A Simple 3D Puzzle

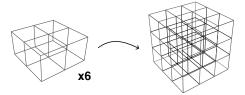
Tyler Neylon

345.2023

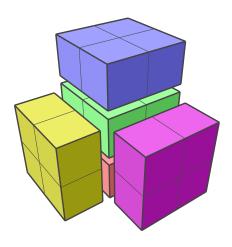
[Formats: html | pdf]

1 The Puzzle

Here's a fun puzzle: Take six boxes, each $1\times2\times2$ in size, and find a way to pack them into a $3\times3\times3$ cube.

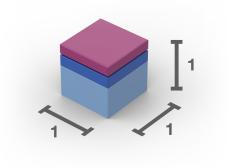


I learned about this puzzle through Donald Knuth's *The Art of Computer Programming*, §7.2.2.1. The six boxes have a total volume of 24 cubies (I'll call a $1 \times 1 \times 1$ unit a "cubie," as Knuth does). They certainly have a chance of fitting into the 27 cubie spaces of the larger $3 \times 3 \times 3$ volume. But the initial configurations I tried failed to fit more than five boxes in the space allowed:

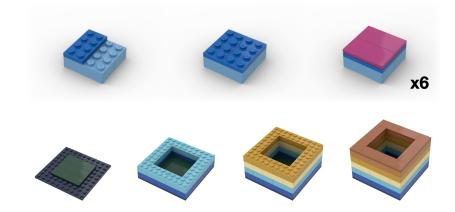


You might be able to solve this by simply thinking about it. But it's even more fun to play with a physical model.

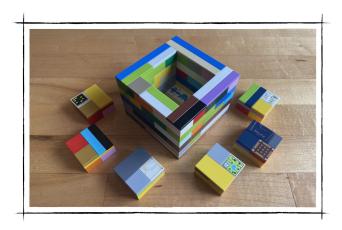
Did you know that a 2×2 Lego brick with 2 tile-heights on top forms a perfect cube?



This allows us to construct the puzzle like so:



Here's the hodgepodge model I built with my kids' Legos:



I'll write a little about the math behind this puzzle below, but for now I'll give you a vertical break so you don't accidentally see the solution. Try out the puzzle first!



2 The Solution

Next part of the article.