

"Improving Impact-Based Seasonal Outlooks for South Central Texas"

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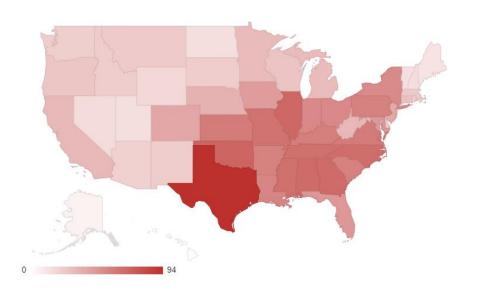
Outline

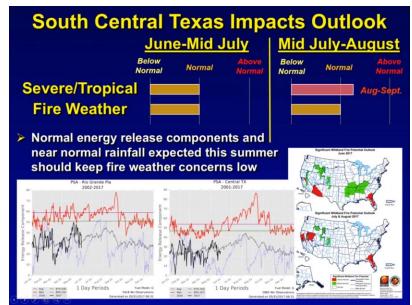
- Motivations
- Objectives
- Background
- Severe Weather
- River and Flash Flooding
- Fire Weather
- Winter Weather
- Summary
- Next Steps
- Acknowledgements
- Works Cited



Motivations

- As of July 7, 2017, Texas leads the U.S. in CPI-Adjusted Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters
 - Record drought and subsequent flooding, most catastrophic wildfires and costliest hailstorm in state history since 2010
- Beginning fall 2015, EWX produced quarterly seasonal outlooks for stakeholders to inform potential for upcoming season to be above normal, near normal, or below normal







Objectives

- Verification Indices for:
 - Severe Weather
 - River and Flash Flooding
 - Fire Weather
 - Winter Weather
- Subjective vs. Objective forecasting
- Comparison of Subjective, Objective Hindcasts
 - Modified Heidke Skill Score
 - Ranked Probability Score



Background

- Separation into winter (DJF), spring (MAM), summer (JJA), fall (SON)
- One report day considered to be 12Z to 12Z the next day
 - Fire dataset did not have time listed, report day simply by date
- List all relevant co-collaborators, i.e. other students, your mentors and co-mentors, etc.
- Describe the approach or methodology
 - What assumptions were made
 - What is the anticipated outcome



Severe Weather

- Climatology: 1981-2010
 - Dataset obtained from NCEI Storm Events Database
- Indicators:
 - Occurrence
 - Number of reports
 - Number of days with a report
 - Total rainfall
 - Total tornado path length
 - Severity
 - · Maximum tornado width
 - Maximum reported hail diameter
 - Maximum reported non-tornadic wind magnitude
 - Impacts
 - · Fatalities, Injuries blend



River and Flash Flooding

- Climatology: 1981-2010
 - 1981-1995 compiled using storm events publications, office E-5s
 - 1996-2010 compiled using storm events database
- Indicators:
 - Occurrence
 - Number of reports
 - Number of days with a report
 - Total CWA rainfall
 - Severity
 - Maximum 1 day rainfall
 - Maximum 2 day rainfall
 - Impacts
 - Fatalities, Injuries blend
 - Number of times selected river gages went above moderate flood stage



Fire Weather

- Climatology: 2000-2014
 - Dataset obtained from Texas State Fire Marshal's Office
 - Dataset goes back to 1982, no reported acres burned 1982-1999
- Indicators:
 - Occurrence
 - Number of fire reports
 - Number of days with a fire report
 - Total CWA rainfall
 - Severity
 - Total acres burned
 - Keetch-Bynum Drought Index (spring, summer); number of dry frontal passages (fall, winter)
 - Average maximum temperature?
 - Impacts
 - Fatalities, Injuries blend



Winter Weather

- Climatology: 1981-2010
 - 1981-1996 compiled using storm events publications
 - 1996-2010 compiled using storm events database
- Indicators:
 - Occurrence
 - Number of reports
 - Number of days with a report
 - Severity
 - Maximum 1 day snowfall
 - Maximum 2 day snowfall
 - Number of days below freezing?
 - Impacts
 - Fatalities, Injuries blend



Summary

Summarize your project and results.



Next Steps

- James Bruce Morehead Award at OU
 - Expand to individual states, Southern Plains
 - Integration into experimental developments of seasonal severe weather forecasts made by the SPC and CPC
 - Meeting with WFO DTW to discuss application of winter weather process to regions with more experience
- Use PRISM gridded data to eliminate assumptions made in using climate divisions
- Add downriver streamflow as an indicator to river flooding
- Expansion to WFOs across the U.S. in 2021



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 NOAA National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) U.S. Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters (2017). https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/billions/