## Unit 6: Series

# Subunit 6.1: Binomial expansion

6 Т	Γhe	coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion of $\left(2x + \frac{a}{x^2}\right)^5$ is 720.	
		Find the possible values of the constant $a$ .	[3
(	b)	Hence find the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x^7}$ in the expansion.	[2]

(a)	Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$ , of $(1 + x)^5$ .	[1]
<b>(b)</b>	Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$ , of $(1-2x)^6$ .	[2]
(c)	Hence find the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $(1+x)^5(1-2x)^6$ .	[2]

Find the term independent of x in each of the following expansions. (a)  $\left(3x + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^6$ [3] ..... **(b)**  $\left(3x + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^6 (1 - x^3)$ [3] ..... .....

6 In the expansion of  $\left(\frac{x}{a} + \frac{a}{x^2}\right)^7$ , it is given that

 $\frac{\text{the coefficient of } x^4}{\text{the coefficient of } x} = 3.$ 

Find the possible values of the constant <i>a</i> .	[6]

6 It is given that the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of

is 432.	
Find the value of the constant <i>a</i> .	[5]

3	(a)	Find the complete expansion of $\left(2x - \frac{3}{x}\right)^4$ .	[4]
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	(b)	Hence determine the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $(x^2 + 5)(2x - \frac{3}{x})^4$ .	[2]
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			•••••

Find the	value of th	ne positive	constant i	k.			
					 	 	••••

(a)	Find the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $\left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^3$ .	[2]
(b)	Find the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $(2 + 3x^2) \left(x - \frac{2}{x}\right)^6$ .	[3]

(a)	Expand $(1 + a)^5$ in ascending powers of a up to and including the term in $a^3$ .	[1]
<b>(b)</b>	Hence expand $[1 + (x + x^2)]^5$ in ascending powers of $x$ up to and including simplifying your answer.	the term in $x^3$ , [3]

Find the first three t				
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Hence find the coeff	ficient of $x^2$ in the ex	pansion of $(4 + x)$	$x^{2}(3-2x)^{5}$ .	
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The coefficient of x in the expansion of $\left(4x + \frac{10}{x}\right)^3$ is p. The coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ in the expansion	nsion of
$\left(2x + \frac{k}{x^2}\right)^5$ is $q$ .	
Given that $p = 6q$ , find the possible values of $k$ .	[5]

(a)	Write down the first four terms of the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$ , of $(a - x)^6$ . [2]
( <b>b</b> )	Given that the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $\left(1 + \frac{2}{ax}\right)(a-x)^6$ is $-20$ , find in exact form
	the possible values of the constant $a$ . [5]

(2k	coefficient of $x^4$ in the expansion of $\left(2x^2 + \frac{k^2}{x}\right)^5$ is $a$ . The coefficient $(x-1)^4$ is $b$ .	int of x in the expansion
(a)	Find $a$ and $b$ in terms of the constant $k$ .	
<b>(b)</b>	Given that $a + b = 216$ , find the possible values of $k$ .	

Find	the value of the positiv	e constant a.		
•••••			 	

(a)	Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$ , of $(2 + 3x)^4$ .	[2]
		523
(b)	Find the first three terms in the expansion, in ascending powers of $x$ , of $(1 - 2x)^5$ .	[2]
(c)	Hence find the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $(2 + 3x)^4 (1 - 2x)^5$ .	[2]

Find the possible values of the constant <i>a</i> .	[4]

(a)	Give the complete expansion of $\left(x + \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$ .	[2]
<b>(b)</b>	In the expansion of $(a + bx^2)\left(x + \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$ , the coefficient of x is zero and the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ is	s 80.
<b>(b)</b>	In the expansion of $(a + bx^2)\left(x + \frac{2}{x}\right)^5$ , the coefficient of $x$ is zero and the coefficient of $\frac{1}{x}$ if Find the values of the constants $a$ and $b$ .	s 80.
(b)		
(b)		[4]
<b>(b)</b>	Find the values of the constants a and b.	[4]
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3 The coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(3+ax)^6$  is 160.

(a)	Find the value of the constant $a$ .	[2]
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		••••
(b)	Hence find the coefficient of $x^3$ in the expansion of $(3 + ax)^6 (1 - 2x)$ .	[3]
		••••

The coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of $(1-4x)^3$ is 12 times the coefficient of $x^2$ in $(2+ax)^5$ .	the expansion of
Find the value of the positive constant <i>a</i> .	[3]

1	Find the coefficient of $x^2$ in the expansion of	
	$(2-5x)(1+3x)^{10}$ .	[4