Assignment 1

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/tyagio/AI1103/tree/main/assignment1/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/tyagio/AI1103/tree/main/assignment1/assignment1.tex

1 Problem

Suppose that two cards are drawn at random from a deck of cards.Let X be the number of aces obtained.Then the value of E(X) is

- 1) 37/221
- 2) 5/13
- 3) 1/13
- 4) 2/13

2 Solution

Total number of cards =52 with 4 aces,48 non-ace's and we need to select 2 cards so X can be 0,1 or 2

Let $A \in \{0,1\}$ represent the random variable, where 0 represents first card being an non ace, 1 represents first card being ace.

Let $B \in \{0, 1\}$ represent the random variable, where 0 represents second card being an non-ace, 1 represents second card being ace

Pr(A=0)	48/52	Pr(A=1)	4/52
$\Pr\left(B = 0 A = 0\right)$	47/51	$\Pr(B = 0 A = 1)$	48/51
$\Pr\left(B=1 A=0\right)$	4/51	$\Pr(B=1 A=1)$	3/51

if A=1 then 3 aces left and if A=0 then 4 aces left in remaining 51 cards

Case 1:
$$X = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = 0) = \Pr(A = 0, B = 0)$$

$$= \Pr(A = 0) \times \Pr(B = 0 | A = 0)$$

$$\Pr(X = 0) = \frac{48}{52} \times \frac{47}{51} = 188/221$$
(2.0.1)

Case 2: X = 1

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = 1) = \Pr(A = 1, B = 0) + \Pr(A = 0, B = 1)$$

$$\Pr(A = 1, B = 0) = \Pr(A = 1) \times \Pr(B = 0 | A = 1)$$

$$\Pr(A = 1, B = 0) = \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{48}{51} = \frac{16}{221}$$

$$Pr(A = 0, B = 1) = Pr(A = 0) \times Pr(B = 1|A = 0)$$

$$Pr(A = 0, B = 1) = \frac{48}{52} \times \frac{4}{51} = \frac{16}{221}$$

$$\implies Pr(X = 1) = \frac{16}{221} + \frac{16}{221} = \frac{32}{221}$$
(2.0.2)

Case 3: X = 2

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X = 2) = \Pr(A = 1, B = 1)$$

$$= \Pr(A = 1) \times \Pr(B = 1 | A = 1)$$

$$\Pr(X = 2) = \frac{4}{52} \times \frac{3}{51} = 1/221$$
(2.0.3)

Now we know that E(X) denotes the average or expectation value which means that E(X) is the weighted average of all values X can take, each value being weighted by the probability of that particular event/value of X occurring

i.e E(X) is given by

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=0}^{2} X \times \Pr(X)$$

X	0	1	2
Pr(X)	188/221	32/221	1/221
$X \times Pr(X)$	0	32/221	2/221

$$\implies E(X) = \frac{32+2}{221} = \frac{2}{13}$$

Final answer E(x) = 2/13 or option 4