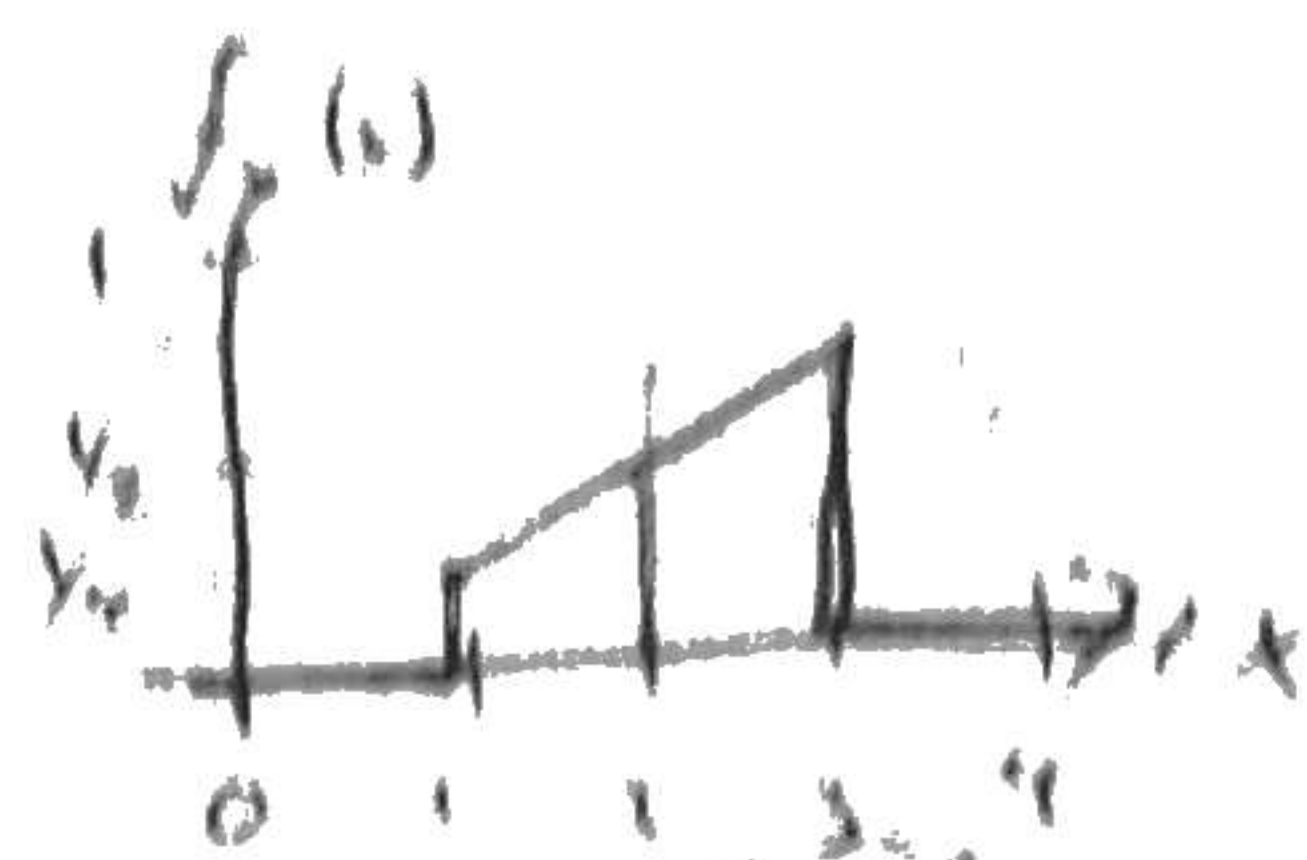


1) B-3.15

SEE HW #6

2) B-3.18

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} x/4, & \text{if } 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad A = \{x \geq 2\}$$



$$a) E[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_X(x) dx = \int_1^3 x \cdot x/4 dx = \int_1^3 x^2/4 dx = \frac{x^3}{12} \Big|_1^3 = \frac{27}{12} - \frac{1}{12} = \frac{26}{12} = \frac{13}{6} \quad E[X]$$

$$P(A) = \int_2^3 f_X(x) dx = \int_2^3 x/4 dx = \frac{x^2}{8} \Big|_2^3 = \frac{9}{8} - \frac{4}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$f_{X|A}(x) = \frac{f_X(x)}{P(A)} = \frac{x/4}{5/8} = \frac{2x}{5} \quad \begin{cases} 2 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad f_{X|A}(x)$$

$$E[X|A] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_{X|A}(x) dx = \int_2^3 x \cdot \frac{2x}{5} dx = \frac{2}{5} \int_2^3 x^2 dx = \frac{2}{5} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_2^3 = \frac{2}{5} \left(\frac{27}{3} - \frac{8}{3} \right) = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{19}{3} = \frac{38}{15} \quad E[X|A]$$

b) $Y = X^2$

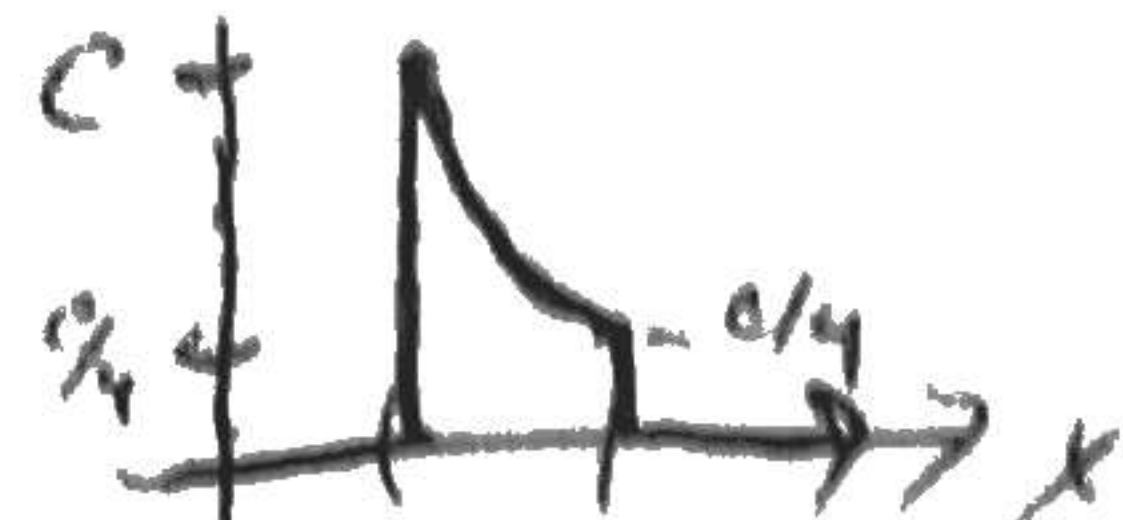
$$E[Y] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_X(x) dx = \int_1^3 x^2 \cdot x/4 dx = \int_1^3 x^3/4 dx = \frac{x^4}{16} \Big|_1^3 = \frac{81}{16} - \frac{1}{16} = \frac{80}{16} = 5 \quad E[Y]$$

$$\text{Var}(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^4 f_X(x) dx = \int_1^3 x^4 \cdot x/4 dx = \int_1^3 x^5/4 dx = \frac{x^6}{24} \Big|_1^3 = \frac{729}{24} - \frac{1}{24} = \frac{728}{24} = \frac{91}{3}$$

$$= \frac{91}{3} - 25 = \frac{16}{3} \quad \text{Var}(Y)$$

3) B-3.19

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} cx^{-2}, & 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$



$$a) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) dx = 1 \Rightarrow \int_1^2 cx^{-2} dx = -cx^{-1} \Big|_1^2 = 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{c}{2} - (-c) = 1 \Rightarrow c(1 - 1/2) = 1 \Rightarrow c(1/2) = 1 \Rightarrow c = 2$$

$$C = 1 + c/2$$

b) $A = \{x > 1.5\}$

$$P(A) = \int_{1.5}^2 2x^{-2} dx = -2/x \Big|_{1.5}^2 = -1 + 4/3 = 1/3 \quad P(A)$$

$$f_{X|A}(x) = \frac{f_X(x)}{P(A)} = \frac{2/x^2}{1/3} = \begin{cases} 6/x^2, & 1.5 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

c) $Y = X^2$

$$E[X^2|A] = \int_{1.5}^2 x^2 f_{X|A}(x) dx = \int_{1.5}^2 x^2 \cdot 6/x^2 dx = \int_{1.5}^2 6 dx = 6x \Big|_{1.5}^2 = 12 - 9 = 3$$

$$\text{Var}(Y|A) = \text{Var}(X^2|A) = \int_{1.5}^2 x^4 f_{X|A}(x) dx = \int_{1.5}^2 x^4 \cdot 6/x^2 dx = \int_{1.5}^2 6x^2 dx = 2x^3 \Big|_{1.5}^2 = 16 - \frac{27}{4} = \frac{64}{4} - \frac{27}{4} = \frac{37}{4}$$

$$= \frac{37}{4} - \frac{36}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

4) S-3.29

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 4xy & 0 < y < 1, 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$f_X(x) = 2x \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$f_Y(y) = 2y \quad 0 < y < 1$$

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \frac{f_{XY}(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{4xy}{2x} = 2y \quad 0 < y < 1$$

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{XY}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)} = \frac{4xy}{2y} = 2x \quad 0 < x < 1$$

$$f_{Y|X}(y|x) = \frac{f_{XY}(x,y)}{f_X(x)} = \frac{4xy}{2x} = 2y$$

$$f_{X|Y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{XY}(x,y)}{f_Y(y)} = \frac{4xy}{2y} = 2x$$

5) 3.30

$$f_{xy}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$f_x(x) = 2x \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$f_y(y) = 2(1-y) \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

$$f_{y|x}(y|x) = \frac{f_{xy}(x,y)}{f_x(x)} = \frac{2}{2x} = \frac{1}{x} \quad 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 1$$

$$f_{x|y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{xy}(x,y)}{f_y(y)} = \frac{2}{2(1-y)} = \frac{1}{1-y} \quad 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 1$$

6) 3.40

$$E(y|x) = \int_0^x y f_{y|x}(y|x) dy = \int_0^x \frac{y}{x} dy = \frac{y^2}{2x} \Big|_0^x = \frac{x^2}{2x} = \frac{x}{2} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

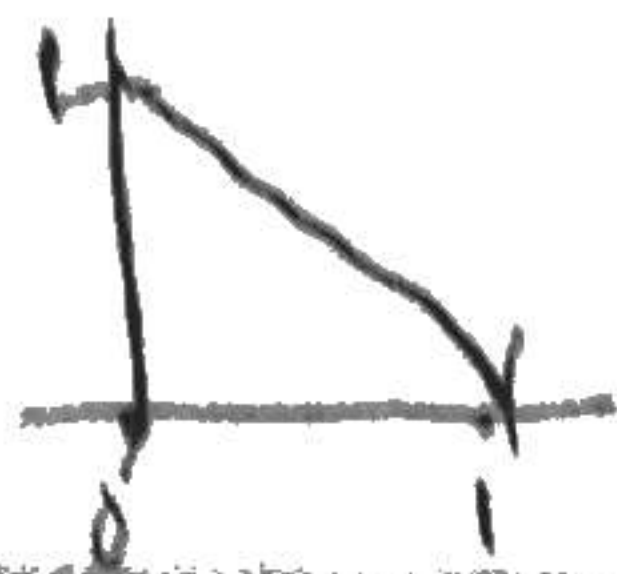
$$E(x|y) = \int_y^1 x f_{x|y}(x|y) dx = \int_y^1 \frac{x}{1-y} dx = \frac{x^2}{2(1-y)} \Big|_y^1 = \frac{1-y^2}{2(1-y)} = \frac{(1+y)(1-y)}{2(1-y)} = \frac{1+y}{2} \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

5-3.41

$$Var(y|x) = \int y^2 f_{y|x}(y|x) dy = \int_0^x \frac{y^2}{x} dy = \frac{y^3}{3x} \Big|_0^x = \frac{x^3}{3x} = \frac{x^2}{3} - \left(\frac{x}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{x^2}{3} - \frac{x^2}{4} = \frac{x^2}{12}$$

$$Var(x|y) = \int x^2 f_{x|y}(x|y) dx = \int_y^1 \frac{x^2}{1-y} dx = \frac{x^3}{3(1-y)} \Big|_y^1 = \frac{1-y^3}{3(1-y)} = \frac{(1+y+y^2)}{3} - \left(\frac{1+y}{2} \right)^2 = \frac{4+4y+4y^2-3-6y-3y^2}{12} = \frac{1-2y+y^2}{12} = \frac{(1-y)^2}{12}$$

8) B-3.23



a) $f_{xy}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2 & 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

b) $f_y(y) = \int_0^1 f_{xy}(x,y) dx = \int_0^{1-y} 2 dx = 2(1-y) \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$

c) $f_{x|y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{xy}(x,y)}{f_y(y)} = \frac{2}{2(1-y)} = \frac{1}{1-y} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1-y$

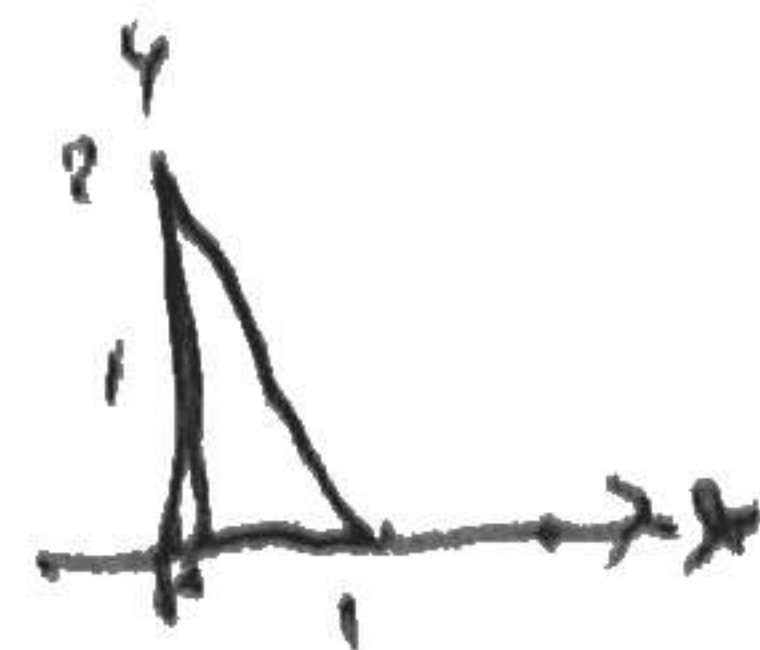
d) $E(x|y) = \int_0^{1-y} x f_{x|y}(x|y) dx = \int_0^{1-y} \frac{x}{1-y} dx = \frac{x^2}{2(1-y)} \Big|_0^{1-y} = \frac{1-y}{2} \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$

$E(x) = E[E(x|y)] = \int_0^1 \frac{1-y}{2} f_y(y) dy = \int_0^1 \frac{1-y}{2} \cdot 2(1-y) dy = \int_0^1 (1-y)^2 dy = \left[\frac{1-y^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{3}$

$= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} - \frac{y}{2} (2(1-y)) dy = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 y f_y(y) dy = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{E(y)}{2} = \frac{1-E(y)}{2}$

e) $E(x) = E(y) = \frac{1-E(x)}{2} = 3E(x) = 1 \Rightarrow E(x) = \frac{1}{3}$

9) B-3.24



$f_{xy}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

$f_y(y) = \int_0^{2-y} f_{xy}(x,y) dx = \int_0^{2-y} 1 dx = 2-y \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2$

$f_{x|y}(x|y) = \frac{f_{xy}(x,y)}{f_y(y)} = \frac{1}{2-y} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2-y$

$E(x|y) = \int_0^{2-y} x f_{x|y}(x|y) dx = \int_0^{2-y} \frac{x}{2-y} dx = \frac{x^2}{2(2-y)} \Big|_0^{2-y} = \frac{(2-y)^2}{2(2-y)} = \frac{2-y}{2} \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2$

$E(x) = \int_0^2 \frac{2-y}{2} f_y(y) dy = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \int_0^2 y f_y(y) dy = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} E(y) = \frac{2-E(y)}{4}$

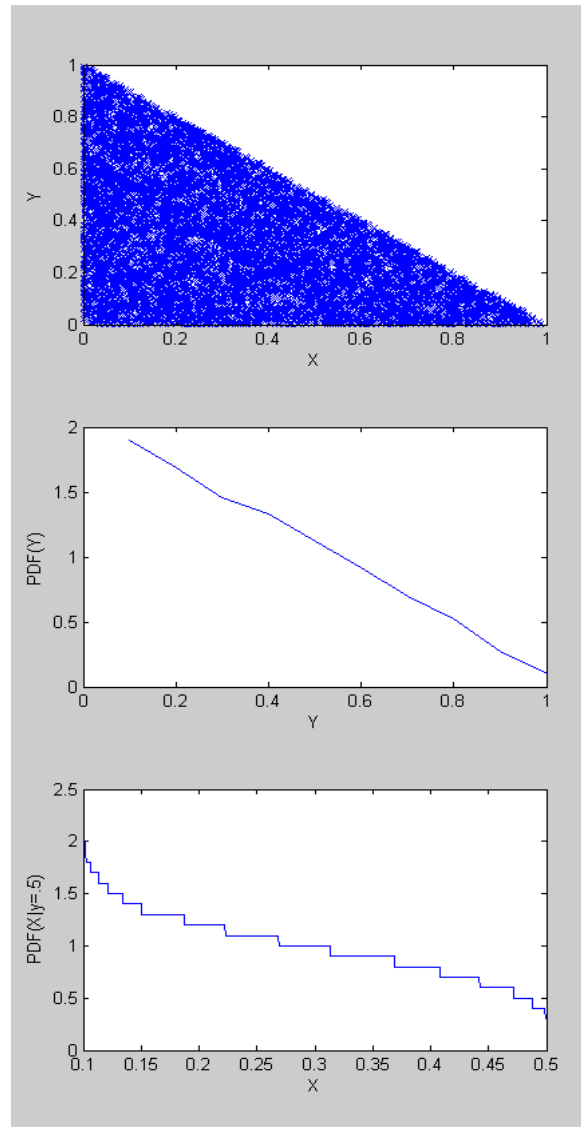
$E(y) = \int_0^2 y f_y(y) dy$

$E(y) = \int_0^2 (2-y) f_y(y) dy = 1 - E(x) \Rightarrow E(x) = \frac{2-1+E(x)}{4} \Rightarrow 3E(x) = 1 \Rightarrow E(x) = \frac{1}{3}$

$E(y) = \frac{2}{3}$

Problem 8)

$$E[X] = .3331$$



Problem 9)

$$E[X] = .328$$

$$E[Y] = .664$$

