PrEP Meta-Analysis

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1	Setup & Helper Funcs	
#1	oading relevant libraries	
li	brary(metafor)	
li	brary(tidyverse)	

2 Analysis

2.1 Internalized Homonegativity (IH)

2.1.1 Effect Sizes

```
ih_effect_nonlor_df <- data.frame(</pre>
    ogunbajo_2019_A = c("Ogunbajo et al.","2019 A",2019,"Nigeria",251,
                         -0.01151454784,0.02497515401,0.884,2176.002772,"81.10%"),
    zhang_liu_2022 = c("Zhang & Liu", 2022, 2019.5, "United States",
                        318,0.08427930442,0.02385766616,0.360,58021.4005,"81.80%")
)
rownames(ih_effect_nonlor_df) <- c("Authors", "Year", "Median Study Year",</pre>
                                     "Countries", "Sample Size", "Effect Size",
                                     "Effect Size Variance",
                                     "Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)",
                                     "GDP per Capita", "Percent Willing")
tih_effect_nonlor_df <- as.data.frame(t(ih_effect_nonlor_df))</pre>
tih_effect_nonlor_df <- tih_effect_nonlor_df %>%
     mutate_at(c(3,5,6,7,8,9), as.numeric)
ih_effect_lor_df <- data.frame(</pre>
  stephenson_2021_A = c("Stephenson et al.","2021 A",2017.5,"United States",
                         0.003847459834, 0.01173335055,764,0.360,58021.4005,
```

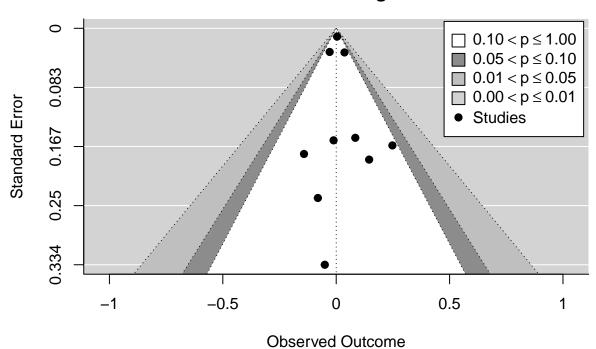
```
"42.30%"),
  stephenson_2021_B = c("Stephenson et al.", "2021 B", 2016.5,
                         "South Africa & Namibia",
                         -0.02888987146,0.03335482513,254,
                         0.5155433071,5166.291339,"15.90%"),
  coulaud_2018 = c("Coulaud et al.",2018,2015,
                    "Mali, Côte d'Ivoire, Burkina Faso, Togo",
                    -0.08081082927,0.2393594359,564,
                    0.7703829787, 1044.771277, "87.00%"),
  belludi 2021 = c("Belludi et al.", 2021, 2016.5,
                    "India", -0.05025167927, 0.3335200256,
                    8621,0.663,1732.554242,"67.60%"),
  storholm_2019 = c("Storholm et al.",2019,2016.5,
                     "United States", 0.03650708414, 0.03404751029,
                     226,0.360,58021.4005,"55.50%"),
  ogunbajo_2019_B = c("Ogunbajo et al.","2019 B",2014,"Kenya",
                       -0.14202375, 0.17723625,352,0.834,1525.235192,"44.90%"),
  ayala_2013 = c("Ayala et al.",2020,2017,"Multinational",
                  0.1452, 0.1852040816, 3748, 0.5150502972, 14522.89101, "80.80%"),
  driver_2020 = c("Driver et al.",2020,2017,"China",0.2478,
                   0.1652,123,0.680,8094.363367,"67.80%")
rownames(ih_effect_lor_df) <- c("Authors", "Year", "Median Study Year",</pre>
                                  "Countries", "Log Odds", "Log Odds SE",
                                  "Sample Size", "Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)",
                                  "GDP per Capita", "Percent Willing")
tih_effect_lor_df <- as.data.frame(t(ih_effect_lor_df))</pre>
tih_effect_lor_df <- tih_effect_lor_df %>%
     mutate_at(c(3,5,6,7,8,9), as.numeric)
esize \leftarrow rep(0,8)
esize_var \leftarrow rep(0,8)
for (i in c(1:8)){
  e_result <- escalc("OR",
                      yi=tih_effect_lor_df[i,5],
                      sei=tih effect lor df[i,6],
                      ni=tih_effect_lor_df[i,7])
  esize[i] <- e_result$yi
  esize_var[i] <- e_result$vi
  i <- i + 1
}
tih_effect_lor_df$`Effect Size` <- esize</pre>
tih_effect_lor_df$`Effect Size Variance` <- esize_var</pre>
tih_effect_total <- rbind(tih_effect_lor_df %>%
                             select(-c(`Log Odds`, `Log Odds SE`)),
                           tih_effect_nonlor_df)
tih_effect_total <- tih_effect_total %>%
```

						Effect			
				Percent		Size	Median	Standardized	Homophobic
			Sampl	$\mathrm{e}\mathrm{Will}$ -	Effect	Vari-	Study	GDP per	Climate
Authors	Year	Countries	Size	ing	Size	ance	Year	Capita	Index (HCI)
Ayala et al.	2020	Multinational	3748	80.80%	0.145	0.034	2017.0	-0.243	0.515
Belludi	2021	India	8621	67.60%	-	0.111	2016.5	-0.735	0.663
et al.					0.050				
	2018	Mali, Côte	564	87.00%	-	0.057	2015.0	-0.762	0.770
et al.		d'Ivoire, Burkina Faso, Togo			0.081				
Driver	2020	China	123	67.80%	0.248	0.027	2017.0	-0.490	0.680
et al.			120	01.0070	0.210	0.02.	2011.0	0.100	0.000
Ogunbajo	2019	Nigeria	251	81.10%	_	0.025	2019.0	-0.718	0.884
et al.	A	O			0.012				
Ogunbajo	2019	Kenya	352	44.90%	-	0.031	2014.0	-0.743	0.834
et al.	В				0.142				
Stephense et al.	о <u>й</u> 021 А	United States	764	42.30%	0.004	0.000	2017.5	1.432	0.360
Stephense	o 2 021	South Africa &	254	15.90%	-	0.001	2016.5	-0.603	0.516
et al.	В	Namibia			0.029				
Storholm et al.	2019	United States	226	55.50%	0.037	0.001	2016.5	1.432	0.360
Zhang & Liu	2022	United States	318	81.80%	0.084	0.024	2019.5	1.432	0.360

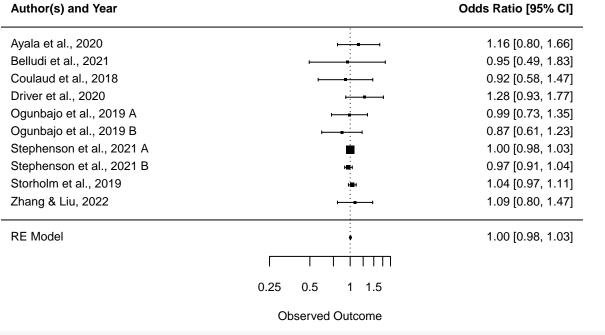
2.1.2 Random Effects Models

```
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 9) = 5.7492, p-val = 0.7647
##
## Model Results:
## estimate
                                      ci.lb
                                              ci.ub
                se
                      zval
                              pval
    0.0047 0.0104 0.4525 0.6509 -0.0157 0.0251
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
funnel(res_ih, level=c(90, 95, 99),
      shade=c("white", "gray55", "gray75"), refline=0, legend=TRUE,
       main = "Impact of Internalized Homonegativity \n on PrEP Willingness")
```

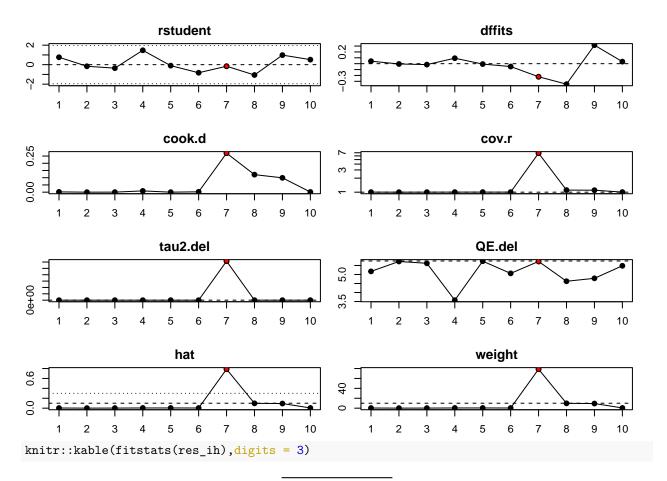
Impact of Internalized Homonegativity on PrEP Willingness



Impact of Internalized Homonegativity on PrEP Willingness

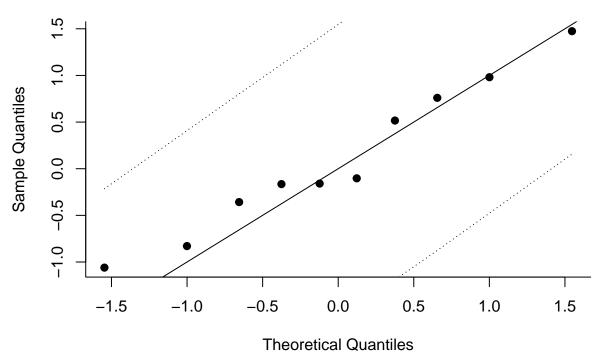


par(op)
res_ih_inf.ME <- influence(res_ih)
plot(res_ih_inf.ME)</pre>



	REML
logLik:	8.125
deviance:	-16.249
AIC:	-12.249
BIC:	-11.855
AICc:	-10.249

qqnorm(res_ih)



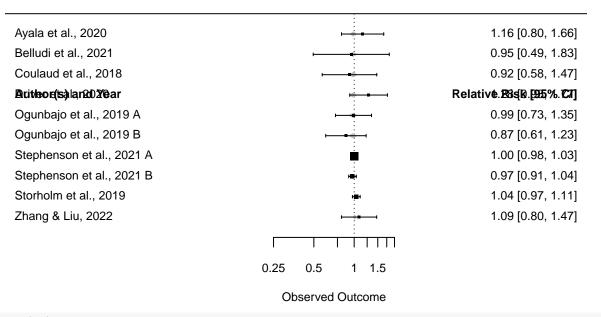
```
rma(yi=`Effect Size`, vi=`Effect Size Variance`,
    data=tih_effect_total[-c(7,8),])
```

```
## Random-Effects Model (k = 8; tau^2 estimator: REML)
##
## tau^2 (estimated amount of total heterogeneity): 0 (SE = 0.0068)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
## I^2 (total heterogeneity / total variability):
## H^2 (total variability / sampling variability): 1.00
##
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 7) = 3.4851, p-val = 0.8368
##
## Model Results:
##
## estimate
                                        ci.lb
                 se
                        zval
                                pval
     0.0388 \quad 0.0306 \quad 1.2693 \quad 0.2043 \quad -0.0211 \quad 0.0988
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

2.1.3 Mixed Effects Models

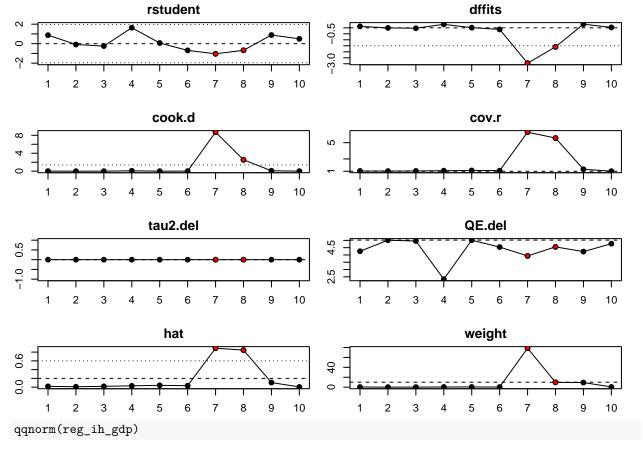
```
reg_ih_gdp
## Mixed-Effects Model (k = 10; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of residual heterogeneity):
                                                          0 (SE = 0.0009)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
## I^2 (residual heterogeneity / unaccounted variability): 0.00%
## H^2 (unaccounted variability / sampling variability):
                                                          1.00
## R^2 (amount of heterogeneity accounted for):
                                                           0.00%
## Test for Residual Heterogeneity:
## QE(df = 8) = 5.0177, p-val = 0.7557
## Test of Moderators (coefficient 2):
## QM(df = 1) = 0.7315, p-val = 0.3924
##
## Model Results:
##
##
                                  estimate
                                                       zval
                                                              pval
                                                                      ci.lb
                                               se
                                  -0.0117 0.0218 -0.5361 0.5919 -0.0545
## intrcpt
## `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                   0.0137 0.0160 0.8553 0.3924 -0.0177
                                   ci.ub
## intrcpt
                                  0.0311
## `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                 0.0451
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
forest(reg_ih_gdp, slab = paste(tih_effect_total$Authors,
                               tih_effect_total$`Year`, sep = ", "),
       main = "Impact of Internalized Homonegativity \n on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capit
                xlim = c(-6, 4),
       at = log(c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2)), atransf = exp,
                 cex = 0.75)
op <- par(cex = 0.75, font = 2)
text(-6, 7, "Author(s) and Year", pos = 4)
text(4, 7, "Relative Risk [95% CI]", pos = 2)
```

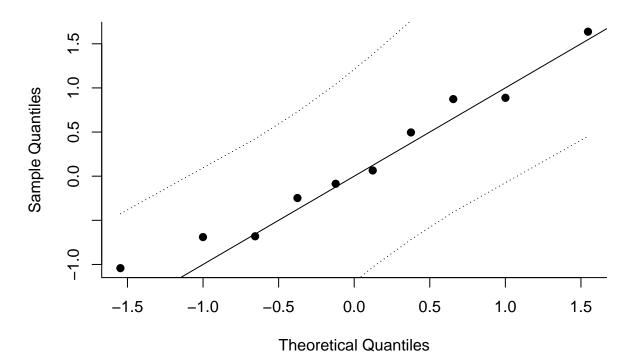
Impact of Internalized Homonegativity on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capita



par(op)

reg_ih_gdp_inf.ME <- influence(reg_ih_gdp)
plot(reg_ih_gdp_inf.ME)</pre>





```
reg_ih_mod.RE.ML <- rma(yi=`Effect Size`,</pre>
                         vi= Effect Size Variance .
                         data=tih_effect_total,
                        method="ML")
reg_ih_gdp_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tih_effect_total,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "ML")
reg_ih_year_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tih_effect_total,
              mods = ~ `Median Study Year`,
              method = "ML")
reg_ih_year_gdp_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tih_effect_total,
              mods = ~ `Median Study Year` + `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "ML")
reg_ih_hci_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tih_effect_total,
              mods = ~ `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`,
              method = "ML")
knitr::kable(cbind(fitstats(reg_ih_mod.RE.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_ih_gdp_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_ih_year_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_ih_hci_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_ih_year_gdp_mod.ME.ML)),
             digits = 3, col.names=c("Random Effects",
                                      "Mixed Effects (GDP)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (HCI)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year + GDP)"))
```

	Random Effects	Mixed Effects (GDP)	Mixed Effects (Year)	Mixed Effects (HCI)	Mixed Effects (Year + GDP)
logLik:	10.620	10.985	10.736	10.854	10.986
deviance:	5.749	5.018	5.517	5.280	5.017
AIC:	-17.239	-15.971	-15.472	-15.709	-13.971
BIC:	-16.634	-15.063	-14.564	-14.801	-12.761
AICc:	-15.525	-11.971	-11.472	-11.709	-5.971

2.2 PrEP Stigma

2.2.1 Effect Sizes

```
zhang_liu_2022 = c("Zhang & Liu", 2022, 2019.5, "United States",
                       318,0.08427930442,0.02385766616,0.360,58021.4005,
                       "81.80%"),
    holloway_2017 = c("Holloway et al.",2017,2015,"United States",
                      270, 0.04736105393, 0.1131649572, 0.360, 58021.4005,
                      "55.30%"),
    bil 2015 = c("Bil et al.", 2015, 2012.5, "Netherlands",
                 270, -0.4519422329, 0.1326387181, 0.131, 46039.10593,
                 "55.70%").
    eaton_2017 = c("Eaton et al.",2017,2015,"United States",
                   264,-0.265498889,0.08096737091
                                                     ,0.360,58021.4005,"43.56%"),
    sun_2021 = c("Sun et al.",2021,2018,"China",
                 612,-0.1550296911,0.08983203858
                                                      .0.680,8094.363367,
                 "35.00%"),
    golub_2013 = c("Golub et al.",2013,2012,"United States",
                   184,0.0268129064,0.1553931795,0.360,58021.4005,"55.40%"),
    wang_{2020_A} = c("Wang et al.", 2020, 2018, "China",
                  70,-1.039618429,0.2748798736,0.680,8094.363367,"67.10%"),
    wang_2020_B = c("Wang et al.",2018,2017,"China",
                    403,-0.7292862272,1.120395591,0.680,8094.363367,"52.90%"),
    draper_2017 = c("Draper et al.",2017,2014,"Myanmar",
                    432,-0.1242306796,0.1277911559,0.797,1136.610665,
                    "62.20%"),
    ayala 2013 = c("Ayala et al.", 2013, 2012, "Multinational",
                   3748,0.25802,0.07448,0.5150502972,14522.89101,
                   "80.80%").
    ahouda_2020 = c("Ahouda et al.",2020,2018,"Benin",
                    400, -0.545902591, 0.289633366, 0.781, 1087.287331,
                    "35.70%"),
    uthappa_2017 = c("Uthappa et al.",2017,2015,"India",
                     271,-1.325519023,0.6786891292,0.663,1732.554242,
                     "99.00%"),
    moskowitz_2020 = c("Moskowitz et al.",2020,2019, "United States",
                       491,-0.08713050078,0.0374747664,0.360,58021.4005,
                        "67.80%"),
    wetmoreland_2021 = c("Westmoreland et al.",2021,2017.5,"United States",
                         5817, -0.03901322528, 0.02095646939, 0.360, 58021.4005,
                          "53.30%"),
    driver 2020 = c("Driver et al.",2020,2017, "United States",
                    123,-0.122,0.061,0.360,58021.4005,"67.80%"),
    zhou_2012 = c("Zhou et al.",2012,2009.5,"China",
                  265, -0.67140204, 0.1222885987, 0.680, 8094.363367,
                  "67.80%")
)
rownames(prep_effect_lor_df) <- c("Authors", "Year",</pre>
                                   "Median Study Year", "Countries",
                                   "Sample Size", "Effect Size",
                                   "Effect Size Variance",
                                   "Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)",
                                   "GDP per Capita",
                                   "Percent Willing")
```

```
tprep_effect_lor_df <- as.data.frame(t(prep_effect_lor_df))</pre>
tprep_effect_lor_df <- tprep_effect_lor_df %>%
     mutate_at(c(3,5,6,7,8,9), as.numeric)
prep_esize <- rep(0,17)</pre>
prep_esize_var <- rep(0,17)</pre>
for (i in c(1:17)){
  prep_e_result <- escalc("OR",</pre>
                      yi=tprep_effect_lor_df[i,6],
                      sei=tprep_effect_lor_df[i,7],
                      ni=tprep_effect_lor_df[i,5])
  prep_esize[i] <- prep_e_result$yi</pre>
 prep_esize_var[i] <- prep_e_result$vi</pre>
  i <- i + 1
}
tprep_effect_lor_df$`Effect Size` <- prep_esize</pre>
tprep_effect_lor_df$`Effect Size Variance` <- prep_esize_var</pre>
tprep_effect_lor_df$`Standardized GDP per Capita` <-</pre>
  (tprep_effect_lor_df$`GDP per Capita`-mean(tprep_effect_lor_df$`GDP per Capita`))/(sd(tprep_effect_lor_df$`GDP per Capita`))/
tprep_effect_lor_df <- tprep_effect_lor_df %>% arrange(Authors)
knitr::kable(tprep_effect_lor_df %>%
                select(Authors, Year, Countries, `Sample Size`,
                        `Percent Willing`, `Effect Size`,
                        `Effect Size Variance`,`Median Study Year`,
                        `Standardized GDP per Capita`, `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`),
              digits = 3, row.names=FALSE)
```

						E.C.	3.5.11	G. 1 1. 1	
						Effect	Median	Standardized	Homophobic
		S	$_{ m lample}$	Percent	Effect	Size	Study	GDP per	Climate Index
Authors	Year	Countries	Size	Willing	Size	Variance	Year	Capita	(HCI)
Ahouda	2020	Benin	400	35.70%	-	0.084	2018.0	-1.217	0.781
et al.					0.546				
Ayala et	2013	Multinatio	3174 8	80.80%	0.258	0.006	2012.0	-0.704	0.515
al.									
Bil et al.	2015	Netherland	d270	55.70%	_	0.018	2012.5	0.497	0.131
					0.452				
Draper	2017	Myanmar	432	62.20%	_	0.016	2014.0	-1.215	0.797
et al.					0.124				
Driver et	2020	United	123	67.80%	_	0.004	2017.0	0.954	0.360
al.		States			0.122				
Eaton et	2017	United	264	43.56%	_	0.007	2015.0	0.954	0.360
al.		States			0.265				
Golub et	2013	United	184	55.40%	0.027	0.024	2012.0	0.954	0.360
al.		States							
Holloway	2017	United	270	55.30%	0.047	0.013	2015.0	0.954	0.360
et al.		States							
Moskowitz	2020	United	491	67.80%	-	0.001	2019.0	0.954	0.360
et al.		States			0.087				

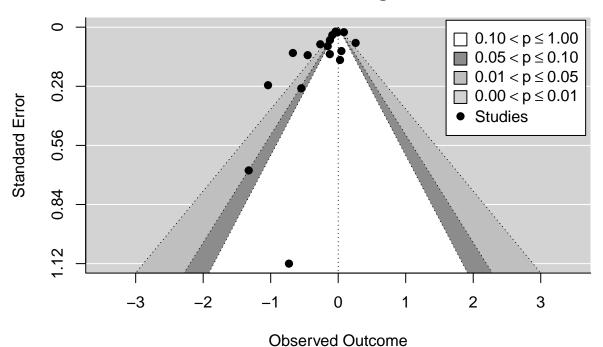
						Effect	Median	Standardized	Homophobic
		,	Sample	Percent	Effect	Size	Study	GDP per	Climate Index
Authors	Year	Countries	Size	Willing	Size	Variance	Year	Capita	(HCI)
Ogunbajo	2019	United	251	81.10%	-	0.001	2019.0	0.954	0.360
et al	A	States			0.012				
Sun et	2021	China	612	35.00%	-	0.008	2018.0	-0.949	0.680
al.					0.155				
Uthappa	2017	India	271	99.00%	-	0.461	2015.0	-1.192	0.663
et al.					1.326				
Wang et	2020	China	70	67.10%	-	0.076	2018.0	-0.949	0.680
al.					1.040				
Wang et	2018	China	403	52.90%	-	1.255	2017.0	-0.949	0.680
al.					0.729				
Westmorela	a 26 21	United	5817	53.30%	-	0.000	2017.5	0.954	0.360
et al.		States			0.039				
Zhang &	2022	United	318	81.80%	0.084	0.001	2019.5	0.954	0.360
Liu		States							
Zhou et	2012	China	265	67.80%	-	0.015	2009.5	-0.949	0.680
al.					0.671				

2.2.2 Random Effects Models

```
res_prep <- rma(`Effect Size`, `Effect Size Variance`,</pre>
               data=tprep_effect_lor_df)
res_prep
##
## Random-Effects Model (k = 17; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of total heterogeneity): 0.0638 (SE = 0.0285)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
                                                   0.2526
## I^2 (total heterogeneity / total variability):
## H^2 (total variability / sampling variability): 24.35
##
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 16) = 112.6462, p-val < .0001
## Model Results:
##
## estimate
               se
                       zval
                               pval
                                       ci.lb ci.ub
## -0.1707 0.0711 -2.4010 0.0164 -0.3101 -0.0314 *
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
rma(`Effect Size`, `Effect Size Variance`,
data=tprep_effect_lor_df[-17,])
##
## Random-Effects Model (k = 16; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of total heterogeneity): 0.0372 (SE = 0.0184)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
## I^2 (total heterogeneity / total variability):
```

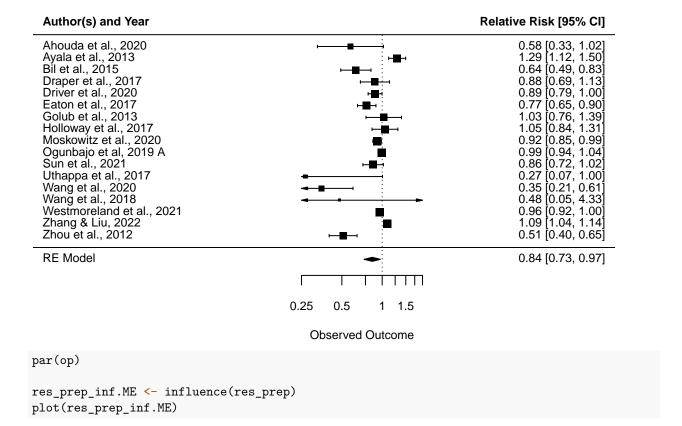
```
## H^2 (total variability / sampling variability): 15.33
##
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 15) = 84.2055, p-val < .0001
## Model Results:
##
## estimate
                 se
                        zval
                                pval
                                        ci.lb
                                                 ci.ub
   -0.1166 0.0586 -1.9886 0.0467
                                     -0.2314 -0.0017 *
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
plot(influence(rma(`Effect Size`, `Effect Size Variance`,
                   data=tprep_effect_lor_df[-17,])))
                   rstudent
                                                                  dffits
                                             0.2
                                             -0.6
                                                 1 2 3 4 5 6
         3
             5 6 7 8 9
                                 13
                                      15
                                                               7
                                                                                   15
           4
                            11
                                                                  8 9
                    cook.d
                                                                  cov.r
0.3
                                 13
                                                 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
                            11
                                      15
                                                                         11
                                                                              13
                                                                                   15
                   tau2.del
                                                                 QE.del
                                             75
                                             9
                                                 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
                            11
                                 13
                                      15
                                                                              13
                                                                                   15
                                                                 weight
                     hat
0.00
                                             0
    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
                            11
                                 13
                                      15
                                                                              13
                                                                                   15
                                                   2
                                                      3 4 5 6 7
                                                                  8 9
                                                                         11
funnel(res_prep, level=c(90, 95, 99),
       shade=c("white", "gray55", "gray75"), refline=0, legend=TRUE,
       main = "Impact of PrEP Stigma \n on PrEP Willingness")
```

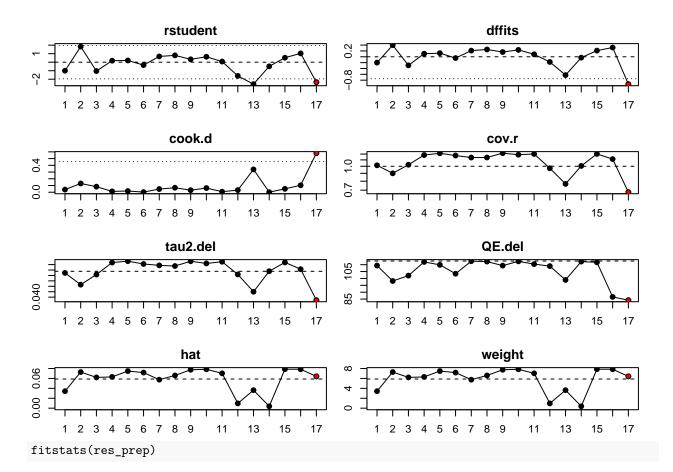
Impact of PrEP Stigma on PrEP Willingness



Observed Odicome

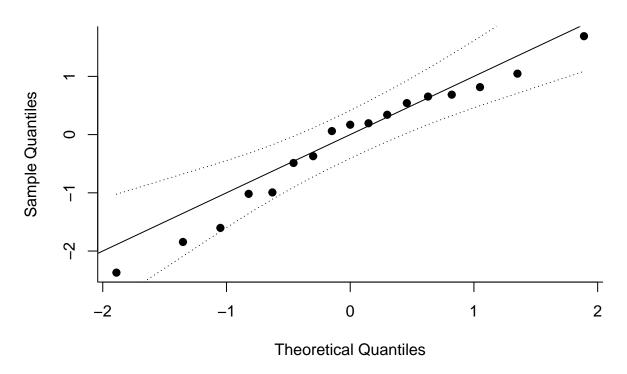
Impact of PrEP Stigma on PrEP Willingness





REML
logLik: -6.208241
deviance: 12.416483
AIC: 16.416483
BIC: 17.961660
AICc: 17.339560

qqnorm(res_prep)



2.2.3 Mixed Effects Models

```
reg_prep_gdp <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "REML")
reg_prep_gdp
##
## Mixed-Effects Model (k = 17; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of residual heterogeneity):
                                                             0.0601 \text{ (SE = } 0.0281)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
                                                             0.2452
## I^2 (residual heterogeneity / unaccounted variability): 95.76%
## H^2 (unaccounted variability / sampling variability):
                                                             23.60
## R^2 (amount of heterogeneity accounted for):
                                                             5.83%
##
## Test for Residual Heterogeneity:
## QE(df = 15) = 105.8130, p-val < .0001
## Test of Moderators (coefficient 2):
## QM(df = 1) = 3.7369, p-val = 0.0532
##
## Model Results:
##
##
                                   estimate
                                                                         ci.lb
                                                                 pval
                                                 se
                                                         zval
## intrcpt
                                    -0.2044 0.0718 -2.8489 0.0044 -0.3451
```

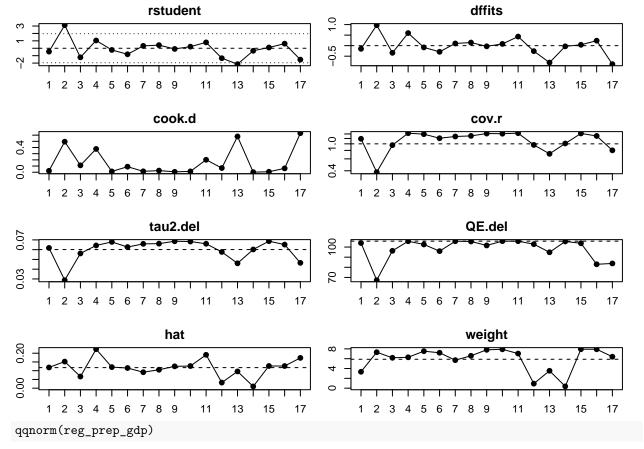
```
## `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                   0.1465 0.0758
                                                   1.9331 0.0532 -0.0020
##
                                    ci.ub
## intrcpt
                                  -0.0638
  `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                  0.2951
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
forest(reg_prep_gdp, slab = paste(tprep_effect_lor_df$Authors,
                                 tprep_effect_lor_df$`Year`, sep = ", "),
       main = "Impact of PrEP Stigma \n on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capita",
                xlim = c(-6, 4), at = log(c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2)),
       atransf = exp, cex = 0.75)
op <- par(cex = 0.75, font = 2)
text(-6, 19, "Author(s) and Year", pos = 4)
text(4, 19, "Relative Risk [95% CI]", pos = 2)
```

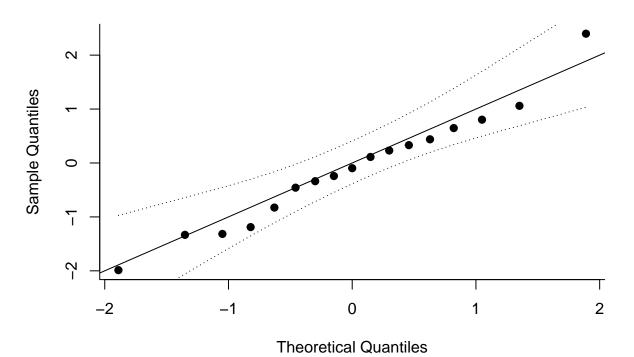
Impact of PrEP Stigma on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capita

Author(s) and Year Relative Risk [95% CI] Ahouda et al., 2020 0.58 [0.33, 1.02] 1.29 [1.12, 1.50] Ayala et al., 2013 Bil et al., 2015 0.64 [0.49, 0.83] Draper et al., 2017 0.88 [0.69, 1.13] Driver et al., 2020 0.89 [0.79, 1.00] Eaton et al., 2017 0.77 [0.65, 0.90] Golub et al., 2013 1.03 [0.76, 1.39] 1.05 [0.84, 1.31] Holloway et al., 2017 Moskowitz et al., 2020 0.92 [0.85, 0.99] Ogunbajo et al, 2019 A 0.99 [0.94, 1.04] Sun et al., 2021 0.86 [0.72, 1.02] Uthappa et al., 2017 0.27 [0.07, 1.00] Wang et al., 2020 0.35 [0.21, 0.61] Wang et al., 2018 0.48 [0.05, 4.33] Westmoreland et al., 2021 0.96 [0.92, 1.00] 1.09 [1.04, 1.14] Zhang & Liu, 2022 Zhou et al., 2012 0.51 [0.40, 0.65] 0.25 0.5 1.5 Observed Outcome

```
par(op)

reg_prep_gdp_inf.ME <- influence(reg_prep_gdp)
plot(reg_prep_gdp_inf.ME)</pre>
```





```
reg_prep_mod.RE.ML <- rma(yi=`Effect Size`,</pre>
                        vi=`Effect Size Variance`.
                        data=tprep_effect_lor_df,
                        method="ML")
reg_prep_hci_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`,
              method = "ML")
reg_prep_gdp_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "ML")
reg_prep_year_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Median Study Year`,
              method = "ML")
reg_prep_gdp_hci_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita` +
                `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`,
              method = "ML")
reg_prep_gdp_yr_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = tprep_effect_lor_df,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita` +
                'Median Study Year',
              method = "ML")
knitr::kable(cbind(fitstats(reg_prep_mod.RE.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_prep_gdp_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_prep_year_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_prep_hci_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_prep_gdp_yr_mod.ME.ML)),
             digits = 3, col.names=c("Random Effects",
                                      "Mixed Effects (GDP)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (HCI)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year + GDP)"))
```

	Random	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects (Year +
	Effects	(GDP)	(Year)	(HCI)	GDP)
logLik:	-5.875	-3.925	-5.543	-4.668	-3.915
deviance:	56.339	52.440	55.674	53.925	52.420
AIC:	15.750	13.851	17.085	15.336	15.831
BIC:	17.417	16.351	19.585	17.836	19.163
AICc:	16.607	15.697	18.931	17.182	19.164

2.3 HIV Stigma

2.3.1 Effect Sizes

```
hiv effect df <- data.frame(
    zhang_liu_2022 = c("Zhang & Liu", 2022, 2019.5, "United States",
                        315,0.4596033465,0.2507835062,0.360,58021.4005,
                        "81.80%"),
    meyers_2018 = c("Meyers et al.",2018,2013.5,"China",
                     200,0.2282825605,0.1473118038,0.680,8094.363367,
                     "51.50%"),
    chaung_2018 = c("Chuang et al.",2018,2014,"Taiwan",
                     176,0.5799862723,0.215992354,0.580,23071,"35.00%"),
    wheelock_2013 = c("Wheelock et al.",2013,2011,"Thailand",
                       260,0.5003416684,0.2077108941,0.533,5993.305516,
                       "88.40%"),
    fallon_2015 = c("Fallon et al.",2015,2014, "United States",
                     398,0.2297640034,0.1135258395,0.360,58021.4005,"48.00%")
)
rownames(hiv_effect_df) <- c("Authors", "Year",</pre>
                              "Median Study Year", "Countries",
                               "Sample Size", "LOR", "LOR SE",
                               "Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)",
                              "GDP per Capita", "Percent Willing")
thiv_effect_df <- as.data.frame(t(hiv_effect_df))</pre>
thiv_effect_df <- thiv_effect_df %>%
     mutate_at(c(2,3,5,6,7,8,9), as.numeric)
hiv_esize \leftarrow rep(0,5)
hiv_esize_var <- rep(0,5)
for (i in c(1:5)){
  hiv_e_result <- escalc("OR",</pre>
                      yi=thiv_effect_df[i,6],
                      sei=thiv_effect_df[i,7],
                     ni=thiv_effect_df[i,5])
  hiv_esize[i] <- hiv_e_result$yi
 hiv_esize_var[i] <- hiv_e_result$vi</pre>
  i < -i + 1
}
thiv_effect_df$`Standardized GDP per Capita` <-</pre>
  (thiv_effect_df$`GDP per Capita`-mean(thiv_effect_df$`GDP per Capita`))/(sd(thiv_effect_df$`GDP per C
thiv_effect_df$`Effect Size` <- hiv_esize</pre>
thiv_effect_df$`Effect Size Variance` <- hiv_esize_var</pre>
thiv_effect_df <- thiv_effect_df %>% arrange(Authors) %>%
  select(-c("LOR","LOR SE"))
knitr::kable(thiv_effect_df %>%
                select(Authors, Year, Countries, `Sample Size`,
                       `Percent Willing`, `Effect Size`,
                       `Effect Size Variance`, `Median Study Year`,
                       `Standardized GDP per Capita`, `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`),
```

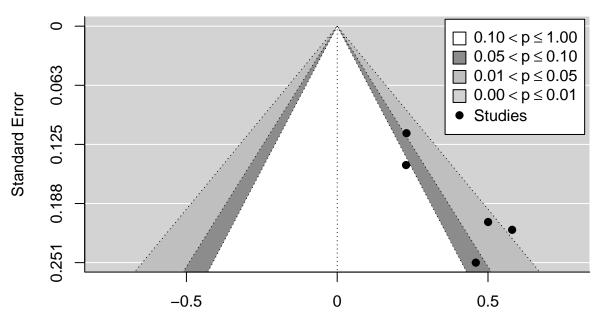
digits = 3, row.names=FALSE)

		Sample	Percent	Effect	Effect Size	Median Study	Standardized GDP per	Homophobic Climate Index
Authors	Year Countries	-	Willing	Size	Variance	Year	Capita	(HCI)
Chuang	2018 Taiwan	176	35.00%	0.580	0.047	2014.0	-0.293	0.580
et al. Fallon et al.	2015 United States	398	48.00%	0.230	0.013	2014.0	1.059	0.360
Meyers et al.	2018 China	200	51.50%	0.228	0.022	2013.5	-0.872	0.680
Wheelock et al.	2013 Thailand	260	88.40%	0.500	0.043	2011.0	-0.954	0.533
Zhang & Liu	2022 United States	315	81.80%	0.460	0.063	2019.5	1.059	0.360

2.3.2 Random Effects Models

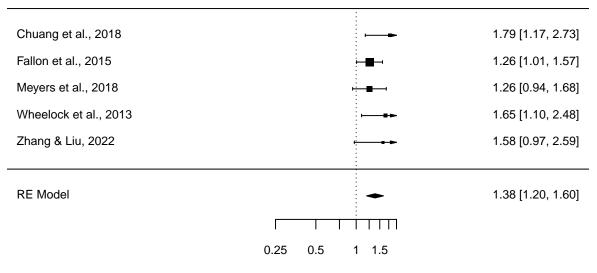
```
res_hiv <- rma(`Effect Size`, `Effect Size Variance`,</pre>
              data=thiv_effect_df, method="REML")
res_hiv
## Random-Effects Model (k = 5; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of total heterogeneity): 0 (SE = 0.0189)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
## I^2 (total heterogeneity / total variability):
                                                   0.00%
## H^2 (total variability / sampling variability): 1.00
##
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 4) = 3.5290, p-val = 0.4735
## Model Results:
## estimate
              se zval
                              pval ci.lb ci.ub
   0.3240 0.0737 4.3977 <.0001 0.1796 0.4685 ***
##
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
funnel(res_hiv, level=c(90, 95, 99), shade=c("white", "gray55", "gray75"),
      refline=0, legend=TRUE,
       main = "Impact of HIV Stigma \n on PrEP Willingness")
```

Impact of HIV Stigma on PrEP Willingness



Observed Outcome

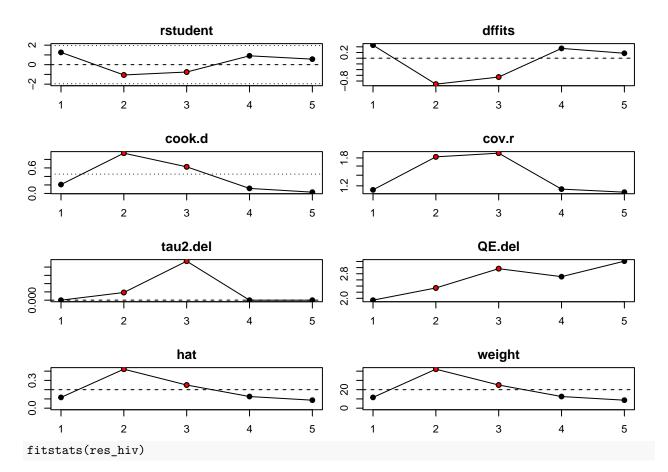
Impact of HIV Stigma on PrEP Willingness



Observed Outcome

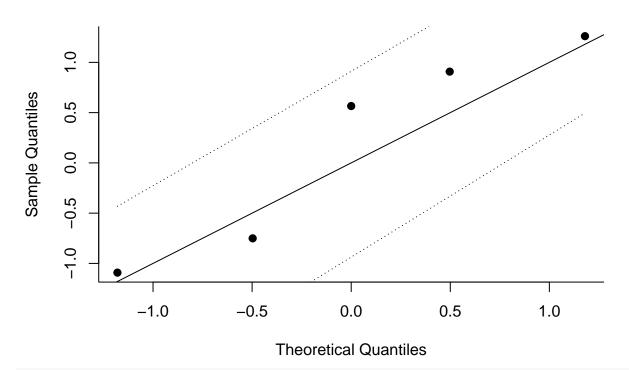
par(op)

res_hiv_inf.ME <- influence(res_hiv)
plot(res_hiv_inf.ME)</pre>



REML ## logLik: 1.3347175 ## deviance: -2.6694349 ## AIC: 1.3305651 ## BIC: 0.1031538 ## AICc: 13.3305651

qqnorm(res_hiv)



```
rma(`Effect Size`, `Effect Size Variance`,
    data=thiv_effect_df[-2,], method="REML")

##
## Random-Effects Model (k = 4; tau^2 estimator: REML)
##
## tau^2 (estimated amount of total heterogeneity): 0.0019 (SE = 0.0330)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value): 0.0430
## I^2 (total heterogeneity / total variability): 4.42%
## H^2 (total variability / sampling variability): 1.05
##
## Test for Heterogeneity:
## Q(df = 3) = 2.3373, p-val = 0.5054
##
```

ci.ub

ci.lb

pval

0.3957 0.0996 3.9721 <.0001 0.2005 0.5910 ***

Model Results:

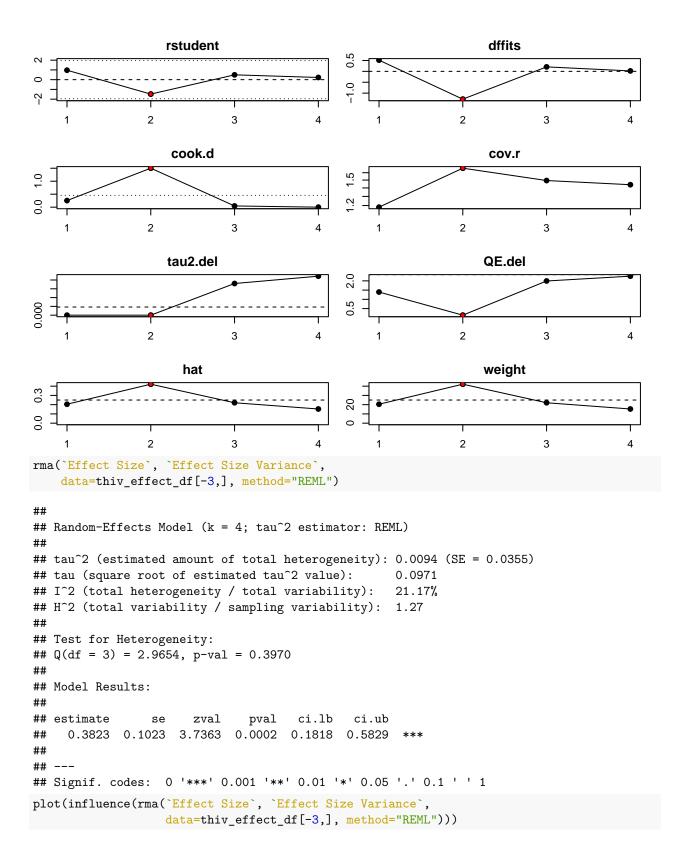
se

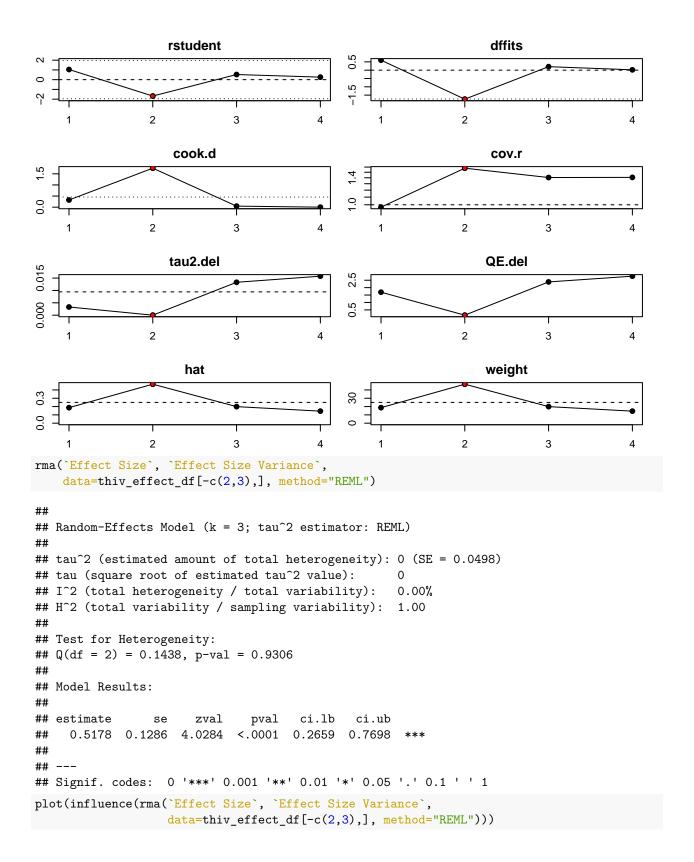
zval

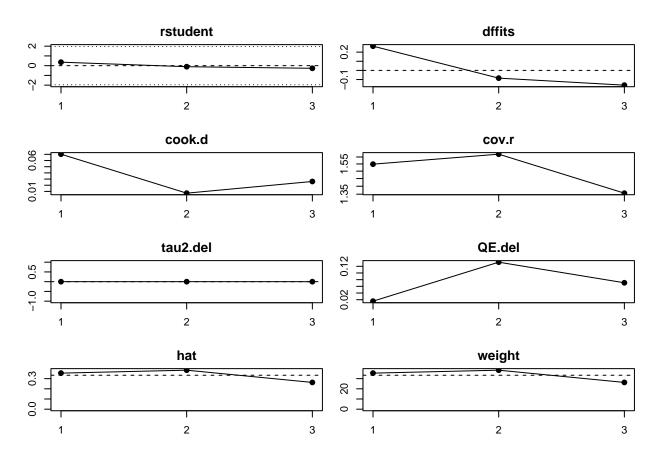
estimate

##

##





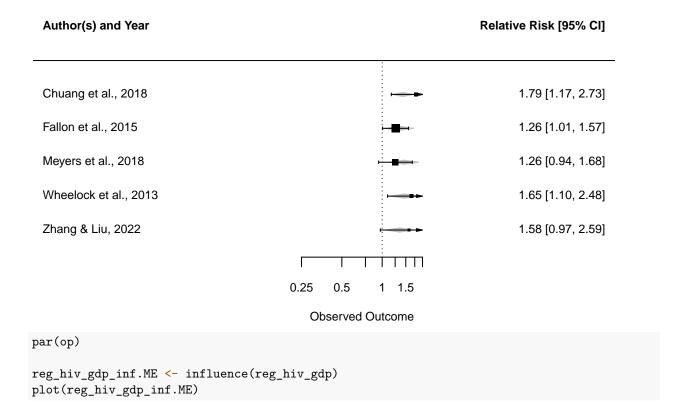


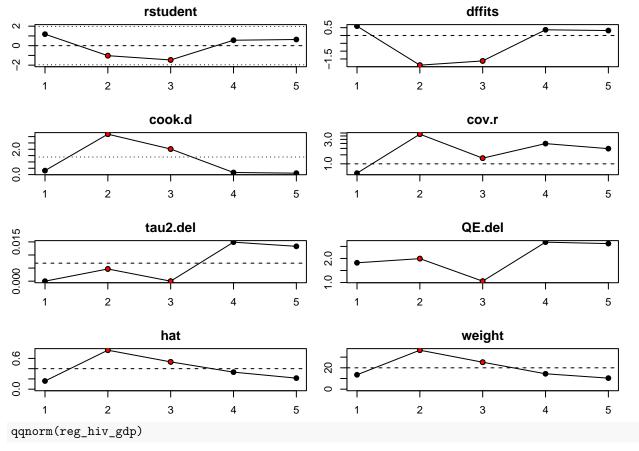
2.3.3 Mixed Effects Models

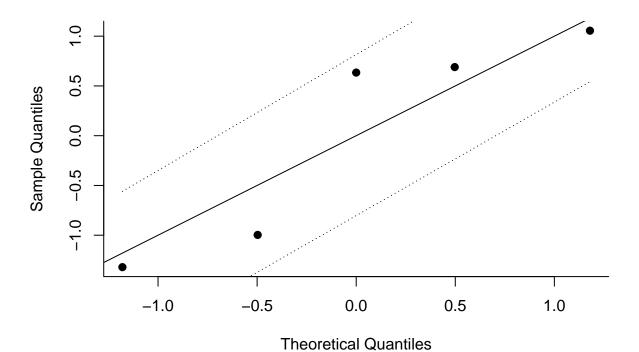
```
##
## Mixed-Effects Model (k = 5; tau^2 estimator: REML)
## tau^2 (estimated amount of residual heterogeneity):
                                                             0.0069 \text{ (SE = } 0.0352)
## tau (square root of estimated tau^2 value):
                                                             0.0829
## I^2 (residual heterogeneity / unaccounted variability): 15.83%
## H^2 (unaccounted variability / sampling variability):
                                                             1.19
## R^2 (amount of heterogeneity accounted for):
                                                             0.00%
##
## Test for Residual Heterogeneity:
## QE(df = 3) = 3.2078, p-val = 0.3607
## Test of Moderators (coefficient 2):
## QM(df = 1) = 0.2158, p-val = 0.6423
## Model Results:
##
```

```
pval
##
                                                                     ci.lb
                                 estimate
                                             se
                                                    zval
                                   0.3436 0.0854 4.0224 <.0001
                                                                    0.1762
## intrcpt
## `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                  -0.0428 0.0921 -0.4645 0.6423 -0.2233
##
                                  ci.ub
## intrcpt
                                 0.5111 ***
## `Standardized GDP per Capita`
                                 0.1377
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
forest(reg_hiv_gdp, slab = paste(thiv_effect_df$Authors,
                                thiv_effect_df$`Year`, sep = ", "),
      main = "Impact of HIV Stigma \n on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capita",
                xlim = c(-6, 4),
      at = log(c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2)), atransf = exp,
                cex = 0.75)
op <- par(cex = 0.75, font = 2)
text(-6, 7, "Author(s) and Year", pos = 4)
text(4, 7, "Relative Risk [95% CI]", pos = 2)
```

Impact of HIV Stigma on PrEP Willingness, Moderated by GDP per Capita







```
reg_hiv_mod.RE.ML <- rma(yi=`Effect Size`,</pre>
                         vi=`Effect Size Variance`,
                         data=thiv_effect_df,
                         method="ML")
reg_hiv_gdp_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = thiv_effect_df,
              mods = ~ `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "ML")
reg_hiv_year_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = thiv_effect_df,
              mods = ~ `Median Study Year`,
              method = "ML")
reg_hiv_hci_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = thiv_effect_df,
              mods = ~ `Homophobic Climate Index (HCI)`,
              method = "ML")
reg_hiv_year_gdp_mod.ME.ML <- rma(yi = `Effect Size`,</pre>
              vi = `Effect Size Variance`,
              data = thiv_effect_df,
              mods = ~ `Median Study Year` + `Standardized GDP per Capita`,
              method = "ML")
knitr::kable(cbind(fitstats(reg_hiv_mod.RE.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_hiv_gdp_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_hiv_year_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_hiv_hci_mod.ME.ML),
                   fitstats(reg_hiv_year_gdp_mod.ME.ML)),
             digits = 3, col.names=c("Random Effects",
                                      "Mixed Effects (GDP)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (HCI)",
                                      "Mixed Effects (Year + GDP)"))
```

	Random	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects	Mixed Effects (Year +
	Effects	(GDP)	(Year)	(HCI)	GDP)
logLik:	2.219	2.380	2.221	2.255	2.479
deviance:	3.529	3.208	3.525	3.456	3.010
AIC:	-0.438	1.241	1.557	1.489	3.043
BIC:	-1.219	0.069	0.386	0.317	1.481
AICc:	5.562	25.241	25.557	25.489	43.043