



## Patient Report

**Specimen ID:** 348-488-7074-0  
**Control ID:** 41538877

**Acct #:** 34412270 **Phone:** (513) 585-5227 **Rte:** 00  
TUH - University Hospital \*I\*  
UC Health  
234 Goodman St.  
CINCINNATI OH 45267



**GETSAY, TYLER**

### Patient Details

**DOB:** 09/20/1995  
**Age(y/m/d):** 022/02/24  
**Gender:** M **SSN:** \*\*\*-\*\*-2419  
**Patient ID:** 06096681

### Specimen Details

**Date collected:** 12/14/2017 1249 Local  
**Date received:** 12/14/2017  
**Date entered:** 12/14/2017  
**Date reported:** 12/20/2017 1906 ET

### Physician Details

**Ordering:** K GAITONDE  
**Referring:**  
**ID:** 149728  
**NPI:**

### General Comments & Additional Information

**Clinical Info:** SRC:SO

**Alternate Control Number:** 41538877

**Alternate Patient ID:** 06096681

### Ordered Items

Calculi, Urinary

TESTS	RESULT	FLAG	UNITS	REFERENCE	INTERVAL	LAB
<b>Calculi, Urinary</b>						
Color	Tan					01
Size						
Specimen received as fragments.			mm			01
Weight	93.6		mg			01
Composition						01
Percentage (Represents the % composition)						
Ca oxalate dihydrate	30		%			01
Ca oxalate monohydr.	50		%			01
Calcium phosphate	20		%			01
Nidus						
No Nidus visualized						01
Comment	Note:					01
Please do not submit specimens on Q-Tips, in tape, on filters, or in liquids such as blood, urine or formalin. This may cause unnecessary biohazards, erroneous results and/or delay in the processing of the specimen.						
Please note:						01
Calculi report without photograph will follow via computer, mail, or courier delivery.						
Comment:						01
Physician questions regarding Calculi Analysis contact LabCorp at: 800-782-2927.						
Disclaimer:						01
This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by LabCorp. It has not been cleared or approved by the Food and Drug Administration.						

01 BN LabCorp Burlington  
1447 York Court, Burlington, NC 27215-3361

Dir: William F Hancock, MD

For inquiries, the physician may contact **Branch: 513-206-1600 Lab: 800-762-4344**



1447 York Court  
Burlington, NC 27215  
Medical Director: Frank Hancock, MD

## Urinary Calculi Report

### Account Information

149728  
TUH - University Hospital \*I\*  
UC Health  
234 Goodman St.  
CINCINNATI, OH 45267  
34412270 (513) 585-5227

### Patient Information

<b>Patient Name:</b> GETSAY, TYLER	<b>Specimen Number:</b> 348-488-7074-0
<b>Sex:</b> Male	<b>Control Number:</b> CD- 41538877
<b>Date of Birth:</b> 9/20/1995	<b>Specimen Date:</b> 12/14/2017
<b>Social Security Number:</b> ***-**-2419	<b>Patient ID:</b> 06096681

### Crystallographic Composition of Calculus

	Chemical Name (Mineralogical Name)	Percentage
<b>Nidus:</b>	No Nidus visualized	
<b>Calculi:</b>	Calcium oxalate dihydrate (Weddellite)	30
	Calcium oxalate monohydrate (Whewellite)	50
	Calcium phosphate (Apatite)	20

### Specimen Description

**Source:**  
**Color:** Tan  
**Type/Size:** Fragments  
**Weight:** 93.6 mg.

### Comments:

Please do not submit specimens on Q-Tips, in tape, or filters, or in liquids such as blood, urine or formalin. This may cause unnecessary biohazards, erroneous results and/or delay in the processing of the specimen.

For Questions regarding calculi analysis, Call 800-782-2927

No Photograph Ordered

No Photograph Ordered

<b>Stone Types in Descending Order of Frequency*</b>		
Calcium oxalate monohydrate	Whewellite	62.9%
Calcium oxalate dihydrate	Weddellite	42.1
Calcium phosphate (Basic calcium hydrogen phosphate)	Apatite	23.1
Magnesium ammonium phosphate	Struvite	11.0
Uric acid		9.4
Uric acid dihydrate		2.4
Calcium hydrogen phosphate	Brushite	2.2
Matrix		1.1
Cystine		0.4
Sodium acid urate		0.1
Magnesium hydrogen phosphate	Newberyite	0.1
Xanthine		0.1
2,8-Dihydroxyadenine		0.1
Silicates		0.1
Triamterene		0.1

\*Pak CYC, Pathogenesis, prevention, and treatment. In Pak CYC, ed. Renal Stone Disease, Boston, Mass: Martinus Nijhoff publishing; 1987:3 and internal Labcorp data.

#### **CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC COMPOSITION OF CALCULUS (METHOD OF ANALYSIS):**

Exact identification of components and estimates of percentages are performed by polarization microscopy and/or infrared spectroscopy.

This page contains information that is the same for all patients.