

2D Poiseuille Exact Coherent State equations (the other streamfunction)

April 15, 2014

1 The full equations

Equations given are the components of the Navier-Stokes equation for the streamfunction and Oldroyd-B equation for the stress.

$$\text{Re} \left[\partial_t \nabla^2 \psi + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \nabla^2 \psi \right] = \nabla p + \beta \nabla^4 \psi - (1 - \beta) \nabla \times \nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau} \quad (1)$$

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\partial_t \mathbf{c} (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{c} = (\nabla \mathbf{u})^T \mathbf{c} + \mathbf{c} (\nabla \mathbf{u}) - \boldsymbol{\tau} \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\nabla \mathbf{u})_{i,j} &= \partial_i u_j \\ T_{ij} &= \frac{1}{\text{Wi}} (C_{ij} - \mathbf{I}_{ij}) \\ u &= \partial_y \psi \\ v &= -\partial_x \psi \end{aligned}$$

1.1 ψ

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= -\text{Re} \nu \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \text{Re} u \partial_x \nabla^2 \psi + \text{Re} v \partial_y \nabla^2 \psi \\ &\quad - \beta \nabla^4 \psi + (1 - \beta) (\partial_{xx} T_{xy} + \partial_{xy} (T_{yy} - T_{xx}) - \partial_{yy} T_{xy}) \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

1.2 C_{xx}

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \nu \partial_x C_{xx} - (u \partial_x + v \partial_y) C_{xx} \\ &\quad + 2C_{xx} \partial_x u + 2C_{xy} \partial_y u - T_{xx} \end{aligned} \quad (5)$$

1.3 C_{yy}

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \nu \partial_x C_{yy} - (u \partial_x + v \partial_y) C_{yy} \\ &\quad + 2C_{xy} \partial_x v + 2C_{yy} \partial_y v - T_{yy} \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

1.4 C_{xy}

$$0 = \nu \partial_x C_{xy} - (u \partial_x + v \partial_y) C_{xy} + C_{xx} \partial_x v + C_{yy} \partial_y u - T_{xy} \quad (7)$$

1.5 ψ_0

$$0 = -\text{Re } \overline{v \partial_y u} + \beta \overline{\partial_{yyy} \psi} + (1 - \beta) \overline{\partial_y T_{xy}} + 2 \quad (8)$$

2 The 1st order terms in a Taylor expansion

These are the equations as they will need to be entered into the Jacobian matrix.

$$\psi = \Psi + \delta\psi \quad (9)$$

$$C_{ij} = C_{ij} + \delta c_{ij} \quad (10)$$

2.1 ψ

$$0 = -\nu \text{Re } \partial_x \nabla^2 \delta\psi + \text{Re } (\partial_x \nabla^2 \Psi) \partial_y \delta\psi + \text{Re } U \partial_x \nabla^2 \delta\psi - \text{Re } (\partial_y \nabla^2 \Psi) \partial_x \delta\psi + \text{Re } V \partial_y \nabla^2 \delta\psi - \beta \nabla^4 \delta\psi + \frac{(1 - \beta)}{\text{Wi}} (\partial_{xx} \delta c_{xy} + \partial_{xy} (\delta c_{yy} - \delta c_{xx}) - \partial_{yy} \delta c_{xy}) \quad (11)$$

2.2 C_{xx}

$$0 = \nu \partial_x \delta c_{xx} - (\mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla) \delta c_{xx} - (\partial_x C_{xx}) \partial_y \delta\psi + (\partial_y C_{xx}) \partial_x \delta\psi + 2(\partial_x U) \delta c_{xx} + 2(\partial_y U) \delta c_{xy} + 2C_{xx} \partial_{xy} \delta\psi + 2C_{xy} \partial_{yy} \delta\psi - \frac{1}{\text{Wi}} \delta c_{xx} \quad (12)$$

2.3 C_{yy}

$$0 = \nu \partial_x \delta c_{yy} - (\mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla) \delta c_{yy} - (\partial_x C_{yy}) \partial_y \delta\psi + (\partial_y C_{yy}) \partial_x \delta\psi + 2(\partial_x V) \delta c_{xy} + 2(\partial_y V) \delta c_{yy} - 2C_{xy} \partial_{xx} \delta\psi - 2C_{yy} \partial_{xy} \delta\psi - \frac{\delta c_{yy}}{\text{Wi}} \quad (13)$$

2.4 C_{xy}

$$\begin{aligned}
0 = & \nu \partial_x \delta c_{xy} - (\mathbf{V} \cdot \nabla) \delta c_{xy} \\
& - (\partial_x C_{xy}) \partial_y \delta \psi + (\partial_y C_{xy}) \partial_x \delta \psi \\
& + (\partial_y U) \delta c_{yy} + (\partial_x V) \delta c_{xx} \\
& + C_{yy} \partial_{yy} \delta \psi - C_{xx} \partial_{xx} \delta \psi - \frac{\delta c_{xy}}{\text{Wi}}
\end{aligned} \tag{14}$$

2.5 ψ_0

$$\begin{aligned}
0 = & +\text{Re} \overline{(\partial_x \Psi) \partial_{yy} \delta \psi} + \text{Re} \overline{(\partial_{yy} \Psi) \partial_x \delta \psi} \\
& + \beta \overline{\partial_{yyy} \delta \psi} + \frac{1 - \beta}{\text{Wi}} \overline{\partial_y \delta c_{xy}}
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$