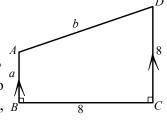
Pythagoras' theorem (HKMO Classified Questions by topics)

1985 FI4.2

在圖中,ABCD 為一梯形,AB 與 DC 平行 且 $\angle ABC = \angle DCB = 90^{\circ}$ 。

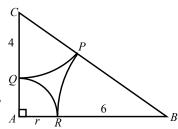
若 AB = a = 2 , BC = CD = 8 及 AD = b , 求 b 的值。 a In the figure, ABCD is a trapezium with AB parallel to DC and $\angle ABC = \angle DCB = 90^{\circ}$. If AB = a = 2, B BC = CD = 8 and AD = b, find the value of b.



1986 FG7.1

如圖所示,依次以 $A \cdot B \cdot C$ 為圓心之弧 $QR \cdot RP \cdot PQ$ 相切於 $R \cdot P \cdot Q \circ$ 若 $AR = r \cdot RB = 6 \cdot QC = 4 \cdot$ $\angle A = 90^{\circ}$,求 r 的值。

In the figure, QR, RP, PQ are 3 arcs, centres at A, B, C respectively, touching one another at R, P, Q. If AR = r, RB = 6, QC = 4, $\angle A = 90^{\circ}$, find the value of r.



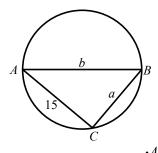
1987 FI4.2

附圖中,AB為該圓之直徑。

若AC=15,BC=8 及AB=b,求b的值。

In the figure, AB is a diameter of the circle.

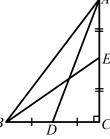
If AC = 15, BC = 8 and AB = b, find the value of b.



1990 HI17

在 $\triangle ABC$ 中, $\angle C=90^\circ$ 及 D、E 分別為 BC 及 CA 的中點。若 AD=7 及 BE=4,求 AB 的長度。

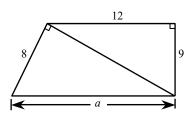
In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle C = 90^{\circ}$ and D, E are the mid-points of BC and CA respectively. If AD = 7 and BE = 4, find the length of AB.



1990 FI5.1

如圖所示,求a的值。

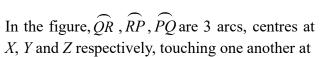
In the figure, find the value of a.



1990 FG9.4

如圖所示,依次以X,Y,Z為圓心之三弧QR、

 \widehat{RP} 、 \widehat{PQ} 互相切於 P、Q、R.。若 ZQ = d, XR = 3,YP = 12, $\angle X = 90^{\circ}$,求 d 的值。

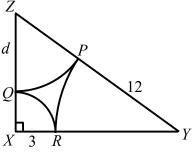


P, Q and R. If ZQ = d, XR = 3, YP = 12, $\angle X = 90^{\circ}$, find the value of d

1995 HG7 2008 FI4.4

在圖中,ABCD 為一正方形,且 AB=1 及 CPQ 為一等 P 邊三角形。求 ΔCPQ 的面積。

In the figure, ABCD is a square where AB = 1 and CPQ is an equilateral triangle. Find the area of ΔCPQ .

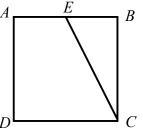


1998 HI4

在圖中,ABCD 為一正方形。E 為 AB 上的一點,使 A — 得 BE=1 及 CE=2。求正方形 ABCD 的面積。

In the figure, ABCD is a square.

E is a point on AB such that BE = 1 and CE = 2. Find the area of the square ABCD.



2001 FG2.2

E 是長方形 ABCD 內一點。已知 $EA \times EB \times EC$ 和 ED 的長度分別為 $2 \times \sqrt{11} \times 4$ 和 b,求 b 的值。

E is an interior point of the rectangle ABCD. Given that the lengths of EA, EB, EC and ED are 2, $\sqrt{11}$, 4 and b respectively, find the value of b.

2003 FI3.4

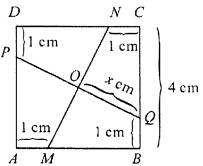
四邊形 ABCD 兩對角綫 AC 和 BD 互相垂直。AB=5,BC=4,CD=3。 若 DA=S,求 S 的值。

The diagonals AC and BD of a quadrilateral ABCD are perpendicular to each other. Given that AB = 5, BC = 4, CD = 3. If DA = S, find the value of S.

2006 HI10

如圖二,ABCD 是一正方形,其邊長為 4 cm。綫段 PO 和 MN 相交於點 O。 若 PD 、 NC 、 BQ 和 AM 的長度是 1 cm, OQ 的長度是 x cm , 求 x 的值。

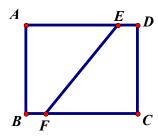
In Figure 2, ABCD is a square with side length equal to 4 cm. The line segments PO and MN intersect at the point O. If the lengths of PD, NC, BQ and AM are 1 cm and the length of OQ is x cm, find the value of x.



2008 HG10

如圖, ABCD 是長方形紙張並有 AB = 4 cm 及 BC = 5 cm。將該紙張對摺,使C點與A點重合, 得摺痕 $EF \circ \stackrel{.}{=} EF = r \text{ cm}$, 求 r 的值。

In the figure, ABCD is rectangular piece of paper with AB = 4 cm and BC = 5 cm. Fold the paper by putting point C onto A to create a crease EF.

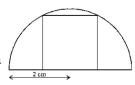


If EF = r cm, find the value of r.

2009 FG3.3

如圖,邊長為 Qcm 的正方形內接於半徑為 2cm 的半 圓中, 求O的值。

In the figure, a square of side length Q cm is inscribed in a semi-circle of radius 2 cm. Find the value of Q.



2014 FG1.1

若一個等腰三角形對應底邊(不是兩條等腰邊)的高是 8, 且周長是 32, 求該三角形的面積。

If an isosceles triangle has height 8 from the base, not the legs, and perimeters 32, determine the area of the triangle.

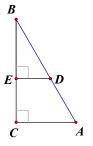
2015 FI3.4

在下圖中,BE = AC, $BD = \frac{1}{2}$ 及 DE + BC = 1。

若 δ 是 ED 的長度的 15 倍, 求 δ 的值。

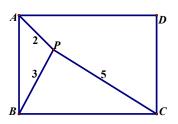
In the figure below, BE = AC, $BD = \frac{1}{2}$ and DE + BC = 1.

If δ is 15 times the length of *ED*, determine the value of δ .



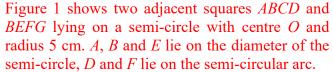
2018 HI7

如圖所示,P為長方形 ABCD 內的一點, 使得PA=2,PB=3及PC=5。求PD的長度。 As shown in the figure, *P* is a point inside a rectangle ABCD such that PA = 2, PB = 3 and PC = 5. Find the length of *PD* .

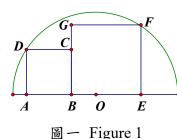


2019 HG2

圖一所示, ABCD 和 BEFG 是兩個緊貼的正方 形, 躺臥在一個以 O 為圓心, 半徑為 5 cm 的 半圓上。其中 $A \cdot B$ 和E在半圓的直徑,D和F在半圓的弧上。設 ABCD 與 BEFG 的面積之和 為 $S \text{ cm}^2$, 求S的值。



Let the sum of areas of ABCD and BEFG be $S \text{ cm}^2$, find the value of S.

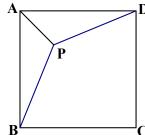


2023 HI9

在圖中,P 為正方形 ABCD 內的一點使得 $\Delta ABP \cong A$ $\triangle ADP$, $AP = 5\sqrt{2} \not R BP = 13$.

求正方形 ABCD 的面積。

In the figure, P is a point inside the square ABCD such that $\triangle ABP \cong \triangle ADP$. $AP = 5\sqrt{2}$ and BP = 13. Find the area of square ABCD.



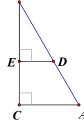
2023 FI4.1

在三角形ABC中, $\angle C = 90^{\circ}$, $DE \perp BC$,BE = AC, $BD = \frac{1}{2}$ 及 B

DE + BC = 1。如果 $\alpha = 4ED$,求 α 的值。

In triangle ABC, $\angle C = 90^{\circ}$, $DE \perp BC$, BE = AC, $BD = \frac{1}{2}$ and $E \downarrow$

DE + BC = 1. If $\alpha = 4ED$, find the value of α .



2024 HI5

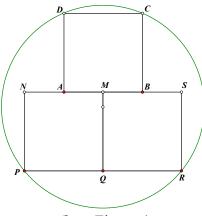
在一直角三角形中,從銳角頂點所作的中線長度為7及9。 求三角形斜邊的長。

In a right-angled triangle, the lengths of the medians from the vertices of the acute angles are 7 and 9. Find the length of the hypotenuse of the triangle.

2024 HG6

在圖四中,三個邊長為 1 cm 的正方形 $ABCD \cdot MNPQ \cdot MQRS$ 併在一起使得 A 及 B 分別為 MN 及 MS 的中點。已知一圓包 這三個正方形,且通過 $C \cdot D \cdot P$ 及 R ,求 該圓的半徑。

In Figure 4, three squares ABCD, MNPQ and MQRS of sides1 cm toucheach other so that points A and B are the mid-points of MN and MS respectively. Given that a circle contains all three squares and passes through points C, D, P and R, find the radius of the circle.



圖四 Figure 4

2024 G1.1

若直角三角形ABC所有邊長均為正整數,且AB = 89, 求三角形ABC 的周界P。

Find the perimeter P of the right-angled triangle ABC if all the side lengths are positive integers and AB = 89.



Answers

1985 FI4.2 10	1986 FG7.1 2	1987 FI4.2 17	1990 HI17 $2\sqrt{13}$	1990 FI5.1 17
1990 FG9.4 5	1995 HG7 2008 FI4.4 $2\sqrt{3} - 3$	1998 HI4 3	2001 FG2.2 3	2003 FG3.4 $3\sqrt{2}$
2006 HI10 $\sqrt{5}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 2008 \text{ HG10} \\ \underline{4\sqrt{41}} \\ \underline{5} \end{array} $	2009 FG3.3 $\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}$	2014 FG1.1 48	2015 FI3.4 15 4
2018 HI7 $2\sqrt{5}$	2019 HG2 25	2023 HI9 289	2023 FI4.1 1	2024 HI5 $2\sqrt{26}$
$ \begin{array}{r} 2024 \text{ HG6} \\ \underline{5\sqrt{17}} \\ 16 \end{array} $	2024 G1.1 8010			