

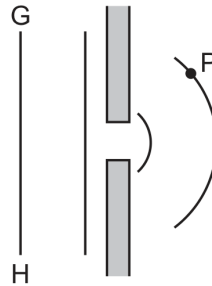
Unit 8: Superposition:

Subunit 8.2: Diffraction:

Topical Question No: 1

- 28** A monochromatic plane wave of speed c and wavelength λ is diffracted at a small aperture.

The diagram illustrates successive wavefronts.



After what time will some portion of the wavefront GH reach point P?

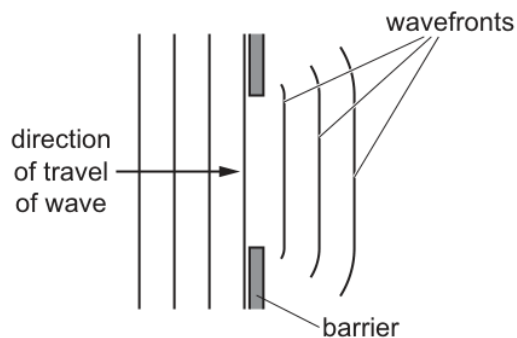
- A** $\frac{3\lambda}{2c}$ **B** $\frac{2\lambda}{c}$ **C** $\frac{3\lambda}{c}$ **D** $\frac{4\lambda}{c}$

Topical Question No: 2

- 29** Which statement gives a condition that enables diffraction to occur?
- A** A source of waves moves towards a stationary observer.
- B** A wave is partially blocked by an obstacle.
- C** Two coherent waves are superposed.
- D** Two waves of equal speed and frequency are travelling through the same part of a medium in opposite directions.

Topical Question No: 3

- 27** A water wave passes through a gap between two barriers. The wavefronts spread out as shown.



What is the name of this phenomenon?

- A** coherence
- B** diffraction
- C** interference
- D** superposition

Topical Question No: 4

- 27** A water wave is diffracted as it passes through a gap between two barriers in a ripple tank. The wave is observed to 'spread out' as it moves through the gap.

Which two factors both affect the amount of diffraction observed?

- A** the amplitude and frequency of the incident wave
- B** the amplitude of the incident wave and the width of the gap
- C** the wavelength and amplitude of the incident wave
- D** the wavelength of the incident wave and the width of the gap

Topical Question No: 5

- 23** Diagram 1 shows a ripple tank experiment in which plane waves are diffracted through a narrow slit in a metal sheet.

Diagram 2 shows the same tank with a slit of greater width.

In each case, the pattern of the waves incident on the slit and the emergent pattern are shown.

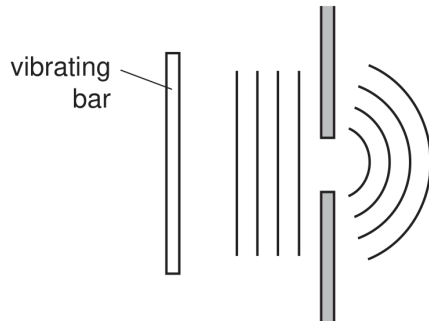


diagram 1

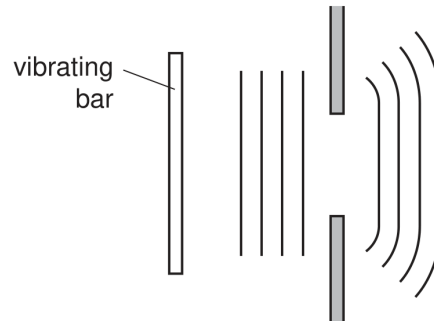


diagram 2

Which action would cause the waves in diagram 1 to be diffracted less and so produce an emergent pattern closer to that shown in diagram 2?

- A** increasing the frequency of vibration of the bar
- B** increasing the speed of the waves by making the water in the tank deeper
- C** reducing the amplitude of vibration of the bar
- D** reducing the length of the vibrating bar

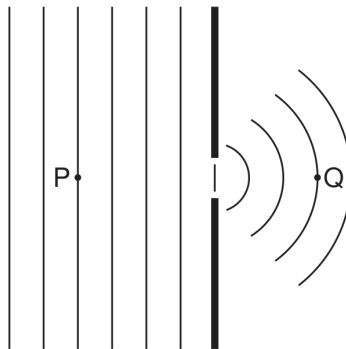
Topical Question No: 6

- 26** Which statement is an example of the diffraction of light?

- A** the addition of the amplitudes of two beams of light which are in phase
- B** the change in direction of a beam of light when passing from air into water
- C** the separation of a beam of white light into a spectrum of colours using a prism
- D** the spreading of a beam of light as it passes through a small hole

Topical Question No: 7

28 Plane wavefronts in a ripple tank pass through a gap as shown.



Which property of the wave will be different at Q compared with P?

- A** velocity
- B** frequency
- C** amplitude
- D** wavelength

Space for working

Answer Key

1. N/A
2. N/A
3. B
4. D
5. N/A
6. N/A
7. N/A