Introduction to Java for C++ Programmers

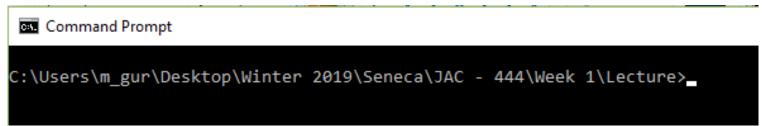
Segment - 4

JAC 444

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Through Command Prompt

- Start Command Prompt.
- Navigate to the folder that holds your class files:



• Compile your class(es):

```
C:\Users\m_gur\Desktop\Winter 2019\Seneca\JAC - 444\Week 1\Lecture>javac Welcome.java
C:\Users\m_gur\Desktop\Winter 2019\Seneca\JAC - 444\Week 1\Lecture>
```

• Create a manifest file and your jar file:

echo Main-Class: Welcome >manifest.txt

```
C:\Users\m_gur\Desktop\Winter 2019\Seneca\JAC - 444\Week 1\Lecture>jar cvfm Welcome.jar manifest.txt *.class added manifest
adding: Welcome.class(in = 432) (out= 294)(deflated 31%)
```

OR

```
C:\Users\m_gur\Desktop\Winter 2019\Seneca\JAC - 444\Week 1\Lecture>jar -cvfe Welcome.jar Welcome *.class
added manifest
adding: Welcome.class(in = 432) (out= 294)(deflated 31%)
```

Test Your Jar file

C:\Users\m_gur\Desktop\Winter 2019\Seneca\JAC - 444\Week 1\Lecture>java -jar Welcome.jar Welcome to Java Jar file

• Let's briefly review/explain the JAR tool options we have used: c: indicates we want to create a new JAR file.

v: generates verbose output to standard output.

f: specifies the *jarfile* to be created.

m: indicates the manifest file we use.

The manifest file includes name-value pairs.

-C: indicates temporary changes to the directory.

Classes are added from this directory to the JAR file.

Using Eclipse

