

# COMMERCIAL BANKING, CORP

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL RFP #: IP - F1.H3

TITLE: BANKING INSURANCE PRODUCT - PHASE 3

CLOSING DATE AND TIME: SEPTEMBER 22. 2023 @ 5:00 PM

# Banking Insurance Product – Phase 3: IP – F1.H3

### Purpose

By responding to this Request for Proposal (RFP), the Proposer agrees that s/he has read and understood all documents within this RFP package.

#### **Submission Details**

Responders to this RFP should supply:

- A business report up to 4 pages (not including cover page, table of contents, or any needed appendix), including any supporting plots and tables.
- The commented code used to produce the results.

The report should address all points described in the "Objective" section below.

The report should be returned in the following way:

• Electronic (Submit via Moodle)

# Background

The Commercial Banking Corporation (hereafter the "Bank"), acting by and through its department of *Customer Services and New Products* is seeking proposals for banking services. The Bank ultimately wants to predict which customers will buy a variable rate annuity product.

A variable annuity is a contract between you and an insurance company / bank, under which the insurer agrees to make periodic payments to you, beginning either immediately or at some future date. You purchase a variable annuity contract by making either a single purchase payment or a series of purchase payments.

A variable annuity offers a range of investment options. The value of your investment as a variable annuity owner will vary depending on the performance of the investment options you choose. The investment options for a variable annuity are typically mutual funds that invest in stocks, bonds, money market instruments, or some combination of the three. If you are interested in more information, see: <a href="http://www.sec.gov/investor/pubs/varannty.htm">http://www.sec.gov/investor/pubs/varannty.htm</a>

The project will be broken down into 3 phases:

- Phase 1 Variable Understanding and Assumptions
- Phase 2 Variable Selection and Modeling Building
- Phase 3 Model Assessment and Prediction

# Objective

The scope of services in this phase includes the following:

• For this phase use **only** the binned data sets (both training and validation will be needed).

- Report the variables used in your final logistic regression model to predict the purchase of the new insurance product.
  - (HINT: Feel free to use the final model you had from the previous report or build a
    whole new model if you are not satisfied with your previous one. If building a new
    model, detail the process you took for variable selection.)
  - Rank each of the variables by p-value.
- Report and interpret the following probability metrics for your model on training data.
  - Concordance percentage.
  - Discrimination slope provide the coefficient of discrimination as well as a visual representation through histograms.
- Report and interpret the following classification metrics for your model on training data.
  - Visually show the ROC curve.
    - (HINT: Although this is one of the only times I will allow a ROC curve in a report, make sure the axes are labeled well and the plot looks professional.)
  - K-S Statistic. The Bank currently uses the K-S statistic to choose the threshold for classification but are open to other methods as long as they are documented in the report and defended.
- Report and interpret the following classification metrics for your model on validation data.
  - Display your final confusion matrix.
  - o Accuracy.
  - Lift add a visual to help show the model performance.
- (HINT: These steps are here to help you build your model, but not to tell you which order to
  write your report. Consider the most important information when done with these questions
  and write your report accordingly.)

## Data Provided

The following two sets of data are provided for the proposal:

- The training data set **insurance\_t\_bin** contains 8,495 observations and 47 variables.
  - All of these customers have been offered the product in the data set under the variable
     INS, which takes a value of 1 if they bought and 0 if they did not buy.
  - There are 46 variables describing the customer's attributes before they were offered the new insurance product.
  - The Bank has strategically binned each of the continuous variables in the data set to help facilitate any further analysis.
    - (HINT: The original insurance\_t and the new insurance\_t\_bin can be 1:1 row matched in case you wanted to know where the bins were split on.)
- The validation data set **insurance\_v\_bin** contains 2,124 observations and 47 variables.
- The table below describes the Roles and Description of the variables found in both data sets.

ACCTAGEInputAge of oldest accountDDAInputIndicator for checking accountDDABALInputChecking account balanceDEPAMTInputTotal amount depositedCASHBKInputNumber of cash back requests	
DDABALInputChecking account balanceDEPAMTInputTotal amount deposited	
DEPAMT Input Total amount deposited	
·	
CASHBK Input Number of cash back requests	
·	
CHECKS Input Number of checks written	
DIRDEP Input Indicator for direct deposit	
NSF Input Number of insufficient fund issues	
NSFAMT Input Amount of NSF	
PHONE Input Number of telephone banking interact	ons
TELLER Input Number of teller visit interactions	
SAV Input Indicator for savings account	
SAVBAL Input Savings account balance	
ATM Input Indicator for ATM interaction	
ATMAMT Input Total ATM withdrawal amount	
POS Input Number of point of sale interactions	5
POSAMT Input Total amount for point of sale interaction	ons
CD Input Indicator for certificate of deposit acco	unt
CDBAL Input CD balance	
IRA Input Indicator for retirement account	
IRABAL Input IRA balance	
LOC Input Indicator for line of credit	
LOCBAL Input LOC balance	
INV Input Indicator for investment account	
INVBAL Input INV balance	
ILS Input Indicator for installment loan	
ILSBAL Input ILS balance	
MM Input Indicator for money market account	į
MMBAL Input MM balance	
MMCRED Input Number of money market credits	
MTG Input Indicator for mortgage	
MTGBAL Input MTG balance	
CC Input Indicator for credit card	
CCBAL Input CC balance	
CCPURC Input Number of credit card purchases	
SDB Input Indicator for safety deposit box	
INCOME Input Income	
HMOWN Input Indicator for home ownership	
LORES Input Length of residence in years	
HMVAL Input Value of home	
AGE Input Age	

CRSCORE	Input	Credit score
MOVED	Input	Recent address change
INAREA	Input	Indicator for local address
INS	Target	Indicator for purchase of insurance product
BRANCH	Input	Branch of bank
RES	Input	Area classification