



High-Performance DeepFake Video Classifier

Help people to identify Deepfake videos with 87 % accuracy

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Dataset



- Download FaceForensics++ from GitHub
- 1000 real videos and 1000 Deepfake videos
- TV reporters and journalists, YouTube
- Various sexes, ages, and races.

Data Preprocessing



Extract Video Frames and Save to Images

- Capture 1 frame in every 30 frames
- Different facial expressions
- Extract up to 7 frame in a single video
- 7000 images from the Deepfake set
- 7000 images from the Real set

Extract up to 7 frames from 1000 DeepFake videos



Extract up to 7 frames from 1000 REAL videos

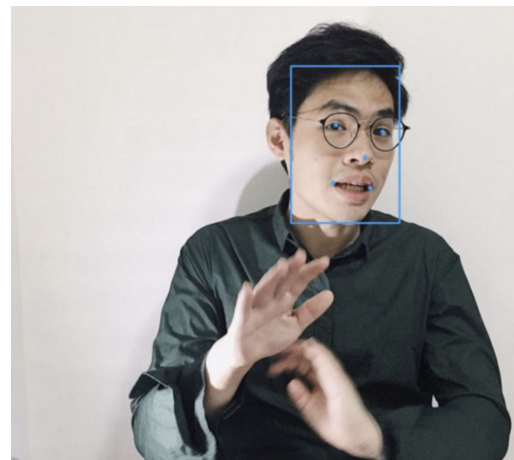


Data Preprocessing



Facial Extraction using pre-trained MTCNN model

- Provide exact pixel positions to keep face boundaries intact
- If MTCNN cannot detect the face, remove the image
- After MTCNN, there are 6984 images in the Deepfake set
- After MTCNN, there are 7000 images in the Real set
- The number of observations: 13984 images



Deepfake set



Extract the faces by using MTCNN

Deepfake

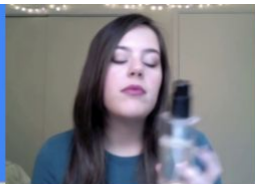


Real set

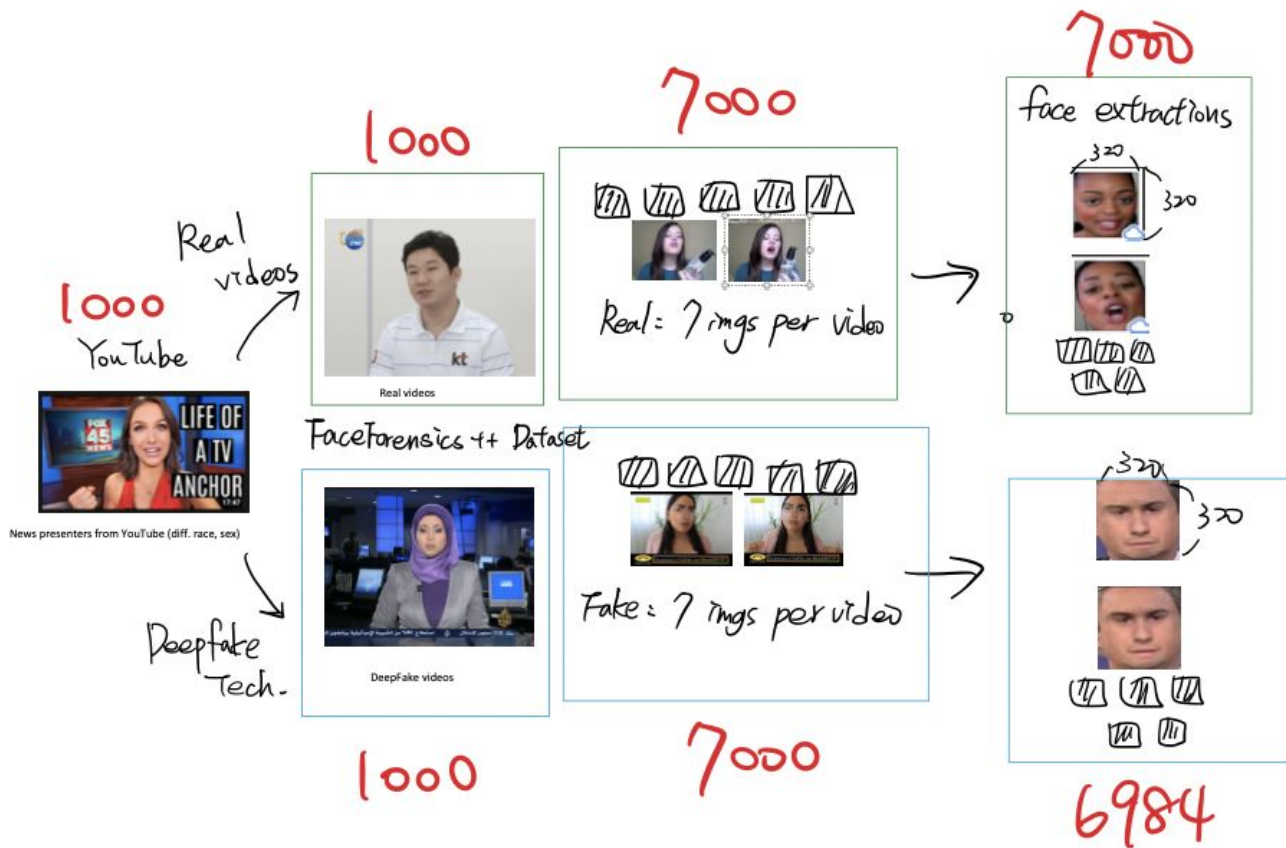


Extract the faces by using MTCNN

Real



Workflow



Data Preprocessing

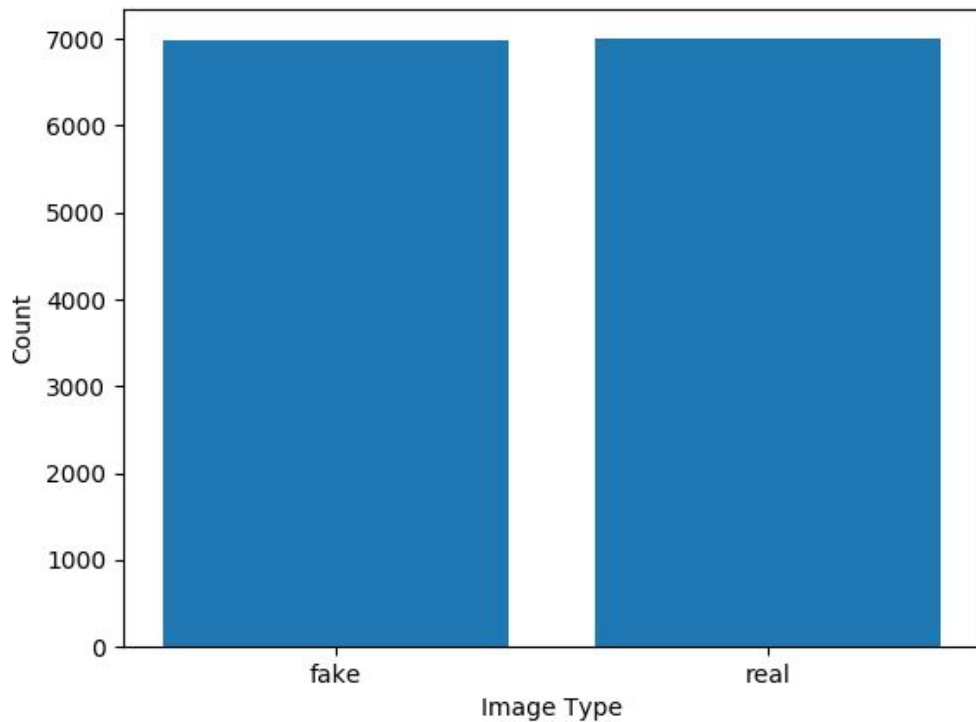


Construct X Features and y Labels

- Flatten 320 x 320 x 3 to 307200 x 1 as X
- Label “fake” and “real” as y
- Data dimension: 13984 rows and 307201 columns
- Supervised Learning

```
[[array([134, 131, 116, ..., 68, 60, 71], dtype=uint8) 'fake']  
 [array([133, 130, 115, ..., 71, 59, 71], dtype=uint8) 'fake']  
 [array([117, 113, 112, ..., 43, 31, 45], dtype=uint8) 'fake']  
 ...  
 [array([ 33,  20,  66, ..., 188, 155, 172], dtype=uint8) 'real']  
 [array([ 51,  28,  46, ..., 116,  52,  50], dtype=uint8) 'real']  
 [array([174, 140, 102, ...,  23,  39,  98], dtype=uint8) 'real']]
```


Data Visualization



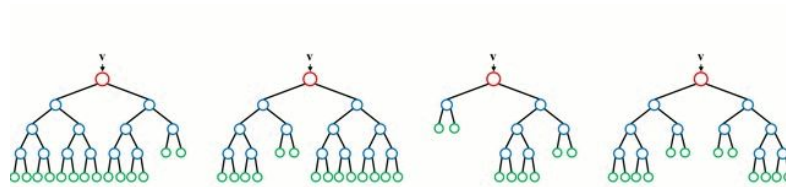
Model Selection



Random Forest Model

- It can handle large features efficiently
- It is not necessary to normalize data points before running the model
- It can reduce computation time

pc: wikipedia.org



Model Optimization

Grid Search and Cross-Validation

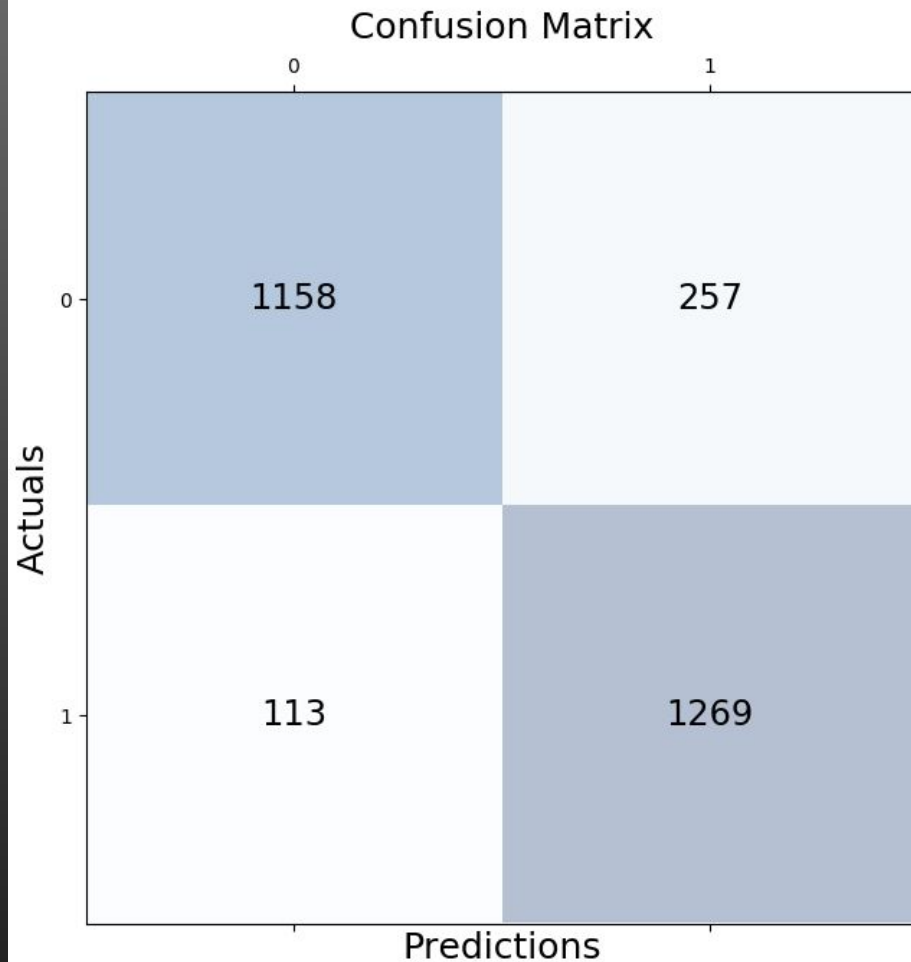


- 80 % training, 20 % testing
- Grid search for number of trees: [100, 500, 100, 2000]
- 5-fold cross validation + bootstrap

Best Model: `RandomForestClassifier(bootstrap=True, class_weight=None, criterion='gini', max_depth=None, max_features='auto', max_leaf_nodes=None, min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None, min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2, min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=2000, n_jobs=None, oob_score=False, random_state=42, verbose=0, warm_start=False)`

Confusion Matrix

- 0 represents fake
- 1 represents real



Classification Report



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
fake	0.91	0.82	0.86	1415
real	0.83	0.92	0.87	1382
accuracy			0.87	2797
macro avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	2797
weighted avg	0.87	0.87	0.87	2797

Improvements



- Require more HPC resources
 - HPC would automatically cancel the submission if computation time more than 2 days
 - Add more number of grid search and cross-validation
- Deep Learning Task
 - Construct a neural network architecture
 - Include activation functions in the hidden layers
 - Grid search to determine the optimal number of epochs and batch size

Computing Environment



- At least Python 3.6.9
- Google Colab free version - Python notebook files
- High Performance Computing - Python script files



THANKS!

Any questions?