

WK7 Report

Pre-trained Face Detector

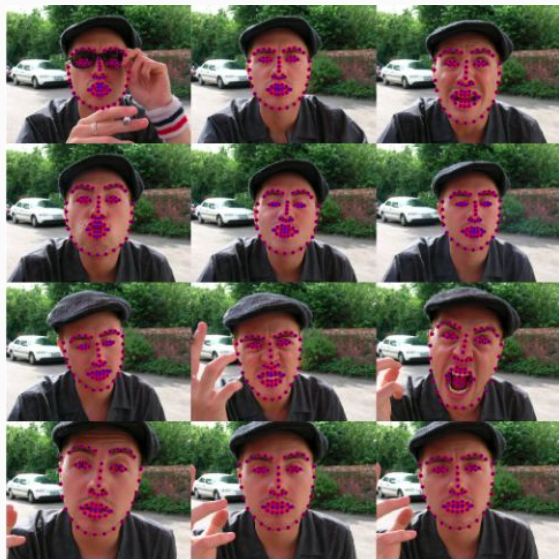
Yunting Chiu



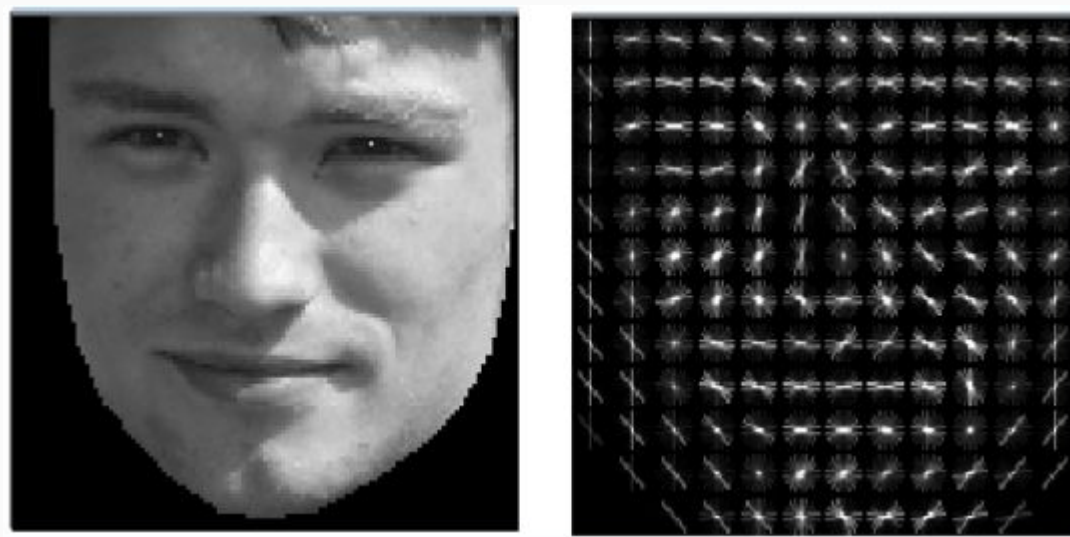
OpenFace

OpenFace 2.2.0: a facial behavior analysis toolkit

Facial Landmark Detection



Facial Feature Extraction



Source:

<https://github.com/TadasBaltrušaitis/OpenFace>

WHY MTCNN

- Faces can be captured with > 99% accuracy using MTCNN model.
- Then, unify the image size (e.g. 224, 224, 3)

```
[8] 1 from PIL import Image
    2 import numpy as np
    3
    4 def extract_face(filename, required_size=(224, 224)):
    5     # load image from file
    6     pixels = pyplot.imread(filename)
    7     # create the detector, using default weights
    8     detector = MTCNN()
    9     # detect faces in the image
   10     results = detector.detect_faces(pixels)
   11     # extract the bounding box from the first face
   12     x1, y1, width, height = results[0]['box']
   13     x2, y2 = x1 + width, y1 + height
   14     # extract the face
   15     face = pixels[y1:y2, x1:x2]
   16     # resize pixels to the model size
   17     image = Image.fromarray(face)
   18     image = image.resize(required_size)
   19     face_array = np.asarray(image)
   20     return face_array
   21 a = extract_face("/content/drive/MyDrive/American Universit
   22 print(a.shape)
```

Extract the faces by using MTCNN

Real

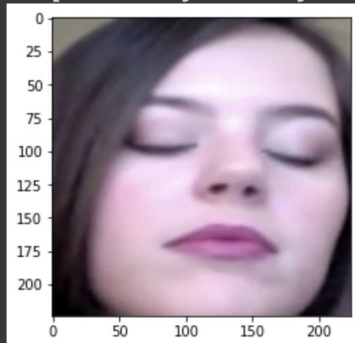


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(224, 224, 3)

```
1 plt.imshow(a)
```

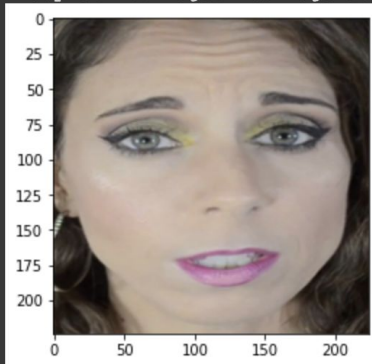
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f375eeaa710>



(224, 224, 3)

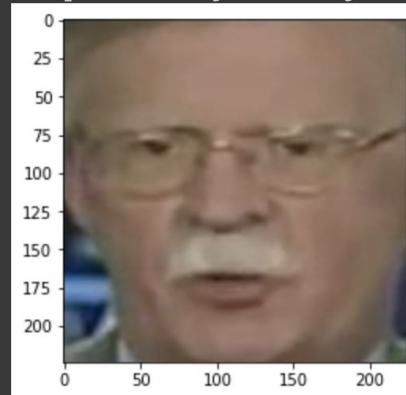
```
1 plt.imshow(a)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f375e4706>



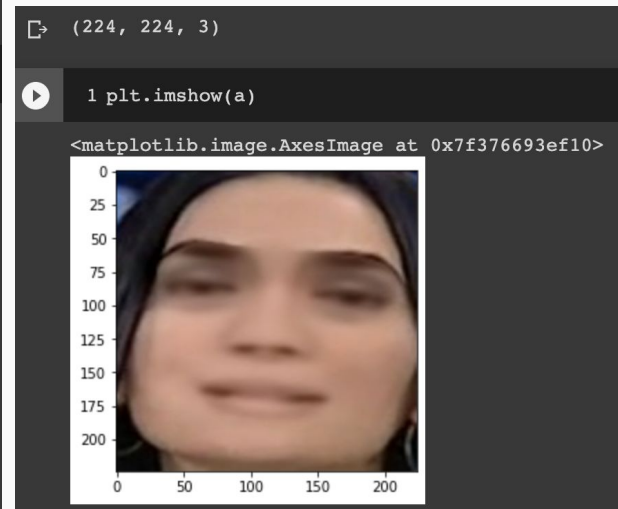
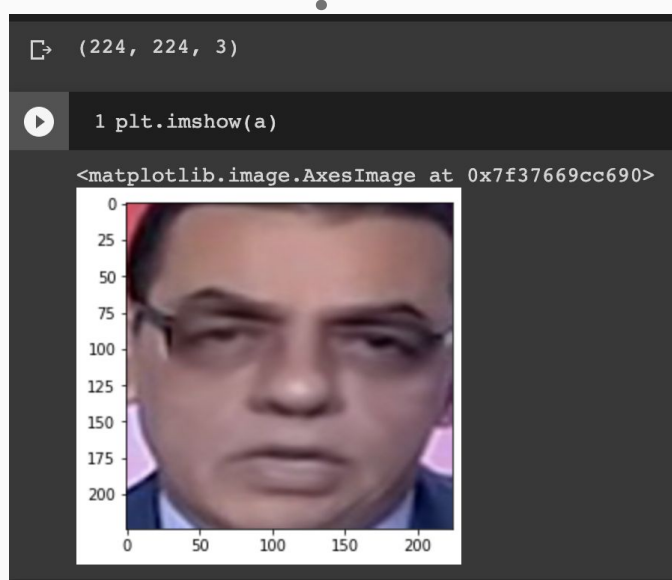
```
1 plt.imshow(a)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f375e4>



Extract the faces by using MTCNN

Deepfake



Before building ML models

- `numpy.ndarray.flatten()`
- Decomposition? (e.g. SVD)
- Normalization? (eg. 0-255 to 0-1)
- Mean subtraction for each pixel?

ML Workflow

$$\begin{array}{c} X_{\text{train}} \\ \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{fake} \dots \text{fake} \\ \vdots \\ \text{fake} \end{array} \right] \\ 244 \times 244 \times 3 \times 70 \\ N \times 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} Y_{\text{train}} \\ \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{array} \right] \\ N \times 1 \end{array}$$

} `Modelname.fit(X, y).predict(Xtest)`