

ITC Tutorial 4

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B2



Q1) Given the message 'Independence'. Use Shannon Fano coding & Huffman coding to assign unique binary codes to the symbols in the given message. Compare the efficiency of these codes.

Symbols Probability stage 1 stage 2 stage 3 stage 4

E	$4/12 = 0.333$	0	1	0	1
N	$3/12 = 0.25$	0	1		
D	$2/12 = 0.167$	1	0	1	1
I	$1/12 = 0.083$	1	1	0	
P	$1/12 = 0.083$	1	1	1	0
C	$1/12 = 0.083$	1	1	1	1

Symbols Probability Codeword length

I	0.083	1101	4
N	0.25	01	2
D	0.167	101	3
E	0.333	00	2
P	0.083	1110	4
C	0.083	1111	4

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Entropy (H)} &= \sum P_x \log_2 \frac{1}{P_x} \\
 &= 0.083 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.083} + 0.25 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.25} \\
 &\quad + 0.167 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.167} + 0.333 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.333} \\
 &\quad + 0.083 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.083} + 0.083 \log_2 \frac{1}{0.083}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$H = 0.298 \times 3 + 0.5 + 0.43 + 0.52$$

$$H(X) = 2.3454 \text{ bits/Symbol}$$

$$\text{Average Code length} = \sum P(x_i)(n_i)$$

$$= 3 \times 0.083 + 2 \times 0.25 + 2 \times 0.167$$

$$+ 2 \times 0.33 + 4 \times 0.083 + 4 \times 0.083$$

$$\therefore L = 2.407$$

$$\text{Code efficiency} = \frac{H(X)}{L}$$

$$= \frac{2.3454}{2.407}$$

$$= 0.9744$$

$$= 97.44\%$$

Huffman Coding

Symbols	Probability	1st Reduction	2nd Reduction	3rd Reduction
E	4/12	→ 4/12	→ 4/12	→ 5/12
N	3/12	→ 3/12	→ 3/12	→ 4/12
D	2/12	→ 2/12	→ 3/12	→ 3/12
T	1/12	→ 2/12	→ 2/12	
P	1/12	→ 1/12		
C	1/12			

Symbols Probability Codeword length

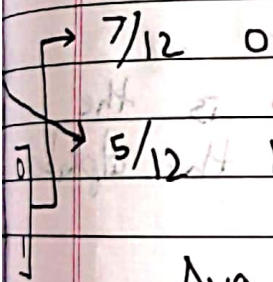
I	0.083	011	3
N	0.25	10	2
D	0.167	010	3
E	0.333	00	2
P	0.083	110	3
C	0.083	111	3

$$H = \sum P(x_i) \log_2 \frac{1}{P(x_i)}$$

$$= (0.083 \cdot \log_2 \frac{1}{0.083}) \times 3 + 0.25 \cdot \log_2 \frac{1}{0.25} + 0.333 \cdot \log_2 \frac{1}{0.333} + 0.167 \cdot \log_2 \frac{1}{0.167}$$

$$= 0.298 \times 3 + 0.5 + 0.43 + 0.5214$$

4th Reduction $H(x) = 2.3454 \text{ bits/symbol}$



$$\text{Avg code length} = \sum (P(x_i) n_i)$$

$$= 3 \times 0.083 + 2 \times 0.25 + 3 \times 0.167 + 2 \times 0.333 + 3 \times 0.083 + 3 \times 0.083$$

$L = 2.414$

$$\text{Code efficiency} = \frac{H(x)}{L}$$

$$= \frac{2.3455}{2.414}$$

$$= 0.9715$$

$$= 97.15\%$$

Efficiency of shannon fano coding algorithm is higher than hoffman coding

Q2) What is Kraft's inequality theorem? Show

that this theorem holds true for binary codes generated in Q1.

→ Kraft's inequality theorem states that given a list of positive integers (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_r) , there exists a prefix code with a set of code words $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2, \dots, \sigma_r)$ where length of each code word $|\sigma_i| = n_i$ if and only if

$$\sum_{i=1}^r S^{-n_i} \leq 1$$

where S is the size of the alphabet 'S'

∵ we are encoding in binary

$$\therefore S = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\therefore S = 2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^r 2^{-n_i} \leq 1$$

code words through Huffman coding
 (011, 10, 010, 00, 110, 111)

$$= \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \frac{1}{2^3}$$

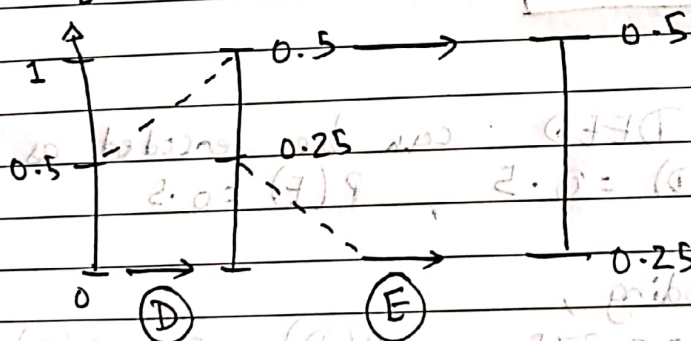
$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

∴ It is a prefix code satisfying Kraft inequality problem.

Q3) Show how arithmetic coding and decoding is done using message 'DEED'.

→ Message 'DEED'

Symbol	Probability	CDF
D	$\frac{2}{4} = 0.5$	0.5
E	$\frac{2}{4} = 0.5$	1.0



(i) For symbol D,

$$\begin{aligned} R(D) &= R + \text{diff} \times P(D) \\ &= 0 + (0.5 - 0) \times 0.5 \\ &= \underline{0.25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Range of symbol} &= \text{lower limit} + \\ &\quad (\text{diff} \times \text{Prob of symbol}) \end{aligned}$$

$$R(E) = ll + diff \times P(d)$$

$$= 0.25 + 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$= \underline{0.5}$$

(ii) For symbol E,

$$R(D) = ll + diff \times P(d)$$

$$= 0.25 + (0.25 \times 0.5)$$

$$= 0.375$$

$$R(E) = l.l. + diff \times P(d)$$

$$= 0.375 + 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$Tag = \frac{\text{Upper limit} + \text{lower limit}}{2}$$

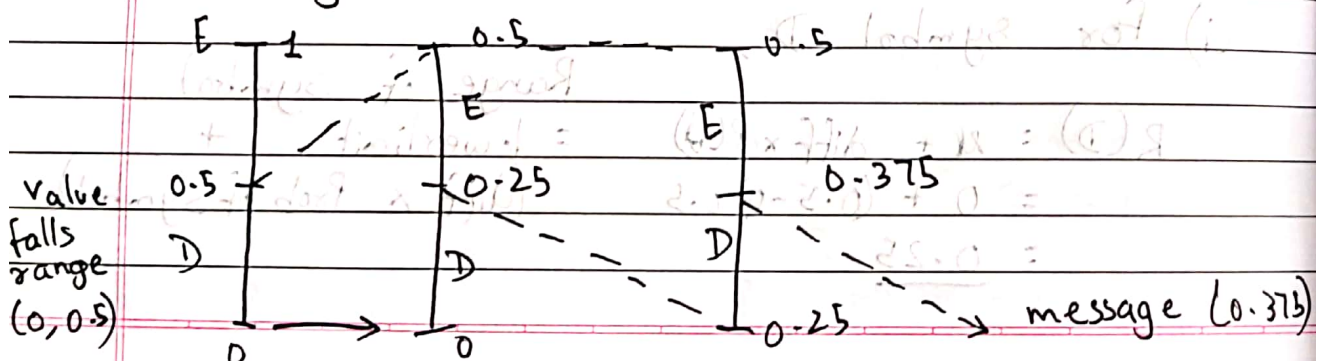
$$= \frac{0.5 + 0.25}{2}$$

$Tag = 0.375$

Message DEED can be encoded as 0.375
when $P(D) = 0.5$, $P(E) = 0.5$

Now decoding,

Message = 0.375 $P(D) = 0.5$ $P(E) = 0.5$



$$R(D) = 0 + 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$= 0.25$$

$$R(E) = 0.25 + 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$= 0.5$$

Now,

$$R(D) = 0.25 + 0.25 \times 0.5$$

$$= 0.375$$

$$R(E) = 0.375 + (0.25 \times 1)$$

$$= 0.5$$

Initially value falls in range $(0, 0.5) \rightarrow D$
 Then falls in range $(0.25, 0.5) \rightarrow E$
 then falls in range $(0.375, 0.5) \rightarrow E$
 value at D $\rightarrow 0.375 \rightarrow D$

\Rightarrow Message is DEED