CE5045 Embedded System Design

Embedded Operating System Introduction

https://github.com/tychen-NCU/EMBS-NCU

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Computer Science & Information Engineering

Schema

- ➤ What is an Embedded Operating System?
 - ✓ The Requirements of Embedded O.S.
- ➤ O.S. for Embedded System
 - ✓ Windows Embedded
 - ✓ Embedded Linux
 - ✓ Other Embedded O.S.
- ➤ How to Get Started with Embedded System

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What is an Embedded O.S.?

- ➤ A generic operating system
 - ✓ Process management
 - ✓ Memory management
 - ✓ I/O device management
 - ✓ Network management
 - ✓ Secondary storage management
 - ✓ Security















Characteristics of Embedded O.S.

- ➤ An embedded operating system usually has...
 - ✓ Real-time operation
 - ✓ Reactive operation (event driven)
 - ✓ Configurability
 - ✓ I/O device flexibility
 - ✓ Streamlined protection mechanisms
 - ✓ Direct use of interrupts

















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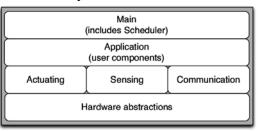




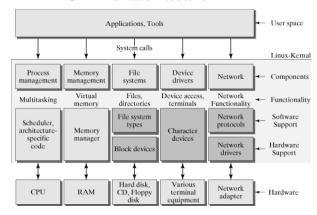


- > Definition of Embedded O.S.
 - ✓ A simple operating system designed for embedded systems

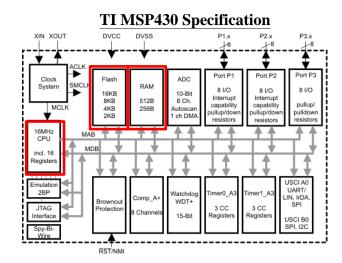
Tiny O.S. architecture

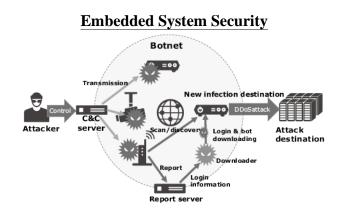


GP Linux architecture



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 - ✓ Resource efficiency and reliability





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 - ✓ Resource efficiency and reliability
 - ✓ Time constraint

Hard real-time embedded system



Soft real-time embedded system



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Hard real-time embedded system

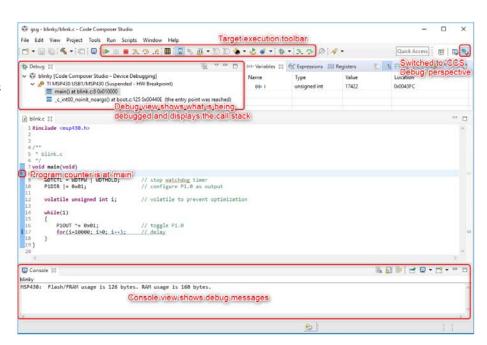


Soft real-time embedded system



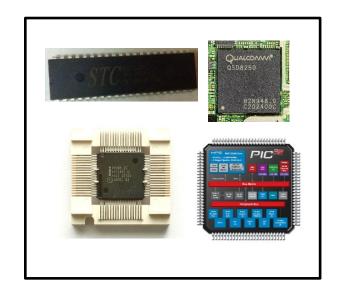
Difference: Penalty

- > Definition of Embedded O.S.
 - ✓ A simple operating system designed for embedded systems
 - ✓ Resource efficiency and reliability
 - ✓ Time constraint
 - ✓ Generally written in the C language



- > Embedded systems can be classified based on
 - ✓ Performance and functional requirement
 - ✓ Performance of microcontroller

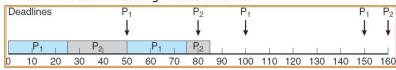




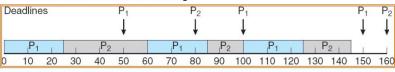
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 - Real-time embedded systems: Hard real-time and soft real-time
 - Stand alone embedded systems
 - Networked embedded systems
 - Mobile embedded systems
 - ✓ Performance of microcontroller

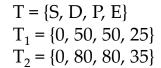


Rate-monotonic scheduling: misses deadlines

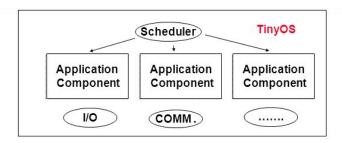


Earliest-Deadline-First scheduling:





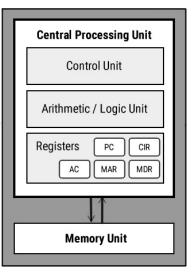
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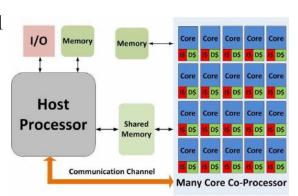


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 - 8-bit controller (a single chip microcontroller): Intel 8051
 - 16-bit controller: Intel 8096 and PIC 24
 - 32-bit controller: ARM and PIC 32
 - Heterogeneous SoC



Von Neumann

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Developing an Embedded O.S.

- ➤ How to build an embedded operating system?
 - ✓ Take an existing O.S. and adapt it for the embedded application.
 - Design and implement an O.S. intended solely for embedded use

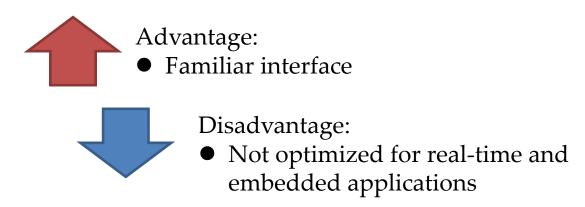






Adapting an Existing O.S.

- ➤ An existing commercial OS can be used for an embedded system by adding:
 - ✓ Real time capability
 - ✓ Streamlining operation
 - ✓ Adding necessary functionality



- ➤ Common version Windows 10
 - ✓ Easy of use: Friendly graphic user interface
 - ✓ Available software
 - ✓ Support for new hardware
 - ✓ Plug & Play



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- ➤ But for embedded system?
 - ✓ High resource requirements



- ➤ Long time ago...
 - ✓ DOS
 - The most famous one: MS-DOS by created by Tim Paterson
 - 16 bits O.S.
 - Single user and single task
 - Application: LED billboard and industry control





- > Embedded Windows Family
 - ✓ Products:
 - Windows Embedded Standard, Windows Embedded Compact, Windows Embedded Enterprise, Windows Embedded POSReady
 - ✓ Support CPU: x86, ARM, MIPS, ...etc
 - ✓ Development tool: Visual studio and windows IoT emulator [link]

Microsoft's OEM Device Solution The Opportunity The Focus The Solution Consistent PCs/ Slates Experience Windows Phone Experience Billions DC Consumer Excursion Management Windows Phone Experience Industry & Category Solutions Auto Handhald Connected Media Devices Point of Service Thin Clients To's Billions TO's B



What's Linux

- > Definition of Linux
 - ✓ Linux is the kernel developed and maintained by Linus Torvalds
 - Based on the Linux kernel, there are many different distributions
 - Linux Kernel includes
 - Controls all hardware
 - Provides core system facilities
 - Manages system through its lifecycle (next reboot)
 - Provides higherlevel abstractions to software







> Embedded Linux doesn't exist



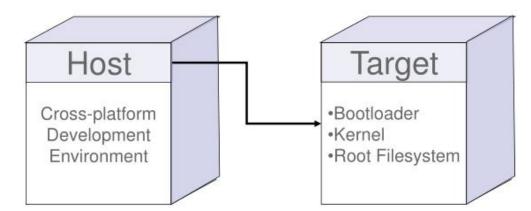
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 - ✓ There is no specific kernel for embedded systems
 - ✓ There are, nevertheless, customized kernels specially configured / customized for specific embedded hardware configurations.

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- ➤ What does exist:
 - ✓ Embedded Linux system
 - An embedded system running the Linux kernel
 - Userspace tools & configuration likely to be very different from desktop (uClibc instead of glibc, BusyBox instead of coreutils, etc.)

Cross Compiler

- A key differentiator between desktop/server and embedded Linux distributions is that desktop and server software is typically compiled on the platform where it will execute
- ➤ Embedded Linux distributions are usually compiled on one platform but are intended to be executed on another
 - ✓ The software used for this purpose is referred to as a cross-compiler

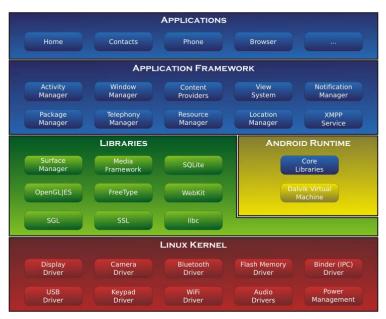


Advantages of Embedded Linux System

- > The strengths of an embedded Linux system include
 - ✓ Vendor independence
 - ✓ Varied hardware support
 - ✓ Low cost
 - ✓ Open source

Based on Linux Kernel

- ➤ Android mobile system
 - ✓ Focus of Android lies in the vertical integration of the Linux kernel and the Android user-space components.



Purpose-Built Embedded O.S.

- > Typical characteristics include:
 - ✓ Fast and lightweight process or thread switch
 - ✓ Scheduling policy is real time and dispatcher module is part of scheduler
 - ✓ Small size
 - ✓ Responds to external interrupts quickly
 - ✓ Provides fixed or variable-sized partitions for memory management
 - ✓ Provides special sequential files that can accumulate data at a fast rate

Other Embedded O.S.

- > VxWorks
 - ✓ Created by WindRiver
 - ✓ Support CPU: x86, i960, MIPS, PowerPC
 - ✓ Popularly use in embedded systems
 - ✓ GNU compiler and debugger
 - ✓ Hard real-time

Starting application at 0x4010100000 ...



Board: Wind River Dev Kit Mr CPU Count: 8 OS Memory Size: 1899MB ED&R Policy Mode: Deployed

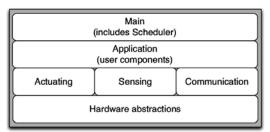
Adding 5290 symbols for standalone.

[vxWorks]# i

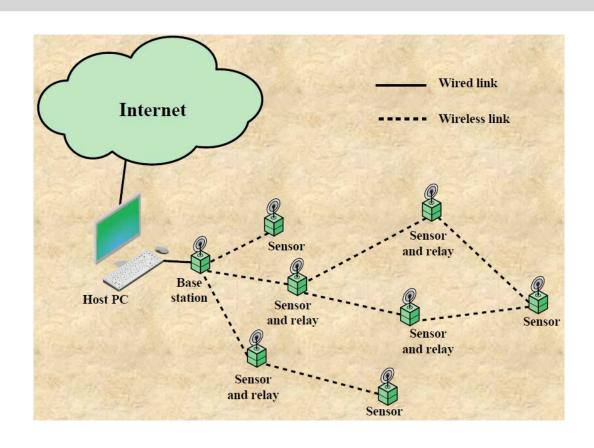
NAME	TID	PRI	STATUS	PC	ERRNO	CPU #
tJobTask	40104cdbc0	0	PEND	401020c83c	0	_
tExcTask	40102a073c	0	PEND	401020c83c	0	_
tLogTask	40104d01d8	0	PEND	401020b0f0	0	-
tShell0	40105c1d30	1	READY	4010215e08	0	0
ipcom_tick>		20	PEND	401020c83c	0	-
tvxdbgTask	401057dc20	25	PEND	401020c83c	0	-
tNet0	40104d3b78	50	PEND	401020c2b4	0	-
ipcom_sys1>	40104c9810	50	PEND	401020d3d4	0	-
tNetConf	40105a6e40	50	PEND	401020c83c	0	_
miiBusMoni>	40104d5e08	252	DELAY	4010215640	0	_
ipcom_egd	4010583c20	255	DELAY	4010215640	0	_
tIdleTask0	40102a2fb0	287	READY	401020c004	0	-
tIdleTask1	40102a7220	287	READY	401020c00c	0	1.
tIdleTask2	40102ab490	287	READY	401020c004	0	2
tIdleTask3	40102afb20	287	READY	401020c004	0	3
tIdleTask4	40102b1700	287	READY	401020c004	0	4
tIdleTask5	40102b2440	287	READY	401020c004	0	5
tIdleTask6	40102a4620	287	READY	401020c004	0	6
tIdleTask7	40102a4860	287	READY	401020c004	0	7
[vxWorks]#						

Other Embedded O.S.

- > Tiny O.S.
 - ✓ Streamlines to a very minimal OS for embedded systems
 - ✓ Core OS requires 400 bytes of code and data memory combined
 - ✓ Not a real-time OS
 - ✓ There is no kernel
 - ✓ There are no processes
 - ✓ OS doesn't have a memory allocation system
 - ✓ Interrupt and exception handling is dependent on the peripheral
 - ✓ It is completely nonblocking, so there are few explicit synchronization primitives
 - ✓ Has become a popular approach to implementing wireless sensor network software



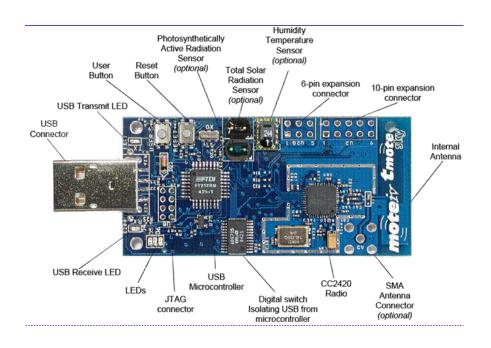
Networked Embedded System



Embedded Platform for TinyO.S.

- > Tmote sky
 - ✓ 8MHz Texas Instruments MSP430 microcontroller
 - ✓ 10k RAM, 48k Flash
 - ✓ 250kbps 2.4GHz IEEE 802.15.4



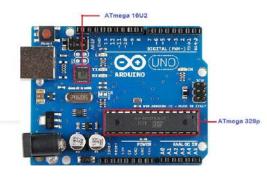


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Arduino Platform

- > Arduino R3 UNO
 - ✓ Microcontroller : ATmega328p (20 MIPS at 20MHz)
 - ✓ Operating Voltage : 5V
 - ✓ Input Voltage (recommended) : 7-12V
 - ✓ Input Voltage (limits) : 6-20V
 - ✓ Digital I/O Pins : 14
 - ✓ Analog Input Pins : 6
 - ✓ Flash Memory: 32 KB (ATmega328) of which 0.5 KB used by bootloader SRAM 2 KB (ATmega328)
 - ✓ EEPROM : 1 KB (ATmega328)
 - ✓ Development tool: https://www.arduino.cc/en/main/software



Arduino Development Env.

```
Blink | Arduino 1.8.5
                                                                                   Ø.
  Blink §
 This example code is in the public domain.
 http://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Blink
// the setup function runs once when you press reset or power the board
void setup() {
 // initialize digital pin LED_BUILTIN as an output.
 pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
// the loop function runs over and over again forever
void loop() {$
 digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH); // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage level)
 delay(1000);
                                   // wait for a second
 digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW); // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
 delay(1000);
                                    // wait for a second
```

If You Do Not Have Embedded Devices

- > Virtual machine is a good helper
 - ✓ A **virtual machine**, known as a guest, is created within a computing environment, called a host.







Why Virtual Machine





Virtual Machine

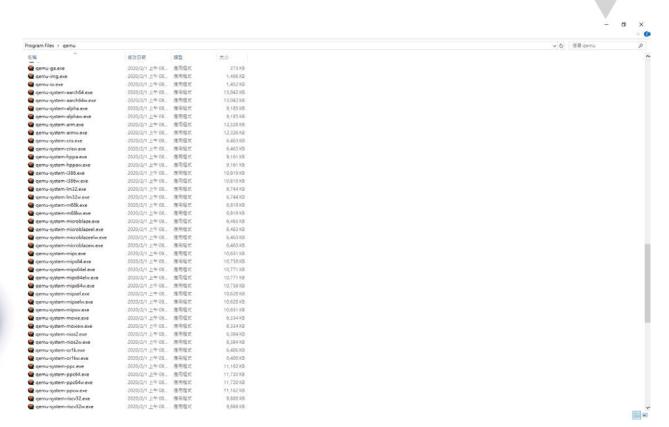
- > System VM
 - ✓ Provide an environment for executing an OS.
 - ✓ Does hardware virtualization
- > Process VM
 - ✓ Executing a single process

Why QEMU

Only for X86 Platform

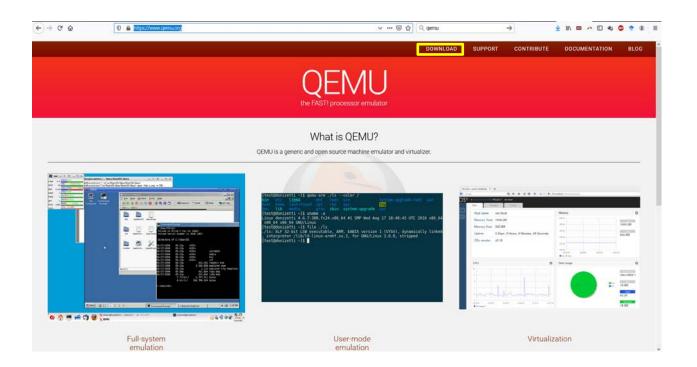






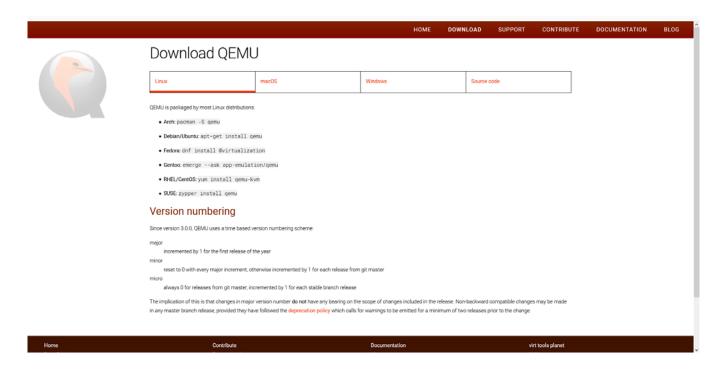
How to Get QEMU

➤ Go to https://www.qemu.org/



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Using QEMU for Embedded Systems

- ➤ Thank to the QEMU developers
 - ✓ Compiling QEMU for ARM

```
$ tar -zxvf qemu-0.14.0.tar.gz
$ cd qemu-0.14.0
$ ./configure -target-list=arm-softmmu
$ make
$ su
# make install
```

- ✓ You will have two output binaries: qemu-arm and qemu-system-arm
 - qemu-arm is for ARM binary file execution
 - qemu-system-arm is to boot the ARM OS
- ✓ Get ARM tool-chain from <u>here</u>
- ✓ Refer to this <u>website</u> for more...

Summary

- > In this lecture, we learn ...
 - ✓ The definition of embedded O.S.
 - ✓ Some real-time scheduling methods
 - ✓ The system architecture of embedded O.S.
 - ✓ A brief introduction to Android system
 - ✓ How to get started with embedded system