求 b 的值。

$b =$

If $\sin \theta = a$ ($0^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$), and $10 \cos 2\theta = b$, find the value of b .

- (iii) 點 $A(b, c)$ 在直線 $2y = x + 15$ 上，求 c 的值。

$c =$

The point $A(b, c)$ lies on the line $2y = x + 15$. Find the value of c .

- (iv) 若 $x^2 - cx + 40 \equiv (x + k)^2 + d$ ，求 d 的值。

$d =$

If $x^2 - cx + 40 \equiv (x + k)^2 + d$, find the value of d .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
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Time

Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 若 a 為 $2x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 1$ 被 $x + 1$ 除所得之餘數，求 a 的值。

If a is the remainder when $2x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 1$ is divided by $x + 1$,
find the value of a .

$a =$

- (ii) If $b \text{ cm}^2$ is the total surface area of a cube of side $(8 + a) \text{ cm}$, find the value of b .

若 $b \text{ cm}^2$ 為一邊長 $(8 + a) \text{ cm}$ 的立方體之總表面積，求 b 的值。

$b =$

- (iii) 一袋內有紅球 $b + 4$ 個，白球 $2b - 2$ 個。若隨意於袋內取球一個，而該球為白色之機會為 x ，求 x 的值。

One ball is taken at random from a bag containing $b + 4$ red balls and $2b - 2$ white balls. If x is the probability that the ball is white, find the value of x .

$x =$

- (iv) 若 $\sin \theta = x$ ($90^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$) 及 $\tan(\theta - 15^\circ) = y$ ，求 y 的值。

If $\sin \theta = x$ ($90^\circ < \theta < 180^\circ$) and $\tan(\theta - 15^\circ) = y$, find the value of y .

$y =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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Total score

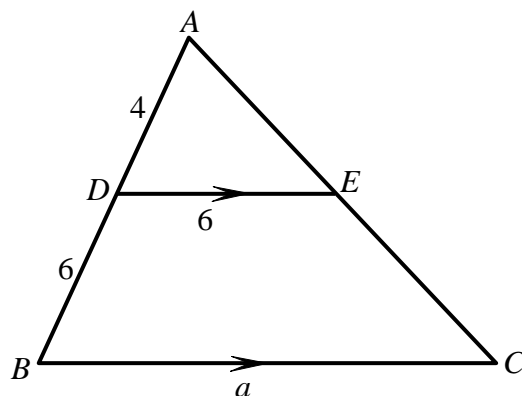
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Final Event 4 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 在圖一中， $DE \parallel BC$ ，若 $AD = 4$ ， $DB = 6$ ， $DE = 6$ ，且 $BC = a$ ，求 a 的值。
 In figure 1, $DE \parallel BC$. If $AD = 4$, $DB = 6$, $DE = 6$ and $BC = a$, find the value of a .



圖一 Figure 1

- (ii) θ 為銳角， $\cos \theta = \frac{a}{17}$ 。若 $\tan \theta = \frac{b}{15}$ ，求 b 的值。
 θ is an acute angle such that $\cos \theta = \frac{a}{17}$. If $\tan \theta = \frac{b}{15}$, find the value of b .

- (iii) 若 $c^3 = b^2$ ，求 c 的值。
 If $c^3 = b^2$, find the value of c .

- (iv) 一等邊三角形之面積為 $c\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$ 。若其周界長 $d \text{ cm}$ ，求 d 的值。
 The area of an equilateral triangle is $c\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^2$.
 If its perimeter is $d \text{ cm}$, find the value of d .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy		×	Mult. factor for speed		=	
			+	Bonus score		
				Total score		

Team No.

Time

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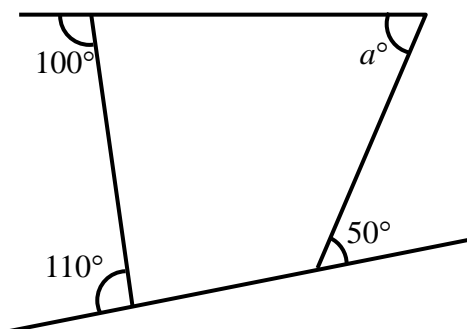
Final Events (Individual)

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Final Event 5 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 在圖二，求 a 的值。

In Figure 2, find the value of a .



圖二 Figure 2

$a =$

- (ii) 若 $b = \log_2\left(\frac{a}{5}\right)$ ，求 b 的值。

If $b = \log_2\left(\frac{a}{5}\right)$, find the value of b .

$b =$

- (iii) 一繩長 20 m，依 $b - 2 : b : b + 2$ 之比例分成三段。

若最長一段為 N m，求 N 的值。

A piece of string, 20 m long, is divided into 3 parts in the ratio of $b - 2 : b : b + 2$.

If N m is the length of the longest portion, find the value of N .

$N =$

- (iv) 正 N 邊形之每一內角為 x° 。求 x 的值。

Each interior angle of an N -sided regular polygon is x° . Find the value of x .

$x =$

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Sample Event (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 某兩數之和為 20，其積為 10，若該兩數倒數之和為 a ，求 a 的值。

The sum of 2 numbers is 20, their product is 10.

If the sum of their reciprocals is a , find the value of a .

$a =$

- (ii) $1^2 - 1 = 0 \times 2$, $2^2 - 1 = 1 \times 3$, $3^2 - 1 = 2 \times 4$, ..., $b^2 - 1 = 135 \times 137$ 。

若 $b > 0$ ，求 b 的值。

$1^2 - 1 = 0 \times 2$, $2^2 - 1 = 1 \times 3$, $3^2 - 1 = 2 \times 4$, ..., $b^2 - 1 = 135 \times 137$.

If $b > 0$, find the value of b .

$b =$

- (iii) 若兩直線 $x + 2y + 1 = 0$ 及 $cx + 3y + 1 = 0$ 互相垂直，求 c 的值。

If the lines $x + 2y + 1 = 0$ and $cx + 3y + 1 = 0$ are perpendicular, find the value of c .

$c =$

- (iv) $(2, -1)$ 、 $(0, 1)$ 、 (c, d) 三點共線。求 d 的值。

The points $(2, -1)$, $(0, 1)$, (c, d) are collinear. Find the value of d .

$d =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
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Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Final Event 6 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

(i) 若 $p = \frac{21^3 - 11^3}{21^2 + 21 \times 11 + 11^2}$ ，求 p 的值。

$p =$

If $p = \frac{21^3 - 11^3}{21^2 + 21 \times 11 + 11^2}$, find the value of p .

(ii) 若 p 人可在 6 日完成某一工程，且 4 人可在 q 日完成同一工程，求 q 的值。

$q =$

If p men can do a job in 6 days and 4 men can do the same job in q days, find the value of q .

(iii) 某年三月第 q 日為星期三，而同年三月第 r 日為星期五，且 $18 < r < 26$ ，求 r 的值。

$r =$

If the q^{th} day of March in a year is Wednesday and the r^{th} day of March in the same year is Friday, where $18 < r < 26$, find the value of r .

(iv) 若 $a * b = ab + 1$ ，且 $s = (3 * 4) * 2$ ，求 s 的值。

$s =$

If $a * b = ab + 1$, and $s = (3 * 4) * 2$, find the value of s .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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			+	Bonus score		<input type="text"/>
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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Final Event 7 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 凌晨三點卅分，時鐘兩針間之銳角為 p° ，求 p 的值。

The acute angle between the 2 hands of a clock at 3:30 a.m. is p° .

Find the value of p .

$p =$

- (ii) 在 $\triangle ABC$ 中， $\angle B = \angle C = p^\circ$ 。若 $q = \sin A$ ，求 q 的值。

In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle B = \angle C = p^\circ$. If $q = \sin A$, find the value of q .

$q =$

- (iii) 三點 $(1, 3)$ 、 $(a, 5)$ 、 $(4, 9)$ 共綫，求 a 的值。

The 3 points $(1, 3)$, $(a, 5)$, $(4, 9)$ are collinear. Find the value of a .

$a =$

- (iv) 7 、 9 、 x 、 y 、 17 之平均數為 10 。若 m 為 $x+3$ 、 $x+5$ 、 $y+2$ 、 8 、 $y+18$ 之平均數，求 m 的值。

The average of $7, 9, x, y, 17$ is 10 .

If m is the average of $x+3, x+5, y+2, 8, y+18$, find the value of m .

$m =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
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Mult. factor for
speed

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score

Time

Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)

Final Event 8 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.

除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

如圖所示加法中，每字母代表由零至九之不同整數。

已知 $S = 9$ ， $O = \text{零}$ ， $E = 5$ 。

求下列字母所代表之數字：

(i) M

(ii) N

(iii) R

(iv) Y

In the addition shown, each letter represents a different digit ranging from zero to nine. It is already known that $S = 9$, $O = \text{zero}$, $E = 5$.

Find the numbers represented by

(i) M

(ii) N

(iii) R

(iv) Y

$$\begin{array}{r} S \quad E \quad N \quad D \\ + \quad M \quad O \quad R \quad E \\ \hline M \quad O \quad N \quad E \quad Y \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} S \quad E \quad N \quad D \\ + \quad M \quad O \quad R \quad E \\ \hline M \quad O \quad N \quad E \quad Y \end{array}$$

$M =$

$N =$

$R =$

$Y =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy	<input type="text"/>	\times	Mult. factor for speed	<input type="text"/>	$=$	<input type="text"/>
			+	Bonus score		<input type="text"/>
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Team No.

Time

Min.

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Final Event 9 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

(i) 若 $x = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdots \left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)$ ，試以最簡單的分數表 x 。

$x =$

If $x = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{3}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdots \left(1 - \frac{1}{100}\right)$, find x in the simplest fractional form.

(ii) 一長方體之長、闊、高依次為 2、3 及 4。若其總面積為 A ，求 A 的值。
 The length, width and height of a rectangular block are 2, 3 and 4 respectively.
 Its total surface area is A , find the value of A .

$A =$

(iii) 若 m 為 1、2、3、...、1001 之平均數，求 m 的值。

The average of the integers 1, 2, 3, ..., 1001 is m . Find the value of m .

$m =$

(iv) 一面積為 12π 之圓，內接於一周界為 P 之等邊三角形，求 P 的值。

The area of a circle inscribed in an equilateral triangle is 12π .

If P is the perimeter of this triangle, find the value of P .

$P =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

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Mult. factor for
speed

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Team No.

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Bonus
score

Time

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Min.

Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (1983 – 1984)
Final Event 10 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form.
 除非特別聲明，答案須用數字表達，並化至最簡。

- (i) 一正方形內接於一直徑為 10 之圓。若 A 為正方形的面積，求 A 的值。

If A is the area of a square inscribed in a circle of diameter 10,
 find the value of A .

$A =$

- (ii) 若 $a + \frac{1}{a} = 2$ ，及 $S = a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3}$ ，求 S 的值。

If $a + \frac{1}{a} = 2$, and $S = a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3}$, find the value of S .

$S =$

- (iii) 一凸 n 邊形有 14 條對角線，求 n 的值。

An n -sided convex polygon has 14 diagonals. Find the value of n .

$n =$

- (iv) 若 d 為兩點 $(2, 3)$ 及 $(-1, 7)$ 間之距離，求 d 的值。

If d is the distance between the 2 points $(2, 3)$ and $(-1, 7)$, find the value of d .

$d =$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for
accuracy

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Mult. factor for
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