

ERRATA TO “DISTRIBUTION IN COPRIME RESIDUE CLASSES OF POLYNOMIALLY-DEFINED MULTIPLICATIVE FUNCTIONS”

In the published version of this paper, §6 contains an incorrect argument for the absolute irreducibility of $F(x)F(y) - w$. A corrected proof follows. The results of the paper remain unaffected.

Suppose that $F(x)F(y) - w = U(x, y)V(x, y)$ for some $U(x, y), V(x, y) \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell[x, y]$. Then for each root $\theta \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell$ of F , we find that $-w = U(\theta, y)V(\theta, y)$, and so in particular $U(\theta, y)$ is constant. Thus, if we write

$$U(x, y) = \sum_{k \geq 0} a_k(x)y^k,$$

with each $a_k(x) \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell[x]$, then $a_k(\theta) = 0$ for each $k > 0$. Since F has no multiple roots over $\overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell$, each such $a_k(x)$ is forced to be a multiple of $F(x)$, hence $U(x, y) \equiv a_0(x) \pmod{F(x)}$. A symmetric argument shows that $V(x, y) \equiv b_0(y) \pmod{F(y)}$ for some $b_0(y) \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell[y]$, so that $V(x, \theta) = b_0(\theta)$. Consequently, for any root $\theta \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell$ of F ,

$$-w \equiv F(x)F(\theta) - w \equiv U(x, \theta)V(x, \theta) \equiv a_0(x)b_0(\theta) \pmod{F(x)},$$

which shows that $U(x, y) \equiv a_0(x) \equiv c \pmod{F(x)}$ for some constant $c \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell$. But this forces $c = U(\theta, \theta)$, showing that $F(x)$ divides $U(x, y) - U(\theta, \theta)$. By symmetry, so does $F(y)$, and we obtain $U(x, y) = U(\theta, \theta) + F(x)F(y)Q(x, y)$ for some $Q(x, y) \in \overline{\mathbb{F}}_\ell[x, y]$.¹ Degree considerations now imply that for $U(x, y)$ to divide $F(x)F(y) - w$, either $Q(x, y)$ is a nonzero constant, in which case $V(x, y)$ is constant, or $Q(x, y) = 0$, in which case $U(x, y)$ is constant.

The **arXiv** version already includes this corrected argument.

¹In the published version, it was argued (incorrectly) that $F(x), F(y)$ divide $U(x, y) - U(0, 0)$.