Computer Networks Lab Report

Md Talha Yaseen Khan

111701019

<u>Lab-7 (Socket Programming and Hamming Codes)</u>

1. Client

- Code Overview
 - Function void stringToBinary(char *S, int *bin, int I) is used to convert the string S into the binary bits (8 bits/char) and storing binary bits in bin.
 - Function void generatedCode(int *B, int *A, int r) is used to generate (m+r) bits code from m bits code in B with all the redundant bits value 0 and storing into A.
 - Function void checkBit(int *A, int m, int r) is is used to find the value redundant bits.
 - Function int findr(int m) is finding the value of number of minimum redundant bits possible for a given m.
 - In the main() function, first I am finding the number packet possible to send to port number 8567 of h2 from h1. And making the number of bits divisible by m if not, by padding minimum zeores to the end of bin. After converting string into bits, I am connecting to UDP port number 8567 of h2. Then I am sending (m+r) length frames of char bits to the h2. And at last sending an extra rough string of char '0' sending to find the moment where previous string is completely sent.

2. Server

Code Overview

- Function void correct_err(char* frame, int fSize) is used to correct the error occured by flipping one bit of frame by h2.
- Function int deframe(char *frame, int fSize, int binSize)
 is used to deframe (m+r) bits frame to m bits data bit after
 error correcting.
- In the main() function, Firstly connecting to port 9567 of h3. Then going into infinite loop and receiving the frames one by one which is sent by h2 at port number 9567 of h3. And correcting the frames error and deframming into m bits and storing these m bits to bin which is storing same as the bits of string sent by client. Then taking each 8-bits of bin and converting into character and storing these character into result array. After that if I found that the current length of frames which I received is not same as previous frame length means whole string is sent and then printing all character of result with newline.

Commands:

- Command to copy client program from local machine to h1:
 - o scp -P 14501 client.c tc@localhost:client.c
 - Password is *user@123*
- Command to copy server program from local machine to h3:
 - scp -P 14503 server.c <u>tc@localhost</u>:server.c
 - Password is user@123
- 1. Command to run client program
 - o gcc -o client client.c -lm
 ./client "String" m
- 2. Command to run server program
 - gcc -o server server.c -lm

Below attaching some snapshots:

```
tc@h3:~$ sudo tcpdump -i eth1
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on eth1, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 65535 bytes
05:44:33.130021 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.130052 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.130463 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.130473 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.130898 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.131346 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.131346 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.131354 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.131800 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.131800 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.2: ICMP 192.168.1.3 udp port 9567 unreachable, length 49
05:44:33.132321 IP 192.168.1.3 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.133300 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.133405 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.133405 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.133407 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
05:44:33.133408 IP 192.168.1.2.8567 > 192.168.1.3.9567: UDP, length 13
```

```
talha@Bismillah: ~/Lab7/lab7_network
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
      talha@Bismillah: ~/Lab7
                         talha@Bismillah: ~/Lab7/lab7_network × talha@Bismillah: ~/Lab7/lab7_network ×
tc@h1:~$ gcc -o client client.c -lm && ./client "This is a sample message" 20
0110010100000000
No. of cheak bits = 5
Sent frame with content 0001101001000111010000110
Sent frame with content 1110001001110010100100000
Sent frame with content 1101110110010110100110010
Sent frame with content 0001000001100000100100000
Sent frame with content 0000111100110111000010110
Sent frame with content 0110101101110000001101100
Sent frame with content 1001110001010010000000110
Sent frame with content 0011101101100100101110011
Sent frame with content 0000111100110111000010110
Sent frame with content 0100111101100101100000000
tc@h1:~$ gcc -o client client.c -lm && ./client "CN Lab SEVEN" 20
No. of cheak bits = 5
Sent frame with content 1000100000110100011100010
Sent frame with content 1101000001001101001100001
Sent frame with content 10001101001000100000000101
Sent frame with content 1001011101000101101010110
Sent frame with content 0000100101010101011100000
tc@h1:~$ gcc -o client client.c -lm && ./client "Talha Yaseen" 35
11100000000000
No. of cheak bits = 6
Sent frame with content 01011011010001100000101101100010101000011
Sent frame with content 0001000110010000001011001011000001011100
tc@h1:~$ gcc -o client client.c -lm && ./client "CSE" 5
0100001101010011010001010
No. of cheak bits = 4
Sent frame with content 100110000
Sent frame with content 010011011
Sent frame with content 000110011
Sent frame with content 101101000
Sent frame with content 010010100
tc@h1:~$ gcc -o client client.c -lm && ./client "CSE" 0
Please enter positive m
```

tc@h3:~\$ gcc -o server server.c -lm && ./server
UDP server running on port 9567...
This is a sample message
CN Lab SEVEN
Talha Yaseen
CSE