



Staff Selection Commission
(Government Of India)

REGISTRATION NUMBER :
EXAM DATE : 1-September-2016
EXAM NAME : SSC Examination 2016
TOTAL MARKS : 200

CANDIDATE NAME :
EXAM START TIME : 10:00:00
EXAM DURATION : 01:15 Hrs
TOTAL NO OF QUESTIONS : 100

Question 1. Select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives.

दिये गये विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द/अक्षरों/संख्या को चुनिए।

Psychology : Human Being :: Ornithology : ?

साईकोलोजी : मानव :: ओर्नीथोलोजी :

Options:

1) Birds

पक्षी

2) Volcanoes

ज्वालामुखी

3) Insects

कीड़े-मकोड़े

4) Reptiles

सरीसृप

Correct Answer: Birds

पक्षी

Candidate Answer: Insects

कीड़े-मकोड़े

Question 2. Select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives.

दिये गये विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द/अक्षरों/संख्या को चुनिए।

EGIK : FHJL :: MOQS : ?

Options:

1) LNOQ

2) NPRT

3) KMOQ

4) NRPT

Correct Answer: NPRT

Candidate Answer: NPRT

Question 3. Select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives.

दिये गये विकल्पों में से संबंधित शब्द/अक्षरों/संख्या को चुनिए।

147 : 741 :: 869 : ?

Options:

1) 896

2) 968

3) 689

4) 986

Correct Answer: 968

Candidate Answer: 968

Question 4.

For the following questions

Find the odd word/letters/number pair from the given alternatives.

इस प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या युग्म चुनिए।

Options:

- 1) Herb
शाक
2) Flower
फूल
3) Tree
पेड़
4) Shrub
झाड़ी

Correct Answer: Flower

फूल

Candidate Answer: Shrub

झाड़ी

Question 5.

For the following questions

Find the odd word/letters/number pair from the given alternatives.

इस प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या युग्म चुनिए।

Options:

- 1) JKLM
2) NOPQ
3) RSTU
4) VWXZ

Correct Answer: VWXZ

Candidate Answer: VWXZ

Question 6.

For the following questions

Find the odd word/letters/number pair from the given alternatives.

इस प्रश्न में दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम शब्द/अक्षर/संख्या युग्म चुनिए।

Options:

- 1) (85, 136)
2) (34, 85)
3) (102, 153)
4) (63, 162)

Correct Answer: (63, 162)

Candidate Answer: (63, 162)

Question 7. Arrange the following words as per order in the dictionary

निम्नलिखित शब्दों को शब्दकोश में दिए गए क्रम के अनुसार लिखिए।

1. Organ 2. Origin 3. Orient 4. Organic 5. Organise

Options:

- 1) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2
2) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3
3) 1, 4, 5, 3, 2
4) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3

Correct Answer: 1, 4, 5, 3, 2

Candidate Answer: 1, 5, 4, 2, 3

Question 8. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it?

अक्षरों का कौन-सा समूह खाली स्थानों पर क्रमवार रखने से दी गई अक्षर श्रृंखला को पूरा करती है ?

_sr_tr_srs_r_srst_

Options:

1) ttssrr

2) tsrtsr

3) strtrs

4) tstttr

Correct Answer: tstttr

Candidate Answer: ttssrr

Question 9. Find the missing number in the following series:

श्रृंखला में लुप्त संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

43, 172, 86, 344, ?

Options:

1) 172

2) 258

3) 129

4) 430

Correct Answer: 172

Candidate Answer: 129

Question 10. 'A' is the sister of 'B'. 'B' is married to 'D'. 'B' and 'D' have a daughter 'G'. How is 'G' related to 'A'?

A, B की बहन है। B की शादी D से हुई है। B और D की पुत्री 'G' है। G का A से क्या सम्बन्ध है ?

Options:

1) Sister

बहन

2) Daughter

पुत्री

3) Niece

भतीजी

4) Cousin

चचेरी बहन

Correct Answer: Niece

भतीजी

Candidate Answer: Daughter

पुत्री

Question 11. Anil is as much younger to Vivek as he is older to Tarun. If the total of the ages of Vivek and Tarun is 48 years, how old is Anil?

अनिल विवेक से जितना छोटा है, तरुण से उतना ही बड़ा है। यदि विवेक और तरुण की आयु का योग 48 वर्ष हो, तो अनिल की आयु ज्ञात कीजिए ?

Options:

1) 26

2) 33

3) 24

4) 18

Correct Answer: 24

Candidate Answer: 18

Question 12. From the given alternative words, select the word which cannot be formed using the letters of the given word:

निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से वह शब्द चुनिए जो दिए गए शब्द के अक्षरों का प्रयोग करके नहीं बनाया जा सकता।

CHRONOLOGICAL

Options:

1) CALL

2) LOGIC

3) CALICO

4) ANALOGY

Correct Answer: ANALOGY

Candidate Answer: ANALOGY

Question 13. If HOUSE is written as FQSUC, then how can CHAIR be written in that code?

यदि HOUSE को FQSUC लिखा जा सकता है, तो CHAIR को कैसे लिख सकते हैं ?

Options:

1) DIBJS

2) SBJID

3) SHBGD

4) AJYKP

Correct Answer: AJYKP

Candidate Answer: AJYKP

Question 14.If P denotes \div , Q denotes \times , R denotes $+$ and S denotes $-$ then what is the value of $18Q12P4R5S6$

अगर P का अर्थ \div , Q का अर्थ \times , R का अर्थ $+$ और S का अर्थ $-$ हो तो $18Q12P4R5S6$ का मान बताइए ?

Options:

1) 64

2) 53

3) 81

4) 24

Correct Answer: 53

Candidate Answer: 24

Question 15.If $4 + 3 = 25$
and $8 + 4 = 80$,
then, $3 + 2 = ?$

अगर $4 + 3 = 25$

और $8 + 4 = 80$

हो, तो $3 + 2 = ?$

Options:

1) 15

2) 10

3) 13

4) 12

Correct Answer: 13

Candidate Answer: 13

Question 16.Select the missing numbers from the given alternatives

दिए हुए विकल्पों में से लुप्त संख्या को ज्ञात कीजिए ।

8	32	4
7	?	5
2	6	3

Options:

1) 30

2) 35

3) 20

4) 25

Correct Answer: 35

Candidate Answer: 35

Question 17.Ramesh starts his journey by walking 2 kilometres towards North. Then he takes a right turn and walks 1 kilometre. Again takes a right turn and walks 2 kilometre. Now which direction is he facing?

रमेश 2 किलोमीटर उत्तर की ओर चला, फिर वह दाहिने घूमकर 1 किलोमीटर चला फिर वह दाहिने घूमा और 2 किलोमीटर चला। अब उसका चेहरा किस दिशा में है ?

Options:

- 1) East
पूर्व
- 2) West
पश्चिम
- 3) South
दक्षिण
- 4) North
उत्तर

Correct Answer: South

दक्षिण

Candidate Answer: South

दक्षिण

Question 18. Consider the given statement/s to be true and decide which of the given conclusions/assumptions can definitely be drawn from the given statement.

Statement: Irregularity is a cause for failure in exams. Some regular students fail in the examinations.

Conclusions: I. All failed students are regular.

II. All successful students are not regular.

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में एक या दो वक्तव्य दिये गये हैं, जिसके आगे दो निष्कर्ष/मान्यताएं, I और II निकाले गये हैं। आपको विचार करना है कि वक्तव्य सत्य है चाहे वह सामान्यतः शर्त तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होता हो। आपको निर्णय करना है कि दिए गए वक्तव्य में से कोन-सा निश्चित रूप से सही निष्कर्ष/मान्यता निकाला जा सकता है ?

कथन : परीक्षा में फेल होने का कारण अनियमितता है। कुछ नियमित विद्यार्थी परीक्षाओं में फेल होते हैं।

निष्कर्ष : I. सभी फेल होने वाले विद्यार्थी नियमित होते हैं।

II. सभी सफल होने वाले विद्यार्थी नियमित नहीं होते।

Options:

- 1) Only conclusion I follows
केवल I निष्कर्ष सही है।
- 2) Only conclusion II follows
केवल II निष्कर्ष सही है।
- 3) Both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
I और II दोनों निष्कर्ष सही हैं।
- 4) Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
ना तो I ना ही II निष्कर्ष सही है।

Correct Answer: Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

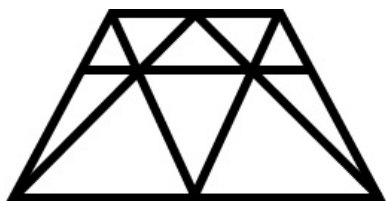
ना तो I ना ही II निष्कर्ष सही है।

Candidate Answer: Neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

ना तो I ना ही II निष्कर्ष सही है।

Question 19. How many triangles are there in the given figure?

दिये गये चित्र में कितने त्रिभुज हैं ?

**Options:**

- 1) 18
- 2) 19
- 3) 20
- 4) 21

Correct Answer: 20**Candidate Answer:** [NOT ANSWERED]

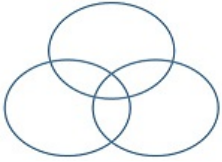
Question 20. Which one of the following figures represents the following relationship:

दर्शाए गए चित्रों में से निम्नलिखित के लिये कौन सा सम्बन्ध सही है ?

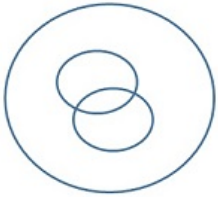
Birds, Parrots, Bats

Options:

1)



2)



3)



4)



Correct Answer:

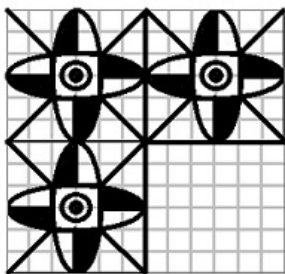


Candidate Answer:

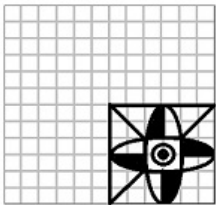


Question 21. Which answer figure will complete the pattern in the question figure?

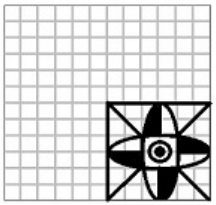
कौन सा उत्तर चित्र प्रश्न में दिये चित्र को पूरा करता है ?



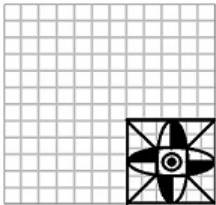
Options:
1)



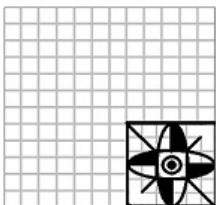
2)



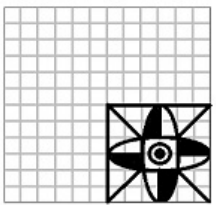
3)



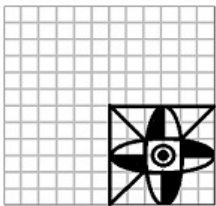
4)



Correct Answer:

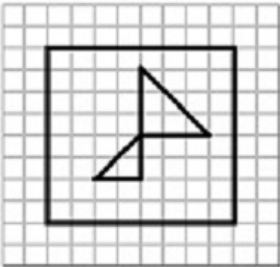


Candidate Answer:



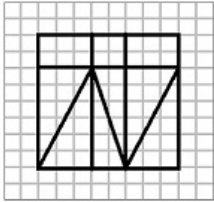
Question 22.From the given answer figures, select the one in which the question figure is hidden/embedded

दी गई उत्तर आकृतियों में से उसे चुनिए जिसमें प्रश्न आकृति निहित है।

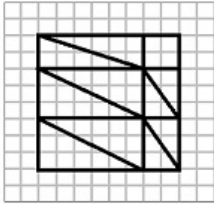


Options:

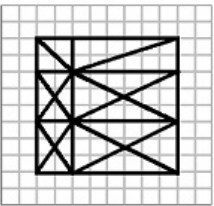
1)



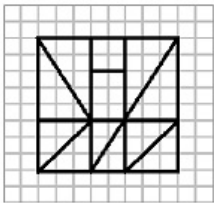
2)



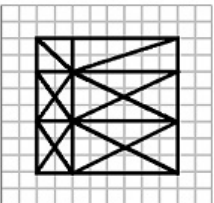
3)



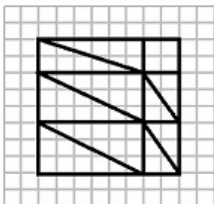
4)



Correct Answer:

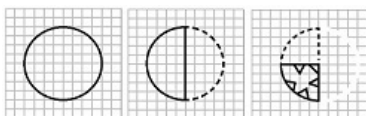


Candidate Answer:



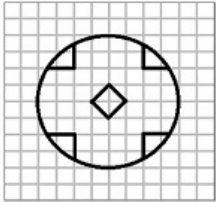
Question 23. A piece of paper is folded and cut as shown below in the question figures. From the given answer figures, indicate how it will appear when opened.

अगर किसी कागज को प्रश्न आकृतियों में दिखाए गए चित्र अनुसार मोड़कर काटा जाए तो खोलने के बाद वह किस उत्तर आकृति जैसा दिखाई देगा ?

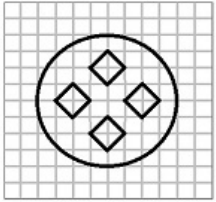


Options:

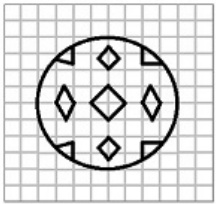
1)



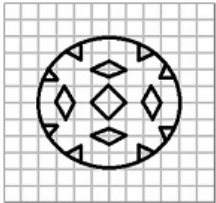
2)



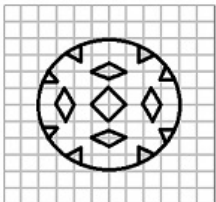
3)



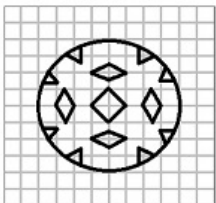
4)



Correct Answer:

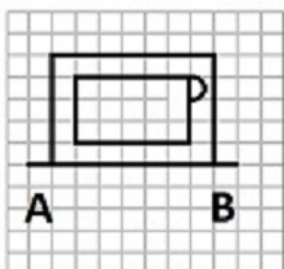


Candidate Answer:

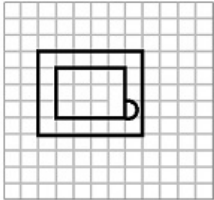


Question 24.If a mirror is placed on the line AB, then which of the answer figures is the right image of the given figure?

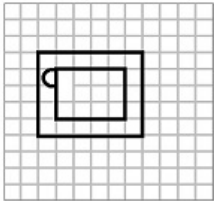
इस प्रश्न में यदि एक दर्पण को AB रेखा पर रखा जाये तो दी गई उत्तर आकृतियों में से कौन-सी आकृति प्रश्न आकृति का सही प्रतिबिम्ब होगी ?



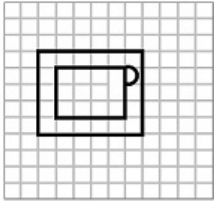
Options:
1)



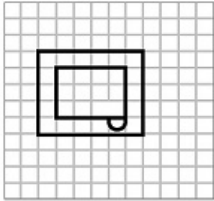
2)



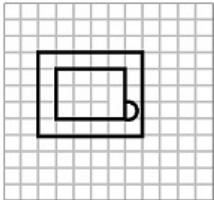
3)



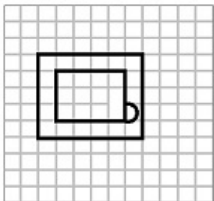
4)



Correct Answer:



Candidate Answer:



Question 25. In the question, a word is represented by only one set of numbers as given in any one of the alternatives. The sets of numbers given in the alternatives are represented by two classes of alphabets as in two matrices given below. The columns and rows of Matrix I are numbered from 0 to 4 and that of Matrix II are numbered from 5 to 9. A letter from these matrices can be represented first by its row and next by its column, e.g., 'B' can be represented by 00, 13 etc., and 'A' can be represented by 55, 69 etc.

Similarly you have to identify the set for the word 'GIRL'

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में विकल्पों में दिए गए संख्या-समूह, अक्षरों के दो वर्गों द्वारा दर्शाए गए हैं, जैसे कि नीचे दिए गए दो आव्यूहों में हैं। आव्यूह I के स्तम्भ और पंक्ति की संख्या 0 से 4 तक दी गई है, और आव्यूह II के 5 से 9 तक, इन आव्यूहों से एक अक्षर को पहले उसकी पंक्ति और बाद में स्तम्भ संख्या द्वारा दर्शाया जा सकता है। उदाहरण के लिए, B को 00, 13, आदि द्वारा दर्शाया जा सकता है तथा A को 55, 69, आदि द्वारा दर्शाया जा सकता है। इसी प्रकार आपको दिए गए शब्द 'GIRL' के लिए समूह को पहचानना है।

MATRIX I

	0	1	2	3	4
0	B	N	G	L	D
1	G	L	D	B	N
2	D	B	N	G	L
3	N	G	L	D	B
4	L	D	B	N	G

MATRIX II

	5	6	7	8	9
5	A	I	K	O	R
6	I	K	O	R	A
7	K	O	R	A	I
8	O	R	A	I	K
9	R	A	I	K	O

Options:

1) 02, 56, 97, 24

2) 31, 79, 68, 42

3) 23, 97, 77, 11

4) 11, 88, 95, 23

Correct Answer: 23, 97, 77, 11

Candidate Answer: 23, 97, 77, 11

Question 26. The minimum short-term natural hazard is _____.

न्यूनतम अल्पकालीन प्राकृतिक संकट कौन सा है ?

Options:

1) blizzard

बर्फानी तूफान

2) earthquake

भूकंप

3) volcanic eruption

ज्वालामुखी विस्फोट

4) bolt of lightning

बिजली की चमक

Correct Answer: bolt of lightning

बिजली की चमक

Candidate Answer: earthquake

भूकंप

Question 27. DOTS is a treatment given to patients suffering from _____.

"डॉट्स" नामक इलाज किस बीमारी के लिए किया जाता है ?

Options:

1) Polio

पोलिओ

2) AIDS

एड्स

3) Hepatitis

हिपेटाइटिस

4) Tuberculosis

क्षयरोग

Correct Answer: Tuberculosis

क्षयरोग

Candidate Answer: Polio

पोलिओ

Question 28. Which dynasty was ruling in Vijaynagar empire at the time of the Battle of Talikota?

तालिकोटा के युद्ध के समय विजयनगर साम्राज्य में कौन से राजवंश का राज था ?

Options:

- 1) Sangam
संगम
- 2) Aniridu
अनिरिदु
- 3) Tuluva
तुलुवा
- 4) Saluva
सलूवा

Correct Answer: Tuluva

तुलुवा

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 29.Which of the following Sultans died while playing Polo or Chaugan?

पोलो या चंगन खेलते समय निम्नलिखित में से किस सुलतान की मृत्यु हुई ?

Options:

- 1) Qutb-ud-din Aibak
कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक
- 2) Balban
बलबन
- 3) Iltutmish
इल्तुतमिश
- 4) Nasiruddin Muhammad
नसीरुद्दीन मुहम्मद

Correct Answer: Qutb-ud-din Aibak

कुतुबुद्दीन ऐबक

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 30.Molten rock below the surface of the earth is called _____ .

पृथ्वी तल के नीचे के पिघले हुए पत्थर को क्या कहा जाता है ?

Options:

- 1) Basalt
बेसाल्ट
- 2) Laccolith
लेकोलिथ
- 3) Lava
लावा
- 4) Magma
मेगमा

Correct Answer: Magma

मेगमा

Candidate Answer: Lava

लावा

Question 31.Magnesium is a constituent metal of _____ .

मैग्नीशियम निम्नलिखित में से किसका संघटक धातु है ?

Options:

- 1) Chlorophyll molecule
पर्णहरित अणु (क्लोरोफिल)
- 2) DNA
डी.एन.ए.
- 3) Mitochondria
माइटोकान्ड्रिया
- 4) Ribosomes
राइबोसोम

Correct Answer: Chlorophyll molecule

पर्णहरित अणु (क्लोरोफिल)

Candidate Answer: Chlorophyll molecule

पर्णहरित अणु (क्लोरोफिल)

Question 32.Which one among the following components is used as an amplifying device?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा घटक प्रवर्धक साधन के रूप में प्रयुक्त होता है ?

Options:

1) Transformer

ट्रान्सफार्मर

2) Diode

डायोड

3) Capacitor

संधारित्र

4) Transistor

ट्रान्जिस्टर

Correct Answer: Transistor

ट्रान्जिस्टर

Candidate Answer: Transistor

ट्रान्जिस्टर

Question 33.A _____ is an agreement between the communicating parties on how communication is to proceed.

_____ दो पक्षों के बीच सम्प्रेषण करने का एक ऐसा समझौता है जो यह बताता है कि संप्रेषण कैसे किया जाए ।

Options:

1) Path

पाथ

2) SLA

एस.एल.ए

3) Bond

बॉन्ड

4) Protocol

प्रोटोकॉल

Correct Answer: Protocol

प्रोटोकॉल

Candidate Answer: Protocol

प्रोटोकॉल

Question 34.Name the gas used in preparation of bleaching powder

विरंजन पाउडर को तैयार करने में प्रयुक्त होने वाली गैस कौन-सी है ?

Options:

1) Oxygen

ऑक्सीजन

2) Hydrogen

हाइड्रोजन

3) Nitrogen

नाइट्रोजन

4) Chlorine

क्लोरीन

Correct Answer: Chlorine

क्लोरीन

Candidate Answer: Hydrogen

हाइड्रोजन

Question 35.The depletion in Ozone layer is caused by _____ .

ओजोन की परत में रिक्तीकरण किसके कारण होता है ?

Options:

1) Nitrous oxide

नाइट्रस ऑक्साइड

2) Carbon dioxide

कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड

3) Chlorofluorocarbons

क्लोरोफ्लुरोकार्बन

4) Methane

मीथेन

Correct Answer: Chlorofluorocarbons

क्लोरोफ्लुरोकार्बन

Candidate Answer: Carbon dioxide

कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड

Question 36.Sariska and Ranthambore are the reserves for which of the following

सरिस्का और रणथंबोर निम्नलिखित में से किसका सुरक्षित स्थान है ?

Options:

- 1) Lion
सिंह
- 2) Deer
हिरण
- 3) Tiger
बाघ
- 4) Bear
भालू

Correct Answer: Tiger
बाघ

Candidate Answer: Tiger
बाघ

Question 37.The prestigious 'Jawaharlal Nehru Award for International Understanding' is instituted by

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय समझदारी (इंटरनैशनल अंडरस्टैंडिंग) के लिए दिया जाने वाला जवाहरलाल नेहरू पुरस्कार किसके द्वारा दिया जाता है ?

Options:

- 1) National Centre for Art and Culture
राष्ट्रीय कला व सांस्कृतिक केन्द्र
- 2) Department of Youth and Sports
युवा और खेलकूद विभाग
- 3) Nehru Memorial Museum
नेहरू स्मारक संग्रहालय
- 4) Indian Council for Cultural Relations
भारतीय सांस्कृतिक संबंध परिषद

Correct Answer: Indian Council for Cultural Relations
भारतीय सांस्कृतिक संबंध परिषद

Candidate Answer: Nehru Memorial Museum
नेहरू स्मारक संग्रहालय

Question 38.Phosphorus is kept in water because

फॉस्फोरस को पानी में क्यों रखा जाता है ?

Options:

- 1) its ignition temperature is very high
क्योंकि उसका ज्वलन तापमान बहुत अधिक होता है
- 2) its ignition temperature is very low
क्योंकि उसका ज्वलन तापमान बहुत कम होता है
- 3) its critical temperature is high
क्योंकि उसका क्रांतिक तापमान अधिक होता है
- 4) its critical temperature is low
क्योंकि उसका क्रांतिक तापमान कम होता है

Correct Answer: its ignition temperature is very low
क्योंकि उसका ज्वलन तापमान बहुत कम होता है

Candidate Answer: its ignition temperature is very high
क्योंकि उसका ज्वलन तापमान बहुत अधिक होता है

Question 39.The famous Dilwara temples of Mount Abu are a sacred pilgrimage place for the

माउंट आबू स्थित मशहूर दिलवाड़ा मन्दिर निम्नलिखित में से किस समुदाय का पवित्र तीर्थस्थल है ?

Options:

- 1) Buddhists
बौद्ध
- 2) Jains
जैन
- 3) Sikhs
सिक्ख
- 4) Parsis
पारसी

Correct Answer: Jains
जैन

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 40.The unit of measurement of noise is

आवाज की माप का मात्रक क्या है ?

Options:

1) Decibel

डेसिबल

2) Hertz

हर्टज

3) Amplifier

एम्प्लिफायर

4) Acoustics

एकौस्टिक्स

Correct Answer: Decibel

डेसिबल

Candidate Answer: Hertz

हर्टज

Question 41.The commonly used coolant in refrigerators is

रेफ्रिजरेटर में सामान्यतः किस शीतलक(कूलेंट) का प्रयोग किया जाता है ?

Options:

1) Ammonia

अमोनिया

2) Nitrogen

नाइट्रोजन

3) Freon

फ्रेऑन

4) Oxygen

ऑक्सीजन

Correct Answer: Freon

फ्रेऑन

Candidate Answer: Ammonia

अमोनिया

Question 42.The complete form of 'IC' in electronics is

इलेक्ट्रॉनिक्स में 'IC' का पूर्ण रूप क्या है ?

Options:

1) Internal circuit

इंटर्नल सर्किट

2) Independent circuit

इंडिपेंडेंट सर्किट

3) Integrated circuit

इंटीग्रेटेड सर्किट

4) Inbuilt circuit

इन-बिल्ट सर्किट

Correct Answer: Integrated circuit

इंटीग्रेटेड सर्किट

Candidate Answer: Integrated circuit

इंटीग्रेटेड सर्किट

Question 43.Who among the following did Gandhiji regard as his political Guru?

निम्नलिखित में से किसे गाँधीजी अपना राजनैतिक गुरु मानते थे ?

Options:

1) Mahadev Desai

महादेव देसाई

2) Dayanand Saraswati

दयानंद सरस्वती

3) Acharya Narendra Dev

आचार्य नरेंद्र देव

4) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले

Correct Answer: Gopal Krishna Gokhale

गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले

Candidate Answer: Gopal Krishna Gokhale

गोपाल कृष्ण गोखले

Question 44.Which of the following constitutional Amendment Act, deals with the Elementary Education as a Fundamental Right?

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम प्रारम्भिक शिक्षा के मूल अधिकार के रूप में होने से संबंधित है ?

Options:

1) 84th Amendment Act

84 वा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम

2) 85th Amendment Act

85 वा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम

3) 86th Amendment Act

86 वा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम

4) 87th Amendment Act

87 वा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम

Correct Answer: 86th Amendment Act

86 वा संविधान संशोधन अधिनियम

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 45.The World's largest island is

विश्व का सबसे बड़ा द्वीप-समूह कौन-सा है ?

Options:

1) Greenland

ग्रीनलैंड

2) Iceland

आइसलैंड

3) New Guinea

न्यू गिनिया

4) Madagascar

मैडागास्कर

Correct Answer: Greenland

ग्रीनलैंड

Candidate Answer: Madagascar

मैडागास्कर

Question 46.Sea water is saltier than rain water because

समुद्र का जल वर्षा के जल की अपेक्षा अधिक लवण वाला होता है क्योंकि

Options:

1) Sea animals are salt producing

समुद्र के जन्तु लवण उत्पन्न करते हैं

2) The air around the sea is saltish

समुद्र के चारों ओर हवा वायु लवणीय होती है

3) Rivers wash away salts from earth and pour them into the sea

नदियां पृथ्वी से लवण बहाकर ले जाती हैं और समुद्र में डाल देती हैं

4) Sea beds have salt producing mines

समुद्र के किनारों पर लवण पैदा करने वाली खानें होती हैं

Correct Answer: Rivers wash away salts from earth and pour them into the sea

नदियां पृथ्वी से लवण बहाकर ले जाती हैं और समुद्र में डाल देती हैं

Candidate Answer: Rivers wash away salts from earth and pour them into the sea

नदियां पृथ्वी से लवण बहाकर ले जाती हैं और समुद्र में डाल देती हैं

Question 47.Pannalal Ghosh played which of the following musical instruments?

पन्नालाल घोष निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा वाद्य यंत्र बजाते थे ?

Options:

1) Flute

बांसुरी

2) Sitar

सितार

3) Violin

वायलिन

4) Santoor

संतूर

Correct Answer: Flute

बांसुरी

Candidate Answer: Sitar

सितार

Question 48.Rio Summit is associated with

रियो शिखर सम्मेलन का संबंध किससे है ?

Options:

1) Convention on Biological Diversity

जैव-विविधता पर सम्मेलन

2) Green house gases

ग्रीन हाउस गैसें

3) Ozone depletion

ओजोन रिक्तिकरण

4) Wet lands

आर्द्र भूमि

Correct Answer: Convention on Biological Diversity

जैव-विविधता पर सम्मेलन

Candidate Answer: Green house gases

ग्रीन हाउस गैसें

Question 49. Polyploidy arises due to change in the

बहुगुणिता (पॉलिप्लॉयडी) किसमें परिवर्तन होने पर होती है ?

Options:

1) number of chromatids

क्रोमेटिड की संख्या

2) structure of genes

जीन की संरचना

3) number of chromosomes

क्रोमोसोम की संख्या

4) structure of chromosomes

क्रोमोसोम की संरचना

Correct Answer: number of chromosomes

क्रोमोसोम की संख्या

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 50. Which South Korean author in May 2016 won the 2016 Man Booker International Prize for her novel 'The Vegetarian'?

किस दक्षिण कोरियाई लेखक को मई 2016 में अपने उपन्यास 'द वेजिटेरियन' के लिए 2016 का मैन बुकर इंटरनेशनल पुरस्कार मिला ?

Options:

1) Han Kang

हैन कॅंग

2) Yiyun Li

यियुन ली

3) Tami Hoag

टैमी होग

4) Taya Zinkin

ताया जिनकिन

Correct Answer: Han Kang

हैन कॅंग

Candidate Answer: Yiyun Li

यियुन ली

Question 51. A and B together can finish a work in 30 days. They worked for it for 20 days and then B left the work. The remaining work was done by A alone in 20 days more. In how many days can A alone finish the work?

A और B मिल कर एक काम को 30 दिन में समाप्त कर सकते हैं। उन्होंने 20 दिन काम किया, उसके बाद B ने काम छोड़ दिया। शेष काम A ने अकेले किया जिसमें 20 दिन का समय और लगा। बताइए A अकेला वह काम कितने दिन में कर सकता है ?

Options:

1) 48 days

48 दिन

2) 50 days

50 दिन

3) 54 days

54 दिन

4) 60 days

60 दिन

Correct Answer: 60 days

60 दिन

Candidate Answer: 48 days

48 दिन

Question 52. The centroid of an equilateral triangle ABC is G. If AB is 6 cms, the length of AG is

किसी समबाहु त्रिभुज ABC का केन्द्रक G है। यदि AB = 6 से.मी. है, तो AG की लम्बाई क्या होगी ?

Options:

- 1) $\sqrt{3}$ cm
 $\sqrt{3}$ से.मी
2) $2\sqrt{3}$ cm
 $2\sqrt{3}$ से.मी
3) $3\sqrt{2}$ cm
 $3\sqrt{2}$ से.मी
4) $2\sqrt{2}$ cm
 $2\sqrt{2}$ से.मी

Correct Answer: $2\sqrt{3}$ cm
 $2\sqrt{3}$ से.मी

Candidate Answer: $2\sqrt{3}$ cm
 $2\sqrt{3}$ से.मी

Question 53.A merchant changed his trade discount from 25% to 15%. This would increase selling price by

किसी व्यापारी ने अपने व्यवसायी बट्टे की दर 25% से 15% कर दी। इससे विक्रय मूल्य में कितनी वृद्धि होगी ?

Options:

- 1) $3\frac{1}{3}\%$
2) $6\frac{1}{6}\%$
3) $13\frac{1}{3}\%$
4) $16\frac{1}{3}\%$

Correct Answer: $13\frac{1}{3}\%$

Candidate Answer: $3\frac{1}{3}\%$

Question 54.If 177 is divided into 3 parts in the ratio $1/2 : 2/3 : 4/5$, then the second part is

यदि 177 को $1/2 : 2/3 : 4/5$ को अनुपात में तीन भागों में विभक्त किया जाए तो बताएं दूसरा भाग क्या होगा ?

Options:

- 1) 75
2) 45
3) 72
4) 60

Correct Answer: 60

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 55.If percentage of profit made,when an article is sold for Rs.78, is twice as when it is sold for Rs.69, the cost price of the article is

किसी वस्तु को Rs. 69 में बेचने के बजाय Rs. 78 में बेचने से लाभ का प्रतिशत दुगुना होता है। उस वस्तु का क्रय मूल्य क्या होगा ?

Options:

- 1) Rs. 49
2) Rs. 51
3) Rs. 57
4) Rs. 60

Correct Answer: Rs. 60

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 56.The ratio between Ram's age and Rahim's age is 10:11. What is the age of Rahim in percentage of Ram's age

राम और रहीम की आयु में 10:11 का अनुपात है। राम की आयु से रहीम की आयु का प्रतिशत बताइए ?

Options:

- 1) $109\frac{1}{11}\%$
2) 110%
3) $111\frac{1}{9}\%$
4) 111%

Correct Answer: 110%

Candidate Answer: 110%

Question 57.Gautam travels 160 kms at 32 kmph and returns at 40 kmph. Then average speed is

गौतम 32 कि.मी./घंटा की चाल से 160 कि.मी. चलता है और 40 कि.मी./घंटा की चाल से लौटता है। औसत चाल बताइए ?

Options:

- 1) 72 kmph
72 कि.मी./घण्टा
- 2) 71.11 kmph
71.11 कि.मी./घण्टा
- 3) 36 kmph
36 कि.मी./घण्टा
- 4) 35.55 kmph
35.55 कि.मी./घण्टा

Correct Answer: 35.55 kmph
35.55 कि.मी./घण्टा

Candidate Answer: 72 kmph
72 कि.मी./घण्टा

Question 58.If $x=3/2$, then the value of $27x^3-54x^2+36x-11$ is

यदि $x=3/2$ हो तो $27x^3-54x^2+36x-11$ का मान क्या होगा ?

Options:

- 1) $11\frac{3}{8}$
- 2) $11\frac{5}{8}$
- 3) $12\frac{3}{8}$
- 4) $12\frac{5}{8}$

Correct Answer: $12\frac{5}{8}$

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 59.If $a+b+c = 6$ and $ab+bc+ca = 1$, then the value of $bc(b+c) + ca(c+a) + ab(a+b) + 3abc$ is

यदि $a+b+c = 6$ और $ab+bc+ca = 1$ हो, तो $bc(b+c) + ca(c+a) + ab(a+b) + 3abc$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए ?

Options:

- 1) 33
- 2) 66
- 3) 55
- 4) 23

Correct Answer: 66

Candidate Answer: 33

Question 60.If the angles of a triangle are in the ratio of 2:3:4, then the difference of the measure of greatest angle and smallest angle is

यदि किसी त्रिभुज के कोण 2:3:4 के अनुपात में हो तो सबसे बड़े कोण और न्यूनतम कोण के माप का अन्तर क्या होगा ?

Options:

- 1) 20°
- 2) 30°
- 3) 40°
- 4) 50°

Correct Answer: 40°

Candidate Answer: 40°

Question 61.In $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 90^\circ$, $AD \perp BC$ and $AD = BD = 2$ cm. The length of CD is

यदि $\triangle ABC$ में $\angle A = 90^\circ$, $AD \perp BC$ और $AD = BD = 2$ से.मी. हो तो CD की लम्बाई क्या होगी ?

Options:

- 1) 3 cm
3 से.मी.
- 2) 3.5 cm
3.5 से.मी.
- 3) 3.2 cm
3.2 से.मी.
- 4) 2 cm
2 से.मी.

Correct Answer: 2 cm

2 से.मी.

Candidate Answer: 2 cm

2 से.मी.

Question 62.

If $\tan 45^\circ = \cot \theta$, then the value of θ , in radians is

यदि $\tan 45^\circ = \cot \theta$ हो, तो θ का मान रेडियन में बताएं।

Options:

- 1) π
- 2) $\pi/9$
- 3) $\pi/2$
- 4) $\pi/12$

Correct Answer: $\pi/9$

Candidate Answer: $\pi/2$

Question 63. $(2^{51} + 2^{52} + 2^{53} + 2^{54} + 2^{55})$ is divisible by

$(2^{51} + 2^{52} + 2^{53} + 2^{54} + 2^{55})$ निम्नलिखित में से किससे विभाज्य है ?

Options:

- 1) 23
- 2) 58
- 3) 124
- 4) 127

Correct Answer: 124

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 64. The average of 12 numbers is 9. If each number is multiplied by 2 and added to 3, the average of the new set of numbers is

12 संख्याओं का औसत 9 है। यदि प्रत्येक संख्या को 2 से गुणा किया जाए और 3 जोड़ा जाए तो संख्याओं के नए सेट का औसत क्या होगा ?

Options:

- 1) 9
- 2) 18
- 3) 21
- 4) 27

Correct Answer: 21

Candidate Answer: 18

Question 65.

If $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 = 3$, then the value of $a^6 - \frac{1}{a^6}$ will be

यदि $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 = 3$ हो, तो $a^6 - \frac{1}{a^6}$ का मान बताएं।

Options:

- 1) 1
- 2) 3
- 3) 0
- 4) 2

Correct Answer: 0

Candidate Answer: 0

Question 66.

If $\frac{\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2-x}}{\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2-x}} = 2$, the value of x is

यदि $\frac{\sqrt{2+x} + \sqrt{2-x}}{\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2-x}} = 2$ हो, तो x का मान बताएं।

Options:

- 1) $\frac{4}{5}$
- 2) $\frac{3}{5}$
- 3) $\frac{8}{5}$
- 4) $\frac{1}{5}$

Correct Answer:

8/5

Candidate Answer: $\frac{3}{5}$

Question 67. The perimeter of two similar triangles ABC and PQR are 36 cms and 24 cms respectively. If PQ = 10 cm then the length of AB is

दो एक जैसे त्रिभुजों ABC और PQR की परिधियां क्रमशः 36 से.मी. और 24 से.मी. हैं। यदि PQ = 10 से.मी. है तो AB की लम्बाई बताइए ?

Options:

1) 18 cm

18 से.मी.

2) 12 cm

12 से.मी.

3) 15 cm

15 से.मी.

4) 30 cm

30 से.मी.

Correct Answer: 15 cm

15 से.मी.

Candidate Answer: 15 cm

15 से.मी.

Question 68. In a triangle ABC, AB = 8 cm, AC = 10 cm and $\angle B = 90^\circ$, then the area of $\triangle ABC$ is

ABC त्रिभुज में AB = 8 से.मी. , AC = 10 से.मी. और $\angle B = 90^\circ$, तो $\triangle ABC$ का क्षेत्रफल क्या होगा ?

Options:

1) 49 sq.cm

49 से.मी.²

2) 36 sq.cm

36 से.मी.²

3) 25 sq.cm

25 से.मी.²

4) 24 sq.cm

24 से.मी.²

Correct Answer: 24 sq.cm

24 से.मी.²

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 69.

ABC is a triangle If $\sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, then the value of $\sin\frac{C}{2}$ is

ABC एक त्रिभुज है, यदि $\sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ हो तो,

$\sin\frac{C}{2}$ का मान क्या होगा?

Options:

1)

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

2) 0

3) $\frac{1}{2}$

4)

$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

Correct Answer: $\frac{1}{2}$

Candidate Answer:

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Question 70. The compound interest on Rs. 64,000 for 3 years, compounded annually at 7.5% p.a. is

Rs. 64,000 की राशि पर 7.5% वार्षिक की दर से 3 वर्ष का चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज (जिसे प्रति वर्ष संयोजित किया जाता है), क्या होगा ?

Options:

1) Rs. 14,400

2) Rs. 15,705

3) Rs. 15,507

4) Rs. 15,075

Correct Answer: Rs. 15,507

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 71. The angles of elevation of the top of a temple, from the foot and the top of a building 30 m high, are 60° and 30° respectively. Then height of the temple is

एक 30 मीटर ऊंची इमारत के तल एवं शीर्ष से किसी मंदिर के शीर्ष भाग पर क्रमशः 60° और 30° का उन्नयन कोण बनता है। मन्दिर की ऊंचाई बताइए ?

Options:

- 1) 50 m
50 मीटर
- 2) 43 m
43 मीटर
- 3) 40 m
40 मीटर
- 4) 45 m
45 मीटर

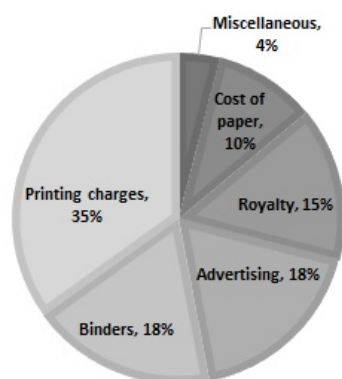
Correct Answer: 45 m

45 मीटर

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 72. Study the pie-chart given and answer the following questions.

नीचे दिए गए पाई चार्ट का अध्ययन कीजिए और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।



If the miscellaneous charges are Rs. 6000, then the advertisement charges are

यदि विविध प्रभार Rs. 6000 हों तो विज्ञापन प्रभार क्या है ?

Options:

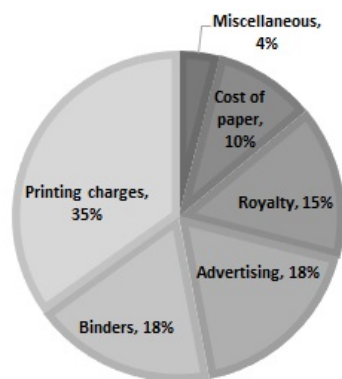
- 1) Rs.12000
- 2) Rs.27000
- 3) Rs.90000
- 4) Rs.25000

Correct Answer: Rs.27000

Candidate Answer: Rs.12000

Question 73. Study the pie-chart given and answer the following questions.

नीचे दिए गए पाई चार्ट का अध्ययन कीजिए और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।



The central angle of printing charge is x more than that of advertisement charge. Then the value of x is

छपाई प्रभार का केन्द्रीय कोण विज्ञापन प्रभार से x अधिक है, तो x का मान क्या होगा ?

Options:

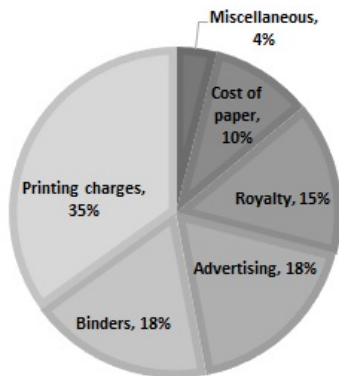
- 1) 72°
- 2) 61.2°
- 3) 60°
- 4) 54.8°

Correct Answer: 61.2°

Candidate Answer: 72°

Question 74. Study the pie-chart given and answer the following questions.

नीचे दिए गए पाई चार्ट का अध्ययन कीजिए और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।



What should be the central angle of the sector 'cost of paper'?

कागज की कीमत के सेक्टर का केन्द्रीय कोण क्या होना चाहिए ?

Options:

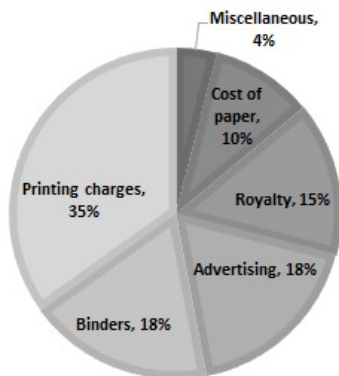
- 1) 22.5°
- 2) 54.8°
- 3) 36°
- 4) 16°

Correct Answer: 36°

Candidate Answer: 22.5°

Question 75. Study the pie-chart given and answer the following questions.

नीचे दिए गए पाई चार्ट का अध्ययन कीजिए और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।



The ratio between royalty and binder's charges is

रॉयल्टी और बिल्डर के चार्ज के बीच का अनुपात क्या है ?

Options:

- 1) 5:6
- 2) 5:8
- 3) 6:5
- 4) 8:13

Correct Answer: 5:6

Candidate Answer: 5:6

Question 76. In the following question, out of the four alternatives, choose the word which best expresses the meaning of the given word and click the button corresponding to it.

RECEPTACLE

Options:

- 1) COMPARTMENT
- 2) HOLE
- 3) CONTAINER
- 4) FUNNEL

Correct Answer: CONTAINER

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 77. In the following question, out of the four alternatives, choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the given word and click the button corresponding to it.

VANITY

Options:

- 1) PRIDE
- 2) LOVE
- 3) COURAGE
- 4) HUMILITY

Correct Answer: HUMILITY

Candidate Answer: HUMILITY

Question 78. Four words are given, out of which only one word is spelt correctly. Choose the correctly spelt word and click the button corresponding to it.

Options:

- 1) Acquisition
- 2) Acqiusition
- 3) Acquisition
- 4) Acquisetion

Correct Answer: Acquisition

Candidate Answer: Acquisition

Question 79. In the following questions, one part of the sentence may have an error. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and click the button corresponding to it. If the sentence is free from error, click the "No error" option.

If you permit me to speak the truth (A) / I shall state without hesitation (B) / that you have done a mistake (C) / No Error (D)

Options:

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D

Correct Answer: C

Candidate Answer: B

Question 80. In the following questions, one part of the sentence may have an error. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and click the button corresponding to it. If the sentence is free from error, click the "No error" option.

I succeeded persuading him (A) / to come with me (B) / only after hours of argument (C) / No Error (D)

Options:

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D

Correct Answer: A

Candidate Answer: C

Question 81. In the following questions, one part of the sentence may have an error. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and click the button corresponding to it. If the sentence is free from error, click the "No error" option.

Vermin (A) / does much harm (B) / to crops (C) / No Error (D)

Options:

- 1) A
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) D

Correct Answer: B

Candidate Answer: D

Question 82. The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it.

Light is _____ than sound.

Options:

- 1) faster
- 2) more faster
- 3) sounder
- 4) lighter

Correct Answer: faster

Candidate Answer: faster

Question 83.The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it.

The man _____ for the purpose never did what was expected of him.

Options:

- 1) supplied
- 2) favoured
- 3) employed
- 4) cited

Correct Answer: employed

Candidate Answer: favoured

Question 84.The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it.

There was a serious _____ between the two brothers.

Options:

- 1) altercation
- 2) alteration
- 3) aberration
- 4) altiation

Correct Answer: altercation

Candidate Answer: alteration

Question 85.In each of the questions, four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase and click the button corresponding to it.

To give oneself airs

Options:

- 1) Space to breathe
- 2) Time
- 3) Acting strange
- 4) Behaving arrogantly

Correct Answer: Behaving arrogantly

Candidate Answer: Behaving arrogantly

Question 86.In each of the questions, four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase and click the button corresponding to it.

At a stone's throw

Options:

- 1) At a short distance
- 2) At a place where quarrels take place
- 3) At a great distance
- 4) A quarry

Correct Answer: At a short distance

Candidate Answer: At a short distance

Question 87.In each of the questions, four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase and click the button corresponding to it.

Bone of contention

Options:

- 1) A delicious non-vegetarian item
- 2) An item which made them content
- 3) Cause for quarrel
- 4) A link between them

Correct Answer: Cause for quarrel

Candidate Answer: A delicious non-vegetarian item

Question 88.Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences and click the button corresponding to it.

A person who has lost the protection of the law

Options:

- 1) Outlaw
- 2) Immigrant
- 3) Outcast
- 4) Orphan

Correct Answer: Outlaw

Candidate Answer: Orphan

Question 89.Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences and click the button corresponding to it.

Falsification of documents etc.

Options:

- 1) Xeroxing
- 2) Forgery
- 3) Laminating
- 4) Copying

Correct Answer: Forgery

Candidate Answer: Forgery

Question 90.Out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentences and click the button corresponding to it.

To make atonement for one's sins

Options:

- 1) Expiate
- 2) Renounce
- 3) Remonstrate
- 4) Recant

Correct Answer: Expiate

Candidate Answer: Expiate

Question 91.A sentence/a part of the sentence is underlined. Four alternatives are given to the underlined part which will improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it. In case no improvement is needed, click the button corresponding to "No improvement".

The boys absented themselves for two days.

Options:

- 1) were absented
- 2) absented
- 3) had absented
- 4) No improvement

Correct Answer: No improvement

Candidate Answer: were absented

Question 92.A sentence/a part of the sentence is underlined. Four alternatives are given to the underlined part which will improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it. In case no improvement is needed, click the button corresponding to "No improvement".

My mother insists on setting up something everyday for charity.

Options:

- 1) on
- 2) in
- 3) aside
- 4) No improvement

Correct Answer: aside

Candidate Answer: aside

Question 93.A sentence/a part of the sentence is underlined. Four alternatives are given to the underlined part which will improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it. In case no improvement is needed, click the button corresponding to "No improvement".

He began on a new business venture.

Options:

- 1) embarked
- 2) begun
- 3) opened
- 4) No improvement

Correct Answer: embarked

Candidate Answer: begun

Question 94.A sentence/a part of the sentence is underlined. Four alternatives are given to the underlined part which will improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it. In case no improvement is needed, click the button corresponding to "No improvement".

I have to say them the truth.

Options:

- 1) tell
- 2) state
- 3) speak
- 4) No improvement

Correct Answer: tell

Candidate Answer: tell

Question 95.A sentence/a part of the sentence is underlined. Four alternatives are given to the underlined part which will improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative and click the button corresponding to it. In case no improvement is needed, click the button corresponding to "No improvement".

The SSB will interview the candidate between 11 a.m. and 3.00 p.m.

Options:

- 1) 11.00 am to 3 pm
- 2) 11.00 from 3 pm
- 3) 11.am by 3.00 pm
- 4) No improvement

Correct Answer: No improvement

Candidate Answer: 11.00 am to 3 pm

Question 96. *A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and click the button corresponding to it.*

Settled life and cultivation gave man leisure; he had no longer to always think of getting food. During spare time he could make stone tools, hoes or pots and weave cloth. Some people spared from producing their own food could even devote themselves to other activities all the time. This resulted in a division of labour. The division of labour made it possible for various groups to specialize, that is, to acquire greater skill and learn better techniques in doing one kind of work.

The settled community life needed rules to regulate the behaviour of the members of the community. It is not possible to know exactly how regulations were established. It appears that the decisions regarding the community were taken by the people as a whole, or by a council of elders, as is in the practice in tribal societies. There were perhaps no kings or any organized government. Most likely, there were chiefs elected by the community for their qualities of leadership. But, these chiefs could not pass their positions on to their sons and they enjoyed few special privileges. Archaeological excavations have not revealed anything which would indicate the prevalence of a higher status for some members of the community. This is also supported by the study of life in many tribes in modern times. Thus, social inequalities do not seem to have emerged even in Neolithic times.

What did man do in his spare time?

Options:

- 1) Made stone tools
- 2) Made hoes or pots
- 3) Weave cloth
- 4) All of the above

Correct Answer: All of the above

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 97. *A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and click the button corresponding to it.*

Settled life and cultivation gave man leisure; he had no longer to always think of getting food. During spare time he could make stone tools, hoes or pots and weave cloth. Some people spared from producing their own food could even devote themselves to other activities all the time. This resulted in a division of labour. The division of labour made it possible for various groups to specialize, that is, to acquire greater skill and learn better techniques in doing one kind of work.

The settled community life needed rules to regulate the behaviour of the members of the community. It is not possible to know exactly how regulations were established. It appears that the decisions regarding the community were taken by the people as a whole, or by a council of elders, as is in the practice in tribal societies. There were perhaps no kings or any organized government. Most likely, there were chiefs elected by the community for their qualities of leadership. But, these chiefs could not pass their positions on to their sons and they enjoyed few special privileges. Archaeological excavations have not revealed anything which would indicate the prevalence of a higher status for some members of the community. This is also supported by the study of life in many tribes in modern times. Thus, social inequalities do not seem to have emerged even in Neolithic times.

In the passage, "division of labour" means?

Options:

- 1) Specialization to acquire greater skills
- 2) Learning arithmetic
- 3) Working in groups
- 4) Working from home

Correct Answer: Specialization to acquire greater skills

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 98. *A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and click the button corresponding to it.*

Settled life and cultivation gave man leisure; he had no longer to always think of getting food. During spare time he could make stone tools, hoes or pots and weave cloth. Some people spared from producing their own food could even devote themselves to other activities all the time. This resulted in a division of labour. The division of labour made it possible for various groups to specialize, that is, to acquire greater skill and learn better techniques in doing one kind of work.

The settled community life needed rules to regulate the behaviour of the members of the community. It is not possible to know exactly how regulations were established. It appears that the decisions regarding the community were taken by the people as a whole, or by a council of elders, as is in the practice in tribal societies. There were perhaps no kings or any organized government. Most likely, there were chiefs elected by the community for their qualities of leadership. But, these chiefs could not pass their positions on to their sons and they enjoyed few special privileges. Archaeological excavations have not revealed anything which would indicate the prevalence of a higher status for some members of the community. This is also supported by the study of life in many tribes in modern times. Thus, social inequalities do not seem to have emerged even in Neolithic times.

To which period do the Neolithic times refer:

Options:

- 1) Later part of the Stone Age
- 2) Early part of the Stone Age
- 3) Later part of the Ice Age
- 4) Medieval times

Correct Answer: Later part of the Stone Age

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 99. *A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and click the button corresponding to it.*

Settled life and cultivation gave man leisure; he had no longer to always think of getting food. During spare time he could make stone tools, hoes or pots and weave cloth. Some people spared from producing their own food could even devote themselves to other activities all the time. This resulted in a division of labour. The division of labour made it possible for various groups to specialize, that is, to acquire greater skill and learn better techniques in doing one kind of work.

The settled community life needed rules to regulate the behaviour of the members of the community. It is not possible to know exactly how regulations were established. It appears that the decisions regarding the community were taken by the people as a whole, or by a council of elders, as is in the practice in tribal societies. There were perhaps no kings or any organized government. Most likely, there were chiefs elected by the community for their qualities of leadership. But, these chiefs could not pass their positions on to their sons and they enjoyed few special privileges. Archaeological excavations have not revealed anything which would indicate the prevalence of a higher status for some members of the community. This is also supported by the study of life in many tribes in modern times. Thus, social inequalities do not seem to have emerged even in Neolithic times.

Chiefs were elected by the community for their

Options:

- 1) age
- 2) qualities of leadership
- 3) responsibility and courage
- 4) trust and loyalty

Correct Answer: qualities of leadership

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]

Question 100. *A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives and click the button corresponding to it.*

Settled life and cultivation gave man leisure; he had no longer to always think of getting food. During spare time he could make stone tools, hoes or pots and weave cloth. Some people spared from producing their own food could even devote themselves to other activities all the time. This resulted in a division of labour. The division of labour made it possible for various groups to specialize, that is, to acquire greater skill and learn better techniques in doing one kind of work.

The settled community life needed rules to regulate the behaviour of the members of the community. It is not possible to know exactly how regulations were established. It appears that the decisions regarding the community were taken by the people as a whole, or by a council of elders, as is in the practice in tribal societies. There were perhaps no kings or any organized government. Most likely, there were chiefs elected by the community for their qualities of leadership. But, these chiefs could not pass their positions on to their sons and they enjoyed few special privileges. Archaeological excavations have not revealed anything which would indicate the prevalence of a higher status for some members of the community. This is also supported by the study of life in many tribes in modern times. Thus, social inequalities do not seem to have emerged even in Neolithic times.

The meaning of 'privilege' is

Options:

- 1) allowance
- 2) favour
- 3) benefit
- 4) interest

Correct Answer: benefit

Candidate Answer: [NOT ANSWERED]