Unit 1: Quadratics

Subunit 1.1: Completing the square

| 7 | 0 | oical | Question No: | 1 |
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| 1110 | equation of a curve is $y = 2x^2 + kx + k - 1$, where k is a constant. | | | | | | | |
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| (a) | Given that the line $y = 2x + 3$ is a tangent to the curve, find the value of k . | [3] | | | | | | |
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| It is | now given that $k = 2$. | | | | | | | |
| | now given that $k = 2$. Express the equation of the curve in the form $y = 2(x + a)^2 + b$, where a and b are chence state the coordinates of the vertex of the curve. | onstants, an | | | | | | |
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| Express $16x^2$ | | | | | | |
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| | ence or oth | | | | | | | | ence or otherwise find the set of values of p for which the equation $4x^2 - 2x$ all roots. |

| (a) | Express $3y^2 - 12y - 15$ in the form $3(y+a)^2 + b$, where a and b are constants. | [2] |
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| b) | Hence find the exact solutions of the equation $3x^4 - 12x^2 - 15 = 0$. | [3] |
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