

[Turn over

- [3]

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 2 Two particles A and B , of masses 3.2 kg and 2.4 kg respectively, lie on a smooth horizontal table. A moves towards B with a speed of $v\text{ ms}^{-1}$ and collides with B , which is moving towards A with a speed of 6 ms^{-1} . In the collision the two particles come to rest.

(a) Find the value of v .

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(b) Find the loss of kinetic energy of the system due to the collision.

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(a) Show that $\left(\frac{14.4}{30-P}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{28.8}{P+30}\right)^2 = 1$. [4]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dashed lines, typical of primary-ruled notebook paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

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(b) Verify that $P = 6$ satisfies this equation and find the value of θ . [2]

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(a) Initially the road is horizontal and he runs at a constant speed of 3 m s^{-1} . The athlete produces a constant power of 60 W .

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Use an energy method to find the speed of the athlete at the end of the 150 m section of road. [6]

[illegible]

A diagram showing a block of mass 0.6 kg on an inclined plane. The incline makes an angle of 35° with the horizontal. A horizontal force $P\text{ N}$ is applied to the block, pointing to the right.

Find the least possible value of P .

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 6** A particle P starts at rest and moves in a straight line from a point O . At time t s after leaving O , the velocity of P , $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$, is given by $v = bt + ct^{\frac{3}{2}}$, where b and c are constants. P has velocity 8 m s^{-1} when $t = 4$ and has velocity 13.5 m s^{-1} when $t = 9$.

(a) Show that $b = 3$ and $c = -0.5$. [1]

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(b) Find the acceleration of P when $t = 1$. [2]

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(c) Find the positive value of t when P is at instantaneous rest and find the distance of P from O at this instant. [5]

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(d) Find the speed of P at the instant it returns to O .

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A diagram showing a particle of mass 2 kg (labeled P) on an inclined plane. The plane is at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. A string is attached to particle P , passes over a pulley at the top of the incline, and is connected to a hanging particle of mass 0.25 kg (labeled Q). Points A , B , and C are marked on the incline. The distance from A to B is 0.8 m , and the distance from B to C is 1.2 m .

Particle P is released from rest at A with the string taut and slides down the plane. During the motion of P from A to C , Q does not reach the pulley. The part of the plane from A to B is rough, with coefficient of friction 0.3 between the plane and P . The part of the plane from B to C is smooth.

- [illegible]

(ii) Hence, find the speed of P at C .

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(b) Find the time taken for P to travel from A to C .

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Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.

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