1 Introduction

This is a sample document that shows how to use multiple bibliographies with multibib. We can cite references from the main bibliography using the usual \cite command, such as Lamport (1994) and Knuth (1984). If natbib is included, then other commands like \citep, \citealt, etc. will also be supported. e.g. \citep{lamport1994} will produce (Lamport, 1994) or \citealt{knuth1984} will give Knuth 1984.

2 Multibib

multibib consists of two key parts: (i) calling the package; and (ii) naming the references section. For example, if I want my appendix references section to be called "Online Appendix References" then I include the following in my preamble:

\usepackage[resetlabels]{multibib} % to create multiple bibliographies \newcites{App}{Online Appendix References} % to define a new cite command for the appendix

The first argument of \newcites{} is the suffix to the \cite command that directs the reference to be included in the appendix references. We can call it whatever we want, but App is a natural choice. The second argument of \newcites{} is the name of the references section, as described above.

3 Conclusion

We have seen how to create separate bibliographies for the main text and the appendices.

References

Knuth, Donald E. 1984. "Literate programming." The computer journal 27 (2):97-111.

Lamport, Leslie. 1994. Lamport, Leslie. 1994.

A Online Appendix

This is an appendix that has its own bibliography. We can cite references from the appendix bibliography using the \citeApp command, such as Einstein (1905) and Hawking (1974). With the following addition to the preamble, the \natbib commands can be used for the appendix references:

\makeatletter

So \citealtApp{einstein1905} results in Einstein 1905 and \citepApp{hawking1974} results in (Hawking, 1974).

Online Appendix References

Einstein, Albert. 1905. "On the electrodynamics of moving bodies." Annalen der physik 17 (10):891–921.

Hawking, Stephen W. 1974. "Black hole explosions?" Nature 248 (5443):30-31.