

Theory of Computer Games (電腦對局理論)

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2021

- Prerequisite: computer programming, data structure, algorithm
- This course introduces techniques for computers to play various classical **board games**.
 - Include Chinese chess and Go
 - Not a course on game theory, video games, or war game simulations

- 電腦對局導論

*Computers and Classical Board Games:
An Introduction*

- Author: 徐讚昇 等
- Publisher: 國立臺灣大學出版中心,
June 2017
- ISBN: 978-986-350-237-1
- 勘誤表

- Class notes
- Collection of papers



- 30% for attendance, assignments and class performance
- Midterm (30%)
- Final project (40%)
 - An alpha-beta based computer game program for Chinese dark chess
 - A simple code with GUI will be provided.
 - The usage of this sample code is restricted for anything related to this course only.
 - Submitted package: code + documents
- The final score of 0 in case of cheat or plagiarism in any exam, homework or projects

- Presentation/report of a research paper on game tree search
 - Required for each students
 - If time allows, give an in-class presentation.
 - Discussion before presentation
 - 30-minute talk
 - ≤ 30 slides in PDF format
 - 10–15 minutes of Q&A
 - Each student asks ≥ 1 non-trivial question
 - Submit your revised set of slides one week later
 - If time does not allow, submit a written report.
 - Pick a paper related to the course
 - Write a report with at least 100 words in PDF format
 - Summary of results in the paper
 - Comments about this paper, its strength, weakness and potential improvements

- Introduction: an AI oriented overview
- Single-player games
 - Basic techniques
 - Advanced techniques
- Homework 1
- Two-player perfect information games
 - Survey
 - Introduction from chess's point of view
 - Alpha-beta and its extensions
- Midterm

Course at a Glance (2/2)

- Two-player perfect information games
 - Monte-Carlo based method
- Homework 2
- Practical considerations
 - Memorizing knowledge
 - Transposition tables
 - Endgame databases
 - Advanced pruning techniques
 - Parallelization (?)
 - The graph-history interaction (GHI) problem
 - Opponent model (?)
 - Timing control
 - Hardware enhancements (?)
- Conclusion
- Final project

Introduction and an AI Oriented Overview

- Relations between computer games and Artificial Intelligence
 - Why we study computer games?
 - Why we play or study games?
- History [SvdH02] [Sha50a]
 - The Turk, a chess playing "machine" at 1780's [LN82]
 - The endgame playing machine at 1910's [McC04]
 - C.E. Shannon (1950) [Sha50b] and A. Samuel (1960) [Sam60]
- Games that machines have beaten human champions [SvdH02] [Sch00]
 - Chess [CHH02]
 - Othello [Bur97]
 - Checker [SLLB96]
 - Go [SHM+16]
 - ...

Single-player Games

- Games that can be played by one person [DH09]
 - combinatorial games such as 15-puzzle or Sudoku
 - other solitaire
- Classical approaches [Kor85] [KF02] [CS98]
 - Brute-force, BFS, DFS and its variations including DFID
 - Bi-directional search
 - A*
 - IDA*
 - IDA* with databases
- Disk-based approach [KS05]

Two-player Perfect Information Games (1/2)

- A survey of current status [vdHUvR02]
- The original Computer Chess paper by C.E. Shannon [Sha50a] in 1950.
- Classical approaches
 - Alpha-beta search and its analysis [KM75]
 - Scout and Negascout [Pea80] [Rei83] [Fis83]
 - MTD(f): Best-first fixed-depth search [PSPdB96] [Pea80] if time allowed
- Enhancements to the classical approaches
 - Aspiration search
 - Quiescence search [Bea90]
 - Move ordering and other techniques [Sch89] [AN77] [Hsu91]
 - Further pruning techniques [SP96] including null move pruning and late move reduction
 - Proof-number search [AvdMvdH94] if time allowed

- Monte-Carlo game tree search [BPW+12]
 - Original ideas [Bru93]
 - Best first game tree growing
 - UCT
 - Pruning techniques
 - Online knowledge [BH04] [YYK+06]
 - Offline knowledge [ST09] [HCL10a]
 - Deep learning [SHM+16]
- Case study
 - Computer Chinese chess [YCYH04]
 - Computer Chinese dark chess [CSH10] if time allowed

- Transposition tables
 - Recording prior-search results to avoid researching
 - Design of a good hash function
 - Zobrist's hash function [Zob70]
- Open-game [Hya99] [Bur99] and endgame databases [Tho86] [Tho96] [WLH06]
 - Off-line collecting of knowledge
 - Computation done in advance
- Parallelization
 - Parallel alpha-beta based game tree search [Bro96] [FMM94] [HM02] [HSN89] [Hya97] [Man01]
 - Parallel Monte-Carlo game tree search [CJ08] [CWvdH08]

- The graph-history interaction (GHI) problem [Cam85] [BvdHU98] [WHH05]
 - The value of a position depends on the path leading to it.
 - Position value is dynamic and static.
- Opponent model [CM96]
 - How to take advantage of knowing the playing style of your opponent.
- Timing and resource usage control [Hya84] [HGN85] [MS93]
 - Using time wisely
 - Use too little time in opening may be fatal.
 - Use too much time in opening may be fatal, too.
 - Knowledge from real tournament environments [vV09].
 - For Monte-Carlo type of search [HCL10b].
- Hardware enhancements [DL04]

Other games – if time allowed

- Games with imperfect information and stochastic behaviors [FBM98]
 - Backgammon
 - Bridge
- Multi-player games [Stu06]
 - Poker
 - Mahjong

Concluding remarks

- Search chance nodes
- How to put everything together?
- How to test your implementation?
- How to measure the strength?

- International Computer Games Association (ICGA) (1/2)
 - Formerly as International Computer Chess Association (ICCA)
 - Between 1977 and 2001
 - ICGA since 2002
 - Host of Computer Olympiad
 - International competition of games played by computers
 - 1989 at London, United Kingdom (1st)
 - ...
 - 2001–2002 at Maastricht, the Netherlands (6–7th)
 - 2003 at Graz, Austria (8th)
 - ...
 - 2005 at IIS, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan (10th)
 - ...
 - 2018 at CSIE, NTPU, New Taipei City, Taiwan (21st)

- ICGA (2/2)
 - ICGA Journal
 - Quarterly publication since 1977
 - Advances in Computer Games (ACG) International Conference
 - Every (if possible) odd numbered of year
 - 2005 at IIS, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan (11th)
 - International Conference on Computers and Games (CG)
 - Since 1998, almost even numbered of years
 - 1998 (1st), 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2013, 2016 , 2018 (10th)

- Taiwan Computer Games Association (TCGA)
 - Annual May workshop and game tournaments since 2011
- Taiwanese Association for Artificial Intelligence (TAAI)
 - Annual international conference since 2001
 - Annual November game tournaments since 2009
- Game Programming Workshop (GPW)
 - Annual November workshop and game tournaments in Japan since 1994

- Artificial Intelligence
 - Flagship journal
 - Since 1970
- International Joint Conference on Artificial Intelligence (IJCAI)
 - Cover all areas of AI
 - Computer Games Workshop (CGW) for classical games
 - Since 1969, odd numbered of years
- Association for the Advancement of Artificial Intelligence (AAAI)
 - Cover all areas of AI
 - AI magazine
 - Computer games occupy only a session in AAAI conferences now.
 - Since 1980

- IEEE Transactions on Games (IEEE ToG)
 - Formerly as IEEE Transactions on Computational Intelligence and AI in Games (IEEE TCIAG)
 - Quarterly publication since 2009
- The IEEE Conference on Computational Intelligence and Games (CIG)
 - Since 2005, every year
 - 2015 at Tainan, Taiwan
 - Video game, classical games, ...

- The slides of this course are from Prof. Tsan-sheng Hsu's and Prof. I-Chen Wu's teaching material, under the courtesy of Hsu and Wu.
 - <http://www.iis.sinica.edu.tw/~tshsu/tcg/index.html>

Claim

- The slides are used for this course only, not in public. Students in this course or search engines are forbidden to publicize these slides or links over the Internet.