<u>Home (https://www.safecosmetics.org/)</u> > <u>Chemicals (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/)</u> > Coal Tar

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Coal Tar

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Coal tar is a known carcinogen derived from burning coal. It is a complex mixture of hundreds of compounds, many of which are polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs). [1][2]



Coal tar is used in food, textiles, cosmetics and personal care products. Experimental studies have found that application of and exposure to coal tar produce skin tumors and neurological damage.

WHAT IS COAL TAR?

Coal tar is a brown-black material and thick liquid generated during the incomplete combustion (burning) of coal. [3][6]

It is considered a known carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program and the International Agency for Research on Cancer. Coal tar is a complex chemical mixture that also includes a number of suspected and known carcinogens, such as benzene, toluene, naphthalene, anthracene, xylene, creosote oils and benzo[a]pyrene, which is a polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH). PAHs (https://www.bcpp.org/resource/polycyclic-aromatic-hydrocarbons/) are a large class of chemical that are reasonably anticipated to cause cancer. [7][8]

Found In

- Shampoos and scalp treatments
- Soaps
- Hair dyes
- Lotions

What to look for on the label

- Coal tar solution
- Tar
- Coal
- Carbo-cort
- Coal tar solution
- Coal tar solution USP
- Crude coal tar
- Estar
- Impervotar
- KC 261
- Lavatar
- Picis carbonis
- Naphtha
- High solvent naphtha
- Naphtha distillate
- Benzin B70
- Petroleum benzin^{[3][4]}

Health Concerns

Cancer: Experimental studies have found that exposure to and application of coal tar produce skin tumors. Coal tar has also been associated with cancer of the lung, bladder, kidney and digestive tract. Benzo[a] pyrene, a constituent of coal tar, has been found to be carcinogenic through skin exposure. There have been many reports of skin cancer among patients using therapeutic coaltar preparations.

Organ System Toxicity: Pyridine, a coal tar constituent, has been linked to neurological damage. Effects include emotional and sleep disturbances, as well as loss of coordination. [10][11].

Vulnerable Populations

Babies & Children (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/babies-children/), Men (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/men/), Pregnant Women (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/pregnant-women/), Teenagers (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/teenagers/), Women of Color (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/women-of-color/), Workers (https://www.safecosmetics.org/population/workers/)

Regulations

According to the FDA, any drug products containing coal tar at levels of 0.5% to 5% (the level deemed effective and safe) must specify on a label the concentration of coal tar. Hair dye and certain skin products must display a warning label if they contain coal tar and must indicate specific precautions for that product. [5]

How to Avoid?

Read labels and avoid cosmetics and personal care products containing coal tar or synonyms. Be especially vigilant about hair dyes.

Explore other Chemicals

Nail Polish Removers (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/nail-polish-removers/)

<u>Lead And Other Heavy Metals (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/lead-and-other-heavy-metals/)</u>

Petrolatum, Petroleum Jelly (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/petrolatum/)

<u>Acrylates (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/acrylates/)</u>

<u>Homosalate (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/homosalate/)</u>

Phenoxyethanol (https://www.safecosmetics.org/chemicals/phenoxyethanol/)

<u>View All Chemicals of Concern > (/chemicals/)</u>

Looking for a Safer Alternative?

Use Clearya's app to find non-toxic products! Clearya alerts you to toxics and helps you find safe products.



Your Action Helps

Together, we can make beauty safer for all.

Take Action Today!

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