

(Q2-iii)

$$f_z(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z-\mu_z}{\sigma}\right)^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z^2}{2}\right)\right) \Rightarrow z \sim N(0, \sqrt{2})$$

$$Y \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$X \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$f_{x|z}(x|z) = \frac{\cancel{f_z(z-x)} f_x(x)}{f_z(z)} = \frac{f_y(z-x) f_x(x)}{f_z(z)}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (z-x)^2\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\right) \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} (x)^2\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{z^2}{2}\right)}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[(z-x)^2 + x^2 - \frac{z^2}{2} \right]\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[z^2 - 2xz + x^2 + x^2 - \frac{z^2}{2} \right]\right)$$

$$\left[\frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz + 2x^2 \right]$$

$$\frac{z^2}{4} = \frac{z^2 a}{8} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$(2x - \frac{z}{2})(x - z)$$

$$(x\sqrt{2} - \frac{z}{\sqrt{2}})(x\sqrt{2} - \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}) = 2x^2 + \frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz\sqrt{\frac{z}{18}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(x\sqrt{2} - \frac{z}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{z^2}{4} - \frac{2xz}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x - \frac{z}{\sqrt{2}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}\right)^2\right)$$

$$= 2x \left(x^2 + \frac{z^2}{4} - xz\right)$$

$$= 2x \left(x - \frac{z}{2}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} \left(x - \frac{z}{2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{x - \frac{z}{2}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}\right)^2$$

~~$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2\pi}$~~

$$x|z \sim N\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

correlation? (between x & z)

$$f_{x|z}(x|z) = N\left(\mu_x + CB^{-1}(z - \mu_z), A - CB^{-1}C^T\right), \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ z \end{bmatrix} \sim N\left(\begin{bmatrix} \mu_x \\ \mu_z \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} A & C^T \\ C & B \end{bmatrix}\right)$$

$$= N\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_x &= 0, A = 1 \\ \mu_z &= 0, B = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_x + CB^{-1}(z - \mu_z) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$0 + C\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)(z) = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow C = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

check w/ variance:

$$A - CB^{-1}C^T = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$1 - \frac{C^2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} - C^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow C^2 + 1 - \sqrt{2} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$C = \pm \sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}$$

$$2\sqrt{2}-1 = 2 \quad \times$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} - 1 = \sqrt{\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}-1}}{\sqrt{2}} \quad ?$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}} \quad ?$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{2}} \quad ? = \frac{3}{2} \quad ?$$

$$0 + \frac{0.6436}{\sqrt{2}} (z)$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2+1}{2\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}} \neq \frac{3}{2} \dots ?$$

$$1 - \sqrt{2} - 1$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \dots$$

$$\Sigma = \rho (\sigma_x \sigma_z)^{1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (1(\sqrt{2}))^{1/2} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}} \quad ??$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) 3 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2(2)}} 3 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{z}{2}\right)^2 = x^2 + \frac{z^2}{4} - 2x \cdot \frac{z}{2} = x^2 + \frac{z^2}{4} - xz$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\left(x - \frac{z}{2}\right)^2}{\frac{1}{2}} &= 2\left(x^2 + \frac{z^2}{4} - xz\right) = 2x^2 + \frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz \\ &= x^2 + x^2 + z^2 - \frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz \\ &= \cancel{(x-x)^2} + x^2 - \frac{z^2}{2} \quad \checkmark \Rightarrow \sigma_{xz} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mu_{xz} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$0 + \frac{c}{\sqrt{2}} |z\rangle = \frac{z}{2} \Rightarrow c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = P \sqrt{1\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)} \Rightarrow \cancel{P}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = P \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} \Rightarrow P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 1 - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{x|z}(x|z) &= \frac{f(x,z)}{F_z(z)} \Rightarrow F_{x,z}(x,z) = F_{x|z}(x|z) f_z(z) \\ &= N\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) N\left(0, \sqrt{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(x-\frac{z}{2})^2}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}\right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{z^2}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{x-z/2}{1/2}\right)^2 + \frac{z^2}{2} \right]\right)$$

$$f_{xz}(x, z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2(x-\frac{3}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{2}z^2}{\frac{1}{2}(\sigma^2)} \right] \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[2(x^2 + \frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz) + \frac{3^2}{2} \right] \right)$$

$$= [2x^2 + \frac{z^2}{2} - 2xz + \frac{3^2}{2}]$$

$$= [2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz] = \begin{pmatrix} (x) - (\mu_x) \\ (z) - (\mu_z) \end{pmatrix}^\top \Sigma^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} (x) - (\mu_x) \\ (z) - (\mu_z) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (\sqrt{2}x)()$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} A & C \\ C^\top & B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & C \\ C^\top & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mu_x = 0$$

$$\mu_z = 0$$

$$(x \ z) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & C \\ C^\top & \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \end{pmatrix} = 2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz$$

$$\det \Sigma = \sqrt{2} - C^2$$

$$\Sigma^{-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -C \\ -C & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x \ z) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \sqrt{2} & -C \\ \sqrt{2} - C^2 & -C & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{(x \ z)}{\sqrt{2} - C^2} \begin{pmatrix} x\sqrt{2} - Cz \\ xC + z \end{pmatrix} = \frac{x^2\sqrt{2} - Cxz - zxC + z^2}{\sqrt{2} - C^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}x^2 - 2xz + z^2}{\sqrt{2} - C^2} = 2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz$$

$$\text{If } C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2}x^2 - 2xz + z^2 = (2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz)\left(\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$2\sqrt{2}x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}xz + z^2 = (2x^2 + z^2 - 2xz)(2\sqrt{2} - 1)^2$$

$$= (4\sqrt{2} - 2)x^2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_3 - \mu_{x_3} \\ z - \mu_z \end{pmatrix}^\top \Sigma^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} x - \mu_{x_3} \\ z - \mu_z \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu_{x_3} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\Sigma^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} A & C \\ C^T & B \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\Sigma_{x_3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = A$$

$$B = \Sigma_z = \sqrt{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{AB - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} B & -C \\ -C^T & A \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{x - \frac{3}{2}, 3}{1 - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -C \\ -C & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x - \frac{3}{2} \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \mu_3 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} 0$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -C \\ -C^T & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{x - \frac{3}{2}, 3}{1 - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}(x - \frac{3}{2}) - C_3 \\ -C(x - \frac{3}{2}) + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & -C \\ -C^T & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \frac{x - \frac{3}{2}, 3}{1 - C^2} \begin{bmatrix} x\sqrt{2} + 3(-C + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \\ -Cx + 3(\frac{C}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{1 - C^2} \left((x - \frac{3}{2})(x\sqrt{2} + 3(-C + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})) + 3(-Cx + 3(\frac{C}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})) \right)$$

Q2-iv

$$Z = X + Y, \quad X \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda), \quad Y \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_Z(z) &= \sum_{x \in Z} P_X(x) P_{Y|X}(z-x) \\ &= \text{Poisson}(2\lambda) = \frac{(2\lambda)^z e^{-2\lambda}}{z!} \end{aligned}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{Z+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_W(w) = P(W \leq w) = P\left(\frac{1}{Z+1} \leq w\right) = P\left(\frac{1}{w} \leq Z+1\right) \\ = P\left(\frac{1}{w}-1 \leq Z\right) = 1 - P\left(Z \leq \frac{1}{w}-1\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dw}(F_W(w)) = \frac{d}{dw}\left(1 - P\left(Z \leq \frac{1}{w}-1\right)\right)$$

$$P_W(w) = -P_Z\left(\frac{1}{w}-1\right) \frac{dz}{dw}, \quad \frac{dz}{dw} = \frac{1}{\frac{dw}{dz}}, \quad \frac{dw}{dz} = -\frac{1}{w^2} \quad Z+1 = \frac{1}{w} \Rightarrow Z = \frac{1}{w} - 1$$

$$\frac{dz}{dw} = -\frac{1}{w^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_W(w) &= P_Z\left(\frac{1}{w}-1\right) \frac{1}{w^2} \\ &= \frac{(2\lambda)^{\left(\frac{1-w}{w}\right)} e^{-2\lambda}}{\left(\frac{1-w}{w}\right)! w^2} \end{aligned}$$

* need a scaling factor
(inspired by Lec07, my11)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[W] &= \sum_{w \in W} \frac{(2\lambda)^{\left(\frac{1-w}{w}\right)} e^{-2\lambda}}{\left(\frac{1-w}{w}\right)! w^2}, \quad w=1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \dots \\ &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2\lambda)^{n-1} e^{-2\lambda}}{(n-1)! \left(\frac{1}{n}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{let } w = \frac{1}{n} \rightarrow n = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots \infty$$

OR

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[f(z)] &= \sum_{z \in Z} f(z) P_Z(z) \\ &= \sum_{z=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{z+1} \frac{e^{-2\lambda} (2\lambda)^z}{z!} = e^{-2\lambda} \left(1 \left(\frac{1}{0!}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2\lambda}{1!}\right) + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{(2\lambda)^2}{2!}\right) + \dots \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2\lambda)^{n-1} e^{-2\lambda}}{(n-1)!} = e^{-2\lambda} \left(\frac{1}{0!} + \frac{(2\lambda) 2}{1!} + \frac{(2\lambda)^2 2^2}{2!} + \dots \right)$$

if sum of all $P(w)$ = 1 ... scale factor! \rightarrow sum(P_w)

Start: ~~Z=X+Y~~

1) $w = \frac{1}{z+1} \Rightarrow P_w(w) = P_z(\frac{1}{w}-1) \frac{1}{w^2}$

2) $P_z = ? \Rightarrow Z=X+Y \Rightarrow P_z = \sum_{x \in X} P_x(x) P(z-x)$
 $= \text{Poisson}(2\lambda)$

3) plug in to $P_w(w) = P_z(\frac{1}{w}-1) \frac{1}{w^2}$

4) but sum $w \in W \geq 1 \Rightarrow$ "proportioning factor": $\sum_{w \in W} P_w(w)$
⇒ new $\hat{P}_w(w) = \frac{P_w(w)}{\sum_{w \in W} P_w(w)}$

5) Expectation: $E[w] = \sum_{w \in W} w \hat{P}_w(w) \rightarrow E[w] = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \hat{P}_w(n)$

6) Plots!