

2017 2e

$$S(t) = P(Y_1 > T) = \exp(-t/\beta) \text{ (from part b)}$$

$$\text{Let } \tau\beta = \exp(-t/\beta) = S(t)$$

WTS: $E(V_1|U)$ is an unbiased estimator of $S(t)$

$$E(E(V_1|U)) = E(V_1)$$

$$E(V_1) = S(t) \text{ from part c}$$

$$\text{Thus } E(E(V_1|U)) = S(t)$$

Therefore $E(V_1|U)$ is an unbiased estimator of $S(t)$

$$\text{WTS } U = \sum Y_i \text{ is a css for } \beta$$

$$f_y(y|\beta) = \beta^{-n} \exp\left(-\sum Y_i/\beta\right), y > 0, \beta > 0$$

$$h(x) = I(y > 0) \quad c(\beta) = \beta^{-n}$$

$$w(\beta) = -1/\beta \quad t(x) = \sum Y_i$$

Thus $f(y|\beta) = h(x)c(\beta) \exp(w(\beta)t(x))$, $0 < \beta < \infty$

$$T(x) = \sum Y_i = U \text{ is complete because:}$$

$$\{w(\beta) : \beta \in (0, \infty)\} \text{ contains an open set in } R^1$$

$$w(\beta) = -1/\beta, \beta > 0 = (-\infty, 0) \text{ in } R^{-1} \text{ (the range contains an open set in } R^1)$$

We have: V_1 an unbiased estimator of $\tau(\beta) = S(t)$, U a CSS for β

Thus by lehmann-scheffe thm $E(V_1|U)$ is the UMVUE for $\tau(\beta) = S(t)$