

BIOSTATISTICS 667 (Fall 2019)
Homework 5

1. This question relates to the issue of “adjusting for baseline”. Suppose that, in a longitudinal study, “group” is coded as $x_i = 0$ or $x_i = 1$. The index i is for subjects. The response vector $(Y_{i1}, Y_{i2})^\top$ is distributed as multivariate normal. In group 0 ($x_i = 0$) the mean vector is $(50, 40)^\top$ and the covariance matrix is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & 10 \\ 10 & 30 \end{bmatrix}.$$

In group 1 ($x_i = 1$) the mean vector is $(50, 30)^\top$ and the covariance matrix is

$$\begin{bmatrix} 40 & 20 \\ 20 & 30 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Define $D_i = Y_{i2} - Y_{i1}$.

- (a) Does this seem to be a randomized study? Why?
- (b) Compute α_1 and α_2 in

$$E[D_i; x_i] = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 x_i.$$

Also compute $\text{var}(D_i; x_i)$ within each group.

- (c) Interpret α_2 .
- (d) Obtain the equation for $E[D_i|Y_{i1}; x_i]$ separately for each group.
- (e) Write the two equations as a single equation.
- (f) Write a single equation for $E[Y_{i2}|Y_{i1}; x_i]$.
- (g) Is $\text{var}(Y_{i2}|Y_{i1}; x_i) = \text{var}(D_i|Y_{i1}; x_i)$?
- (h) Explain whether the “parallel lines” (no interaction) assumption holds or not.
- (i) If the model

$$E[D_i|Y_{i1}; x_i] = \beta_1 + \beta_2 x_i + \beta_3 Y_{i1}$$

is estimated using OLS, will the estimator of β_2 be an unbiased estimator of α_2 ?

- (j) Compute $\text{var}(D_i|Y_{i1}; x_i)$ within each group.
- (k) If the two groups are of equal size, estimate the efficiency gain brought about by adjusting for the baseline.

2. Describe and explain what program “iml04.sas” does.

3. TBA