Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 1 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 已知有a 個少於200 的正整數,它們每個都只有三個正因數,求a 的值。 Given that there are a positive integers less than 200 and each of them has exactly three positive factors, find the value of a.

a = a

2. 若a個斜邊是 $\sqrt{2}$ cm 的等腰直角三角形能拼成一個周界是b cm 的梯形, 求b的最小可能的值。(答案用根號表示)

b = b

If a copies of a right-angled isosceles triangle with hypotenuse $\sqrt{2}$ cm can be assembled to form a trapezium with perimeter equal to b cm, find the least possible value of b. (give the answer in surd form).

3. 若 $\sin(c^2 - 3c + 17)^\circ = \frac{4}{b-2}$,其中 $0 < c^2 - 3c + 17 < 90$ 及 c > 0,求 c 的值。

If $\sin(c^2 - 3c + 17)^\circ = \frac{4}{b-2}$,where $0 < c^2 - 3c + 17 < 90$ and c > 0,

c =

find the value of c.

4. 已知兩個三位數 \overline{xyz} 和 \overline{zyx} 的差等於 700-c,其中 x>z。 若 d 是 x+z 的最大值,求 d 的值。

Given that the difference between two 3-digit numbers \overline{xyz} and \overline{zyx} is 700-c

d =

Given that the difference between two 3-digit numbers xyz and zyx is 700 - c, where x > z. If d is the greatest value of x + z, find the value of d.

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Score for accuracy

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Team No.

Time

Min. Sec.

Bonus

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 2 (Individual)

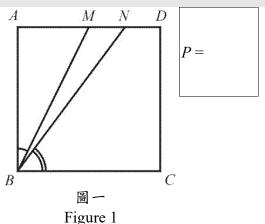
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 如圖一,ABCD 為一正方形,M 是 AD 的中點及 A N 是 MD 的中點及 N 是 MD 的中點。

若 $\angle CBN: \angle MBA = P:1$, 求 P 的值。

In Figure 1, ABCD is a square, M is the mid-point of AD and N is the mid-point of MD.

If $\angle CBN : \angle MBA = P : 1$, find the value of P.



2. 已知 ABCD 為一坐標平面上的菱形,其頂點的座標分別為 A(0,0), B(P,1), C(u,v) 及 D(1,P)。若 u+v=Q,求 Q 的值。 Given that ABCD is a rhombus on a Cartesian plane, and the co-ordinates of its vertices are A(0,0), B(P,1), C(u,v) and D(1,P) respectively. If u+v=Q, find the value of Q.

Q = Q

3. 若 1+(1+2)+(1+2+3)+...+(1+2+3+...+Q)=R,求 R 的值。 If 1+(1+2)+(1+2+3)+...+(1+2+3+...+Q)=R, find the value of R.

R =

4. 如圖二, EBC 是一等邊三角形, A 和 D 分別在 EB 和 EC 上。已知 AD //BC, AB = CD = R, 且 AC ⊥ BD。
若梯形 ABCD 的面積是 S, 求 S的值。
In figure 2 EBC is an equilateral triangle, and A D

In figure 2, EBC is an equilateral triangle, and A, D lie on EB and EC respectively. Given that $AD /\!/ BC$, AB = CD = R and $AC \perp BD$. If the area of the trapezium ABCD is S, find the value of S.

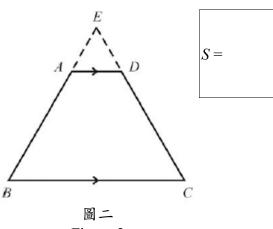
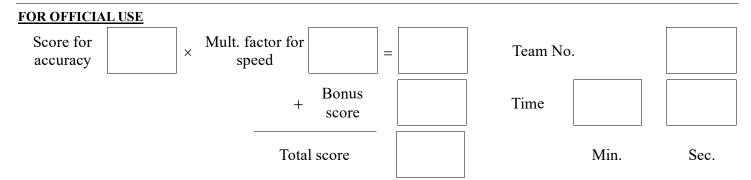


Figure 2



Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 3 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

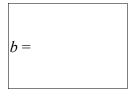
1. 設 $x \neq \pm 1$ 及 $x \neq -3$ 。若 a 是方程 $\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{2}{x^2-1}$ 的實根,求 a 的值。

a =

Let $x \neq \pm 1$ and $x \neq -3$. If a is the real root of the equation $\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{2}{x^2-1}$,

find the value of a.

2. 設 b > 1, $f(b) = \frac{-a}{\log_2 b}$ 及 $g(b) = 1 + \frac{1}{\log_3 b}$ 。 若 b 满足方程 |f(b) - g(b)| + f(b) + g(b) = 3,求 b 的值。 If b > 1, $f(b) = \frac{-a}{\log_2 b}$ and $g(b) = 1 + \frac{1}{\log_3 b}$.



If b satisfies the equation |f(b) - g(b)| + f(b) + g(b) = 3, find the value of b.

3. 已知實數 x_0 满足方程 $x^2 - 5x + (b - 8) = 0$ 。若 $c = \frac{x_0^2}{x_0^4 + x_0^2 + 1}$,求 c 的值。 Given that x_0 satisfies the equation $x^2 - 5x + (b - 8) = 0$. If $c = \frac{x_0^2}{x_0^4 + x_0^2 + 1}$, find the value of c.



4. \ddot{a} —2 和 216c 是方程 $px^2+dx=1$ 的根,求 d 的值。 If —2 and 216c are the roots of the equation $px^2+dx=1$, find the value of d.

d =

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for	
accuracy	

× Mult. factor for speed



Team No.

+ Bonus score

Time

Total score

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 4 (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 設 a 為實數。若 a 满足方程 $\log_2(4^x+4)=x+\log_2(2^{x+1}-3)$,求 a 的數值。 Let a be a real number.

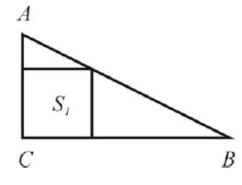
If a satisfies the equation $\log_2(4^x + 4) = x + \log_2(2^{x+1} - 3)$, find the value of a.

a =

2. 已知 n 是自然數。若 $b = n^3 - 4an^2 - 12n + 144$ 是質數,求 b 的數值。 Given that n is a natural number. If $b = n^3 - 4an^2 - 12n + 144$ is a prime number, find the value of b.

b =

3.



A C B

圖 一

Figure 1

如圖一, S_1 和 S_2 都是直角三角形 ABC 的兩個不同的正方形。 若 S_1 的面積是 40b+1, S_2 的面積是 40b,及 AC+CB=c,求 c 的值。 In Figure 1, S_1 and S_2 are two different inscribed squares of the right-angled triangle

c =

If the area of S_1 is 40b + 1, the area of S_2 is 40b and AC + CB = c, find the value of c.

4. 已知 $241c + 214 = d^2$, 求 d 的正數值。 Given that $241c + 214 = d^2$, find the positive value of d.

d =

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy

× Mult. factor for speed



Team No.

score

Bonus



Time



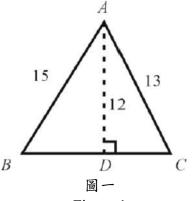
Total score

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Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event Spare (Individual)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 如圖一, $\triangle ABC$ 為一銳角三角形, AB=15, AC=13, 而高 AD=12。若 $\triangle ABC$ 的面積為 P,求 P 的值。 In figure 1, $\triangle ABC$ is an acute triangle, AB=15, AC=13, and its altitude AD=12. If the area of the $\triangle ABC$ is P, find the value of P.



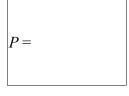


Figure 1

2. 已知x 和 y 是正整數。若 x^4+y^4 除以 x+y,所得的商是 P+13,餘數是 Q,求 Q 的值。

Given that x and y are positive integers. If $x^4 + y^4$ is divided by x + y, the quotient is P + 13 and the remainder is Q, find the value of Q.



3. 已知一等邊三角形的周界與一個半徑是 $\frac{12}{Q}$ cm 的圓的周界相等。

若這三角形的面積是 $R\pi^2$ cm², 求 R 的值。(答案以根式表示)。

Given that the perimeter of an equilateral triangle equals to that of a circle with radius

 $\frac{12}{Q}$ cm. If the area of the triangle is $R\pi^2$ cm², find the value of R.

R =

4. 設
$$W = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2R}$$
 , $S = W + \frac{1}{W + \frac{1}{W + \frac{1}{W + \cdots}}}$,求 S 的值。

S =

Let
$$W = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2R}$$
, $S = W + \frac{1}{W + \frac{1}{W + \frac{1}{W + \cdots}}}$, find the value of S .

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy Mult. fa

Total score

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score

Team No.

Time

Min. Sec.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 1 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 已知 a 為整數。若 50! 能被 2^a 整除,求 a 的最大可能的值。 Given that a is an integer.

If 50! is divisible by 2^a , find the largest possible value of a.

a =

2. 設 [x] 表示不大於 x 的最大整數,例如 [2.5] = 2。

若
$$b = \left[100 \times \frac{11 \times 77 + 12 \times 78 + 13 \times 79 + 14 \times 80}{11 \times 76 + 12 \times 77 + 13 \times 78 + 14 \times 79}\right]$$
, 求 b 的值。

Let [x] be the largest integer not greater than x. For example, [2.5] = 2.

If
$$b = \begin{bmatrix} 100 \times \frac{11 \times 77 + 12 \times 78 + 13 \times 79 + 14 \times 80}{11 \times 76 + 12 \times 77 + 13 \times 78 + 14 \times 79} \end{bmatrix}$$
, find the value of b.

b =

3. 若在 $200 \le 500$ 之間有 c 個數是 7 的倍數,求 c 的值。 If there are c multiples of 7 between 200 and 500, find the value of c.

|--|

4. 已知 $0 \le x_0 \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 且 x_0 满足方程 $\sqrt{\sin x + 1} - \sqrt{1 - \sin x} = \sin \frac{x}{2}$ 。 若 $d = \tan x_0$,求 d 的值 。

Given that $0 \le x_0 \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ and x_0 satisfies the equation $\sqrt{\sin x + 1} - \sqrt{1 - \sin x} = \sin \frac{x}{2}$.

If $d = \tan x_0$, find the value of d.

d =		

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy

Mult. factor for speed

=

Team No.

score

Total score

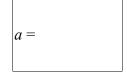
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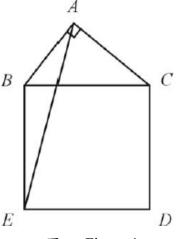
Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 2 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。



2. 如圖一, $\triangle ABC$ 是一直角三角形,AB=3 cm,AC=4 cm $\triangle BC=5$ cm。若 BCDE 是一正方形且 $\triangle ABE$ 的面積 是 b cm²,求b 的值。

In Figure 1, $\triangle ABC$ is a right-angled triangle, AB = 3 cm, AC = 4 cm and BC = 5 cm. If BCDE is a square and the area of $\triangle ABE$ is b cm², find the value of b.



b =

- 圖一 Figure 1
- 3. 已知在 100 以內的質數中,其個位並非平方數的數目有 c 個,求 c 的值。 Given that there are c prime numbers less than 100 such that their unit digits are not square numbers, find the values of c.

c = c

4. 若直綫 y = x + d 與 x = -y + d 相交於點 (d-1,d), 求 d 的值。 If the lines y = x + d and x = -y + d intersect at the point (d-1,d), find the value of d.

d =

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy

× Mult. factor for speed

Team No.

Total score

Bonus

score

Time

Sec.

Min.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 3 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 若 a 是方程 $\sqrt{x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)+1} = 71$ 的最小實數解,求 a 的值。

If a is the smallest real root of the equation $\sqrt{x(x+1)(x+2)(x+3)+1} = 71$, find the value of a.



2. 已知質數 p 和 q 满足方程 18p + 30q = 186。若 $\log_8 \frac{p}{3q+1} = b \ge 0$,求 b 的值。

Given that p and q are prime numbers satisfying the equation 18p + 30q = 186.

If $\log_8 \frac{p}{3q+1} = b \ge 0$, find the value of b.



3. 已知對任意實數 x、y 及 z, 運算 ⊕ 滿足

(i) $x \oplus 0 = 1$;及

(ii) $(x \oplus y) \oplus z = (z \oplus xy) + z \circ$

若 1⊕2004 = c , 求 c 的值。



Given that for any real numbers x, y and z, \oplus is an operation satisfying

- (i) $x \oplus 0 = 1$, and
- (ii) $(x \oplus y) \oplus z = (z \oplus xy) + z$.

If $1\oplus 2004 = c$, find the value of c.

4. 已知 $f(x) = (x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x - 5)^{2004} + 2004$,若 $f(\sqrt{3}-1) = d$,求 d 的值。

Given that $f(x) = (x^4 + 2x^3 + 4x - 5)^{2004} + 2004$. If $f(\sqrt{3} - 1) = d$, find the value of d.

d =		

FOR	OFFI	CIAL	USE

Score for accuracy

Mult. factor for speed



Team No.

+ Bonus score

Time

Total score

Min.

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event 4 (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 若
$$f(x) = \frac{4^x}{4^x + 2}$$
 及 $P = f\left(\frac{1}{1001}\right) + f\left(\frac{2}{1001}\right) + \dots + f\left(\frac{1000}{1001}\right)$,求 P 的數值。

$$P =$$

If
$$f(x) = \frac{4^x}{4^x + 2}$$
 and $P = f\left(\frac{1}{1001}\right) + f\left(\frac{2}{1001}\right) + \dots + f\left(\frac{1000}{1001}\right)$, find the value of P .

2. 設
$$f(x) = |x - a| + |x - 15| + |x - a - 15|$$
 , 其中 $a \le x \le 15$ 及 $0 < a < 15$ 。 若 Q 是 $f(x)$ 的最小值,求 Q 的值。

Let $f(x) = |x - a| + |x - 15| + |x - a - 15|$, where $a \le x \le 15$ and $0 < a < 15$. If Q is the smallest value of $f(x)$, find the value of Q .

$$Q =$$

3. 若
$$2^m = 3^n = 36$$
 及 $R = \frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n}$,求 R 的值。
If $2^m = 3^n = 36$ and $R = \frac{1}{m} + \frac{1}{n}$, find the value of R .

$$R =$$

4. 設
$$[x]$$
 表示不大於 x 的最大整數,例如 $[2.5] = 2$ 。 若 $a = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2004^2}$ 及 $S = [a]$,求 S 的值。 Let $[x]$ be the largest integer not greater than x , for example, $[2.5] = 2$. If $a = 1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2004^2}$ and $S = [a]$, find the value of S .

$$S =$$

FOR OFFICIAL USE

Score for accuracy

× Mult. factor for speed

=

Team No.

+ Bonus score

Time

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2003-04) Final Event Spare (Group)

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest form. 除非特別聲明,答案須用數字表達,並化至最簡。

1. 對任意整數 n , F_n 的定義如下: $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$, $F_0 = 0$ 及 $F_1 = 1$ 。 若 $a = F_{-5} + F_{-4} + \ldots + F_4 + F_5$,求 a 的值。 For all integers n, F_n is defined by $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$, $F_0 = 0$ and $F_1 = 1$. If $a = F_{-5} + F_{-4} + \ldots + F_4 + F_5$, find the value of a.

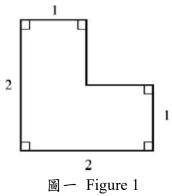
a =

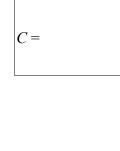
2. 已知 x_0 满足方程 $x^2 + x + 2 = 0$ 。若 $b = x_0^4 + 2x_0^3 + 3x_0^2 + 2x_0 + 1$,求 b 的值。 Given that x_0 satisfies the equation $x^2 + x + 2 = 0$. If $b = x_0^4 + 2x_0^3 + 3x_0^2 + 2x_0 + 1$, find the value of b.



3. 圖一所示為一瓷磚圖形。若最少可用 C 塊該類瓷磚便能 鋪滿一正方形,求 C 的值。

Figure 1 shows a tile. If C is the minimum number of tiles required to tile a square, find the value of C.





4. 若直綫 5x+2y-100=0 上有 d 個點,其 x 及 y 坐標的值都是正整數, 求 d 的值。

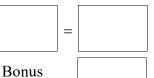
If the line 5x + 2y - 100 = 0 has d points whose x and y coordinates are both positive integers, find the value of d.

 e^{d}

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score



Time



Total score