



BAKER RIVER PROJECT RELICENSE

Fish Passage Technical Working Group

September 28, 2000

9:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m.

West Coast Sea-Tac Hotel
18220 Pacific Hwy. S.
Seattle, WA 98188

AGENDA

Review Agenda
Action Items
Continue fleshing out brainstormed list of potential solutions (Start with additional options/combinations developed by teamlet)
Meeting evaluation
Set agenda for next meeting

	Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Unrated)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
	Relative weight of evaluation parameters		1	1	1	1	1			
1	Reservoir passage									
	Behavioral guidance	0								
1	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	2	4	4	5	17		No stand-alone possibilities, supports primary facilities
2	Reservoir management schedule for passage	P	5	5	3	1	3	25		Need to define for accurate rating
3	Reservoir bypass (capture at Upper Baker, take to Skagit River)	P	6	6	4	5	4	16	Difficult screening, lessens rearing opportunity	Remote, need multiple sites, debris, sediment
4	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	4	2	2	3			More applicable for release flows
5	Temperature manipulation	S								
6	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0	2			
7	Purse Seine	P	3	2	2	4	4	15	Lots of handling; removes non-migrants	Extremely difficult
8	Traveling gulper	P	2	3	2	3	4	14	Probably fixed at different locations by season	
9	Fish vacuum	P	2	3	2	4	4	15	Same as travelling gulper?	
10	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	4	4	1	2	4	15	Remote facilities, lots of handling, holding, decreased rearing	Operations nightmare
11	Pied Piper (something that attracts fish to a location so they can be more effectively collected)	?							Don't know what this is. Moved from attraction/guidance.	Potential in artificial rearing situations only
12	Reservoir crowder (not only mechanical)	P	1	1	2	2	2	8	Moved from attract/guidance.	Not possible; removes resident species
	2 Attraction/Guidance									
13	Behavioral guidance	0								
14	Split intake with deep and a surface opening	P	5	3	4	3	5	20	Benefits later/larger fish that might be deeper. Splits attraction so less effective.	
15	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elev. that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	4	2	1	5	16	Variation of split intake. I assumed it could be any size rather than just a 10ft screen.	Need more information - rated '0' if duplicate/full flow screen
16	2-station intake - gives more control over attraction than surface collector; Lower Baker extension with penstock upstream	P	5	3	3	2	4	17	Essentially same as split intake. Splits attraction so less effective unless full flow through both collectors.	
17	Conventional screen (up to full flow)	P	6	6	4	1	5	22	High certainty	Full-flow alternative a killer
18	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	3	4	4	5			
19	Directional flow guidance	S			5	5	4		Low certainty	
20	Gulper	P	3	2	5	5	4	19	As is	Improved gulper with higher pump capacity, wedge-wire, etc.
21	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	19		

	Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Unrated)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
	Relative weight of evaluation parameters		1	1	1	1	1			
22	Reservoir management schedule for passage	0							reservoir passage	
23	Temperature manipulation	0							reservoir passage	
24	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)	P	5	5	4	4	5	23	Depends on flow	
25	Slotted spill ---notch spill gate	P	5	5	5	2	4	21		
26	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0						
27	Multiple slots oriented vertically (could be attached to a gulper or conventional screens)	P	5	5	4	4	5	23	Depends on flow	
28	Spill for attraction flow	P	5	5	5	1	4	20		
29	Traveling gulper	P	3	3	2	3	4	15		
30	Fish vacuum	P	3	3	2	4	4	16	Same as traveling gulper?	
31	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	6	6	4	4	4	24	Not sure what this is.	Similar to #20? Passage when units not operational?
32	Baffle system upstream for spill. Collect fish behind it.	P	5	5	2	2	3	17	Not sure what this is.	
33	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	3	3	1	2	3	12	Assume these are passive traps rather than gulpers.	
34	Barrier nets	P	3	3	4	5	3	18		
	3 Exclusion									
	Behavioral guidance	0								
35	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elevation that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	3	2	2	5	16	Assume this is a vertical high velocity screen with some flexibility of scale.	
36	MIS (Modular Incline Screen) is rectangular and can be anywhere fixed or variable elevation	P	5	3	4	4	5	21	Assume fixed MIS; next option is variable depth.	No passage when units not in operation; is this in new tower?; no fixed pool elev.
37	Vertically adjustable MIS	P	5	4	3	3	5	20		No passage when units not in operation
38	Eicher (designed elliptically for penstock)	P	2	2	4	3	4	15	Difficult bypass with variable forebay.	No passage when units not in operation
39	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S			4	5	5			
40	Directional flow guidance	S								
41	Gulper	P	4	2	5	5	4	20	As is.	
42	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	19		
43	Barrier nets - consider the net as a screen	P	2	1	4	6	4	17		Contoured with flow, smaller and stronger mesh than now used
44	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	5	1	3	3	17	Assumes conventional screen.	
45	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)				4	4	5		This is a collector, not exclusion.	

	Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Unrated)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
	Relative weight of evaluation parameters		1	1	1	1	1			
46	Traveling screens (currently using on Columbia River) self-cleaning; a submerged traveling intake screen, in gate well slot	P	4	4	4	4	4	20	Low certainty	Need to define fish diversion/collection details
47	Higher approach velocity conventional screen	P	5	4	3	2	5	19	Depends on how high	
48	Traveling gulper	P	4	2	2	3	4	15	Same as modified gulper	
49	Fish vacuum				2	4	4		This is a collector, not exclusion.	
50	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	5	4	4	4	4	21	Assumes combination rather than hybrid	
51	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	5	5	1	2	3	16	Fits few attraction concepts.	
	4 Transport									
52	Fish locks	P	5	4	4	3	4	20		
53	Pipeline passage that utilizes penstock	P	3	3	5	3	4	18		
54	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0				
55	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0	5	2	5			
56	Trap-and-haul	P	4	4	4	4	5	21		
57	Gravity pipe bypass	P	3	4	5	3	5	20		Recurrent problems with last pipe
	5 General									
58	Combination of behavioral guidance and conventional technology	?							To be defined	
	Ratings Key									
	0 fatal flaw									
	1 low - bad	Score function: (e.g., score for #1, electric fields, . . .)								
	2	=IF(OR(D5<>"P", E5=0, F5=0, G5=0, H5=0, I5=0),"", (E5*\$E\$2+F5*\$F\$2+G5*\$G\$2+H5*\$H\$2+I5*\$I\$2))								
	3									
	4									
	5									
	6 high - good									

		Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Rated 50% Grouped)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6			
1	1	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	2	4	4	5			No stand-alone possibilities, supports primary facilities
5	1	Temperature manipulation	S								More applicable for release flows
6	1	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0	2			
11	1	Pied Piper (something that attracts fish to a location so they can be more effectively collected)	?							Don't know what this is. Moved from attraction/guidance.	Potential in artificial rearing situations only
3	1	Reservoir bypass (capture at Upper Baker, take to Skagit River)	P	6	6	4	5	4	537		
2	1	Reservoir management schedule for passage	P	5	5	3	1	3	371		Need to define for accurate rating
4	1	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	4	2	2	3	365	Difficult screening, lessens rearing opportunity	Remote, need multiple sites, debris, sediment
10	1	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	4	4	1	2	4	313	Remote facilities, lots of handling, holding, decreased rearing	Operations nightmare
7	1	Purse Seine	P	3	2	2	4	4	300	Lots of handling; removes non-migrants	Extremely difficult
9	1	Fish vacuum	P	2	3	2	4	4	271	Same as travelling gulper?	
8	1	Traveling gulper	P	2	3	2	3	4	249	Probably fixed at different locations by season	
12	1	Reservoir crowder (not only mechanical)	P	1	1	2	2	2	143	Moved from attract/guidance.	Not possible; removes resident species
	2	<i>Attraction/Guidance</i>									
13	2	Behavioral guidance	0								
18	2	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	3	4	4	5			
19	2	Directional flow guidance	S			5	5	4		Low certainty	
22	2	Reservoir management schedule for passage	0							reservoir passage	
23	2	Temperature manipulation	0							reservoir passage	
26	2	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0						
31	2	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	6	6	4	4	4	515	Not sure what this is.	Similar to #20? Passage when units not operational?
24	2	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)	P	5	5	4	4	5	464	Depends on flow	
27	2	Multiple slots oriented vertically (could be attached to a gulper or conventional screens)	P	5	5	4	4	5	464	Depends on flow	
25	2	Slotted spill ---notch spill gate	P	5	5	5	2	4	428		
14	2	Split intake with deep and a surface opening	P	5	3	4	3	5	413	Benefits later/larger fish that might be deeper. Splits attraction so less effective.	
28	2	Spill for attraction flow	P	5	5	5	1	4	405		
32	2	Baffle system upstream for spill. Collect fish behind it.	P	5	5	2	2	3	379	Not sure what this is.	
21	2	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	378		

		Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Rated 50% Grouped)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6			
16	2	2-station intake - gives more control over attraction than surface collector; Lower Baker extension with penstock upstream	P	5	3	3	2	4	371	Essentially same as split intake. Splits attraction so less effective unless full flow through both collectors.	
20	2	Gulper	P	3	2	5	5	4	365	As is	Improved gulper with higher pump capacity, wedge-wire, etc.
34	2	Barrier nets	P	3	3	4	5	3	358		
30	2	Fish vacuum	P	3	3	2	4	4	314	Same as traveling gulper?	
15	2	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elev. that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	4	2	1	5	312	Variation of split intake. I assumed it could be any size rather than just a 10ft screen.	Need more information - rated '0' if duplicate/full flow screen
29	2	Traveling gulper	P	3	3	2	3	4	292		
33	2	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	3	3	1	2	3	250	Assume these are passive traps rather than gulpers.	
	3	Exclusion									
	3	Behavioral guidance	0								
39	3	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S			4	5	5			
40	3	Directional flow guidance	S								
45	3	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)				4	4	5		This is a collector, not exclusion.	
49	3	Fish vacuum				2	4	4		This is a collector, not exclusion.	
17	3	Conventional screen (up to full flow)	P	6	6	4	1	5	455	High certainty	Full-flow alternative a killer
50	3	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	5	4	4	4	4	443	Assumes combination rather than hybrid	
36	3	MIS (Modular Incline Screen) is rectangular and can be anywhere fixed or variable elevation	P	5	3	4	4	5	435	Assume fixed MIS; next option is variable depth.	No passage when units not in operation; is this in new tower?; no fixed pool elev.
37	3	Vertically adjustable MIS	P	5	4	3	3	5	413		No passage when units not in operation
41	3	Gulper	P	4	2	5	5	4	408	As is.	
46	3	Traveling screens (currently using on Columbia River) self-cleaning; a submerged traveling intake screen, in gate well slot	P	4	4	4	4	4	400	Low certainty	Need to define fish diversion/collection details
47	3	Higher approach velocity conventional screen	P	5	4	3	2	5	391	Depends on how high	
44	3	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	5	1	3	3	387	Assumes conventional screen.	
42	3	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	378		
51	3	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	5	5	1	2	3	365	Fits few attraction concepts.	
48	3	Traveling gulper	P	4	2	2	3	4	321	Same as modified gulper	
35	3	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elevation that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	3	2	2	5	320	Assume this is a vertical high velocity screen with some flexibility of scale.	

		Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Rated 50% Grouped)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6			
43	3	Barrier nets - consider the net as a screen	P	2	1	4	6	4	315		Contoured with flow, smaller and stronger mesh than now used
38	3	Eicher (designed elliptically for penstock)	P	2	2	4	3	4	263	Difficult bypass with variable forebay.	No passage when units not in operation
	4	<i>Transport</i>									
54	4	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0				
55	4	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0	5	2	5			
52	4	Fish locks	P	5	4	4	3	4	421		
56	4	Trap-and-haul	P	4	4	4	4	5	406		
57	4	Gravity pipe bypass	P	3	4	5	3	5	355		Recurrent problems with last pipe
53	4	Pipeline passage that utilizes penstock	P	3	3	5	3	4	335		
	5	<i>General</i>									
58	5	Combination of behavioral guidance and conventional technology	?							To be defined	
		<i>Reservoir passage</i>									
		Behavioral guidance	0								
		Ratings Key									
	0	fatal flaw									
	1	low - bad	Score function: (e.g., score for #1, electric fields, . . .)								
	2		=IF(OR(D5<>"P", E5=0, F5=0, G5=0, H5=0, I5=0),"", (E5*\$E\$2+F5*\$F\$2+G5*\$G\$2+H5*\$H\$2+I5*\$I\$2))								
	3										
	4										
	5										
	6	high - good									

		Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Rated 50% Ungrouped)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Pursue	More Info	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6					
1	1	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	2	4	4	5					No stand-alone possibilities, supports primary facilities
5	1	Temperature manipulation	S										More applicable for release flows
6	1	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0	2					
11	1	Pied Piper (something that attracts fish to a location so they can be more effectively collected)	?									Don't know what this is. Moved from attraction/guidance.	Potential in artificial rearing situations only
	2	Attraction/Guidance											
13	2	Behavioral guidance	0										
18	2	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S	2	3	4	4	5					
19	2	Directional flow guidance	S			5	5	4				Low certainty	
22	2	Reservoir management schedule for passage	0									reservoir passage	
23	2	Temperature manipulation	0									reservoir passage	
26	2	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0								
	3	Exclusion											
	3	Behavioral guidance	0										
39	3	Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe light, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow	S			4	5	5					
40	3	Directional flow guidance	S										
45	3	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)				4	4	5				This is a collector, not exclusion.	
49	3	Fish vacuum				2	4	4				This is a collector, not exclusion.	
	4	Transport											
54	4	Dam removal	P	6	6	0	0						
55	4	Turbine passage (fish friendly)	P	0	0	5	2	5					
	5	General											
58	5	Combination of behavioral guidance and conventional technology	?									To be defined	
3	1	Reservoir bypass (capture at Upper Baker, take to Skagit River)	P	6	6	4	5	4	537	G	Y		
31	2	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	6	6	4	4	4	515	G	Y	Not sure what this is.	Similar to #20? Passage when units not operational?
24	2	Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)	P	5	5	4	4	5	464	G	Y	Depends on flow	
27	2	Multiple slots oriented vertically (could be attached to a gulper or conventional screens)	P	5	5	4	4	5	464	G	Y	Depends on flow	
17	3	Conventional screen (up to full flow)	P	6	6	4	1	5	455	G	Y	High certainty	Full-flow alternative a killer
50	3	MIS/Gulper hybrid	P	5	4	4	4	4	443	G	Y	Assumes combination rather than hybrid	
36	3	MIS (Modular Incline Screen) is rectangular and can be anywhere fixed or variable elevation	P	5	3	4	4	5	435	G	Y	Assume fixed MIS; next option is variable depth.	No passage when units not in operation; is this in new tower?; no fixed pool elev.
25	2	Slotted spill ---notch spill gate	P	5	5	5	2	4	428	Y	Y		
52	4	Fish locks	P	5	4	4	3	4	421	G	Y		
14	2	Split intake with deep and a surface opening	P	5	3	4	3	5	413	G	Y	Benefits later/larger fish that might be deeper. Splits attraction so less effective.	

		Baker Downstream Passage Brainstorm Options (Matrix Rated 50% Ungrouped)	Primary or secondary	Fish	Life stages	Operation	Economic	Other interests	Score	Pursue	More Info	Ken's Comments	PSE's Comments
		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6					
37	3	Vertically adjustable MIS	P	5	4	3	3	5	413	G	Y		No passage when units not in operation
41	3	Gulper	P	4	2	5	5	4	408	G	Y	As is.	
56	4	Trap-and-haul	P	4	4	4	4	5	406	G	Y		
28	2	Spill for attraction flow	P	5	5	5	1	4	405	Y	Y		
46	3	Traveling screens (currently using on Columbia River) self cleaning; a submerged traveling intake screen, in gate well slot	P	4	4	4	4	4	400	Y	Y	Low certainty	Need to define fish diversion/collection details
47	3	Higher approach velocity conventional screen	P	5	4	3	2	5	391	G	Y	Depends on how high	
44	3	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	5	1	3	3	387	Y	Y	Assumes conventional screen.	
32	2	Baffle system upstream for spill. Collect fish behind it.	P	5	5	2	2	3	379	R	N	Not sure what this is.	
21	2	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	378	Y	Y		
42	3	Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, V-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides	P	4	4	4	3	4	378	Y	Y		
16	2	2-station intake - gives more control over attraction than surface collector; Lower Baker extension with penstock upstream	P	5	3	3	2	4	371	Y	Y	Essentially same as split intake. Splits attraction so less effective unless full flow through both collectors.	
2	1	Reservoir management schedule for passage	P	5	5	3	1	3	371	G	Y		Need to define for accurate rating
20	2	Gulper	P	3	2	5	5	4	365	G	Y	As is	Improved gulper with higher pump capacity, wedge-wire, etc.
4	1	River screen and trap (upstream)	P	5	4	2	2	3	365	Y	Y	Difficult screening, lessens rearing opportunity	Remote, need multiple sites, debris, sediment
51	3	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	5	5	1	2	3	365	Y	Y	Fits few attraction concepts.	
34	2	Barrier nets	P	3	3	4	5	3	358	G	Y		
57	4	Gravity pipe bypass	P	3	4	5	3	5	355	G	Y		Recurrent problems with last pipe
53	4	Pipeline passage that utilizes penstock	P	3	3	5	3	4	335	Y	Y		
48	3	Traveling gulper	P	4	2	2	3	4	321	R	N	Same as modified gulper	
35	3	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elevation that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	3	2	2	5	320	Y	Y	Assume this is a vertical high velocity screen with some flexibility of scale.	
43	3	Barrier nets - consider the net as a screen	P	2	1	4	6	4	315	G	Y		Contoured with flow, smaller and stronger mesh than now used
30	2	Fish vacuum	P	3	3	2	4	4	314	R	N	Same as traveling gulper?	
10	1	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	4	4	1	2	4	313	Y	Y	Remote facilities, lots of handling, holding, decreased rearing	Operations nightmare
15	2	A fixed 10 ft. V-Screen with 'x' reservoir elev. that would be met during peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations	P	4	4	2	1	5	312	Y	Y	Variation of split intake. I assumed it could be any size rather than just a 10ft screen.	Need more information - rated '0' if duplicate/full flow screen
7	1	Purse Seine	P	3	2	2	4	4	300	R	N	Lots of handling; removes non-migrants	Extremely difficult
29	2	Traveling gulper	P	3	3	2	3	4	292	R	N		
9	1	Fish vacuum	P	2	3	2	4	4	271	R	N	Same as travelling gulper?	
38	3	Eicher (designed elliptically for penstock)	P	2	2	4	3	4	263	Y	Y	Difficult bypass with variable forebay.	No passage when units not in operation

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		Relative weight of evaluation parameters		43	14	14	22	6					
33	2	Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets	P	3	3	1	2	3	250	Y	N	Assume these are passive traps rather than gulpers.	
8	1	Traveling gulper	P	2	3	2	3	4	249	R	N	Probably fixed at different locations by season	
12	1	Reservoir crowder (not only mechanical)	P	1	1	2	2	2	143	R	N	Moved from attract/guidance.	Not possible; removes resident species
	1	<i>Reservoir passage</i>											
		Behavioral guidance	0										
		Ratings Key											
	0	fatal flaw											
	1	low - bad	Score function: (e.g., score for #1, electric fields, . . .)										
	2		=IF(OR(D5<>"P", E5=0, F5=0, G5=0, H5=0, I5=0),"", (E5*\$E\$2+F5*\$F\$2+G5*\$G\$2+H5*\$H\$2+I5*\$I\$2))										
	3												
	4												
	5												
	6	high - good											

Passage Concepts Matrix Weighting Calculations (Ratings Averaged)

Mtg Avg						
	Fish	Stages	Ops	Econ	Other	Total
Wayne	35	5	20	35	5	100
Kevin	30	10	10	40	10	100
Arnie	30	15	20	30	5	100
Nick	35	15	10	35	5	100
Cary	40	5	10	35	10	100
Mort	35	10	20	30	5	100
Steve						0
Ed	35	25	20	15	5	100
Stan	70	10	10	5	5	100
Gary						0
Ken						0
Fred	50	20	15	10	5	100
Doug	40	10	20	20	10	100
						0
						0
Mean	40	13	16	26	7	100

PSE Only

	Fish	Stages	Ops	Econ	Other	Total
Wayne	35	5	20	35	5	100
Kevin	30	10	10	40	10	100
Arnie	30	15	20	30	5	100
Nick	35	15	10	35	5	100
Cary	40	5	10	35	10	100
Mort						0
Steve						0
Ed						0
Stan						0
Gary						0
Ken						0
Fred						0
Doug	40	10	20	20	10	100
						0
						0
Mean	35	10	15	33	8	100

Agencies Only

	Fish	Stages	Ops	Econ	Other	Total
Wayne						0
Kevin						0
Arnie						0
Nick						0
Cary						0
Mort						0
Steve						0
Ed	35	25	20	15	5	100
Stan	70	10	10	5	5	100
Gary						0
Ken						0
Fred	50	20	10	15	5	100
Doug						0
						0
						0
Mean	52	18	13	12	5	100

	Fish	Stages	Ops	Econ	Other	Total
Agencies/PSE Rated 50%	43	14	14	22	6	100
PSE Only	35	10	15	33	8	100
Agencies Only	52	18	13	12	5	100
Mtg Avg	40	13	16	26	7	100
Discussion-based						



BAKER RIVER PROJECT RELICENSE

Fish Passage Technical Working Group

September 28, 2000

9:00 a.m. – 3:00 p.m.

West Coast Sea-Tac Hotel
18220 Pacific Hwy. S.
Seattle, WA 98188

MEETING NOTES

Mission Statement: *To develop an efficient fish passage design for the Baker River Project.*

Attendees:	Arnie Aspelund, PSE	Ed Meyer, NMFS
	Kevin Brink, PSE	Wayne Porter, PSE
	Doug Bruland, PSE	Fred Seavey, USFWS
	Cary Feldmann, PSE	Nick Verretto, PSE
	Steve Fransen, NMFS	Stan Walsh, SSC
	Mort McMillen, M-W	Lyn Wiltse, PDSA Consulting

Purpose: The purpose of the meeting was to continue the conceptual design process for replacement of juvenile fish passage facilities at the Baker Project.

Note: Future meeting dates are: 19 October and 16 November, 2000, 9:00 to 3:00 at the West Coast Sea-Tac Hotel.

Agenda:

1. Review notes/agenda
2. Action items/parking lot review
3. Continue brainstorming downstream passage solutions and review results of teamlet
4. Meeting evaluation
5. Set agenda for next meeting

Review notes/agenda:

No changes to the agenda or meeting notes were recommended.

New Action Items:

- Review brainstorming passage ideas matrix for continued development at next meeting.
- Bring questions regarding additional information needs and studies development.
- Nick will produce additional bar chart of gulper pump cycle test data.

“Old” Action Items:

- Fred will bring Skagit Chinook length-frequency data.
- Fred will look at statistical variation from year to year in the gulper mark and recovery data (by September).
- Kevin Brink will analyze how fluctuation limits affect spill (# events, amounts, seasons, duration, flow-days by month), to facilitate discussions regarding limits to drawdown range and effects on screening designs. Kevin will report at the October 19th meeting.
 - Fred will look at statistical variation year-to-year in the gulper mark and recovery data (by October).

Report on Completed Action Items:

- Nick distributed data on gulper pump cycle (every 24 hours) test. The x-axis appears to be incorrect, but the y-axis is correct and it yields the important data. The numbers appear to be too small to be statistically significant. He has copies of the data available on disk for anyone who wants to play with it. Nick will produce bar charts for the next meeting, and correct x-axis errors (overlapping dates) present in the line plots.
- Nick reported that he was unable to get the Hydrolab working, but that temperature data collection had been initiated using a combination of a portable meter and data loggers located at the gulper. PSE began in September taking weekly Lower Baker vertical column temperature data at 10-ft. increments from 100’ to the surface. Additional depth measurements have been initiated with data loggers at depths of 150’ and 200 feet. Similar data is being collected from the Upper Baker gulper, with two data loggers deployed at 190’ and 225’ (depth from the surface).

Parking Lot:

- Hydroacoustic data - Arnie
- Fish species run timing, emergence timing, length-frequency data – Doug, Nick
- Design strategy process
- Conceptual designs as they relate to costs
- Sediment studies

Continue Brainstorming Downstream Passage Solutions and Review Results of Teamlet:

The teamlet (consisting of Ken Bates, Wayne Porter, Kevin Brink, Nick Verretto, Cary Feldmann, Dennis Dorratcague and Mort McMillen) put together a potential solution matrix (with much thanks to Ken) with some rating criteria. Nick distributed hard copies of the matrix, consisting of the list of brainstormed options developed in the last meeting (listed below), which were then rated in a systematic way by the meeting participants. Team members provided review, asking clarifying questions and revising the ratings

in the process. They reiterated that the matrix is just a tool to help the team accomplish its mission, and that no one will be held accountable for particular ratings down the road.

Each option was listed as either primary or secondary – primary options consisting of those which would function as stand-alone facilities, and secondary options being support or ancillary facilities. Options were then rated on a scale of 0-6 regarding effectiveness in addressing the five areas of concern identified in the last meeting (i.e., “works well for fish”, “. . .all life stages”, “. . .operations”, “. . .economics”, “. . .other interests”). A score of 0 was considered a fatal flaw which would remove the option from further consideration, and a score of 6 indicated the highest effectiveness at addressing the concern.

Each of the five areas of concern was given a relative weight, the sum of which was 100% (this was done by each individual, then the mean calculated based on relative participation of PSE and agency representatives). Final scores were given each option, representing relative effectiveness, and the list reorganized by score for further discussion.

The original & organized matrices and the linked scoring sheets were copied onto disk and distributed at the end of the meeting, and are an attachment to these minutes. Participants are to review the list prior to the next meeting and be prepared to continue discussions leading to the identification of several options for conceptual design development. All options should be considered in the context of what additional information, if any, is needed to provide confidence in acceptance of the option for further development. This will fuel discussion at the next meeting regarding future study needs. The revised matrix will be available on the web site.

1. Reservoir Passage

Behavioral guidance

Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe lights, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow

Reservoir management schedule for passage

Reservoir bypass (capture at Upper Baker, take to Lower Baker)

River screen and trap (upstream)

Temperature manipulation

Dam removal

Purse seine

Traveling gulper

Fremont Duck Thing

Fish vacuum

Multiple fixed-base traps with guide nets

2. Attraction/Guidance

Behavioral guidance

Split intake with deep a surface openings

A 10 ft. v-screen with a fixed reservoir elevation that would be used during the peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations

Two-station intake gives more control over attraction than surface collector (e.g., Lower Baker penstock/intake extension upstream

Conventional screen (up to full flow)

Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe lights, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow

Directional flow guidance

Gulper

Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, v-shaped and ramped, adjustable for variable flow and velocity, uses guides

Reservoir management schedule for passage

Temperature manipulation

Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)

Slotted spill -- notched spill gate

Turbine passage (fish-friendly)

Multiple slots oriented vertically (could be attached to a gulper conventional screen or gulper)

Spill for attraction flow

Pied Piper (something that attracts fish to a location so they can be more effectively collected)

Reservoir crowder (not only mechanical)

Traveling gulper

Fremont Duck Thing

Fish vacuum

MIS/Gulper hybrid

Baffle system upstream for spill; Collect fish behind it

Multiple fixed-base traps with guide nets

3. Exclusion

Behavioral guidance

A 10 ft. v-screen with a fixed reservoir elevation that would be used during the peak of fish passage and a gulper that would operate at all other reservoir elevations

MIS (Modular Incline Screen) is rectangular and can be anywhere fixed or variable elevation

Vertically adjustable MIS

Eicher (designed elliptically for penstock)

Electric fields, bubble curtains, strobe lights, chemicals, sonics, turbulent flow

Directional flow guidance

Gulper

Modified gulper plumbed into both pumps and penstock; replacing louvers with exclusionary screens, v-shaped and ramped, adjust for variable flow and velocity, uses guides

Barrier nets

River screen and trap (upstream)

Surface collector/baffle combination (appropriate for Upper Baker)

Traveling screens (currently used on Columbia River) self-cleaning; a submerged traveling intake screen, in gate well slot

Higher approach velocity than conventional

Traveling gulper

Fremont Duck Thing

Fish vacuum

MIS/Gulper hybrid

Multiple fixed base traps with guide nets

4. Transport

Fish locks

Pipeline passage that utilizes penstock

Dam removal

Turbine passage (fish-friendly)

Trap-and-haul

Fremont Duck Thing

5. General

Combination of behavioral guidance and conventional technology

Meeting Evaluation

Well-Dones:

- Matrix information
- Good level of energy
- Working lunches

Opportunities to Improve:

- Number minutes pages
- Encourage full participation

Tentative Agenda for next meeting – 19 October, 2000

9 a.m. - 3 p.m., West Coast Sea-Tac Hotel

1. Review notes/agenda
2. Action items/parking lot review
3. Continue brainstorming matrix development
4. Studies identification discussion
5. Meeting evaluation
6. Set agenda for next meeting