```
In [226]: import numpy as np
    import scipy
    import math
    import scipy.signal
    from scipy import signal
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Problem 1b

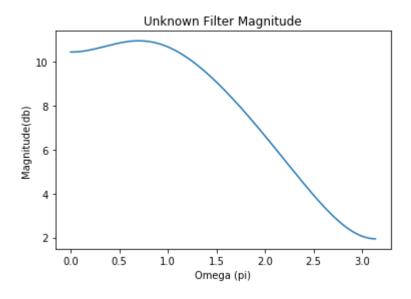
```
In [227]: d = np.array([0.8, 0.6, 0.5, 0.2, -0.3])
          x = np.array([1.0, 0.9, 0.9, 0.7, 0.6, 0.1, 0.1])
          delta = 0.05
          y = []
          error = []
          h0 = np.array([1/3, 1/3, 1/3])
          def hvalues(h, delta, error, x):
              h1 = h[0] + delta * error * x[2]
              h2 = h[1] + delta * error * x[1]
              h3 = h[2] + delta * error * x[0]
              hvalues = np.array([h1, h2, h3])
              return hvalues
          def findy(h, x):
              return x[2] * h[0] + x[1] * h[1] + x[0] * h[2]
          def error (d, y):
              return d - y
          y.append(findy(h0, x[0:3]))
          error1 = d[0] - y[0]
          print('The first iteration error is', error1)
          h1 = hvalues(h0, delta, error1, x[0:3])
          y.append(findy(h1, x[1:4]))
          error2 = d[1] - y[1]
          print('The second iteration error is', error2)
          h2 = hvalues(h1, delta, error2, x[1:4])
          y.append(findy(h2, x[2:5]))
          error3 = d[2] - y[2]
          print('The third iteration error is', error3)
```

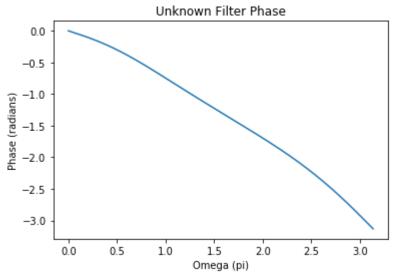
Problem 2

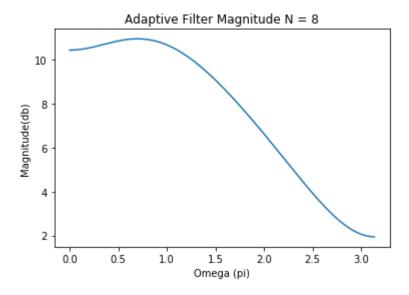
```
In [228]: # part a - generate input signals
          Nx = 1024
          x = np.zeros(Nx)
          for i in range(0, Nx):
              value = np.random.uniform(-2, 2)
              x[i] = value
          # part b - generate output signals
          A = np.array([1, -0.5, 0.1])
          B = np.array([1, 2, -1])
          d = scipy.signal.lfilter(B, A, x)
          Nd = len(d)
          # part c
          Nh8 = 8
          hn8 = np.zeros(8)
          for i in range(0, Nh8):
              value = np.random.uniform(0, 1)
              hn8[i] = value
          Nh16 = 16
          hn16 = np.zeros(Nh16)
          for i in range(0, Nh16):
              value = np.random.uniform(0, 1)
              hn16[i] = value
          Nh32 = 32
          hn32 = np.zeros(Nh32)
          for i in range(0, Nh32):
              value = np.random.uniform(0, 1)
              hn32[i] = value
          delta = 0.02
          y8 = np.zeros(Nh8 - 1)
          e8 = np.zeros(Nh8 - 1)
          y16 = np.zeros(Nh16 - 1)
          e16 = np.zeros(Nh16 - 1)
          y32 = np.zeros(Nh32 - 1)
          e32 = np.zeros(Nh32 - 1)
          for i in range(Nh8, Nx - 1):
              y_temp = signal.lfilter(hn8, 1, x[i - Nh8 : i])
              y8 = np.append(y8, y temp[-1])
              e8 = np.append(e8, d[i - 1] - y8[i - 1])
              hn8 = hn8 + (delta * e8[i - 1] * x[i - Nh8: i][::-1])
          for i in range(Nh16, Nx - 1):
              y_temp = signal.lfilter(hn16, 1, x[i - Nh16 : i])
              y16 = np.append(y16, y temp[-1])
              e16 = np.append(e16, d[i - 1] - y16[i - 1])
              hn16 = hn16 + (delta * e16[i - 1] * x[i - Nh16: i][::-1])
          for i in range(Nh32, Nx - 1):
              y temp = signal.lfilter(hn32, 1, x[i - Nh3 : i])
```

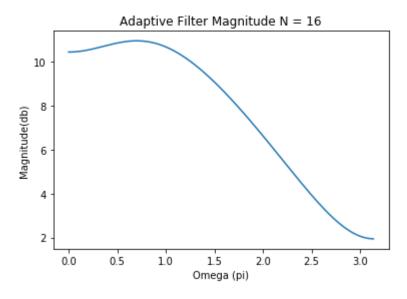
```
y32 = np.append(y32, y temp[-1])
    e32 = np.append(e32, d[i - 1] - y32[i - 1])
    hn32 = hn32 + (delta * e32[i - 1] * x[i - Nh32: i][::-1])
#part d
w, h = scipy.signal.freqz(b, a)
Hz phase = np.angle(h)
Hz_db = 20 * np.log10(np.abs(h))
plt.title('Unknown Filter Magnitude')
plt.ylabel('Magnitude(db)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
plt.plot(w, Hz db)
plt.show()
plt.title('Unknown Filter Phase')
plt.ylabel('Phase (radians)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
plt.plot(w, Hz phase)
plt.show()
plt.title('Adaptive Filter Magnitude N = 8')
plt.ylabel('Magnitude(db)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
wn8, hn_8 = scipy.signal.freqz(hn1, [1])
Hn db8 = 20 * np.log10(np.abs(hn f8))
plt.plot(wn8, Hn db8)
plt.show()
plt.title('Adaptive Filter Magnitude N = 16')
plt.ylabel('Magnitude(db)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
wn16, hn 16 = scipy.signal.freqz(hn2, [1])
Hn db16 = 20 * np.log10(np.abs(hn f16))
plt.plot(wn16, Hn db16)
plt.show()
plt.title('Adaptive Fikter Magnitude N = 32')
plt.ylabel('Magnitude(db)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
wn32, hn 32 = scipy.signal.freqz(hn3, [1])
Hn db32 = 20 * np.log10(np.abs(hn f32))
plt.plot(wn32, Hn_db32)
plt.show()
plt.title('Adaptive Filter Phase, N = 8')
plt.ylabel('Phase (radians)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
plt.plot(wn, np.angle(hn_8))
plt.show()
plt.title('Adaptive Filter Phase, N = 16')
plt.ylabel('Phase (radians)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
plt.plot(wn, np.angle(hn_16))
plt.show()
```

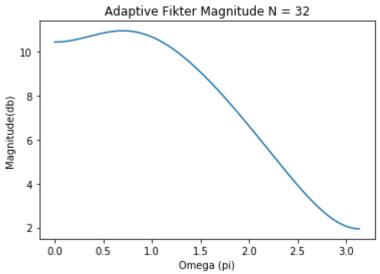
```
plt.title('Adaptive Filter Phase, N = 32')
plt.ylabel('Phase (radians)')
plt.xlabel('Omega (pi)')
plt.plot(wn, np.angle(hn_32))
plt.show()
plt.title('Error Plot N = 8')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e8)
plt.show()
plt.title('Error Plot N = 16')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e16)
plt.show()
plt.title('Error Plot N = 32')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e32)
plt.show()
```

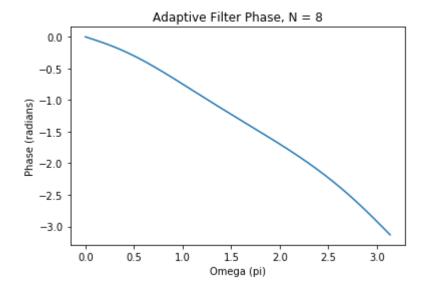


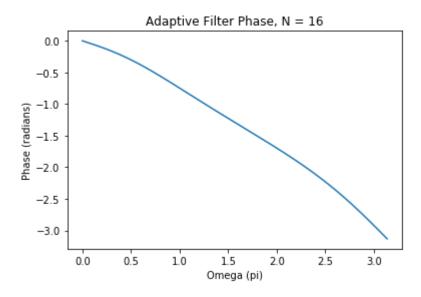


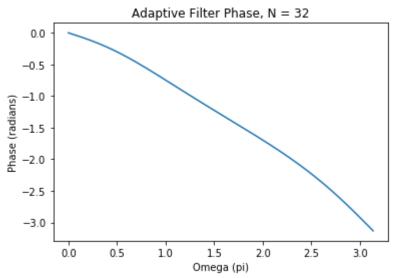


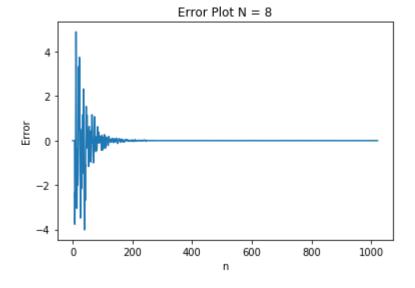


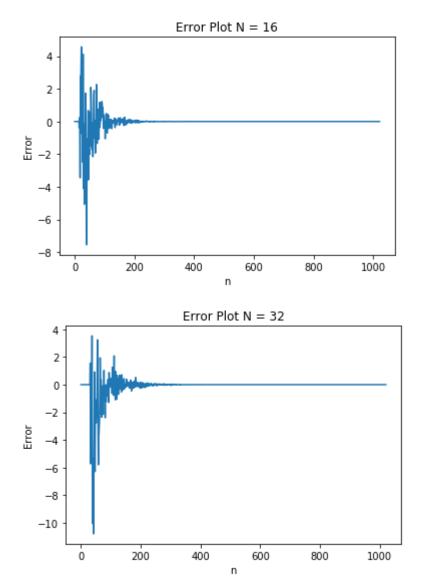












As N increases, I noticed that the error functions take slightly longer to converge. Showing that there is slightly more error as you increase N. However, all adaptive filters have the same general form as the unknown filter.

Problem 3

```
In [229]: def lms(x, d, hn):
              delta = 0.0001
              delay = 1
              Nx = len(x)
              Nh = len(hn)
              W = []
              w.append(hn)
              s_hat = np.zeros(Nh)
              e = np.zeros(Nh)
              for i in range(Nh + delay, Nx - 1):
                  sn = signal.lfilter(hn, 1, x[i - Nh : i])
                  s_hat = np.append(s_hat, sn[-1])
                  e = np.append(e, x[i - 1] - s_hat[i - 1])
                  hn = hn + (delta * e[i - 1] * x[i - Nh : i][: : -1])
                  w.append(hn)
              return s_hat[Nh:], e[Nh:], np.asarray(w)
```

```
In [230]: def generatehn(Nh):
    array = np.zeros(Nh)
    for i in range(0, Nh):
        array[i] = np.random.uniform(-1, 1)
    return array
```

```
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```

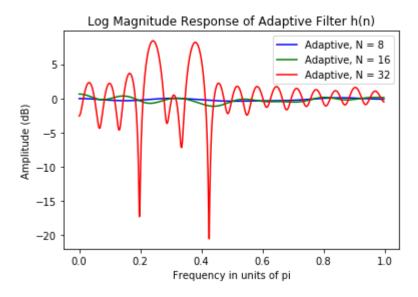
```
In [232]: # part a
           Ns = 4096
           w = np.zeros(Ns)
           for i in range(0, Ns):
               value = np.random.uniform(-5, 5)
               w[i] = value
           n = np.arange(Ns)
           s = 20 * np.sin(0.3 * np.pi * n)
           X = W + S
           # part b
           hn8 = generatehn(8)
           s8, e8final, w8 = lms(x, 'x', hn8)
           hn16 = generatehn(16)
           s16, e16final, w16 = lms(x, 'x', hn16)
           hn32 = generatehn(32)
           s32, e32final, w32 = lms(x, 'x', hn32)
           # part c
           \#resulting adaptive filter h(n)
           adapt8w, adapt8h = signal.freqz(w8[-1], 1)
           adapt8phase = np.unwrap(np.angle(adapt8h))
           adapt16w, adapt16h = signal.freqz(w16[-1], 1)
           adapt16phase = np.unwrap(np.angle(adapt16h))
           adapt32w, adapt32h = signal.freqz(w32[-1], 1)
           adapt32phase = np.unwrap(np.angle(adapt32h))
           plt.plot(adapt8w / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(adapt8h)), 'b', label='Adaptiv
           e, N = 8')
           plt.plot(adapt16w / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(adapt16h)), 'g', label='Adapti
           ve, N = 16')
           plt.plot(adapt32w / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(adapt32h)), 'r', label='Adapti
           ve, N = 32')
           plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
           plt.ylabel('Amplitude (dB)')
           plt.title("Log Magnitude Response of Adaptive Filter h(n)")
           plt.legend()
           plt.show()
           plt.plot(adapt8w / np.pi, adapt8phase, 'b', label='Adaptive, N = 8')
           plt.plot(adapt16w / np.pi, adapt16phase, 'g', label='Adaptive, N = 16')
plt.plot(adapt32w / np.pi, adapt32phase, 'r', label='Adaptive, N = 32')
           plt.title('Phase Resposne of Adaptive Filter h(n)')
           plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
           plt.ylabel('Angle (radians)')
           plt.legend()
           plt.show()
           #sinusoidal signal s(n)
           w = np.linspace(0, np.pi, Ns)
```

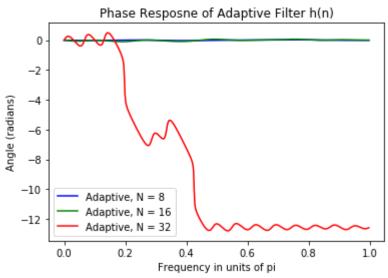
```
h = np.fft.fft(s)
h = np.fft.fftshift(h)
plt.plot(w / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(abs(h)))
plt.title('Frequency response of s(n)')
plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude (dB)')
plt.show()
plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
plt.ylabel('Angle (radians)')
plt.plot(w / np.pi, np.unwrap(np.angle(h)))
plt.show()
#adaptive filter s hat(n)
s8w, s8h = signal.freqz(s8, 1)
s16w, s16h = signal.freqz(s16, 1)
s32w, s32h = signal.freqz(s32, 1)
s8phase = np.angle(s8h)
s16phase = np.angle(s16h)
s32phase = np.angle(s32h)
w8 = np.linspace(0, np.pi, len(s8w))
w16 = np.linspace(0, np.pi, len(s16w))
w32 = np.linspace(0, np.pi, len(s32w))
plt.plot(w8 / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(s8h)), 'b', label='Adaptive, N = 8')
plt.plot(w16 / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(s16h)), 'g', label='Adaptive, N = 1
6')
plt.plot(w32 / np.pi, 20 * np.log10(np.abs(s32h)), 'r', label='Adaptive, N = 3
2')
plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
plt.ylabel('Amplitude (dB)')
plt.title("Log Magnitude Response of Output s hat(n)")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
plt.plot(w8 / np.pi, s8phase, 'b', label='Adaptive, N = 8')
plt.plot(w16 / np.pi, s16phase, 'g', label='Adaptive, N = 16')
plt.plot(w32 / np.pi, s32phase, 'r', label='Adaptive, N = 32')
plt.title('Phase Response of Output s hat(n)')
plt.xlabel('Frequency in units of pi')
plt.ylabel('Angle (radians)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
#error
plt.title('Error of N = 8')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e8final)
plt.show()
plt.title('Error of N = 16')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e16final)
```

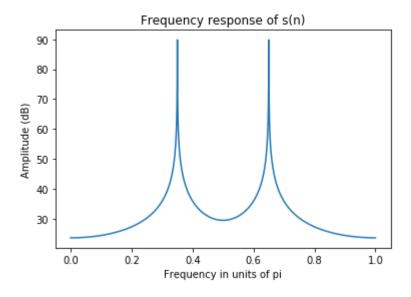
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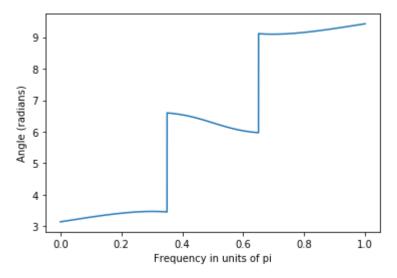
```
plt.show()

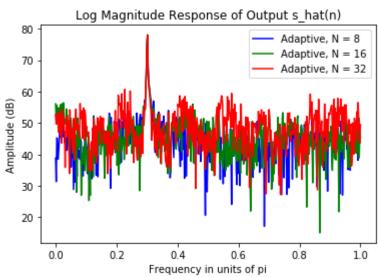
plt.title('Error of N = 32')
plt.xlabel('n')
plt.ylabel('Error')
plt.plot(e32final)
plt.show()
```

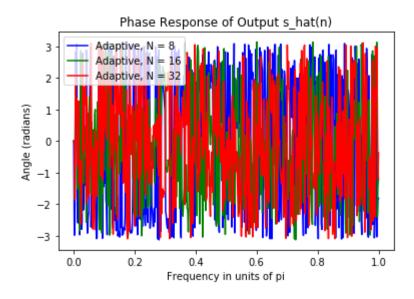


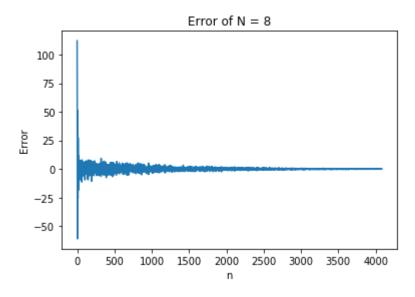


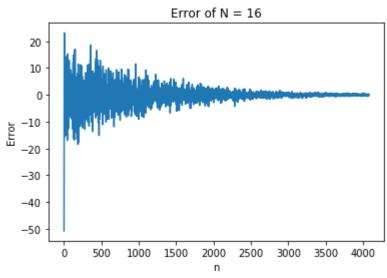


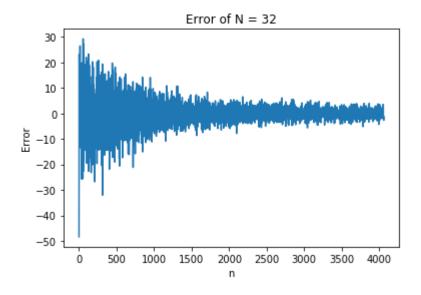












In []: