1. INNER JOIN: selects records that have matching values in both tables.

LEFT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the left table, and the matched records from the right table.

RIGHT (OUTER) JOIN: Returns all records from the right table, and the matched records from the left table.

- 2. NULL means it does not have any value not even garbage value. ZERO is an integer value. BLANK is simply an empty String value.
- 3. A HAVING clause is like a WHERE clause, but applies only to groups as a whole (that is, to the rows in the result set representing groups), whereas the WHERE clause applies to individual rows.
- 4. The ORDER BY keyword is used to sort the result-set in ascending or descending order. The ORDER BY keyword sorts the records in ascending order by default. To sort the records in descending order, use the DESC keyword.
- 5. Tables are the basic data storage objects in a database. Views are virtual tables, pre-canned SELECTs. Stored procedures are programming objects returning a SELECT like result set and optionally output parameters.
- 6. A stored procedure is a prepared SQL code that you can save, so the code can be reused over and over again.
- 7. Auto-increment allows a unique number to be generated automatically when a new record is inserted into a table. Often this is the primary key field that we would like to be created automatically every time a new record is inserted.
- SELECT DISTINCT returns only distinct (different) values.
  DISTINCT eliminates duplicate records from the table.
  DISTINCT can be used with aggregates: COUNT, AVG, MAX, etc.
  DISTINCT operates on a single column.
- 9. JSON\_QUERY (expression, [Path Mode] JSON\_path) Expression: It is a JSON string or a variable holding JSON data JSON\_Path: It is the path of the object or an array from where we want to retrieve values Path mode: It controls the output of a JSON\_QUERY() function in case of an invalid JSON string using the LAX and Strict arguments
- 10. The LIKE operator is used in a WHERE clause to search for a specified pattern in a column.