# **Experiment: 6**

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**Subject**: Electromagnetics

Course: B.Sc. Hons. Electronics

Semester: 5th

## **Experiment: 6**

<u>Aim</u>: Plots of Magnetic Flux Density due to current carrying wire

Apparatus Required: A desktop with Scilab installed in it.

## **Theory:**

The magnetic flux density is similar to electric flux density D. As D =  $\epsilon$ 0E in free space, the magnetic flux density B is related to magnetic field intensity H according to B= $\mu$ 0H. Then ,B= $\mu$ 0.I/2 $\pi$ r for current carrying wire with current

$$I.u_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

#### Code:

Expt-6-Mangnetic-Fluxl-Vishal-Anand.sce

```
clc;

u=4*%pi*10^-7;

l=2.5;

r=1:10;

B=(u*l)*(2*%pi*r)^-1;

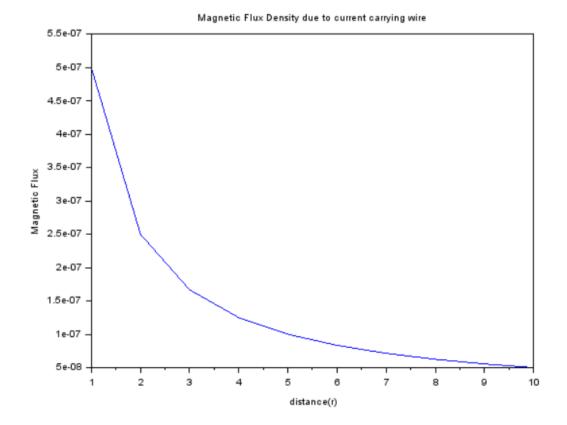
plot(r,B);

title("Magnetic Flux Density due to current carrying wire");

xlabel("distance(r)");

ylabel("Magnetic Flux");
```

### **Output:**



**Result :** Plot of Magnetic Flux Density due to current carrying wire is obtained graphically using scilab software and result is verified. At r = 2 m,  $B = 2.5 \times 10-7$  H/m r = 4 m,  $B = 1.3 \times 10-7$  H/m r = 8 m,  $B = 0.7 \times 10-7$  H/m

**Discussion :** magnetic flux density due to current carrying wire should be studied beforehand