Homework 12 Ty Darnell

Problem 1

WTS: For any r.v. X, if g(x) is a convex function, then: $Eg(X) \ge g(EX)$ Let g(x) be a convex function Suppose a+bx is a line tangent to g(x) at x=EXand g(x)>a+bx except at x=EXThen Eg(X)>g(EX) unless P(X=EX)=1

Problem 2

(a)

$$\begin{split} f_{XY}(x,y) &= \left(2\pi\sigma_X\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}\right)^{-1} \\ &* \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}\left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\} \\ f_X(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{XY}(x,y) \ dy \\ \text{Let } z &= \frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y} \quad dy = \sigma_Y dz \quad v = \frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X} \\ f_X(x) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_X\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}\left[v^2 - 2\rho vz + z^2\right]\right\} \sigma_Y \ dz \\ &= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}\right)}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}\left[-2\rho vz + z^2\right]\right\} \ dz \\ &= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}\right)}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}\left[(z-\rho v)^2 - \rho^2 v^2\right]\right\} \ dz \\ &= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}\right)}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}\left[(z-\rho v)^2 - \rho^2 v^2\right]\right\} \ dz \\ &= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{v^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}\right)}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(\frac{-\rho^2 v^2}{2(1-\rho^2)}\right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}(z-\rho v)^2\right\} \ dz \\ &= \frac{e^{-v^2/2}}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)}(z-\rho v)^2\right\} \ dz \end{split}$$

Since the integrand is the $N(\rho v, 1 - \rho^2)$ we have:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{e^{-v^2/2}}{2\pi\sigma_X\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{1-\rho^2}$$

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$$= \frac{e^{-v^2/2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_X}$$

$$f_X(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_X} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu_X)^2}{2\sigma_X^2}\right)$$
Which is the $N(\mu_X, \sigma_X^2)$ pdf

(b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{WTS: } f(Y|X)(y|x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{1-\rho^2}\sigma_Y} e^{\frac{-\left[y-\mu_Y-(\rho\sigma_Y/\sigma_X)(x-\mu_X)\right]^2}{2\sigma_Y^2(1-\rho^2)}} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_X\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_X} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu_X)^2}{2\sigma_X^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{\exp\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\}}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu_X)^2}{2\sigma_X^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right] + \frac{(x-\mu_X)^2}{2\sigma_X^2}\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - (1-\rho^2)\frac{(x-\mu_X)^2}{\sigma_X^2} - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\rho^2\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)^2 - 2\rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) - \rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) + \left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right)^2\right]\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) - \rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\right]^2\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2\sigma_Y^2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) - \rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\right]^2\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} e^{\left\{-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left[\left(\frac{y-\mu_Y}{\sigma_Y}\right) - \rho\left(\frac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}\right)\right]^2\right\}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_Y\sqrt{1-\rho^2}}$$

(c)