

Unit 8: Superposition:

Subunit 8.4: The diffraction grating:

Topical Question No: 1

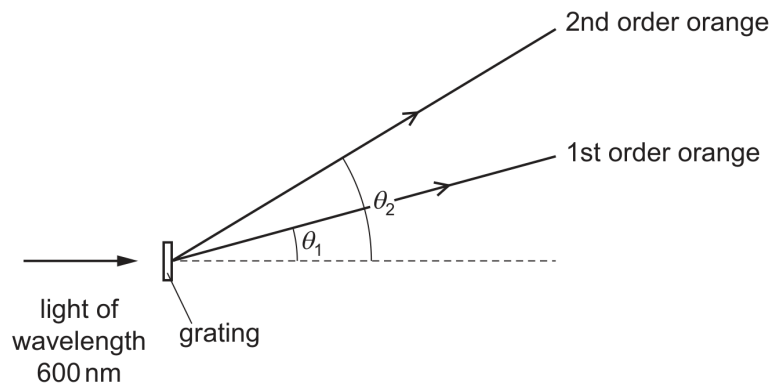
- 26 Monochromatic light of wavelength $5.30 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ is incident normally on a diffraction grating. The first order maximum is observed at an angle of 15.4° to the direction of the incident light.

What is the angle between the first and second order diffraction maxima?

- A 7.7° B 15.4° C 16.7° D 32.1°

Topical Question No: 2

- 29 A diffraction grating experiment is set up using orange light of wavelength 600 nm . The grating has a slit separation of $2.00 \mu\text{m}$.

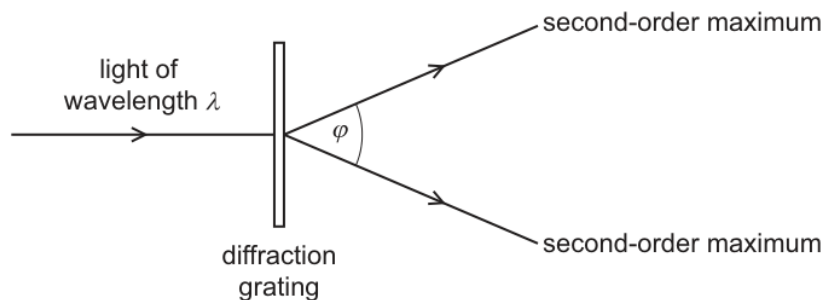


What is the angular separation ($\theta_2 - \theta_1$) between the first and second order maxima of the orange light?

- A 17.5° B 19.4° C 36.9° D 54.3°

Topical Question No: 3

- 29 Light of wavelength λ is incident normally on a diffraction grating, as shown.



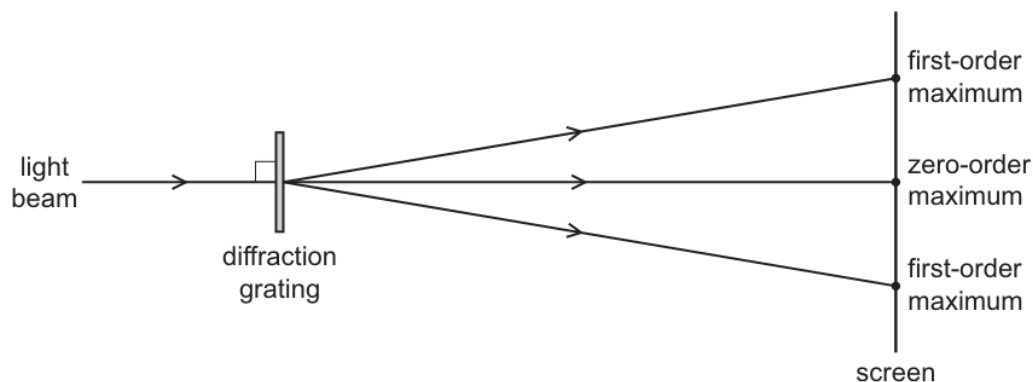
The angle between the two second-order maxima is ϕ .

Which expression gives the spacing of the lines on the diffraction grating?

- A $\frac{\lambda}{\sin \phi}$ B $\frac{\lambda}{\sin (\phi/2)}$ C $\frac{2\lambda}{\sin \phi}$ D $\frac{2\lambda}{\sin (\phi/2)}$

Topical Question No: 4

- 29 A beam of red laser light of wavelength 633 nm is incident normally on a diffraction grating with 600 lines per mm.



The beam of red light is now replaced by a beam of blue laser light of wavelength 445 nm. A replacement diffraction grating is used so that the first-order maximum of the blue light appears at the same position on the screen as the first-order maximum of the red light from the original laser.

How many lines per mm are there in the replacement diffraction grating?

- A 420 mm^{-1} B 470 mm^{-1} C 600 mm^{-1} D 850 mm^{-1}

Topical Question No: 5

- 27 A parallel beam of red light of wavelength 700 nm is incident normally on a diffraction grating that has 400 lines per millimetre.

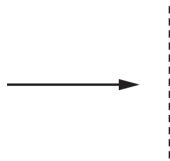
What is the total number of transmitted maxima?

- A 3 B 4 C 6 D 7

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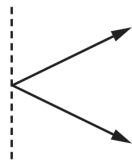
Topical Question No: 6

- 29 Monochromatic light is directed at a diffraction grating, as shown.

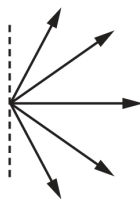


Which diagram could show all the possible directions of the light, after passing through the grating, that give maximum intensity?

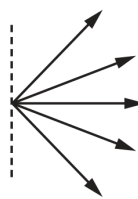
A



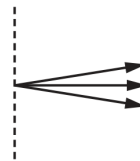
B



C

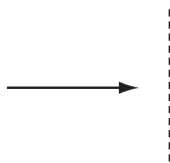


D



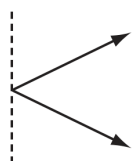
Topical Question No: 7

- 29 Monochromatic light is directed at a diffraction grating as shown.

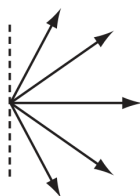


Which diagram shows all the possible directions of the light, after passing through the grating, that give maximum intensity?

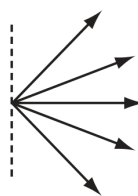
A



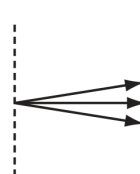
B



C



D



Space for working

Topical Question No: 8

28 An electromagnetic wave is incident normally on a diffraction grating.

A second-order maximum is produced at an angle of 30° to a normal to the grating.

The grating has 5000 lines per cm.

What is the wavelength of the wave?

- A** $2.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ **B** $5.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$ **C** $1.0 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$ **D** $5.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$

Answer Key

1. N/A
2. N/A
3. D
4. D
5. N/A
6. N/A
7. N/A
8. N/A