

Scala vs. Java

A Comparison

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 - Scala Type System
 - Program Structures
- Scala Concepts
 - Language Concepts
(not available in Java)

Introduction

- History
- Technical Facts
- Hello World

History

- 2001: Martin Odersky at EPFL Lausanne
(Is one of the developers of the *Java Generics*.)
- 2003: First release
- 2006: Second release
- 2011: Typesafe founded
- 2018: Current Version is 2.12.6
- 2020: Scala 3.0 (Dotty compiler)



Technical Facts

- JVM based language (compiles to Java class files)
- Statically typed with unified type system
- Object oriented/functional hybrid
- Interoperability with Java
- No checked exceptions
- Everything is an expression (almost)
- Typesafe stack: Scala/Akka/Play/Lagoom

Hello World

Scala

```
package at.twininformatics.scalademo.scala

object HelloWorld {
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println("Hello, World!")
  }
}
```

Java

```
package at.twininformatics.scalademo.java;

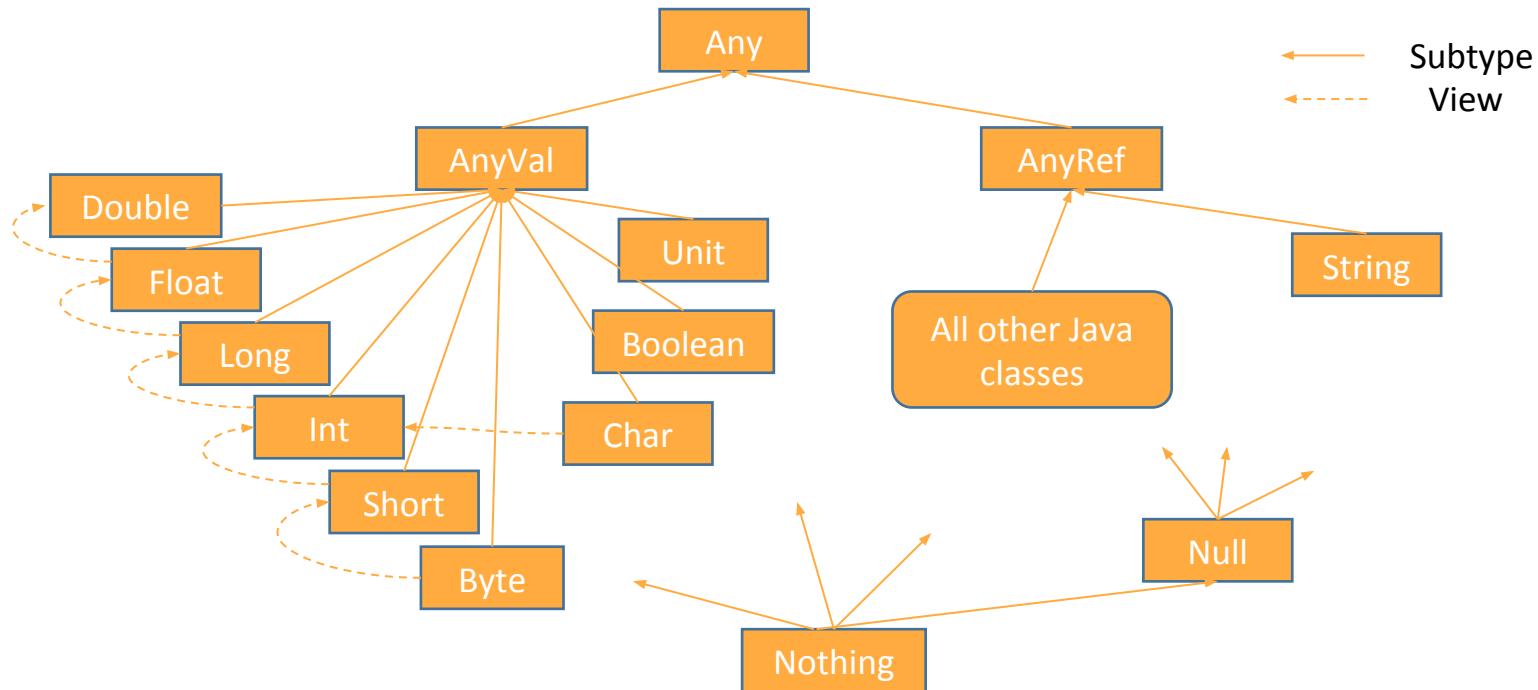
public class HelloWorld {
  public static void main(final String[] args) {
    System.out.println("Hello, World!");
  }
}
```

Building Blocks

Structuring your Program

- Scala Type System
- Traits
- Classes
- Objects
- Case Classes
- Function Types
- Generics

Scala Type System



Nothing

```
def.toInt(s: String): Int = {
    if (s.nonEmpty) s.toInt
    else raiseError()
}

def raiseError(): Nothing = {
    throw new AssertionError("Got empty string.")
}

def systemExit(code: Int): Nothing = sys.exit(code)

case object Nil extends List[Nothing]
```

Traits

Scala

```
trait Iterator[T] {  
    def hasNext: Boolean  
    def next: T  
    def remove(): Unit = {  
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException()  
    }  
}
```

Java

```
public interface Iterator<T> {  
    boolean hasNext();  
    T next();  
    default void remove() {  
        throw new UnsupportedOperationException();  
    }  
}
```

Classes

Scala

```
class Fraction(val num: Long, val denom: Long) {  
    def *(other: Fraction): Fraction = new Fraction(  
        num*other.num,  
        denom*other.denom  
    )  
    override def toString: String = s"$num/$denom"  
}  
  
println(Fraction(10, 2).*(Fraction(5)))  
println(Fraction(10, 2) * Fraction(5))
```

Java

```
public class Fraction {  
    private final long num;  
    private final long denom;  
  
    public Fraction(final long num, final long denom) {  
        this.num = num;  
        this.denom = denom;  
    }  
    public long num() {  
        return num;  
    }  
    public long denom() {  
        return denom;  
    }  
    public Fraction mul(final Fraction other) {  
        return new Fraction(  
            num*other.num,  
            denom*other.denom  
        );  
    }  
    @Override  
    public String toString() {  
        return String.format("%d/%d", num, denom);  
    }  
}
```

Objects

Scala

```
object Fraction {  
    def apply(n: Long, d: Long): Fraction = {  
        new Fraction(n, d)  
    }  
    def apply(v: Long): Fraction = Fraction(v, 1)  
}
```

Java

```
public class Fraction {  
    // ...  
    public static Fraction of(long n, long d) {  
        return new Fraction(n, d);  
    }  
    public static Fraction of(long v) {  
        return of(v, 1);  
    }  
}
```

Case Classes

Scala

```
case class Fraction(num: Long, denom: Long) {  
    def *(other: Fraction): Fraction = Fraction(  
        num*other.num,  
        denom*other.denom  
    )  
}  
  
object Fraction {  
    def apply(v: Long): Fraction = Fraction(v, 1)  
}
```

Java

```
public class Fraction {  
    // ...  
    @Override  
    public int hashCode() {  
        return Long.hashCode(num)^Long.hashCode(denom);  
    }  
    @Override  
    public boolean equals(final Object obj) {  
        return obj == this ||  
            obj instanceof Fraction &&  
            num == ((Fraction)obj).num &&  
            denom == ((Fraction)obj).denom;  
    }  
    @Override  
    public String toString() {  
        return String.format("%d/%d", num, denom);  
    }  
}
```

Function Types

Scala

```
val f1a: (String => Int) = s => s.toInt  
val f1b: (String => Int) = _.toInt  
val f2: String => Int = Integer.parseInt  
val f3 = (s: String) => s.toInt  
  
val value1: Int = f1.apply("4")  
val value2: Int = f1("3")
```

Java

```
final Function<String, Integer> f1 =  
    s -> Integer.parseInt(s);  
final Function<String, Integer> f2 =  
    Integer::parseInt;  
  
final Integer value1 = f1.apply("4");
```

Currying

```
object Currying extends App {  
  
    def modN(n: Int)(x: Int) = (x%n) == 0  
  
    val nums = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)  
    println(nums.filter(modN(2)))  
    println(nums.filter(modN(3)))  
  
    // List(2, 4, 6, 8)  
    // List(3, 6)  
}
```

Generics

Scala

```
trait Iterator[+T] {  
    def hasNext: Boolean  
    def next: T  
}  
  
val strings: Iterator[String] = ...  
val objects: Iterator[AnyRef] = strings  
  
val integers: Iterator[Integer] = ...  
  
def iterate(it: Iterator[Number]): Unit = ()  
def iterate2[T <: Number](it: Iterator[T]): Unit = ()  
  
iterate(integers)  
iterate2(integers)
```

Java

```
interface Iterator<T> {  
    boolean hasNext();  
    T next();  
}  
  
Iterator<String> strings = ...;  
Iterator<? extends Object> objects = strings;  
Iterator<Object> objects = strings; //Won't compile  
  
Iterator<Integer> integers = ...;  
  
void iterate(Iterator<? extends Number> it) {}  
<T extends Number> void iterate2(Iterator<T> it) {}  
  
iterate(integers);  
iterate2(integers);
```

Scala Concepts

Not available in Java

- Lazy Values
- Default/Named Parameters
- Pattern Matching
- Algebraic Data Types
- Extractors
- Implicits
- Extension Methods
- Tail Recursion
- Value Types
- Structural Types
- Specialized Types
- Reified Types
- Dynamic Types
- Type Alias
- (Exception Handling)

Lazy Values

Scala

```
object LazyValue {  
    lazy val lazyValue: String = {  
        println("Initialize lazy value")  
        "Lazy value"  
    }  
    val eagerValue: String = {  
        println("Initialize eager value")  
        "Eager value"  
    }  
    def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
        println("Starting program")  
        println(lazyValue)  
        println(eagerValue)  
    }  
}
```

Output

```
Initialize eager value  
Starting program  
Initialize lazy value  
Lazy value  
Eager value
```

Default/Named Parameter

Scala

```
object Parameters {  
    case class Fraction(num: Long, denom: Long = 1)  
  
    def print(s: String, times: Int = 1): Unit = {  
        for (i <- 0 until times) println(s)  
    }  
    def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {  
        println(Fraction(10))  
        print("Hello")  
        print("World", 3)  
        print("Nothing", times = 0)  
    }  
}
```

Output

```
Fraction(10,1)  
Hello  
World  
World  
World
```

Pattern Matching

```
def describe(x: Any): String = x match {  
    case 5 => "five"  
    case true => "truth"  
    case "hello" => "hi!"  
    case Nil => "the empty list"  
    case s: String => s"got string '$s'"  
    case _: Number => "a number"  
    case _ => "everything else"  
}
```

Algebraic Data Types

```
sealed abstract class Expr

final case class Var() extends Expr
final case class Const(v: Double) extends Expr
final case class Add(x: Expr, y: Expr) extends Expr
final case class Sub(x: Expr, y: Expr) extends Expr
final case class Mul(x: Expr, y: Expr) extends Expr
final case class Div(x: Expr, y: Expr) extends Expr

object eval {
  def apply(expr: Expr, value: Double): Double = expr match {
    case Var() => value
    case Const(x) => x
    case Add(x, y) => eval(x, value) + eval(y, value)
    case Sub(x, y) => eval(x, value) - eval(y, value)
    case Mul(x, y) => eval(x, value) * eval(y, value)
    case Div(x, y) => eval(x, value) / eval(y, value)
  }
}
```

Extractor (1)

```
class Pair(val a: Int, val b: String)
object Pair {
    def apply(a: Int, b: String): Pair = new Pair(a, b)
    def unapply(ext: Pair): Option[(Int, String)] = {
        Some(ext.a, ext.b)
    }
}

object ExtractorApp extends App {
    def process(any: Any): Unit = any match {
        case Pair(a, b) => println(s"Pair $a and $b")
        case _ => println(s"Unknown: $any")
    }
}

process(Pair(1, "2")) // Pair 1 and 2
process("Some Value") // Unknown: Some Value
}
```

Extractor (2)

```
object IntEntry {
    def unapply(s: String): Option[(String, Int)] = {
        val split: Array[String] = s.split(":")
        if (split.length == 2) {
            Try(split(1).toInt).toOption.map((split(0), _))
        } else {
            None
        }
    }
}
object ExtractorTest extends App {
    def process(any: Any): Unit = any match {
        case IntEntry(name, value) => println(s"Got Entry[$name, $value]")
        case _ => println(s"Unknown entry: $any")
    }
}

process("count:12") // Got: Entry[count, 12]
process("count:12.2") // Unknown entry: count:12.2
process("invalid") // Unknown entry: invalid
```

Pattern Matching (2)

```
case class Point(x: Int, y: Int)
case class Line(start: Point, end: Point)

object ExtractorTest extends App {
    def process(any: Any): Unit = any match {
        case Point(x, y) if x < y => println(s"Point[$x, $y]")
        case Line(Point(x, _), Point(_, y)) => println(s"Start x: $x, End y: $y")
        case _ => println(s"Unknown: $any")
    }

    process(Point(1, 2)) // Point[1, 2]
    process(Line(Point(1, 2), Point(3, 4))) // Start x: 1, End y: 4
}
```

Implicits

```
private val CHARS = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ"
def randomString(length: Int)(implicit r: Random): String = {
    Stream.continually(CHARS.charAt(r.nextInt(CHARS.length)))
        .take(length)
        .mkString
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(randomString(10)(new Random()))

    implicit val random: Random = new Random(123)
    println(randomString(15))
}
```

Extension Methods

```
final class RichInt(value: Int) {  
    def isPrime: Boolean = {  
        BigInt(value).isProbablePrime(20)  
    }  
}  
  
object RichInt {  
    implicit def toRichInt(value: Int): RichInt = new RichInt(value)  
}  
  
object PrimeTest extends App {  
    import RichInt.toRichInt  
  
    println(2.isPrime) // true  
    println(1323123.isPrime) // false  
}
```

Tail Recursion

Scala

```
def fibrec(n: Int): Int = n match {
  case 0 | 1 => n
  case _ => fibrec(n - 1) + fibrec(n - 2)
}

@tailrec
def fib(x: Long, prev: Long = 0L, next: Long = 1L): Long = x match {
  case 0 => prev
  case 1 => next
  case _ => fib(x - 1, next, next + prev)
}

def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
  println(fibrec(10))
  println(fib(10))
}
```

Java

```
public static long fib(long x, long prev, long next) {
  while(true) {
    long var8;
    if (0L == x) {
      var8 = prev;
    } else {
      if (1L != x) {
        long var10000 = x - 1L;
        long var10001 = next;
        next += prev;
        prev = var10001;
        x = var10000;
        continue;
      }
      var8 = next;
    }
    return var8;
  }
}
```

Value Types

```
object ValueTypes extends App {  
  
    implicit class RichInt(val value: Int) extends AnyVal {  
        def isPrime: Boolean = {  
            BigInt(value).isProbablePrime(20)  
        }  
    }  
  
    println(2.isPrime) // true  
    println(1323123.isPrime) // false  
  
    // Actual call  
    // RichInt.isPrime(2)  
}
```

Structural Types

```
def using[C <: {def close(): Unit}, T](closeable: C)(block: C => T) = {
  try {
    block(closeable)
  } finally {
    try {
      closeable.close()
    } catch {
      case ignore: Exception =>
    }
  }
}

val msg = using(new ByteArrayInputStream("hello".getBytes)) { in =>
  Source.fromInputStream(in).mkString
}
```

Specialized Types

```
case class Complex[@specialized(Int, Double)T](re: T, im: T)
```

- Generated classes

Complex.class

Complex\$.class

Complex\$mcD\$sp.class

Complex\$mcI\$sp.class

Reified Types

```
object Reified extends App {  
  
    def array[T <: AnyRef](length: Int)(implicit tag: ClassTag[T]): Array[T] = {  
        val a = new Array[T](length)  
        for (i <- 0 until length) {  
            a(i) = tag.runtimeClass.newInstance().asInstanceOf[T]  
        }  
        a  
    }  
  
    val a1: Array[String] = new Array(5)  
    val a2: Array[String] = array(5)  
  
    println(a1.mkString("["", "", "])")  
    println(a2.mkString("["", "", "])")  
  
    // [null,null,null,null,null]  
    // [,,,]  
}
```

Dynamic Types

```
object Arithmetic extends Dynamic {
  def applyDynamic(methodName: String)(args: Int*): Int = {
    methodName match {
      case "add" => args.sum
      case "mul" => args.product
      case _ => throw new UnsupportedOperationException()
    }
  }
}

println(Arithmetic.add(1, 2, 3, 4)) // 10
println(Arithmetic.mul(1, 2, 3, 4)) // 24
println(Arithmetic.div(4, 2))      // Exception
```

Type Alias

```
type Property = Map[String, String]
type IntFunction[+T] = Int => T
type Consumer[-T] = T => Unit
type Mapper[-T, +R] = T => R
type StringMapper[+R] = Mapper[String, R]

import java.lang.{Double => jdouble}
import java.util.function.{Function => JFunction}
```

Exception Handling

Scala

```
def readText1(file: Path): Option[String] = {
  try {
    Some(new String(readAllBytes(file)))
  } catch {
    case e: IOException => None
  }
}

def readText2(file: Path): Option[String] = {
  try {
    Some(new String(readAllBytes(file)))
  } catch {
    handler(false)
  }
}

def handler(ignoreNull: Boolean):
  PartialFunction[Throwable, Option[String]] = {
  case e: NullPointerException if ignoreNull => None
  case _: IOException => None
}
```

Java

```
Optional<String> readText(Path file) {
  try {
    return Optional.of(new String(readAllBytes(file)));
  } catch (IOException e) {
    return Optional.empty();
  }
}
```