# Group 12:

Pragmatic Projects - Web-scale Data Management / Flask - CockroachDB

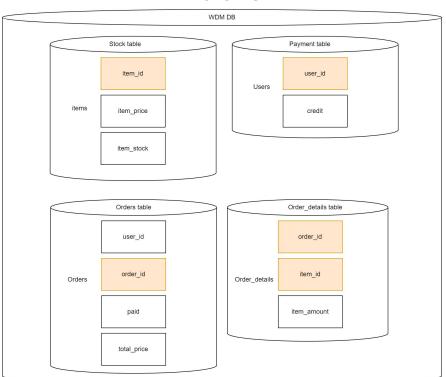
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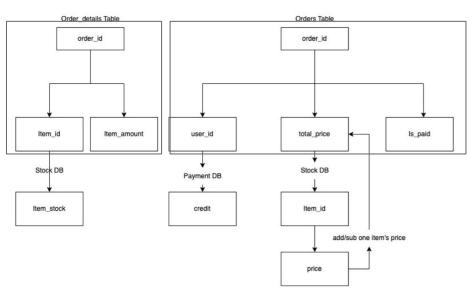
### Database Design



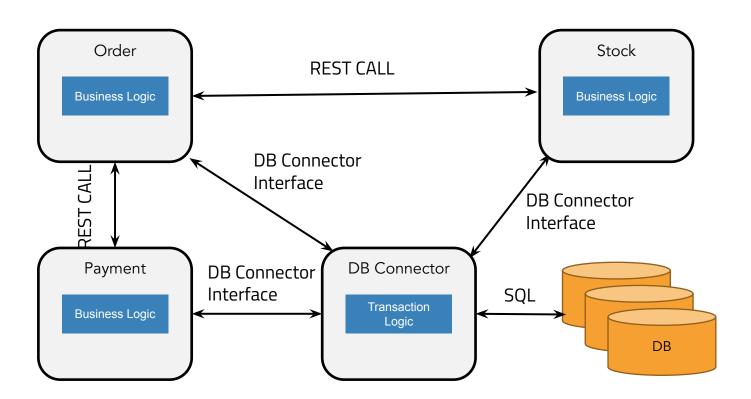
#### Overview



#### Order & Order\_details example

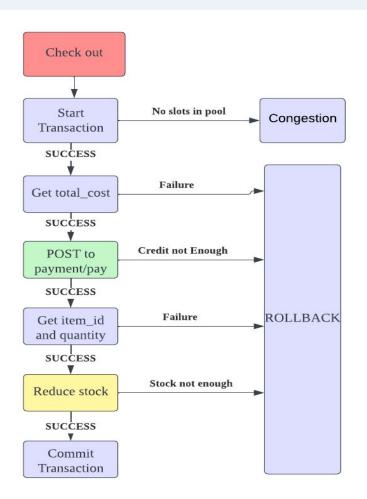


# System Architecture Design



#### **Transaction Design**

- For requests involving single service:
  - Send SQL to DB directly
- For requests involving multiple services:
  - Start a transaction
  - Commit when all requirements are met
  - Otherwise rollback



# Scalability

- 1. K8s auto-scale
- Manual adjustment of memory in K8s(limited hardware resource)
- 3. Use connection pool of database

#### Performance & Availability & Fault tolerance

- 1. Load balancing in ingress service of K8s
- 2. Automatic restart of failed microservices in Kubernetes
- 3. Replica Service for Order
- Failure recovery in CockroachDB ensures strong consistency across replicas (Raft Consensus protocol)

### Consistency

- We implemented 0 inconsistency
- CockroachDB transaction prevents dirty write/read (isolation transaction)
- 3. Executing rollback when errors occur during

execution.

```
INFO - 08:46:24 - populate - Items created

INFO - 08:46:24 - populate - Creating users ...

INFO - 08:48:13 - populate - Users created

INFO - 08:48:13 - Consistency test - Databases populated

INFO - 08:48:13 - Stress - Creating orders...

INFO - 08:49:25 - stress - Orders created ...

INFO - 08:49:25 - stress - Orders created ...

INFO - 08:50:19 - stress - Concurrent checkouts finished...

INFO - 08:50:19 - Consistency test - Load test completed

INFO - 08:50:19 - verify - Stock service inconsistencies in the logs: 0

INFO - 08:50:26 - verify - Payment service inconsistencies in the database: 0

INFO - 08:50:26 - verify - Payment service inconsistencies in the database: 0.0

INFO - 08:50:26 - Consistency test - Consistency evaluation completed
```

#### Stress test result

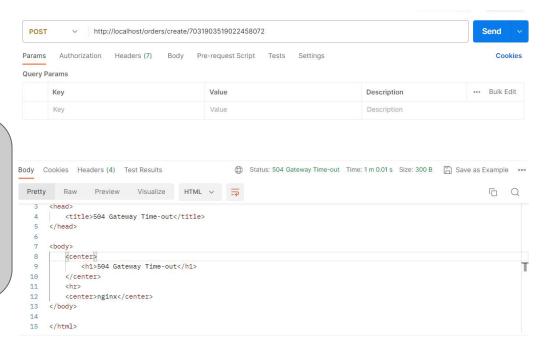
#### Withitholow users and 5000 by a wate achieved the following result:

LC	DCUST									localhost	STOPPED RP	7.4 FAILURES
tatistics	Charts Failures Exceptions Current rati	io Download Data										
Туре	Name	# Requests	# Fails	Median (ms)	90%ile (ms)	99%ile (ms)	Average (ms)	Min (ms)	Max (ms)	Average size (bytes)	Current RPS	Current Failures
POST	/orders/addItem/[order_id]/[item_id]	14832	102	15000	65000	70000	32978	10080	73334	155	20.5	
POST	/orders/checkout/[order_id]	9752	2058	15000	65000	70000	29545	5137	73400	160	11.8	2
POST	/orders/create/[user_id]	10379	9531	15000	65000	70000	34935	85	73419	150	3.9	3
DELETE	/orders/removeItem/[order_id]/[item_id]	1757	0	15000	180000	180000	56526	10154	180377	160	3.3	
POST	/payment/add_funds/[user_id]/[amount]	9067		330	1400	30000	985	46	33378	14	4	
POST	/payment/create_user	10515	0	330	1400	31000	1204	45	33247	32	5.9	
POST	/stock/add/[item_id]/[number]	24152	0	4900	24000	27000	8631	99	28926	14	11.2	
GET	/stock/find/[item_id]	710	0	5900	21000	25000	8513	39	28626	26	1.3	
POST	/stock/item/create/[price]	24247	0	4400	23000	27000	8086	62	29044	32	14.2	
POST	/stock/subtract/[item_id]/[number]	710	0	6200	24000	26000	9742	181	27383	14	1.3	
	Aggregated	106121	11692	12000	60000	70000	15814	39	180377	69	77.4	6

#### Stress test result

Endpoint "orders/create/[item\_id]" fails a lot due to high traffic More errors occur with time going by.

- Add more replicas to order-service in k8s
- Increase the memory of order-service in k8s



#### Summary & Future work

- 1. Implements absolute consistency
- Scalability of services(K8s Scaling)
- Scalability of SQL queries(ConnectionPool)
- 4. Use replicas to ensure availability

- Figuring out why create orders suffer the most from busy traffic
- 2. Improving the scalability while keeping the same consistency
- Using another distributed database to see if there can be any improvement.
- Play with connection pool configuration and more advanced pools